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Country/ Bosnia and Herzegovina entity Yugoslavia (former)

Region Europe and Eurasia

Europe and Eurasia

Agreement

name

Action Plan of the European Union for the Former Yugoslavia (EU Action Plan)

Date 28 Feb 1994

Agreement

Unilateral document

status

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/

Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) (Balkan Conflicts (1991 - 1995) (1998 - 2001))

conflict level

Stage Pre-negotiation/process

Conflict nature

Government/territory

Peace Bosnia peace process

process

Parties Waiting for full version of document and Owen book to input Parties

Third parties

rd

Description Waiting for full version of document and Owen book to input Description

Agreement document

BA_940228_ActionPlanOfTheEuropeanUnionForTheFormerYugoslavia.pdf 🗖 | Download PDF

Groups

Children/ youth No specific mention.

Disabled

No specific mention.

persons

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant

No specific mention.

workers

Racial/ Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical ethnic/ Page 4, C. London Conferences, 1. London II

national

group Also the Conference should give a mandate to resolve problems of the ex-

Yugoslavia which are still unresolved (including definitive status of the Croatian territories under the UNPROFOR mandate, rights of nationalities and national minorities). The degree of autonomy in the areas currently under UNPROFOR mandate should be determined in consideration of the relative size of the Serb communities before the 1991 war. The Carrington proposal retains a great deal of relevance as regards the definition of the different statuses. A broad autonomy in Kosovo also has to be re-established within the framework of the current borders. In Sandjak and in Vojvodina, specific rights must be assured, as foreseen by the Co-Chairmen of the Steering Committee of ICFY. In this group of three regions, an international presence (for example, ECMM) appears necessary in order to monitor the respect for

the rights of ethnic groups and minorities.

Religious

groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous

people

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

groups

Refugees/ displaced persons Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

Page 2, I. Humanitarian Aid, A. Implementation of Joint Action

2.1)... The International Community cannot remain indifferent to the plight of the refugees, the displaced persons and the vulnerable populations in Serbia Montenegro. In respecting the resolutions of the Security Council, the European Union does not practice any discrimination with regard to the distribution of humanitarian aid. In this spirit, the Union will intervene to obtain an accelerated and simplified processing of the notifications and requests pertaining to humanitarian aid for Serbia Montenegro.

Page 3, II. Action Plan for a political solution, B. Situation in the Croatian territories under UNPROFOR mandate.

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- The European Union is ready to actively search for every means to increase humanitarian aid to the Republic of Croatia, as it is fully aware of the burden represented by the presence on its territory of many refugees or displaced persons.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

No specific mention.

Men and

boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

(general)

No specific mention.

State Page 2, II. Action Plan for a political solution, A. A negotiated solution for BiH configuration 1.1 The maintenance of the Union of Republics of Bosnia Herzegovina

remains the preference of the European Union

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/ No specific mention.

unification

Border No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross- No specific mention.

border provision

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral No specific mention.

commission

Political

No specific mention.

parties reform

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ No specific mention.

religious leaders

Public

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political

No specific mention.

power sharing

Territorial

No specific mention.

power sharing

Economic

No specific mention.

power sharing

Military

No specific mention.

power sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL Page 4, C. London Conferences, 1. London II

general

Also the Conference should give a mandate to resolve problems of the ex-Yugoslavia which are still unresolved (including definitive status of the Croatian territories under the UNPROFOR mandate, rights of nationalities and national minorities).

A broad autonomy in Kosovo also has to be re-established within the framework of the current borders. In Sandjak and in Vojvodina, specific rights must be assured, as foreseen by the Co-Chairmen of the Steering Committee of ICFY. In this group of three regions, an international presence (for example, ECMM) appears necessary in order to monitor the respect for the rights of ethnic groups and minorities.

Bill of

rights/ similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-

No specific mention.

economic rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

No specific mention. Democracy

Detention

No specific mention.

procedures

Media and communication

No specific mention.

Mobility/ access Page 1, I. Humanitarian Aid, A. Implementation of Joint Action

1) The Presidency has given a first report to the Ministers, following its contacts with UNHCR and UNPROFOR, on the choice of privileged itineraries (see attachment). The choice of the itinerary will be left to the organisations in charge of the delivery of aid in consulatation with UNPROFOR and this in function of the military situation, agreements concluded in the field, the climate and the condition of the routes.

2) Together with Lord Owen, the Presidency endeavours to obtain from the parties firm and precise undertakings, valid at all levels, on the preservation of the privileged itineraries, on the opening and the protection by UNPROFOR of Tuzla airport, as well as on the opening of air corridors. As soon as conditions will allow, the European Union will work for the reconstruction and reopening of the airport in Mostar.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights

institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law

No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions

Judiciary No specific mention.

Prisons and detention

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socioreconstruction→Socio-economic development

economic

Page 2, I. Humanitarian Aid, A. Implementation of Joint Action reconstruction 2.1)At the meeting it will organize in Geneva, the Presidency will put forward the following positions:

> - The parties will be held responsible, towards their own population and towards the international community, for the obstacles and impediments that would obstruct the delivery of humanitarian aid. Unauthorized seizures will not be tolerated.

In respecting the resolutions of the Security Council, the European Union does not practice any discrimination with regard to the distribution of humanitarian aid. In this spirit, the Union will intervene to obtain an accelerated and simplified processing of the notifications and requests pertaining to humanitarian aid for Serbia Montenegro.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance Page 1, Untitled Preamble

This is why the Union, while searching for a global solution to the problems of the former Yugoslavia, is of the opinion that the following priorities are

- the delivery of aid to Bosnia Herzegovina;

To this end, the parties to the conflict have to be brought back to the negotiating table, and the joint action regarding the delivery of aid has to be implemented urgently.

Page 1, I. Humanitarian Aid, A. Implementation of Joint Action 1) The Presidency has given a first report to the Ministers, following its contacts with UNHCR and UNPROFOR, on the choice of privileged itineraries (see attachment). The choice of the itinerary will be left to the organisations in charge of the delivery of aid in consultation with UNPROFOR and this in function of the military situation, agreements concluded in the field, the climate and the condition of the routes.

Page 2, I. Humanitarian Aid, B. Other aspects of humanitarian aid. The restoration of the fuel supply will receive the highest priority. ECMM and ECTF are instructed to study this problem and to make proposals which could lead to their strengthening or adaptation.

Page 3, II. Action Plan for a political solution, B. Situation in the Croatian territories under UNPROFOR mandate.

- The European Union is ready to actively search for every means to increase humanitarian aid to the Republic of Croatia, as it is fully aware of the burden represented by the presence on its territory of many refugees or displaced persons.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction Page 2, I. Humanitarian Aid, A. Implementation of Joint Action 2) ... As soon as conditional will work for the reconstruction and the reopening of the airport of Mostar.

National

No specific mention.

economic plan

Natural

Page 2, I. Humanitarian Aid, B. Other aspects of humanitarian aid.

resources

...Particular attention will be accorded to the safeguarding of access routes to

the coal mines and to the supply of gas.

International funds

International Page 2, I. Humanitarian Aid, A. Implementation of Joint Action

2) ... As soon as conditions will allow, the European Union will work for the reconstruction and the reopening of the airport of Mostar.

Page 2, I. Humanitarian Aid, A. Implementation of Joint Action 3) As far as the definition of needs and their financial implications is concerned, the Presidency and the Commission will draft the report requested for the end of the month in order to allow the decisions on the budgetary envelope to be taken at the Council in December. The ECTF and IMG will be associated with this exercise.

Page 2-3, II. Action Plan for a political solution, A. A negotiated solution for BiH

2.1 The Bosnian President will be informed that the negotiators will strive in such a way that the latest territorial demands by them, as put forward at the eve of the meeting on board HMS Invincible, can - in a same order of magnitude - be met. If the Serbs make such an offer, the Council will let the Bosnian Presidency know the advantages of a settlement, in particular, with respect to its implementation by the international community and with respect to the reconstruction. The Council thinks that the population needs and wishes peace, and that the continuation of the war risks calling into question the support of the international community.

Page 3, II. Action Plan for a political solution, B. Situation in the Croatian territories under UNPROFOR mandate.

...- The European Union is ready to increase its economic assistance and its cooperation with Croatia, if Croatia invests itself fully in the respect of the modus vivendi as well as in the peace settlement in Bosnia Herzegovina.

Page 4, C. London Conferences, 1. London II

...It would have as its first objective the endorsement of the acquis, to give a strong impulse to the implementation of the agreement and to assure the financing of reconstruction of the destroyed territories, a plan which it would be important to coordinate with the United States, Russia, the Islamic States and other countries.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land

No specific mention.

reform/ rights

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural

No specific mention.

heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian

riparian rights or access Page 3, II. Action Plan for a political solution, A. A negotiated solution for BiH 2.3 The Croats will be informed that the concessions they gave made as regards access to the sea and port facilities are considered as an essential

element in any negotiated settlement.

Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

Page 3, II. Action Plan for a political solution, B. Situation in the Croatian

territories under UNPROFOR mandate.

For lack of a rapid final solution, the European Union will concentrate on the adoption of a modus vivendi comprising a ceasefire and confidence-building measures in conformity with Resolution 847 of the Security Council. The aim is to eliminate the danger of a resumption of hostilities and to mark an intermediate phase towards a final solution for the Croatian territories under

UNPROFOR mandate.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces

Page 2, II. Action Plan for a political solution, A. A negotiated solution for BiH 1.2A demilitarization, however, seems less and less probable on the terrain. Therefore, reduced military forces might be required for the implementation of the international guarantees.

Page 3, II. Action Plan for a political solution, B. Situation in the Croatian territories under UNPROFOR mandate.

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- A military action is unacceptable and could only have disastrous consequences for Croatia.
- In case the Republic of Croatia launched an offensive in the Krajinas, negative measures imposed by the international community would become inevitable.

DDR Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions

Page 2, II. Action Plan for a political solution, A. A negotiated solution for BiH 1.2A demilitarization, however, seems less and less probable on the terrain. Therefore, reduced military forces might be required for the implementation of the international guarantees.

Intelligence No specific mention. services

Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces

forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal No specific mention. of foreign

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/ No specific mention. organised crime

Drugs No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention.

justice

general

Amnesty/ pardon

No specific mention.

No specific mention. Courts

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner

No specific mention.

release

Vetting

No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing

No specific mention.

persons

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

No specific mention. UN

signatory

Other No specific mention. international signatory

Referendum No specific mention. for agreement

International Page 1, Untitled Preamble

mission/

force/similar Furthermore, the risk of an open conflict in the Croatian territories under UNPROFOR mandate increases steadily.

This is why the Union, while searching for a global solution to the problems of the former Yugoslavia, is of the opinion that the following priorities are essential:

- the establishment of a modus vivendi for the "Croatian territories under UNPROFOR mandate".

Page 1, I. Humanitarian Aid, A. Implementation of Joint Action 1) The Presidency has given a first report to the Ministers, following its contacts with UNHCR and UNPROFOR, on the choice of privileged itineraries (see attachment). The choice of the itinerary will be left to the organisations in charge of the delivery of aid in consultation with UNPROFOR and this in function of the military situation, agreements concluded in the field, the climate and the condition of the routes. The Council has taken note of the willingness in principle expressed by The Netherlands to supply additional troops, or logistical support to UNPROFOR as soon as the exact requirements will have been specified. The Council agreed on the necessity for the member countries of the European Union to provide, possibly under cover of ECMM, the fifty experts indispensable for operating Tuzla airport as well as the complementary logistical and support means. (The Council wishes that the UNPROFOR command could, in the most rapid and most efficient way, make use of all appropriate means, including aerial, as foreseen by the relevant resolutions of the Security Council).

Page 1-2, I. Humanitarian Aid, A. Implementation of Joint Action 2) Together with Lord Owen, the Presidency endeavours to obtain from the parties firm and precise undertakings, valid at all levels, on the preservation of the privileged itineraries, on the opening and the protection by UNPROFOR of Tuzla airport, as well as on the opening of air corridors.

Page 2, I. Humanitarian Aid, B. Other aspects of humanitarian aid. The restoration of the fuel supply will receive the highest priority. ECMM and ECTF are instructed to study this problem and to make proposals which could lead to their strengthening or adaptation.

Page 3, II. Action Plan for a political solution, A. A negotiated solution for BiH 2.2...The progressive suspension of sanctions will only come about as the implementation of a peace settlement in Bosnia Herzegovina and the acceptance and the implementation of a modus vivendi in the UNPAs in Croatia make progress.

Page 3, II. Action Plan for a political solution, B. Situation in the Croatian territories under UNPROFOR mandate.

For lack of a rapid final solution, the European Union will concentrate on the adoption of a modus vivendi comprising a ceasefire and confidence-building measures in conformity with Resolution 847 of the Security Council. The aim is to eliminate the danger of a resumption of hostilities and to mark an intermediate phase towards of final solution for the Croatian territories under UNPROFOR mandate.

Enforcement No specific mention. mechanism

Related

No specific mention.

cases

Source David Owen Papers, University of Liverpool

http://www.liv.ac.uk/library/sca/colldescs/owen/