Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/

Colombia

entity

Region **Americas**

Agreement

Acuerdo General entre el Gobierno Nacional y el Partido Revolucionario de

name

los Trabajadores, Don Gabriel, Ovejas, Sucre

Date 28 Dec 1990

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Colombian Conflict (1964 -))

conflict level

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict

Government

nature

Peace Colombia I - Gaviria

process

Parties Por el Gobierno Nacional,

HUMBERTO DE LA CALLE LOMBANA

Ministro de Gobierno

JESÚS ANTONIO BEJARANO Consejero Presidencial

CARLOS EDUARDO JARA MILLO

Asesor Consejería

GONZALO DE FRANCISCO

Asesor Consejería ALVARO HERNANDEZ Asesor Consejería **GABRIEL RESTREPO** Asesor Consejería

Por el PRT,

VALENTIN GONZALEZ **SERGIO SIERRA** PABLO RONCALLO RAFAEL GONZALEZ **ERNESTO FALLA IVAN SUAREZ**

Third

Witness: Orlando Fals Borda, delegado a la ANC por la lista de la AD M-19

parties

Description

This agreement includes concrete steps of ceasefire including date (Jan 26, 1991) in exchange for a representative in the National Assembly who will seek full membership. The government declares to establish a presidential delegation office on the Atlantic coast for the defense and promotion of human rights in addition to a commission for human rights on the Atlantic Coast (specifies who will be represented within) which will implement mechanisms for social organisation and the community to learn about the human rights situation of the region. In exchange of the ceasefire, the government makes political, legal and economic guarantees for the legalisation and reinsertion of the PRT. Bilateral commissions will be established for this purpose. The PRT calls on other armed groups to follow their example and affirms its contribution to the peace process.

Agreement document

CO 901228 ACUERDO GENERAL ENTRE EL GOBIERNO NACIONAL Y EL PARTIDO REVOLUCIONARIO DE LOS TRABAJADORES - tr.pdf Download PDF

Agreement document (original language)

CO_901228_ACUERDO GENERAL ENTRE EL GOBIERNO NACIONAL Y EL PARTIDO

REVOLUCIONARIO DE LOS TRABAJADORES.pdf | Download PDF

Groups

Children/ youth

No specific mention.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age

No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ No specific mention.

national group

Religious No specific mention.

groups

Indigenous

No specific mention.

Other

people

No specific mention.

groups

Refugees/

No specific mention.

displaced persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and

No specific mention.

boys

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of

No specific mention.

state (general)

State

No specific mention.

configuration

Self

No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/unification

No specific mention.

Border

No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

Governance

Political

No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

No specific mention.

commission

Political

No specific mention.

parties reform Civil society Page 2, Article 4,

The national government undertakes to create a delegate office of the Presidential Council for the Defence and Promotion of Human Rights for the Atlantic Coast region. It will also create a governmental commission for human rights for the Atlantic coast, comprising the delegate prosecutor for human rights, the governors of the departments of the Atlantic Coast, the commanders of the 2nd and 14th brigades of the army and the first infantry brigade of the navy, a representative of the national police, a representative of the Catholic church and a representative of human rights organisations, appointed by the President of the Republic. This commission will implement mechanisms to allow social organisations and the community in general to access it and make the situation of human rights in the region known.

Traditional/ religious leaders Page 2, Article 4,

The national government undertakes to create a delegate office of the Presidential Council for the Defence and Promotion of Human Rights for the Atlantic Coast region. It will also create a governmental commission for human rights for the Atlantic coast, comprising the delegate prosecutor for human rights, the governors of the departments of the Atlantic Coast, the commanders of the 2nd and 14th brigades of the army and the first infantry brigade of the navy, a representative of the national police, a representative of the Catholic church and a representative of human rights organisations, appointed by the President of the Republic. This commission will implement mechanisms to allow social organisations and the community in general to access it and make the situation of human rights in the region known.

Public No specific mention. administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political

No specific mention.

power sharing

Territorial

No specific mention.

power sharing

Economic power

No specific mention.

Military

sharing

No specific mention.

power sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general

Page 1, Untitled Preamble,

The peace process undertaken by the Revolutionary Workers' Party (Partido Revolucionario de los Trabajadores, PRT) and the national government, which seeks to find a political solution to the armed conflict and make progress toward the full democratisation of the country, ensure the unrestricted respect for human rights and bring about reconciliation among Colombians, today reaches a defining moment. The ruling of the Supreme Court of Justice ratifying the sovereignty of the National Constitutional Assembly and the result of the elections on 9 December 1990 creates the conditions that make viable a major political change to build a genuine participative democracy in Colombia.

Page 2, Article 5,

As a fundamental part of the surrender of arms, the national government must provide full political, legal and economic guarantees to PRT for its legalisation and reinsertion in civil and political life. Furthermore, as a consequence of the work of the bilateral commissions created by the agreements signed so far, the plans for reinsertion, security, the promotion and defence of human rights, regional development and the monitoring of agreements, in addition to the required economic resources, must be precisely defined before the date of the surrender of arms.

Bill of rights/similar

No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political rights

No specific mention.

Socioeconomic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention No specific mention. procedures

Media and No specific mention. communication

Mobility/ Page 2, Article 4, access

The national government undertakes to create a delegate office of the Presidential Council for the Defence and Promotion of Human Rights for the Atlantic Coast region. It will also create a governmental commission for human rights for the Atlantic coast, comprising the delegate prosecutor for human rights, the governors of the departments of the Atlantic Coast, the commanders of the 2nd and 14th brigades of the army and the first infantry brigade of the navy, a representative of the national police, a representative of the Catholic church and a representative of human rights organisations, appointed by the President of the Republic. This commission will implement mechanisms to allow social organisations and the community in general to access it and make the situation of human rights in the region known.

Protection No specific mention. measures

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI

Rights institutions→NHRI→New or fundamentally revised NHRI Page 2, Article 4,

The national government undertakes to create a delegate office of the Presidential Council for the Defence and Promotion of Human Rights for the Atlantic Coast region. It will also create a governmental commission for human rights for the Atlantic coast, comprising the delegate prosecutor for human rights, the governors of the departments of the Atlantic Coast, the commanders of the 2nd and 14th brigades of the army and the first infantry brigade of the navy, a representative of the national police, a representative of the Catholic church and a representative of human rights organisations, appointed by the President of the Republic. This commission will implement mechanisms to allow social organisations and the community in general to access it and make the situation of human rights in the region known.

Regional or international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law

No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts

No specific mention.

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional

No specific mention.

Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development No specific mention. or socioeconomic reconstruction

National

No specific mention.

economic

plan

Natural

No specific mention.

resources

International No specific mention.

funds

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land

reform/ rights

No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism

rights

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or

access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security

Page 2, Article 5,

Guarantees

As a fundamental part of the surrender of arms, the national government must provide full political, legal and economic guarantees to PRT for its legalisation and reinsertion in civil and political life. Furthermore, as a consequence of the work of the bilateral commissions created by the agreements signed so far, the plans for reinsertion, security, the promotion and defence of human rights, regional development and the monitoring of agreements, in addition to the required economic resources, must be precisely defined before the date of the surrender of arms.

Ceasefire No specific mention.

Police Page 2, Article 4,

The national government undertakes to create a delegate office of the Presidential Council for the Defence and Promotion of Human Rights for the Atlantic Coast region. It will also create a governmental commission for human rights for the Atlantic coast, comprising the delegate prosecutor for human rights, the governors of the departments of the Atlantic Coast, the commanders of the 2nd and 14th brigades of the army and the first infantry brigade of the navy, a representative of the national police, a representative of the Catholic church and a representative of human rights organisations, appointed by the President of the Republic. This commission will implement mechanisms to allow social organisations and the community in general to access it and make the situation of human rights in the region known.

Armed forces

Page 2, Article 4,

The national government undertakes to create a delegate office of the Presidential Council for the Defence and Promotion of Human Rights for the Atlantic Coast region. It will also create a governmental commission for human rights for the Atlantic coast, comprising the delegate prosecutor for human rights, the governors of the departments of the Atlantic Coast, the commanders of the 2nd and 14th brigades of the army and the first infantry brigade of the navy, a representative of the national police, a representative of the Catholic church and a representative of human rights organisations, appointed by the President of the Republic. This commission will implement mechanisms to allow social organisations and the community in general to access it and make the situation of human rights in the region known.

DDR

Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

Page 1, Article 2,

PRT announces its decision to surrender arms and begin reinsertion in the political, social and economic life of the country.

Page 1-2, Article 3,

Proceedings for the surrender of arms will take place on 26 January 1991 at the Don Gabriel camp before a commission comprising the group leaders elected to the National Constitutional Assembly, which, in the presence of members of the national government and PRT will dump arms into the Caribbean Sea. Explosives will also be detonated and equipment for the exclusive use of the armed forces will be incinerated. Immediately following the surrender of arms, the national government will provide amnesty to PRT members under the procedure defined in the memorandum of commitment and as established in the decree issued for this purpose.

Page 2, Article 5,

As a fundamental part of the surrender of arms, the national government must provide full political, legal and economic guarantees to PRT for its legalisation and reinsertion in civil and political life. Furthermore, as a consequence of the work of the bilateral commissions created by the agreements signed so far, the plans for reinsertion, security, the promotion and defence of human rights, regional development and the monitoring of agreements, in addition to the required economic resources, must be precisely defined before the date of the surrender of arms.

services

Intelligence No specific mention.

Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group

forces

Page 1, Article 1,

The PRT will have a permanent seat on the National Constitutional Assembly. The form of this participation will be defined before the proceedings for the surrender of arms. In light of the government's offer of a permanent spokesperson, PRT ratifies its aspiration for its representative to have full rights.

Page 1, Article 2,

PRT announces its decision to surrender arms and begin reinsertion in the political, social and economic life of the country.

Page 1-2, Article 3,

Proceedings for the surrender of arms will take place on 26 January 1991 at the Don Gabriel camp before a commission comprising the group leaders elected to the National Constitutional Assembly, which, in the presence of members of the national government and PRT will dump arms into the Caribbean Sea. Explosives will also be detonated and equipment for the exclusive use of the armed forces will be incinerated. Immediately following the surrender of arms, the national government will provide amnesty to PRT members under the procedure defined in the memorandum of commitment and as established in the decree issued for this purpose.

Page 2, Article 7,

PRT expresses its aspiration for this agreement to contribute to progress in the negotiation processes with EPL and the Quintin Lame Armed Movement (Movimiento Armado Quintín Lame, MAQL) and issues a call to the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (Fuerzas Armadas Revolucionarias de Colombia, FARC) and the National Liberation Army (Ejército de Liberación Nacional, ELN) to reach a truce in military operations and show signs of real willingness to achieve peace.

Withdrawal of forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/ organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention.

justice general

Amnesty/ pardon

Transitional justice→Amnesty/pardon→Amnesty/pardon proper

Page 1-2, Article 3,

Proceedings for the surrender of arms will take place on 26 January 1991 at the Don Gabriel camp before a commission comprising the group leaders elected to the National Constitutional Assembly, which, in the presence of members of the national government and PRT will dump arms into the Caribbean Sea. Explosives will also be detonated and equipment for the exclusive use of the armed forces will be incinerated. Immediately following the surrender of arms, the national government will provide amnesty to PRT members under the procedure defined in the memorandum of commitment

and as established in the decree issued for this purpose.

No specific mention. Courts

No specific mention. Mechanism

Prisoner

release

No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 1, Untitled Preamble,

The peace process undertaken by the Revolutionary Workers' Party (Partido Revolucionario de los Trabajadores, PRT) and the national government, which seeks to find a political solution to the armed conflict and make progress toward the full democratisation of the country, ensure the unrestricted respect for human rights and bring about reconciliation among Colombians, today reaches a defining moment. The ruling of the Supreme Court of Justice ratifying the sovereignty of the National Constitutional Assembly and the result of the elections on 9 December 1990 creates the conditions that make viable a major political change to build a genuine participative democracy in Colombia.

Implementation

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other ORLANDO FALS BORDA

international Testigo, delegado a la ANC por la lista de la AD M-19.

signatory

Referendum No specific mention.

for

agreement

International No specific mention.

mission/ force/similar

Enforcement Page 2, Article 6,

mechanism The national government and PRT will sign, as a constituent part of this

agreement, a memorandum of commitment detailing the commitments and mechanisms to guarantee development of and compliance with the agreed

issues.

Related No specific mention.

cases

Source Acuerdos con el EPL, MAQL y CRS, Diálogos con la CGSB, Biblioteca de la Paz –

1990-1994, Fundación Cultura Democrática, Ed. Álvaro Villarraga Sarmiento,

Bogotá D.C., 2009 (book III) p. 182