

<b>Country/entity</b>	Ethiopia
<b>Region</b>	Africa (excl MENA)
<b>Agreement name</b>	Transitional Period Charter of Ethiopia
<b>Date</b>	22 Jul 1991
<b>Agreement status</b>	Multiparty signed/agreed
<b>Interim arrangement</b>	Yes
<b>Agreement/conflict level</b>	Intrastate/intrastate conflict
<b>Stage</b>	Framework/substantive - comprehensive
<b>Conflict nature</b>	Government
<b>Peace process</b>	Ethiopia peace process
<b>Parties</b>	The national liberation movements
<b>Third parties</b>	-
<b>Description</b>	Extraconstitutional document outlining the structure of a transitional government as well as the sequencing of mechanisms within a two year time-period. Event's include the election of local and regional councils in 3 months, the formation of a constitutional committee, re-drafting the constitution, and electing a new council of representatives based on that constitution on which the transitional government shall peaceably hand over power.

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**Agreement document** [EH\\_910722\\_The Transitional Period Charter of Ethiopia.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

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#### Groups

<b>Children/youth</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Disabled persons</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Elderly/age</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Migrant workers</b>	No specific mention.

**Racial/ethnic/  
national group** Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical  
Page 5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION,  
Article 17:  
The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief  
assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:  
...  
It shall make special efforts to dispel ethnic mistrust and eradicate the ethnic hatred that  
have been fostered by the previous regimes.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced  
persons** Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive  
Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION,  
Article 14:  
The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief  
assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:  
  
It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected  
by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the  
population that have been forcefully uprooted by the previous regime's policy of  
villagization and resettlement.  
The rehabilitation of those forcefully uprooted by the previous regime's policy of  
villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their desire.

**Social class** No specific mention.

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**Gender**

**Women, girls and  
gender** No specific mention.

**Men and boys** No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

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**State definition**

**Nature of state (general)** No specific mention.

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

...

WHEREAS the military dictatorship was, in a continuation of the previous regimes and its demise marks the end of an era of subjugation and oppression thus a new chapter in Ethiopian history in which freedom, equal rights rights and self-determination of all the peoples shall be the governing principles of political, economic and social life and thereby contributing to the welfare of the Ethiopian Peoples and and rescuing them from centuries of subjugation and back-wardness;

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:

a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;

b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation

c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/ nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

Page 3, PART TWO: PRINCIPLES GUIDING FOREIGN POLICY, Article 4:

It shall abide by all mutual agreements that respect the sovereignty of Ethiopia and are not contrary to the interests of the People.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

**Independence/ secession** No specific mention.

**Accession/ unification** No specific mention.

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

**Cross-border provision** No specific mention.

**Governance**

**Political institutions (new or reformed)**

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→Temporary new institutions

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever.

Particularly every individual shall have;

- a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;
- 1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 6:

There shall be established a Transitional Government consisting of a Council of Representatives and a Council of Ministers.

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 7:

The Council of Representatives shall be composed of representatives of national liberation movements, other political organizations and prominent individuals, to make-up a total of no more than 87 members.

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 8:

The Transitional Government shall exercise all legal and political responsibility for the governance of Ethiopia until it hands over power to a government popularly elected on the basis of a new Constitution.

Page 3-4, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

- a/ draw-up its rules of procedure.
- b/ election of its Chairperson, who shall also be the Head of State, and a Vice-Chairperson and Secretary, the Head of State shall appoint the Prime Minister, whose appointment shall be approved by the council of Representatives. The head of state, the Prime Minister, the Vice-Chairperson and Secretary of the Council of Representative shall be from different nations/nationalities;
- c/ approve the Prime Minister's nomination of the members of Council of Ministers drawn-up on considerations of ascertaining a broad national representation, technical competence and unwavering adherence to the Charter;
- d/ initiation and promulgation of proclamation and decrees pursuant to the Charter;
- e/ adoption of national budget;
- f/ provide for the administration of justice on the basis of the Charter; the Courts shall, in their work, be free from any governmental interference with respect to items provided for in Part One, Article One of the Charter;
- g/ establish Constitutional Commission;
- h/ ratify international agreements;
- i/ create committees for defence and security policy during the transitional period;
- j/ provide the mechanism to ascertain the fair and impartial application of the mass media;
- k/ issues just labour law that protects the rights and interests of the workers;

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 10:

The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy

**Elections**

Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

...

WHEREAS to this end, all institutions of repression installed by the previous regimes shall be dismantled, regional prejudices redressed and the rights and interests of the deprived citizens to safeguarded by a democratic government elected by and accountable to the People;

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 12:

The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

...

Elections to a National Assembly shall be held on the basis of the provisions of the new Constitution.

The Transitional Government shall handover power to the party or parties that gain a majority in the National Assembly.

The said national elections shall be held no later than two years after the establishment of the Transitional Government.

Provided however, that the period can be extended by the Council of Representatives for no more than six months.

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 13:

The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

...

There shall be a law establishing local and regional councils for local administrative purposes defined on the basis of nationality. Elections for such local and regional councils shall be held within three months of the establishment of the Transitional Government, wherever local conditions allow.

**Electoral commission**

No specific mention.

**Political parties reform**

Governance→Political parties reform→Other political parties reform

Page2: Part One, Democratic Rights

... Particularly every individual shall have

The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

**Civil society**

Page 3, PART TWO: PRINCIPLES GUIDING FOREIGN POLICY, Article 4:

Local governments shall have the right to establish direct contact with relief organizations with respect to relief work.

**Traditional/religious leaders**

No specific mention.

**Public  
administration**

No specific mention.

**Constitution**

Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 8:

The Transitional Government shall exercise all legal and political responsibility for the governance of Ethiopia until it hands over power to a government popularly elected on the basis of of a new Constitution.

Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

...

g/ establish Constitutional Commission;

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 10:

The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

...

The Council of Representatives shall constitute the Constitutional Commission to draw up a draft constitution.

The Constitutional Commission shall submit to the Council of Representatives the draft constitution.

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 11:

The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

...

Upon adoption o the draft constitution by the Council of Representatives the Constitution shall be presented to the people for discussion.

The final draft shall be presented for adoption in the Constitutional Assembly to be elected pursuant to the final draft of the Constitution.

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 12:

The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

...

Elections to a National Assembly shall be held on the basis of the provisions of the new Constitution. The Transitional Government shall handover power to the party or parties that gain a majority in the National Assembly. The said national elections shall be held no later than two years after the establishment of the Transitional Government. Provided however, that the period can be extended by the Council of Representatives for no more than six months.

**Power sharing**

**Political power sharing**

Power sharing→Political power sharing→General  
Sub-state level  
Article thirteen  
There shall be a law establishing local and regional councils for local administrative purposes defined on the basis of nationality. Elections for such local and regional councils shall be held within three months of the establishment of the Transitional Government, wherever local conditions allow.  
Power sharing→Political power sharing→Executive coalition  
State level  
Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT,  
Article Six,  
There shall be established a Transitional Government consisting of a Council of Representatives and a Council of Ministers.  
Power sharing→Political power sharing→Proportionality in legislature  
State level  
Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT,  
Article Six,  
There shall be established a Transitional Government consisting of a Council of Representatives and a Council of Ministers.  
...  
Article 7:  
The Council of Representatives shall be composed of representatives of of national liberation movements, other political organizations and prominent individuals, to make-up a total of no more than 87 members.  
  
Article 9  
The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:  
...  
b/election of its Chairperson, who shall also be the Head of State, and a Vice-Chairperson and Secretary, the Head of State shall appoint the Prime Minister, whose appointment shall be approved by the Council of Representatives. The head of state, the Prime Minister, the Vice-Chairperson and the Secretary of the Council of Representatives shall be from different nations/nationalities'  
c/ approve the Prime Minister's nomination of the members of Council of Ministers drawn-up on considerations of ascertaining a broad national representation, technical competence and unswerving adherence to the Charter;

**Territorial power sharing**

No specific mention.

**Economic power sharing**

No specific mention.

**Military power sharing**

No specific mention.

## Human rights and equality

**Human rights/RoL general** Page 1, Untitled Preamble:  
...WHEREAS to this end, all institutions of repression installed by the previous regimes shall be dismantled, regional prejudices redressed and the rights and interests of the deprived citizens to safeguarded by a democratic government elected by and accountable to the People;

**Bill of rights/similar** Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:  
Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever. Particularly every individual shall have;  
a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;  
1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:  
The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:  
a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;  
b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation  
c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/ nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

**Treaty incorporation** Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:  
Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever.

**Civil and political rights**

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Equality

Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

...

WHEREAS the military dictatorship was, in a continuation of the previous regimes and its demise marks the end of an era of subjugation and oppression thus a new chapter in Ethiopian history in which freedom, equal rights and self-determination of all the peoples shall be the governing principles of political, economic and social life and thereby contributing to the welfare of the Ethiopian Peoples and rescuing them from centuries of subjugation and back-wardness;

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of speech

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever.

Particularly every individual shall have;

a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of association

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever.

Particularly every individual shall have;

a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;

1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Thought, opinion, conscience and religion

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever.

Particularly every individual shall have;

a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;

1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

**Socio-economic rights**

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Work

Page 4, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:

The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:

...

k/ issues just labour law that protects the rights and interests of the workers;

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Cultural life

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:

a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;

b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation.

c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/ nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

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**Rights related issues**

## Citizenship

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizen, general

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 13:

The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

...

There shall be a law establishing local and regional councils for local administrative purposes defined on the basis of nationality. Elections for such local and regional councils shall be held within three months of the establishment of the Transitional Government, wherever local conditions allow.

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizens, specific rights

Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

...

WHEREAS to this end, all institutions of repression installed by the previous regimes shall be dismantled, regional prejudices redressed and the rights and interests of the deprived citizens to safeguarded by a democratic government elected by and accountable to the People;

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:

- a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;
- b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation
- c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/ nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

## Democracy

Page 1, Untitled Preamble:

WHEREAS the overthrow of the military dictatorship that has ruled Ethiopia for seventeen years present a historical moment, providing the Peoples of Ethiopia with the opportunity to rebuild the country and restructure the state democratically;

...

WHEREAS for the fulfillment of the aforementioned conditions and for the reign of a just peace, the proclamation of a democratic order is a categorical imperative, and;

Page 2, Untitled Preamble:

Whereas from the peace loving and democratic forces present in the Ethiopian society and having varied views, having met in a Conference convened from July 1-5 in ADDIS ABABA, have discussed and approved the Charter laying down the rules governing The Transitional Government as well as setting down the principles for the transitional period,

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 1:

Based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations; adopted and proclaimed by the General Assembly by resolution 217 A (III) of 10 Dec 1948 individual human rights shall be respected fully, and without any limitation, whatsoever.

Particularly every individual shall have;

a/ The freedom of conscience, expression, association and peaceable assembly;

1./ The right to engage in unrestricted political activity and to organize political parties, provided the exercise of such right does not infringe upon the rights of others.

Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:

The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:

a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;

b/ Administer its own affairs within its own defined territory and effectively participate in the central government on the basis of freedom, and fair and proper representation

c/ Exercise its right to self-determination of independence, when the concerned, nation/ nationality and people is convinced that the above rights are denied, abridged or abrogated.

Page 4, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, A. Political, Article 10 -13:

The following provisions for a transitional period have been adopted in order to lead the country towards full democracy.

Article 10: The Council of Representatives shall constitute the Constitutional Commission to draw up a draft constitution. The Constitutional Commission shall submit to the Council of Representatives the draft constitution.

Article 11: Upon adoption of the draft constitution by the Council of Representatives the Constitution shall be presented to the people for discussion.

The final draft shall be presented for adoption in the Constitutional Assembly to be elected pursuant to the final draft of the Constitution.

Article 12: Elections to a National Assembly shall be held on the basis of the provisions of the new Constitution.

The Transitional Government shall handover power to the party or parties that gain a majority in the National Assembly.

The said national elections shall be held no later than two years after the establishment of the Transitional Government.

Provided however, that the period can be extended by the Council of Representatives for no more than six months. Page 14 of 21

Article 13: There shall be a law establishing local and regional councils for local administrative purposes defined on the basis of nationality. Elections for such local and

<b>Detention procedures</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Media and communication</b>	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Governance of media Page 4, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9: The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers: ... j/ provide the mechanism to ascertain the fair and impartial application of the mass media;
<b>Mobility/access</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Protection measures</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Other</b>	No specific mention.

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**Rights institutions**

<b>NHRI</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Regional or international human rights institutions</b>	No specific mention.

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**Justice sector reform**

**Criminal justice and emergency law** No specific mention.

**State of emergency provisions** No specific mention.

**Judiciary and courts** Page 3, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:  
The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:  
...  
f/ provide for the administration of justice on the basis if the of the Charter; the Courts shall, in their work, be free from any governmental interference with respect to items provided for in Part One, Article One of the Charter;

**Prisons and detention** No specific mention.

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

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## Socio-economic reconstruction

<b>Development or socio-economic reconstruction</b>	<p>Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development</p> <p>Page 1, Untitled Preamble:</p> <p>...</p> <p>WHEREAS the military dictatorship was, in a continuation of the previous regimes and its demise marks the end of an era of subjugation and oppression thus a new chapter in Ethiopian history in which freedom, equal rights rights and self-determination of all the peoples shall be the governing principles of political, economic and social life and thereby contributing to the welfare of the Ethiopian Peoples and and rescuing them from centuries of subjugation and back-wardness;</p> <p>...</p> <p>WHEREAS peace and stability, as essential condition of development, require the end of all hostilities, the healing of wounds caused by conflicts and the establishment and maintenance of good neighborliness and co-operation;</p> <p>Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance</p> <p>Page 3, PART TWO: PRINCIPLES GUIDING FOREIGN POLICY, Article 4:</p> <p>Local governments shall have the right to establish direct contact with relief organizations with respect to relief work.</p> <p>Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION, Article 14-17:</p> <p>The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:</p> <p>Article 14: It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the population that have been forceably uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement.</p> <p>The rehabilitation of those forceable uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their desire.</p> <p>Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction</p> <p>Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION, Article 14-17:</p> <p>Article 15: It shall take immediate steps to reconstruct or repair the infrastructure that has been destroyed or damaged by the war.</p> <p>Article 16: It shall give special consideration to hitherto neglected and forgotten areas.</p> <p>Article 17: It shall make special efforts to dispel ethnic mistrust and eradicate the ethnic hatred that have been fostered by the previous regimes.</p>
<b>National economic plan</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Natural resources</b>	No specific mention.
<b>International funds</b>	No specific mention.

<b>Business</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Taxation</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Banks</b>	No specific mention.

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**Land, property and environment**

**Land reform/rights** No specific mention.

**Pastoralist/  
nomadism rights** No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage** Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Intangible  
Page 2, PART ONE: DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, Article 2:  
The right of nations, nationalities and peoples to self-determination is affirmed. To this end, each nation, nationality and people is guaranteed the right to:  
a/ Preserve its identity and have it respected, promote its culture and history and use and develop its language;

**Environment** Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION, Article 14-17:  
The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:  
Article 14: It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the population that have been forcefully uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement.  
The rehabilitation of those forceable uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their desire.  
Article 15: It shall take immediate steps to reconstruct or repair the infrastructure that has been destroyed or damaged by the war.  
Article 16: It shall give special consideration to hitherto neglected and forgotten areas.  
Article 17: It shall make special efforts to dispel ethnic mistrust and eradicate the ethnic hatred that have been fostered by the previous regimes.

**Water or riparian  
rights or access** No specific mention.

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## **Security sector**

### **Security Guarantees**

Page 4, PART THREE: STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT, Article 9:  
The Council of Representatives shall exercise legislative functions as follows and oversee the work of the Council of Ministers:  
...  
i/ create committees for defence and security policy during the transitional period;

### **Ceasefire**

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments  
Page 1, Untitled Preamble:  
WHEREAS peace and stability, as essential condition of development, require the end of all hostilities, the healing of wounds caused by conflicts and the establishment and maintenance of good neighborliness and co-operation;

### **Police**

No specific mention.

### **Armed forces**

No specific mention.

### **DDR**

No specific mention.

### **Intelligence services**

No specific mention.

### **Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces**

No specific mention.

### **Withdrawal of foreign forces**

No specific mention.

### **Corruption**

No specific mention.

### **Crime/organised crime**

No specific mention.

### **Drugs**

No specific mention.

### **Terrorism**

No specific mention.

## **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice general** Page 1, Untitled Preamble:  
...

WHEREAS peace and stability, as essential condition of development, require the end of all hostilities, the healing of wounds caused by conflicts and the establishment and maintenance of good neighborliness and co-operation;

Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION, Article 14-16:

The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:

...

It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the population that have been forcefully uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement.

The rehabilitation of those forceable uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their desire.

Article 15: It shall take immediate steps to reconstruct or repair the infrastructure that has been destroyed or damaged by the war.

Article 16: It shall give special consideration to hitherto neglected and forgotten areas.

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** Page 4-5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION, Article 14:  
The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this:  
...  
It shall give priority to the rehabilitation of those areas that have been severely affected by the war, prisoners of war ex-prisoners of war as well as those sections of the population that have been forcefully uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement.  
The rehabilitation of those forceable uprooted by the previous regime's policy of villagization and resettlement shall be done in accordance with their desire.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

<b>Reparations</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Reconciliation</b>	Page 5, PART FOUR: TRANSITIONAL PROGRAMME, B. RELIEF AND REHABILITATION, Article 17: The Transitional Government is unequivocally determined to ensure the delivery of relief assistance to areas ravaged by war and drought. In connection with this: ... It shall make special efforts to dispel ethnic mistrust and eradicate the ethnic hatred that have been fostered by the previous regimes.

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## **Implementation**

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

**Other international signatory** No specific mention.

**Referendum for agreement** No specific mention.

**International mission/force/similar** No specific mention.

**Enforcement mechanism** No specific mention.

**Related cases** No specific mention.

**Source** <http://www.constitutionnet.org/>

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