Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/

Sri Lanka

entity

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement

Declaration in Support of the Peace Process in Sri Lanka (Oslo Declaration)

name

Date 25 Nov 2002

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) (Sri Lankan Civil War (1983 - 2009))

conflict level

Pre-negotiation/process Stage

Conflict

Government/territory

nature

Peace Sri Lanka LTTE 2002 onward process

process

Parties Not signed but expressed to be: 'We, government representatives from the

Asia-Pacific region, North America and Europe, meeting in Oslo on 25

November 2002'...

Third

parties

Description Multilateral donor statement expressing support for the ongoing peace

process and the arrangement of a donor conference to help reconstruction

(see later Tokyo Declaration).

Agreement document

LK_021125_Oslo Declaration.pdf Download PDF

Groups

Children/ youth

Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical

Page 2, ... Building a national consensus for the difficult steps ahead in the peace process will require particular efforts to meet the humanitarian needs of the most vulnerable, such as the poor, the unemployed, especially in the rural areas, and women and children.

Page 3, ... The Sub- Committee has issued an urgent appeal to the international community for immediate assistance to begin to resettle and rehabilitate internally displaced persons, address the needs of women and children and help the population to resume their economic activities.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

No specific mention. Elderly/age

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ national group

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical

Page 3, We commend both parties for their strong commitment to a lasting peace. A lasting peace must be built upon renunciation of violence and respect for the principles of human rights, democracy, rule of law, and recognition of the rights of minorities, and must address the needs of all communities all over Sri Lanka, in order to combat poverty and foster ethnic harmony. Resolution of the ethnic conflict will remove the main barrier to sustained economic and social progress in Sri Lanka. It is in this perspective that we pledge to provide assistance to meet the immediate needs and priorities identified at this meeting, so that assistance may be given islandwide, when and where it is most needed, thereby directly promoting the

peace process.

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous

No specific mention.

people

Other

groups

Refugees/ displaced persons Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Rhetorical

Page 2, ... Building a national consensus for the difficult steps ahead in the peace process will require particular efforts to meet the humanitarian needs of the most vulnerable, such as the poor, the unemployed, especially in the rural areas, and women and children.

Page 3, ... The Sub- Committee has issued an urgent appeal to the international community for immediate assistance to begin to resettle and rehabilitate internally displaced persons, address the needs of women and children and help the population to resume their economic activities.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

Page 2, ... Building a national consensus for the difficult steps ahead in the peace process will require particular efforts to meet the humanitarian needs of the most vulnerable, such as the poor, the unemployed, especially in the rural areas, and women and children.

Page 3, ... The Sub- Committee has issued an urgent appeal to the international community for immediate assistance to begin to resettle and rehabilitate internally displaced persons, address the needs of women and children and help the population to resume their economic activities.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

Governance

Political institutions No specific mention.

(new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

No specific mention.

commission

Political

No specific mention.

parties reform

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ No specific mention. religious

leaders

Public No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political No specific mention.

power sharing

Territorial No specific mention.

power sharing

Economic No specific mention.

power sharing

Military No specific mention.

power sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general

Page 3, We commend both parties for their strong commitment to a lasting peace. A lasting peace must be built upon renunciation of violence and respect for the principles of human rights, democracy, rule of law, and recognition of the rights of minorities, and must address the needs of all communities all over Sri Lanka, in order to combat poverty and foster ethnic harmony. Resolution of the ethnic conflict will remove the main barrier to sustained economic and social progress in Sri Lanka. It is in this perspective that we pledge to provide assistance to meet the immediate needs and priorities identified at this meeting, so that assistance may be given islandwide, when and where it is most needed, thereby directly promoting the peace process.

Bill of rights/

similar

No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation

No specific mention.

Civil and political rights

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Equality
Page 2, We urgently appeal to all the people of Sri Lanka, their political
leaders and institutions to support a national consensus on the need for a
final political settlement. To this end, we encourage the elected
representatives of the people of Sri Lanka, on whom the ultimate
responsibility for the country's destiny falls, to address their challenging task
with courage and vision. And we urge the Government of Sri Lanka and the
Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam to make every effort to promote an inclusive
peace process.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Other
Page 3, We commend both parties for their strong commitment to a lasting
peace. A lasting peace must be built upon renunciation of violence and
respect for the principles of human rights, democracy, rule of law, and
recognition of the rights of minorities, and must address the needs of all
communities all over Sri Lanka, in order to combat poverty and foster ethnic
harmony. Resolution of the ethnic conflict will remove the main barrier to
sustained economic and social progress in Sri Lanka. It is in this perspective
that we pledge to provide assistance to meet the immediate needs and
priorities identified at this meeting, so that assistance may be given islandwide, when and where it is most needed, thereby directly promoting the
peace process.

Socioeconomic rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy

Page 3, We commend both parties for their strong commitment to a lasting peace. A lasting peace must be built upon renunciation of violence and respect for the principles of human rights, democracy, rule of law, and recognition of the rights of minorities, and must address the needs of all communities all over Sri Lanka, in order to combat poverty and foster ethnic harmony. Resolution of the ethnic conflict will remove the main barrier to sustained economic and social progress in Sri Lanka. It is in this perspective that we pledge to provide assistance to meet the immediate needs and priorities identified at this meeting, so that assistance may be given islandwide, when and where it is most needed, thereby directly promoting the peace process.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/ access

No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human

No specific mention.

rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency

No specific mention.

law

State of

No specific mention.

emergency provisions

Judiciary

No specific mention.

and courts

Prisons and No specific mention.

detention

Traditional No specific mention.

Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socio- reconstruction→Socio-economic development

economic Page 2, ... Building a national consensus for the difficult steps ahead in the reconstruction peace process will require particular efforts to meet the humanitarian needs of the most vulnerable, such as the poor, the unemployed, especially

in the rural areas, and women and children.

Page 3, While all areas of Sri Lanka have been seriously affected by the war, the North and East have suffered the most extensive destruction. We commend the parties for establishing a joint Sub-Committee on Humanitarian and Rehabilitation Needs in the North and East and setting up a Fund with the aim of enhancing and prioritising donor activities in these war ravaged areas, which continue to experience severe social and economic hardships. The Sub- Committee has issued an urgent appeal to the international community for immediate assistance to begin to resettle and rehabilitate internally displaced persons, address the needs of women and children and help the population to resume their economic activities. We will take into account the coordinating role ascribed by the parties to the Sub-Committee, in order to support this important mechanism of ownership by the parties in its work for effective reconstruction and confidence building, while stressing the need for flexibility in accepting various forms of assistance from the international community.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance

Page 3, While all areas of Sri Lanka have been seriously affected by the war, the North and East have suffered the most extensive destruction. We commend the parties for establishing a joint Sub-Committee on Humanitarian and Rehabilitation Needs in the North and East and setting up a Fund with the aim of enhancing and prioritising donor activities in these war ravaged areas, which continue to experience severe social and economic hardships. The Sub-Committee has issued an urgent appeal to the international community for immediate assistance to begin to resettle and rehabilitate internally displaced persons, address the needs of women and children and help the population to resume their economic activities. We will take into account the coordinating role ascribed by the parties to the Sub-Committee, in order to support this important mechanism of ownership by the parties in its work for effective reconstruction and confidence building, while stressing the need for flexibility in accepting various forms of assistance from the international community.

National No sp economic plan

No specific mention.

Natural resources

funds

International Page 1, We, government representatives from the Asia-Pacific region, North America and Europe, meeting in Oslo on 25 November 2002, express strong support for the historic peace process now underway in Sri Lanka. At this critical phase of the peace process, we commit ourselves to providing immediate financial assistance. A donor conference, proposed to be held in Tokyo in 2003, will have a greater focus on longer-term financial assistance and continue our efforts at donor co-ordination.

> Page 2, ... International financial assistance is important for people to begin to see tangible benefits of peace in their daily lives.

Page 3, We commend both parties for their strong commitment to a lasting peace. A lasting peace must be built upon renunciation of violence and respect for the principles of human rights, democracy, rule of law, and recognition of the rights of minorities, and must address the needs of all communities all over Sri Lanka, in order to combat poverty and foster ethnic harmony. Resolution of the ethnic conflict will remove the main barrier to sustained economic and social progress in Sri Lanka. It is in this perspective that we pledge to provide assistance to meet the immediate needs and priorities identified at this meeting, so that assistance may be given islandwide, when and where it is most needed, thereby directly promoting the peace process.

... We will take into account the coordinating role ascribed by the parties to the Sub-Committee, in order to support this important mechanism of ownership by the parties in its work for effective reconstruction and confidence building, while stressing the need for flexibility in accepting various forms of assistance from the international community.

Page 4, ... We therefore pledge to support their efforts with financial assistance to the people of Sri Lanka and continued encouragement to the parties in their search for a lasting peace through a negotiated final resolution of the conflict.

No specific mention. **Business**

No specific mention. **Taxation**

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/

No specific mention.

reform rights

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

No specific mention.

Cultural heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or

riparian rights or access No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

Intelligence No specific mention.

Parastatal/ rebel and

opposition

group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal

of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/

organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention.

justice general

Amnesty/

pardon

No specific mention.

Courts

No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner

No specific mention.

release

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons

No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other No specific mention.

international signatory

Referendum No specific mention.

for

agreement

International Page 2, We recognise the critical role played by the Sri Lanka Monitoring mission/ Mission in maintaining the cease fire agreement of 23 February 2002.

force/similar

Enforcement No specific mention.

mechanism

Related No specific mention.

cases

Source http://www.satp.org/satporgtp/countries/shrilanka/document/papers/

oslo1.htm

Also regjeringen.no [Norwegian Government website archives]

https://www.regjeringen.no/en/aktuelt/

declaration_in_support_of_the_peace/id248415/