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Country/entity Liberia

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name Agreement on Cessation of Hostilities and Peaceful Settlement of Conflict between the

Armed Forces of Liberia, and The National Patriotic Front of Liberia, and the Independent

National Patriotic Front of Liberia (Lome Ceasefire Agreement)

Date 13 Feb 1991

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Liberian Civil Wars (1989 - 1997) (1999 - 2005)

In 1989, the National Patriotic Front of Liberia (NPFL) attacked border posts as part of a campaign to oust the dictatorship of Samuel Doe. This triggered a violent civil war that by 1995 had killed around 150,000 and displaced an estimated 850,000 people. The outbreak of war is attributed to the domestic socio-economic and political environment in the country of the 1980s, such as poverty, discrimination and repression. However, its sustenance is also related to past discrimination against indigenous Liberians by 'Americo-Liberians', and deep ethnic divisions that resulted.

Peace negotiations began in 1992 and completed by 1997. However, the peace lasted only a short period and in 1999 there was renewed fighting against the elected president, Charles Taylor. The Guinea-backed organisation, Liberians United for Reconciliation and Democracy (LURD), together with the armed Movement for Democracy in Liberia (MODEL) controlled two thirds of the country by 2003 and besieged the capital Monrovia, forcing Charles Taylor into exile in Nigeria. In August that same year, the conflict parties signed the Accra Comprehensive Peace Agreement and in 2005 new general elections were held.

Close

Liberian Civil Wars (1989 - 1997) (1999 - 2005)

Stage Ceasefire/related

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Liberia peace process

Parties Done in Lome, Togolese Republic, this 13th day of February, 1991

(Signed):

Lt-General J. Hezekiah Bowen

For and on behalf of the Armed Forces of Liberia

Mr. Charles Ghankay Taylor

For and on behalf of the National Patriotic Front of Liberia

Mr. Prince Yeduo Johnson

For and on behalf of the Independent National Patriotic Front of Liberia

Third parties Witnessed by:

His Excellency Alhaji Sir Dawda Kairaba Jawara, President of the Republic of The Gambia

and Chairman of the Standing Mediation Committee

Description This agreement details a ceasefire and its modalities between the Armed Forces of

Liberia, The National Patriotic Front of Liberia, and the Independent National Patriotic Front of Liberia. The agreement also cites the ECOWAS Standing Mediation Committee and the decisions of the First Extra-ordinary Session of the Authority held in Bamako, Mali, from 27 to 28 November 1990, as providing an appropriate mechanism for

conducting peace negotiations to end the conflict in Liberia.

Agreement document

LR_910213_Lome Agreement.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Rhetorical

persons

Page 1, Untitled Preamble, Para 2: Recognising the loss of human lives and massive destruction of properties and the displacement of persons occasioned by the said

conflict;

Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

Page 4, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG,7. Maintenance of the Cease-fire. The Cease-fire shall be supervised and maintained by ECOMOG forces through the following actions:

...(d) Provision of security escorts and transport by ECOMOG to move displaced persons

into their places of abode;

Page 5, Annex A, 3. Event: Takeover of security at Robertsfield Airport, Buchanan Port and opening Liberian borders with Sierra Leone, Guinea and Côte d'Ivoire. Venue: Various locations. Remarks: Facilitate repatriation of Liberians and humanitarian, economic and improve the return to normalcy.

Social class

No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)

Page 1, Untitled Preamble, Para 3: Considering the damage in various forms being caused by the armed conflict to the peace and security of the entire Liberian nation;

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

No specific mention.

secession

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral No specific mention. **commission**

Political parties reform

No specific mention.

Civil society Page 4, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire

Agreement by the ECOMOG, 7. Maintenance of the Cease-fire: The Cease-fire shall be supervised and maintained by ECOMOG forces through the following actions: ...(e) Provision of security escorts by ECOMOG to humanitarian organisations in the

 $distribution\ of\ relief\ materials;$

Page 5, Annex A, 3. Event: Takeover of security at Robertsfield Airport, Buchanan Port and opening Liberian borders with Sierra Leone, Guinea and Côte d'Ivoire. Venue: Various locations. Remarks: Facilitate repatriation of Liberians and humanitarian,

economic and improve the return to normalcy.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

administration

Public

No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation Page 1, Article 1 Cease-fire, 1: Each party hereby agrees to take immediately and as a contribution to the restoration and maintenance of peace and security throughout Liberia the following measures:

...(f) co-operate with all humanitarian agencies in their efforts to provide relief and assistance to the people of Liberia; and also agree to respect the Red Cross (Geneva)

Conventions;

Civil and political

rights

No specific mention.

Socio-economic

rights

No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

Media and communication

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media logistics

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 4. Method and Channel of Communication: The Cease-fire Agreement and its monitoring modality will enable ECOMOG troops to operate detachments in the areas held by the various warring parties. In this case communication shall be by:

- (a) Contact through liaison personnel;
- (b) Radio through agreed working channel.

Mobility/access

Page 4, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG,7. Maintenance of the Cease-fire. The Cease-fire shall be supervised and maintained by ECOMOG forces through the following actions:

- (a) Immediate takeover of the Roberts International Airport and the Buchanan port, and progressively to other ports and airfields;
- (b) Establishment of road blocks and check points at selected strategic locations and border towns;
- (c) Extensive patrolling of the countryside to ensure free flow of traffic;
- (d) Provision of security escorts and transport by ECOMOG to move displaced persons into their places of abode;
- (e) Provision of security escorts by ECOMOG to humanitarian organisations in the distribution of relief materials;
- (f) Occasional air reconnaissance.

Page 5, Annex A, 3. Event: Takeover of security at Robertsfield Airport, Buchanan Port and opening Liberian borders with Sierra Leone, Guinea and Côte d'Ivoire. Venue: Various locations. Remarks: Facilitate repatriation of Liberians and humanitarian, economic and improve the return to normalcy.

Page 5, Annex A, 6. Event: Vigorous patrols by ECOMOG troops throughout Liberia including establishment of check points. Venue: All countries. Remarks: To allow for freedom of movement of goods, services and deter armed robbery.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

courts

No specific mention.

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance

Page 1, Article 1 Cease-fire, 1: Each party hereby agrees to take immediately and as a contribution to the restoration and maintenance of peace and security throughout Liberia the following measures:

...(f) co-operate with all humanitarian agencies in their efforts to provide relief and assistance to the people of Liberia; and also agree to respect the Red Cross (Geneva) Conventions;

Page 4, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 6. Reception Centres: Reception centres shall be established at convenient places to receive troops. These centres will constitute the first stage of trying to rehabilitate the soldiers and would be largely approached in the following manner:

...(b) Humanitarian organisations to provide relief materials, medical services and food;

Page 5, Annex A, 3. Event: Takeover of security at Robertsfield Airport, Buchanan Port and opening Liberian borders with Sierra Leone, Guinea and Côte d'Ivoire. Venue: Various locations. Remarks: Facilitate repatriation of Liberians and humanitarian, economic and improve the return to normalcy.

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention. **Taxation** No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access

Page 1, Article 1 Cease-fire, 1: Each party hereby agrees to take immediately and as a contribution to the restoration and maintenance of peace and security throughout

Liberia the following measures:

...(c) confine its troops to positions to be determined by the ECOWAS Cease-fire Monitoring Group (ECOMOG) in consultation with the parties, and agree that ECOMOG and two representatives of each of the parties may jointly inspect all ships calling at any Liberian port and all vehicles and aircraft entering through the land borders, airfields and other entry points of Liberia to ensure that the provisions of this Cease-fire

Agreement are being respected and observed;

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

[Summary: The entire agreement provides for a ceasefire and its modalities. The ceasefire commences immediately (13/02/91) and is presumed to be permanent.]

Page 1, Article 1 Cease-fire, 1: Each party hereby agrees to take immediately and as a contribution to the restoration and maintenance of peace and security throughout Liberia the following measures:

- (a) cease all hostilities of military and paramilitary nature, immediately upon the signature of this Agreement;
- (b) refrain from importing or acquiring or assisting or encouraging the importation and acquisition of weapons or war materials;
- (c) confine its troops to positions to be determined by the ECOWAS Cease-fire Monitoring Group (ECOMOG) in consultation with the parties, and agree that ECOMOG and two representatives of each of the parties may jointly inspect all ships calling at any Liberian port and all vehicles and aircraft entering through the land borders, airfields and other entry points of Liberia to ensure that the provisions of this Cease-fire Agreement are being respected and observed;
- (d) assist ECOMOG in the drawing up of a buffer zone to separate the opposing forces and of standard operating procedures (SPOs) for check- point operations;
- (e) release all hostages, political prisoners and prisoners of war;
- (f) co-operate with all humanitarian agencies in their efforts to provide relief and assistance to the people of Liberia; and also agree to respect the Red Cross (Geneva) Conventions;
- (g) fully co-operate with the ECOWAS Standing Mediation Committee, the ECOWAS Executive Secretariat and the ECOWAS Cease-fire Monitoring Group (ECOMOG) for the effective maintenance of the cease-fire and the restoration of peace;
- (h) upon that formation of the future Interim Government, the said government shall take appropriate measures, with the assistance of ECOWAS, to being disarming the warring parties.

Page 2, Article 1 Cease-fire, 2: In order to arrive at a peaceful and lasting settlement of the dispute, the parties hereby accept the ECOWAS Cease-fire Monitoring Group (ECOMOG) established under the authority of the Chairman of the Authority of Heads of State and Government of ECOWAS and under the command of an ECOWAS Member State.

Page 2, Article 1 Cease-fire, 3: ECOMOG shall be as presently constituted and may include military contingents from Member States of ECOWAS able and willing to contribute.

Page 2, Article 2 Compliance with this Agreement: The parties undertake to observe strictly the terms of this Agreement and to abstain from any action likely to impede the mediation process or the return of Liberia to peace and stability.

Page 2, Article 3 Annex - Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by ECOMOG: The Annex to this Agreement shall form an integral part of this Agreement.

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 1. Prerequisite for Effective Cease-fire Monitoring: The success of the implementation of the cease fire and its monitoring will hinge on the cooperation of every party with ECOMOG. It is therefore essential that every soldier from all the parties involved in the Liberian crisis is thoroughly briefed and educated on the following points:

- (a) All aspects of the Cease-fire Agreement;
- (b) Modalities to be agreed upon for monitoring the cease-fire by ECOMOG;
- (c) The expected reaction to violation of any aspect of the Coase fire Agreement by other

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

Page 1, Article 1 Cease-fire, 1: Each party hereby agrees to take immediately and as a contribution to the restoration and maintenance of peace and security throughout Liberia the following measures:

(a) cease all hostilities of military and paramilitary nature, immediately upon the signature of this Agreement;

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- (a) All aspects of the Cease-fire Agreement;
- (b) Modalities to be agreed upon for monitoring the cease-fire by ECOMOG;
- (c) The expected reaction to violation of any aspect of the Cease-fire Agreement by other parties;
- (d) Thorough knowledge of ECOMOG soldiers by the soldiers of the warring parties.

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 5. Disarmament Exercise: In order to eliminate totally incidents of violations of the Cease-fire Agreement and to avoid indiscriminate spread of arms which can be used in crimes, all troops belonging to the parties in the Liberian conflict must be disarmed. While it is desirable to disarm all parties immediately, the exercise will be carried out in a flexible manner according to the security situation as determined by ECOMOG. However the following procedure is envisaged:

a. Concentration of Troops. Designated areas that are easily accessible and within operating distances of troops shall be earmarked in the AO of the three parties in the Liberian conflict to assemble their troops. Adequate information shall be mounted to educate troops about the locations of these assembly areas and time of exercise. Visible signposting to the assembly areas shall be provided. Assembly periods shall be restricted to the hours of daylight only. The following locations are envisaged for the concentration of troops:

(1) AFL BTC - Monrovia Camp Scheifflin

Page 5, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 10: The Technical Committee is composed of the ECOMOG Field Commander or his representative and a representative of each of the three (3) warring parties.

Page 5, Annex A, 2. Event: Confinement of troops. Venue: Units Concentration Areas. Remarks: Units and Formation Headquarters to enforce confinement.

Page 5, Annex A, 4. Event: Move to reception centres in batches for disarmament, registration and encampment, recognition of ECOMOG soldiers by the soldiers of warring parties. Thorough education of troops on the cease-fire need and details. Provision of relief materials.

DDR

Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

Page 1, Article 1 Cease-fire, 1: Each party hereby agrees to take immediately and as a contribution to the restoration and maintenance of peace and security throughout Liberia the following measures:

...(h) upon that formation of the future Interim Government, the said government shall take appropriate measures, with the assistance of ECOWAS, to being disarming the warring parties.

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 1. Prerequisite for Effective Cease-fire Monitoring: The success of the implementation of the cease fire and its monitoring will hinge on the cooperation of every party with ECOMOG. It is therefore essential that every soldier from all the parties involved in the Liberian crisis is thoroughly briefed and educated on the following points:

- (a) All aspects of the Cease-fire Agreement;
- (b) Modalities to be agreed upon for monitoring the cease-fire by ECOMOG;
- (c) The expected reaction to violation of any aspect of the Cease-fire Agreement by other parties;
- (d) Thorough knowledge of ECOMOG soldiers by the soldiers of the warring parties.

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(1) AFL BTC - Monrovia

Camp Scheifflin

- (2) INPFL Caldwell Base Monrovia
- (3) NPFL Fire Stone (Bong way) Bong

Naama - Bong County

Salala (Bong County) Ganta - Nimba Gbarnga - Maj Mil Bong

Ijenta Teedi

Zwedru (4 Bn) Grand Gedeh

Toedi-Mesurado

b. Disarmament Programme. A timetable for the disarmament programme is attached as Annex A. Timetable covers reasonable and realistic periods that will allow the assembly of troops and their total disarmament.

c. Policy on Turning in of Weapons. All weapons and ammunitions of all categories shall be brought to the assembly areas and handed over to ECOMOG personnel by individual troops. Adequate storage facility shall be provided to protect weapons before evacuation.

Page 13 of 18

d. Registration/Classification of Troops and Weapons. ECOMOG reception centres shall be created near each assembly point to carry out documentation eversion.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

Page 1, Article 1 Cease-fire, 1: Each party hereby agrees to take immediately and as a contribution to the restoration and maintenance of peace and security throughout Liberia the following measures:

(a) cease all hostilities of military and paramilitary nature, immediately upon the signature of this Agreement;

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 5. Disarmament Exercise: In order to eliminate totally incidents of violations of the Cease-fire Agreement and to avoid indiscriminate spread of arms which can be used in crimes, all troops belonging to the parties in the Liberian conflict must be disarmed. While it is desirable to disarm all parties immediately, the exercise will be carried out in a flexible manner according to the security situation as determined by ECOMOG. However the following procedure is envisaged: a. Concentration of Troops. Designated areas that are easily accessible and within operating distances of troops shall be earmarked in the AO of the three parties in the Liberian conflict to assemble their troops. Adequate information shall be mounted to educate troops about the locations of these assembly areas and time of exercise. Visible

signposting to the assembly areas shall be provided. Assembly periods shall be restricted to the hours of daylight only. The following locations are envisaged for the concentration of troops:

...(2) INPFL Caldwell Base - Monrovia (3) NPFL Fire Stone (Bong way) Bong Naama - Bong County Salala (Bong County) Ganta - Nimba Gbarnga - Maj Mil Bong Ijenta Teedi Zwedru (4 Bn) Grand Gedeh Toedi-Mesurado

Page 5, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 10: The Technical Committee is composed of the ECOMOG Field Commander or his representative and a representative of each of the three (3) warring parties.

Page 5, Annex A, 2. Event: Confinement of troops. Venue: Units Concentration Areas. Remarks: Units and Formation Headquarters to enforce confinement.

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Withdrawal of foreign forces

Corruption

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG,

5. Disarmament Exercise: In order to eliminate totally incidents of violations of the Cease-fire Agreement and to avoid indiscriminate spread of arms which can be used in crimes, all troops belonging to the parties in the Liberian conflict must be disarmed. While it is desirable to disarm all parties immediately, the exercise will be carried out in a flexible manner according to the security situation as determined by ECOMOG. However the following procedure is envisaged:

Page 5, Annex A, 6. Event: Vigorous patrols by ECOMOG troops throughout Liberia including establishment of check points. Venue: All countries. Remarks: To allow for freedom of movement of goods, services and deter armed robbery.

Crime/organised

No specific mention.

crime

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release Page 1, Article 1 Cease-fire, 1: Each party hereby agrees to take immediately and as a

contribution to the restoration and maintenance of peace and security throughout

Liberia the following measures:

...(e) release all hostages, political prisoners and prisoners of war;

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims Page 1, Untitled Preamble, Para 2: Recognising the loss of human lives and massive

destruction of properties and the displacement of persons occasioned by the said

conflict;

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international Witnessed by:

signatory His Excellency Alhaji Sir Dawda Kairaba Jawara, President of the Republic of The Gambia

and Chairman of the Standing Mediation Committee

Referendum for

agreement

International mission/force/ similar

Page 1, Article 1 Cease-fire, 1: Each party hereby agrees to take immediately and as a contribution to the restoration and maintenance of peace and security throughout Liberia the following measures:

- ...(c) confine its troops to positions to be determined by the ECOWAS Cease-fire Monitoring Group (ECOMOG) in consultation with the parties, and agree that ECOMOG and two representatives of each of the parties may jointly inspect all ships calling at any Liberian port and all vehicles and aircraft entering through the land borders, airfields and other entry points of Liberia to ensure that the provisions of this Cease-fire Agreement are being respected and observed;
- ...(g) fully co-operate with the ECOWAS Standing Mediation Committee, the ECOWAS Executive Secretariat and the ECOWAS Cease-fire Monitoring Group (ECOMOG) for the effective maintenance of the cease-fire and the restoration of peace;

Page 2, Article 1 Cease-fire, 2: In order to arrive at a peaceful and lasting settlement of the dispute, the parties hereby accept the ECOWAS Cease-fire Monitoring Group (ECOMOG) established under the authority of the Chairman of the Authority of Heads of State and Government of ECOWAS and under the command of an ECOWAS Member State.

Page 2, Article 1 Cease-fire, 3: ECOMOG shall be as presently constituted and may include military contingents from Member States of ECOWAS able and willing to contribute.

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 1. Prerequisite for Effective Cease-fire Monitoring: The success of the implementation of the cease fire and its monitoring will hinge on the cooperation of every party with ECOMOG. It is therefore essential that every soldier from all the parties involved in the Liberian crisis is thoroughly briefed and educated on the following points:

- (a) All aspects of the Cease-fire Agreement;
- (b) Modalities to be agreed upon for monitoring the cease-fire by ECOMOG;
- (c) The expected reaction to violation of any aspect of the Cease-fire Agreement by other parties;
- (d) Thorough knowledge of ECOMOG soldiers by the soldiers of the warring parties.

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 2. Reporting Cease-fire Violation: The violation of any aspects of the Cease-fire Agreement constitute a very serious breach and must be reported promptly to ECOMOG with the following details:

- (a) Time of violation;
- (b) Parties involved;
- (c) Locations of parties involved;
- (d) Detailed description of type of violation;
- (e) If weapon fired, state number of and type of ammunition fired;
- (f) Type of weapon used and effect;
- (g) Casualty and damage caused.

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 3: A logbook should be kept to record details of all incidences of cease-fire violation, and such reports will be investigated promptly by ECOMOG and resolved.

Page 3, Annex, Modalities for Monitoring the Implementation of the Cease-fire Agreement by the ECOMOG, 4. Method and Channel of Communication: The Cease-fire Agreement and its monitoripg geodality will enable ECOMOG troops to operate detachments in the areas held by the various warring parties. In this case

Enforcement

No specific mention.

mechanism

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

UN Peacemaker: http://peacemaker.un.org/