## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/

entity

Ethiopia

Region

Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement

name

Transitional Period Charter of Ethiopia

Date 22 Jul 1991

Agreement

status

Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/intrastate conflict ()

conflict level

Framework/substantive - comprehensive Stage

Conflict

Government

nature

Peace

Ethiopia peace process

The national liberation movements

process

**Parties** 

Third parties

Description

Extraconstitutional document outlining the structure of a transitional

government as well as the sequencing of mechanisms within a two year timeperiod. Event's include the election of local and regional councils in 3 months, the formation of a constitutional committee, re-drafting the constitution, and electing a new council of representatives based on that constitution on which the transitional government shall peaceably hand over

power.

Agreement document

EH\_910722\_The Transitional Period Charter of Ethiopia.pdf Download PDF

### **Groups**

Children/ youth

No specific mention.

Disabled

No specific mention.

persons

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers

No specific mention.

Racial/ Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical

ethnic/

Page 5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND

national REHABILITATION, Article 17:

group The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the

delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In

connection with this:

•••

It shall make special efforts to dispel ethnic mistrust and eradicate the ethnic

hatred that have been fostered by the previous regimes.

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous No specific mention.

people

Other

No specific mention.

groups

Refugees/

Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

displaced persons

Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND

REHABILITATION, Article 14:

The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In

connection with this:

It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the population that have been forceably uprooted by the

previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement.

The rehabilitation of those forceable uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their

desire.

Social class No specific mention.

#### Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and

boys

No specific mention.

**LGBTI** 

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

## **State definition**

Nature of

No specific mention.

state

(general)

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self

Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

determination ...

WHEREAS the military dictatorship was, in a continuation of the previous regimes and its demise marks the end of an era of subjugation and oppression thus a new chapter in Ethiopian history in which freedom, equal rights rights and self-determination of all the peoples shall be the governing principles of political, economic and social life and thereby contributing to the welfare of the Ethiopian Peoples and and rescuing them from centuries of subjugation and back-wardness;

#### Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:

- a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;
- b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation
- c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

Page 3, PART TWO: PRINCIPLES GUIDING FOREIGN POLICY, Article 4: It shall abide by all mutual agreements that respect the sovereignty of Ethiopia and are not contrary to the interests of the People.

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

Border

No specific mention.

border provision

Page 4 of 23

## Governance

Political

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→Temporary new

institutions institutions

(new or reformed)

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (Ill) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever. Particularly every individual shall have;

a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;

1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

# Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 6:

There shall be established a Transitional Government consisting of a Council of Representatives and a Council of Ministers.

# Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 7:

The Council of Representatives shall be composed of representatives of of national liberation movements, other political organizations and prominent individuals, to make-up a total of no more than 87 members.

# Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 8:

The Transitional Government shall exercise all legal and political responsibility for the governance of Ethiopia until it hands over power to a government popularly elected on the basis of of a new Constitution.

# Page 3-4, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

a/ draw-up it's rules of procedure.

b/ election of its Chairperson, who shall also be the Head of State, and a Vice-Chairperson and Secretary, the Head of State shall appoint the Prime Minister, whose appointment shall be approved by the council of Representatives. The head of state, the Prime Minister, the Vice-Chairperson and Secretary of the Council of Representative shall be from different nations/nationalities:

c/ approve the Prime Minister's nomination of the members of Council of Ministers drawn-up on considerations of ascertaining a broad national representation, technical competence and unswerving adherence to the Charter;

d/initiation and promulgation of proclamation and decrees pursuant to the Charter:

e/ adoption of national budget;

f/ provide for the administration of justice on the basis if the of the Charter; the Courts shall, in their work, be free from any governmental interference with respect to items provided for in Part One, Article One of the Charter; g/ establish Constitutional Commission;

h/ratify international agreeméa នេះ;

i/ create committees for defence and security policy during the transitional

Elections Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

•••

WHEREAS to this end, all institutions of repression installed by the previous regimes shall be dismantled, regional prejudices redressed and the rights and interests of the deprived citizens to safeguarded by a democratic government elected by and accountable to the People;

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 12: The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

•••

Elections to a National Assembly shall be held on the basis of the provisions of the new Constitution.

The Transitional Government shall handover power to the party or parties that gain a majority in the National Assembly.

The said national elections shall be held no later than two years after the establishment of the Transitional Government.

Provided however, that the period can be extended by the Council of Representatives for no more than six months.

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 13: The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

• • •

There shall be a law establishing local and regional councils for local administrative purposes defined on the basis of nationality. Elections fur such local and regional councils shall be held within three months of the establishment of the Transitional Government, wherever local conditions allow.

Electoral No specific mention.

commission

Governance→Political parties reform→Other political parties reform

parties reform

Political

Page2: Part One, Democratic Rights

... Particularly every individual shall have

The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

Civil society

Page 3, PART TWO: PRINCIPLES GUIDING FOREIGN POLICY, Article 4:

Local governments shall have the right to establish direct contact with relief

organizations with respect to relief work.

Traditional/ religious leaders

Traditional/ No specific mention.

Public No specific mention. administration

Constitution Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 8:

The Transitional Government shall exercise all legal and political responsibility for the governance of Ethiopia until it hands over power to a government popularly elected on the basis of of a new Constitution.

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

...

g/establish Constitutional Commission;

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 10: The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

...

The Council of Representatives shall constitute the Constitutional Commission to draw up a draft constitution.

The Constitutional Commission shall submit to the Council of Representatives the draft constitution.

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 11: The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

•••

Upon adoption o the draft constitution by the Council of Representatives the Constitution shall be presented to the people for discussion.

The final draft shall be presented for adoption in the Constitutional Assembly to be elected pursuant to the final draft of the Constitution.

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 12: The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

•••

Elections to a National Assembly shall be held on the basis of the provisions of the new Constitution. The Transitional Government shall handover power to the party or parties that gain a majority in the National Assembly. The said national elections shall be held no later than two years after the establishment of the Transitional Government. Provided however, that the period can be extended by the Council of Representatives for no more than six months.

### **Power sharing**

Political Power sharing→Political power sharing→General

power Sub-state level sharing Article thirteen

There shall be a law establishing local and regional councils for local administrative purposes defined on the basis of nationality. Elections for such local and regional councils shall be held within three months of the establishment of the Transitional Government, wherever local conditions allow.

Power sharing  $\rightarrow$  Political power sharing  $\rightarrow$  Executive coalition

State level

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT,

Article Six,

There shall be established a Transitional Government consisting of a Council of Representatives and a Council of Ministers.

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Proportionality in legislature State level

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT,

Article Six,

There shall be established a Transitional Government consisting of a Council of Representatives and a Council of Ministers.

...

#### Article 7:

The Council of Representatives shall be composed of representatives of of national liberation movements, other political organizations and prominent individuals, to make-up a total of no more than 87 members.

#### Article 9

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

...

b/election of its Chairperson, who shall also be the Head of State, and a Vice-Chairperson and Secretary, the Head of State shall appoint the Prime Minister, whose appointment shall be approved by the Council of Representatives. The head of state, the Prime Minister, the Vice-Chairperson and the Secretary of the Council of Representatives shall be from different nations/nationalities'

c/ approve the Prime Minister's nomination of the members of Council of Ministers drawn-up on considerations of ascertaining a broad national representation, technical competence and unswerving adherence to the Charter;

Territorial power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic

No specific mention.

power sharing

Military

No specific mention.

power sharing

## **Human rights and equality**

Human

Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

rights/RoL general ...WHEREAS to this end, all institutions of repression installed by the previous regimes shall be dismantled, regional prejudices redressed and the rights and interests of the deprived citizens to safeguarded by a democratic government elected by and accountable to the People;

Bill of rights/similar

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec l948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any

limitation, whatsoever. Particularly every individual shall have; a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable

assembly;

1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:

a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language:

b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation

c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

Treaty incorporation

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

incorporation Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever.

Civil and political rights

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Equality Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

...

WHEREAS the military dictatorship was, in a continuation of the previous regimes and its demise marks the end of an era of subjugation and oppression thus a new chapter in Ethiopian history in which freedom, equal rights rights and self-determination of all the peoples shall be the governing principles of political, economic and social life and thereby contributing to the welfare of the Ethiopian Peoples and and rescuing them from centuries of subjugation and back-wardness;

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of speech Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever. Particularly every individual shall have; a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of association Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (Ill) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever. Particularly every individual shall have; a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable

1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Thought, opinion, conscience and religion

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (Ill) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever. Particularly every individual shall have;

- a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;
- 1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

Socioeconomic rights Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Work

 ${\tt Page 4, PART\ THREE: STRUCTURE\ AND\ COMPOSITION\ OF\ THE\ TRANSITIONAL}$ 

**GOVERNMENT**, Article 9:

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

•••

k/ issues just labour law that protects the rights and interests of the workers;

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Cultural life Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:

a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;

b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation.

c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

## **Rights related issues**

Citizenship

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizen, general
Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 13:
The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

...

There shall be a law establishing local and regional councils for local administrative purposes defined on the basis of nationality. Elections fur such local and regional councils shall be held within three months of the establishment of the Transitional Government, wherever local conditions allow.

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizens, specific rights Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

•••

WHEREAS to this end, all institutions of repression installed by the previous regimes shall be dismantled, regional prejudices redressed and the rights and interests of the deprived citizens to safeguarded by a democratic government elected by and accountable to the People;

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:

- a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;
- b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation
- c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

#### Democracy

#### Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

WHEREAS the overthrow of the military dictatorship that has ruled Ethiopia for seventeen years present a historical moment, providing the Peoples of Ethiopia with the opportunity to rebuild the country and restructure the state democratically;

•••

WHEREAS for the fulfillment of the aforementioned conditions and for the reign of a just peace, the proclamation of a democratic order is a categorical imperative, and;

#### Page 2, Untitled Preamble:

Whereas from the peace loving and democratic forces present in the Ethiopian society and having varied views, having met in a Conference convened from July 1-5 in ADDIS ABABA, have discussed and approved the Charter laying dawn the rules governing The Transitional Government as well as setting down the principles for the transitional period,

#### Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever. Particularly every individual shall have; a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;

1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

#### Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:

- a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;
- b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation
- c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 10 -13: The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

Article 10: The Council of Representatives shall constitute the Constitutional Commission to draw up a draft constitution. The Constitutional Commission shall submit to the Council of Representatives the draft constitution.

Article 11: Upon adoption of the draft constitution by the Council of Representatives the Constitution shall be presented to the people for discussion.

The final draft shall be presented for adoption in the Constitutional Assembly to be elected pursuant to the final draft of the Constitution.

Article 12: Elections to Path Assembly shall be held on the basis of the provisions of the new Constitution.

provisions of the new constitution.

Detention

No specific mention.

procedures

Media and

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Governance of media

communication Page 4, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE

TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as

follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

...

j/ provide the mechanism to ascertain the fair and impartial application of

the mass media;

Mobility/

access

No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

Other No specific mention.

## **Rights institutions**

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or

No specific mention.

international human rights

institutions

### **Justice sector reform**

Criminal

No specific mention.

justice and emergency

law

State of emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

•••

f/ provide for the administration of justice on the basis if the of the Charter; the Courts shall, in their work, be free from any governmental interference with respect to items provided for in Part One, Article One of the Charter;

Prisons and detention

Prisons and No specific mention.

Traditional

No specific mention.

Laws

#### Socio-economic reconstruction

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socio- reconstruction→Socio-economic development

economic Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

reconstruction ...

WHEREAS the military dictatorship was, in a continuation of the previous regimes and its demise marks the end of an era of subjugation and oppression thus a new chapter in Ethiopian history in which freedom, equal rights rights and self-determination of all the peoples shall be the governing principles of political, economic and social life and thereby contributing to the welfare of the Ethiopian Peoples and and rescuing them from centuries of subjugation and back-wardness;

...

WHEREAS peace and stability, as essential condition of development, require the end of all hostilities, the healing of wounds caused by conflicts and the establishment and maintenance of good neighborliness and cooperation;

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance

Page 3, PART TWO: PRINCIPLES GUIDING FOREIGN POLICY, Article 4: Local governments shall have the right to establish direct contact with relief organizations with respect to relief work.

Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION, Article 14-17:

The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:

Article 14: It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the population that have been forceably uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement. The rehabilitation of those forceable uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their desire.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction

Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION, Article 14-17:

Article 15: It shall take immediate steps to reconstruct or repair the infrastructure that has been destroyed or damaged by the war. Article 16: It shall give special consideration to hitherto neglected and forgotten areas.

Article 17: It shall make special efforts to dispel ethnic mistrust and eradicate the ethnic hatred that have been fostered by the previous regimes.

National

No specific mention.

economic

plan

Natural resources

No specific mention.

International No specific mention.

funds

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

## Land, property and environment

Land

reform/ rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism

rights

No specific mention.

Cultural heritage Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Intangible

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the

right to:

a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history

and use and develop its language;

Environment Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION. Article 14-17:

The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:

Article 14: It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the population that have been forceably uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement.

The rehabilitation of those forceable uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their desire.

Article 15: It shall take immediate steps to reconstruct or repair the infrastructure that has been destroyed or damaged by the war.

Article 16: It shall give special consideration to hitherto neglected and forgotten areas.

Article 17: It shall make special efforts to dispel ethnic mistrust and eradicate the ethnic hatred that have been fostered by the previous regimes.

Water or riparian rights or access

No specific mention.

#### **Security sector**

Security Guarantees Page 4, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

•••

i/ create committees for defence and security policy during the transitional period;

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

WHEREAS peace and stability, as essential condition of development, require the end of all hostilities, the healing of wounds caused by conflicts and the establishment and maintenance of good neighborliness and co-operation;

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence No specific mention. services

Parastatal/ No sperebel and

opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal

No specific mention.

of foreign forces

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/ organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

## **Transitional justice**

Transitional Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

justice

general

WHEREAS peace and stability, as essential condition of development, require the end of all hostilities, the healing of wounds caused by conflicts and the establishment and maintenance of good neighborliness and co-operation;

Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION, Article 14-16:

The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:

It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the population that have been forceably uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement.

The rehabilitation of those forceable uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their desire.

Article 15: It shall take immediate steps to reconstruct or repair the infrastructure that has been destroyed or damaged by the war. Article 16: It shall give special consideration to hitherto neglected and forgotten areas.

Amnesty/ pardon

No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner

No specific mention.

release

Vetting No specific mention. **Victims** 

Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION. Article 14:

The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:

...

It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the population that have been forceably uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement.

The rehabilitation of those forceable uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their desire.

Missing

No specific mention.

persons

Reparations No specific mention.

 $Reconciliation \ \ Page \ 5, PART \ FOUR: TRANSITIONAL \ PROGRAMME, B. \ RELIEF \ AND$ 

REHABILITATION, Article 17:

The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:

•••

It shall make special efforts to dispel ethnic mistrust and eradicate the ethnic hatred that have been fostered by the previous regimes.

### **Implementation**

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other No specific mention.

international signatory

Referendum No specific mention.

for

agreement

International No specific mention. mission/force/similar

Enforcement No specific mention. mechanism

Related No specific mention.

cases

Source http://www.constitutionnet.org/