Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Mozambique

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name Lei de Amnistia

Date 12 Aug 2014

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Mozambique Civil War (1976 - 1992) and RENAMO Insurgency (2012 -)

The Mozambique conflict has roots in the independence movement launched by the Mozambique Liberation Front (FRELIMO) (est. 1962) against Portuguese colonization. Despite the insurgency, independence only came a year after a military coup d'état in Lisbon overthrew the longstanding 'Estado Novo' dictatorship. Nonetheless, FRELIMO installed itself as the ruling party and officially became a Marxist-Leninist party in 1977. Fierce fighting broke out in the Cold War context, between the FRELIMO, supported by the Soviet Bloc, and the anti-Communist Mozambique National Resistance (RENAMO) movement, which received funding from neighbouring 'white' regimes in Rhodesia and later on, South Africa. After the death of President Somaro Moises Machel in a plane crash in 1986, the presidency passed to Joaquim Alberto Chissano who encouraged political pluralism, particularly following the collapse of the Soviet Union in 1989. Following the Rome Peace Accords in 1992, FRELIMO won the country's first multi-party election in 1994.

Political tensions began to rise after the 2002 presidential elections, which RENAMO argued were fraudulent. These continued until a low-level outbreak of violence by RENAMO fighters targeting police and economic infrastructure. A new peace accord was signed between RENAMO and FRELIMO in September 2014, but RENAMO's later refusal to accept the terms of the 2014 Presidential election, as well as government difficulties in disarming RENAMO fighters led to a breakdown of the accord in August 2015. Since then, clashes have renewed between the two parties.

Close

Mozambique Civil War (1976 – 1992) and RENAMO Insurgency (2012 –

)

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Mozambique process - recent

Parties -

Third parties

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Description

Addition to the Amnesty Law proposition proposing changes to the draft, includes complete Amnesty draft - including changes and corrections - annexed to this text.

Agreement document

MZ_140812_Lei_Amnistia_tr.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement MZ_140812_Lei_Amnistia.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/

national group

No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/ No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

No specific mention.

commission

Political parties

No specific mention.

reform

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

No specific mention.

sharing

Territorial power

No specific mention.

sharing

Economic power

No specific mention.

sharing

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/access

No specific mention.

Protection

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Other

measures

Article 2

The State will guarantee the protection against any criminal procedure on acts or facts

covered by the Amnesty.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI

No specific mention.

No specific mention.

Regional or

international

human rights

institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

nomadism rights

No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire No specific mention.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon Transitional justice→Amnesty/pardon→Amnesty/pardon proper

Page 1, articles 1 and 2:

Article 1

- 1. All citizens who committed crimes against National Security defined and punished by the Law 19/91, of 16th of August, or against the military or related crimes established by the Law 17/87 of the 21st of October are amnestied.
- 2. The amnesty applies to crimes committed against people and property, within the scope of military or connected hostilities that happened within the national territory from March of 2012 until the day this law will enter into force.
- 3. The Amnesty will also apply to similar cases that occurred in the District of Dondo, Administrative Post of Savane in 2002, in the District of Cheringoma, in 2004 and in the District of Marínguè in 2011.
- 4. Related crimes are those considered to be related in nature to military crimes and crimes against National Security.

Article 2

The State will guarantee the protection against any criminal procedure on acts or facts covered by the Amnesty.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

 $\label{lem:condition} \textbf{Other international} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$

signatory

Referendum for

agreement

No specific mention.

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement

mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases No specific mention.

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