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Country/

entity

Angola

Region

Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement

The Protocol of Estoril (Bicesse Accords)

Date 31 May 1991

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

name

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Angolan Civil War (1975 - 2002))

conflict level

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict

Government

nature

Peace Angola: UNITA process

process

Parties

[Note: Signatories not listed, however parties are stated to be the

Government of Angola and UNITA]

Third parties [Note: Signatories not listed, however the Portuguese Government is mentioned as mediator and it is stated the agreement was done in the presence of observers from the United States of America and the Union of

Soviet Socialist Republics]

Description

The final attachment of the Bicesse Accords, this protocol deals with

immediate concerns for the consolidation of peace including an emphasis on ensuring the security of the electoral process and the merger of the armed

forces of the Government of Angola and UNITA.

Agreement document

AO_930531_Attachment IV_Protocol_of_Estoril_(Bicesse_Accords).pdf 🗇 | Download PDF

Groups

Children/ youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers

No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous people

No specific mention.

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/ displaced persons No specific mention.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

No specific mention.

Men and

No specific mention.

boys

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of

No specific mention.

state (general)

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border

No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

Governance

Political No specific mention. institutions (new or reformed)

Elections

Page 1, I. ELECTIONS

- 1. Elections will take place in Angola to choose the President of the Republic and the National Assembly. The question of whether or not those elections will be held simultaneously will be decided through consultations among all Angolan political forces.
- 2. The President will be elected by direct and secret suffrage, through a majority system, with recourse to a second round, if necessary.
- 3. The National Assembly will be elected by direct and secret suffrage, through a system of proportional representation at the national level.
- 4. The elections will be preceded by an official election campaign period, the duration of which will be determined following a process of consultations involving all Angolan political forces. A technical opinion from a specialized international body such as the United Nations, for example, will be obtained on the question of the desirable duration of the election campaign in Angola. That opinion, however, will not be considered binding by any of the parties.

 5. All Angolan citizens of adult age may vote, participate in the election campaign, and stand for election without any discrimination or intimidation. The definition of what is to be understood as "adult age" will be dealt with [page 47] in the election law, to be drafted following the cease-fire, after a process of consultations between the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and all Angolan political forces.
- 6. The voting will be secret, and special provisions will be made for those who cannot read or write. Those provisions will be included in the election law, to be drafted following the cease-fire, after a process of consultations between the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and all Angolan political forces.
- 7. All political parties and interested persons will have the opportunity to organize and to participate in the elections process on an equal tooting, regardless of their political positions.
- 8. Total freedom of expression, association, and access to the media will be guaranteed.
- 9. The parties have accepted the tripartite proposal by the delegations of Portugal in its capacity of mediator, and the United States and the Soviet Union as observers, to the effect that 1 September to 30 November 1992 will be the period within which free and fair elections should be held in Angola, the cease-fire being signed in May 1991. The parties have reached an understanding that the following tripartite declaration is to be taken into consideration in the discussion of the precise date for the holding of elections:

Page 2, I. ELECTIONS

9. ... "Taking into consideration the logistical difficulties in organizing the elections process, specifically the desirability that the elections be held during the dry season, and the need to reduce the high costs that the international community will have to bear in monitoring the cease-fire, the delegations of Portugal, the United States and the Soviet Union heartily recommend that the elections be held during the first part of the suggested period, preferably between 1 September and 1 October 1992."

Page 2, II. JOINT POLITICAL-MILITARY COMMISSION (CCPM)

- 3. In the light of the foregoing, CCPM, with headquarters in Luanda, should structure itself so as to:
- 3.1 Guarantee the conditions of peace Cor the holding of free, fair, multiparty, and internationally verifiable elections;

Electoral commission

No specific mention.

Political parties

Governance→Political parties reform→Rebels transitioning to political parties

Page 5

reform

IV, POLITICAL RIGHTS TO RE EXERCISED BY UNITA FOLLOWING

THE CEASE-FIRE

1. According to the provisions contained in tho document entitled "Concepts for resolving the issues still pending between the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and UNITA", and in the document on "Fundamental principles

for the establishment of peace in Angola", at the time of entry into force of the cease-fire, UNITA will acquire the right to conduct and froely participate in political activities, according to the revised Constitution and the pertinent laws for the creation of a multi-party democracy, particularly including the following rights:

- (a) Freedom of expression;
- (b) The right to present, publish and freely debate its political programme;
- (c) The right to recruit and enrol members;
- (d) The right to hold meetings and demonstrations;
- (e) The right of access to the govornment media;
- (f) The right to free movement and personal safety of its members;
- (g) The right to present candidates in tho elections;
- (h) The right to open headquarters and representativo offices anywhere in Angola.
- 2. Without prejudice to the stipulations of the previous paragraph, which permit UNITA to exercise those rights immediately, UNITA must, after entry into force of the cease-fire, satisfy the formal requirements for its registration as a political party pursuant to the "Political Parties Law" of the People's Republic of Angola.

Governance→Political parties reform→Other political parties reform page 2, I

7, All political parties and interested persons will have the opportunity to organize and to participate in the elections process on an equal footing, regardless of their political positions.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

Page 4, V. ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURES

administration 1. Both parties accept the principle of the extension of the Central Administration to those areas of Angola that are presently beyond the range of its authority.

> 2. Both parties recognize that such extension must not be made abruptly or endanger the free circulation of persons and goods, the activities of the political forces, and the execution of the tasks related to the electoral process.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political

No specific mention.

power sharing

Territorial

No specific mention.

power sharing

Economic

No specific mention.

power sharing Military power sharing Power sharing→Military power sharing→Merger of forces

Page 6, VI. FORMATION OF THE ANGOLAN ARMED FORCES, B. Troop strength

- 3. Each of the parties shall provide the Army with a total of 20,000 men, distributed as follows:
- 15,000 soldiers, of whom 7,500 are to be operations personnel;
- 3,000 non-commissioned officers;
- 2,000 officers.

Pages 5-6.

- 2.4 In principle, there will be three monitoring teams for each Angolan province. CCPM may modify the number of monitoring teams in accordance with the needs of each province.
- J, l Consonant with the invitation from the Government, UNITA will participate in the police force that is responsible for maintaining public order.
- 3.2 To that end, shortly after entry into force of the cease-fire, and as a means of strengthening trust between the parties, the availability of vacancies in the ranks of the police force to be filled by personnel designated by UNITA will be guaranteed, and those personnel will be given appropriate training.

. . .

4. UNITA will be responsible for the personal safety of its highest-ranking leaders. The Government of the People's Republic of Angola will grant police status to the membars of UNITA in charge of guaranteeing that safety.

Power sharing→Military power sharing→Joint command structures Page 7, C. COMMAND STRUCTURES OF THE ANGOLAN ARMED FORCES Page 2, II. JOINT POLITICAL-MILITARY COMMISSION (CCPM)

- 1. According to the document entitled "Concepts for resolving the issues still pending between the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and UNITA", and the annex to the "Fundamental principles for the establishment of peace in Angola", the Joint Political-Military Commission (CCPM) has as its mission the overall political supervision of the cease-fire process. It will have the duty to see that the Peace Accords are applied, thereby guaranteeing strict compliance with all political and military understandings, and to make the final decision on possible violations of those Accords.
- 2. CCPM will have the authority necessary to approve all rules relating to its own functioning, particularly its own internal regulations. Its decisions will be made by consensus between the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and UNITA, after hearing the opinion of the Observers.
- 3. Angolan Armed Forces High Command
- (a) The overall mission of the High Command of the Angolan Armed Forces is to detail the generic directives received from CCFA, with a view to staffing the structural units and supporting the forces;
- (b) The High Command is composed [during the period] prior to the elections, of two general officers having equal rank, designated by each of the parties. Its decisions shall be valid only when signed by those two general officers;

[Summary: Page 58 contains a diagram outlining the command structure of the newly formed and merged armed forces.]

Power sharing→Military Power Sharing→Proportionality
Page 3, III. PRINCIPLES RELATING TO THE ISSUE OF INTERNAL SECURITY

Human rights and equality

Human No specific mention.

rights/RoL general

Bill of No specific mention.

rights/ similar

Treaty No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political rights

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of movement Page 4, IV, POLITICAL RIGHTS TO RE EXERCISED BY UNITA FOLLOWING THE CEASE-FIRE

1. ... (f) The right to free movement and personal safety of its members;

Page 4, V. ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURES

- 1. Both parties accept the principle of the extension of the Central Administration to those areas of Angola that are presently beyond the range of its authority.
- 2. Both parties recognize that such extension must not be made abruptly or endanger the free circulation of persons and goods, the activities of the political forces, and the execution of the tasks related to the electoral process.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of association Page 1, I. ELECTIONS

8. Total freedom of expression, association, and access to the media will be guaranteed.

Page 4, IV, POLITICAL RIGHTS TO RE EXERCISED BY UNITA FOLLOWING THE CEASE-FIRE

1. ... (c) The right to recruit and enrol members;

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Vote and take part Page 4, IV, POLITICAL RIGHTS TO RE EXERCISED BY UNITA FOLLOWING THE CEASE-FIRE

1. ... (f) The right to free movement and personal safety of its members:

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Thought, opinion, conscience and religion

Page 1, I. ELECTIONS

8. Total freedom of expression, association, and access to the media will be guaranteed.

Page 4, IV, POLITICAL RIGHTS TO RE EXERCISED BY UNITA FOLLOWING THE CEASE-FIRE

- 1. ... (a) Freedom of expression;
- (b) The right to present, publish and freely debate its political programme;

Socioeconomic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizens, specific rights Page 1, I. Elections

5. All Angolan citizens of adult age may vote, participate in the election campaign, and stand for election without any discrimination or intimidation. The definition of what is to be understood as "adult age" will be dealt with in the election law, to be drafted following the cease-fire, alter a process of consultation between the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and all Angolan political forces.

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizenship other Page 6,

VI. 1"ORMATION 0 ' TIIE ANGOLAN ARMED FORCES

A, Identific tion nd goneral prlnc!ple

Whereas the peace procass bot.woen the Government of" the People's Republic of Angola and UNITA

presupposes the need to form armed forces,

The Government of the People's Republic of Angola and UNITA agree to the following:

- 1. An Angolan Armed Forces shall be formed.
- 2. The Angolan Armed Forces:

. .

(c) Shall be composed exclusively of Angolan citizens; furthermore, its organizational structure is unitary for the entire territory;

Democracy

Page 3, III. PRINCIPLES RELATING TO THE ISSUE OF INTERNAL SECURITY DURING THE PERIOD BETWEEN THE ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE CEASE-FIRE AND THE HOLDING OF ELECTIONS

1. All Angolans shall have the right to conduct and participate in political activities without intimidation, in accordance with the revised Constitution and pertinent laws for the creation of a multi-party democracy, and the provisions of the Peace Accords.

Page 4 IV, POLITICAL RIGHTS TO RE EXERCISED BY UNITA FOLLOWING THE CEASE-FIRE

1. ... (d) The right to hold meetings and demonstrations;

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

communication Page 1, I. ELECTIONS

8. Total freedom of expression, association, and access to the media will

be guaranteed.

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media logistics

Page 4, IV, POLITICAL RIGHTS TO RE EXERCISED BY UNITA FOLLOWING THE

CEASE-FIRE

1. ... (e) The right of access to the government media;

Mobility/ access Page 4, V. ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURES

2. Both parties recognize that such extension must not be made abruptly or

endanger the free circulation of persons and goods, the activities of the political forces, and the execution of the tasks related to the electoral

process.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

Other

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human

No specific mention.

institutions

rights

Justice sector reform

Criminal

No specific mention.

justice and emergency

law

State of emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and No specific mention.

detention

Traditional

No specific mention.

Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development No specific mention.

or socioeconomic reconstruction

National

No specific mention.

economic plan

No specific mention. Natural

resources

International No specific mention.

funds

No specific mention. **Business**

Taxation No specific mention.

No specific mention. **Banks**

Land, property and environment

Land

No specific mention.

reform/ rights

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural

No specific mention.

heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or

riparian rights or

access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

Page 1, I. ELECTIONS

6. The voting will be secret, and special provisions will be made for those who cannot read or write. Those provisions will be included in the election law, to be drafted following the cease-fire, after a process of consultations between the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and all Angolan political

forces.

Page 5, VI. FORMATION OF THE ANGOLAN ARMED FORCES, A. Identification and general principles

4. The process of formation of the Armed Forces shall begin with the entry into force of the cease-fire and end on the date of the elections.

Police

- Page 3, III. PRINCIPLES RELATING TO THE ISSUE OF INTERNAL SECURITY DURING THE PERIOD BETWEEN THE ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE CEASE-FIRE AND THE HOLDING OF ELECTIONS
- 2.1 The neutrality of the police, whose functions and activities are the responsibility of the Government of the People's Republic of Angola, shall be the object of verification and monitoring by teams of monitors composed of two members designated by the Government of the People's Republic of Angola, two members designated by UNITA and one expert in police affairs to be designated by and subordinate to the United Nations command structure. 2.2 Within the sphere of their authority, the monitoring teams shall have as their specific mandate the duty to visit police facilities, examine their activities, and investigate possible violations of political rights committed by the police. These teams may move freely throughout the entire territory of Angola.
- ... 3.1 Consonant with the invitation from the Government, UNITA will participate in the police force that is responsible for maintaining public order. 3.2 To that end, shortly after entry into force of the cease-fire, and as a means of strengthening trust between the parties, the availability of vacancies in the ranks of the police force to be filled by personnel designated by UNITA will be guaranteed, and those personnel will be given appropriate training.

 4. UNITA will be responsible for the personal safety of its highest-ranking leaders. The Government of the People's Republic of Angola will grant police status to the members of UNITA in charge of guaranteeing that safety.

Armed forces

Page 4, VI. FORMATION OF THE ANGOLAN ARMED FORCES, A. Identification and general principles

Whereas the peace process between the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and UNITA presupposes the need to form armed forces, The Government of the People's Republic of Angola and UNITA agree to the following:

- 1. An Angolan Armed Forces shall be formed.
- 2. The Angolan Armed Forces:
- (a) Shall have as their overall mission the defence and safeguarding of independence and territorial integrity;
- (b) May, in compliance with provisions of law, perform other missions of general interest that are the responsibility of the State, or collaborate in tasks related to satisfying the basic needs and improving the quality of life of the population, without prejudice to the aforesaid overall mission;
- (c) Shall be composed exclusively of Angolan citizens; furthermore, its organizational structure is unitary for the entire territory;
- (d) Shall have such composition, high command structure, troops, mechanisms, and equipment as determined in accordance with foreseeable external threats and the country's socio-economic conditions;
- (e) Are non-partisan and obey the competent organs of sovereignty, within the principle of subordination to political authority;

Page 5, VI. FORMATION OF THE ANGOLAN ARMED FORCES, A. Identification and general principles

- 2. ... (f) Swear publicly to respect the Constitution and other laws of the Republic.
- 3. Members of the military on active duty shall enjoy active voting status, but may not use their duties or the structural units of the Angolan Armed Forces to interfere in any other partisan political or union activities.
- 4. The process of formation of the Armed Forces shall begin with the entry into force of the cease-fire and end on the date of the elections.
- 5. The process of formation of the Armed Forces shall evolve simultaneously with the assembly, disarmament, and integration into civilian life of the troops that are gradually being demobilized as a consequence of the cease-fire.
- 6. Recruitment into the Angolan Armed Forces during the period prior to the elections shall proceed in accordance with the principle of free will, drawing from the ranks of troops that are now part of FAPLA and FALA.
- 7. It is mandatory that all military personnel incorporated into the Angolan Armed Forces prior to the date of the elections, attend professional training courses with a view to achieving unification in terms of doctrine and procedure that is conducive to the development of an essential esprit de corps.
- 8. The neutrality of the Armed Forces during the period prior to the holding of the elections shall be guaranteed by the Angolan parties acting within the framework of CCPM and the Joint Commission for the Formation of the Armed Forces (CCFA).
- By the time the elections are held, only the Angolan Armed Forces shall exist; there may be no other troops whatsoever. All members of the present armed forces of each party who do not become members of the Angolan Armed Forces shall be demobilized prior to the holding of elections.
 Both parties agree that individual rights acquired by military personnel of

the Angolan Armed Foি প্রেক্ত এতি পাঁপু the period prior to the elections shall continue to be assured, and that the structural units created up to that point

DDR Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

Page 8-9, VI. FORMATION OF THE ANGOLAN ARMED FORCES, E.

Demobilization

The accommodation of the demobilized forcos constitute» a national problem that, must be studied jointly by the two parties and submitted to CCPM for review and a decision. The same treatment should be given the problem of people who have been physically disabled by the war.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and

Page 3, III. PRINCIPLES RELATING TO THE ISSUE OF INTERNAL SECURITY DURING THE PERIOD BETWEEN THE ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE CEASE-FIRE AND THE HOLDING OF ELECTIONS

opposition group forces

3.2 To that end, shortly after entry into force of the cease-fire, and as a means of strengthening trust between the parties, the availability of vacancies in the ranks of the police force to be filled by personnel designated by UNITA will be guaranteed, and those personnel will be given appropriate training.

4. UNITA will be responsible for the personal safety of its highest-ranking leaders. The Government of the People's Republic of Angola will grant police

status to the members of UNITA in charge of guaranteeing that safety.

Withdrawal

of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/ organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention.

justice general

Amnesty/ No specific mention.

pardon

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner No specific mention.

release

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing No specific mention.

persons

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other No specific mention.

international signatory

Referendum No specific mention. for agreement

mission/

International Page 2, II. JOINT POLITICAL-MILITARY COMMISSION (CCPM)

- 5. CCPM shall be composed of representatives of the Government of the force/similar People's Republic of Angola and of UMITA as members, and by representatives of Portugal, the United States and the Soviet Union as observers. The United Nations may be represented, in the capacity of invited guest.
 - 5.1 Members and observers shall be supported by assistants and technical advisers for the areas assigned to them, namely:
 - (a) Joint Cease-Fire Verification and Monitoring Commission (CMVF);
 - (b) Joint Commission for the Formation of the Angolan Armed Forces (CCFA);
 - (c) The Political Commission.
 - 6. The meetings of CCPM shall be presided over, alternately in accordance with the principle of rotation, by Uiu Government of the People's Republic of Angola and by UNITA, without prejudice to the principle of consensus in the decision-making process.

Page 3, II. JOINT POLITICAL-MILITARY COMMISSION (CCPM)

- 7. It shall be the responsibility of CCPM to draft its internal regulations, as well as to determine its budget.
- 8. The mandate of CCPM ends on the date the elected Government takes office.

Page 3, III. PRINCIPLES RELATING TO THE ISSUE OF INTERNAL SECURITY DURING THE PERIOD BETWEEN THE ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE CEASE-FIRE AND THE HOLDING OF ELECTIONS

- 2.3 The monitoring teams are subordinate to CCPM, and must submit reports of their activities to that body.
- 2.4 In principle, there will be three monitoring teams for each Angolan province. CCPM may modify the number of monitoring teams in accordance with the needs of each province.

Page 4, V. ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURES

3. Both parties agree to leave for a later date the study of the actual implementation of such extension, which will be carried out within the framework of CCPM by competent teams composed of representatives of the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and UNITA. Those teams may have recourse to international technical advisers.

Page 6, VI. FORMATION OF THE ANGOLAN ARMED FORCES, C. Command Structures of the Angolan Armed Forces

- 2. Joint Commission for the Formation of the Armed Forces
- (a) CCFA, which is directly subordinate to CCPM, constitutes the transitional body, until the date of the elections, between the political-military echelon and the Angolan Armed Forces echelon;
- (b) CCFA is to be composed of representatives of FAPLA and FALA as members, assisted by representatives of the country(ies) selected to advise them during the formation process of the Angolan Armed Forces;
- (c) The duties of CCFA shall be as follows; however, other duties may be assigned to it by CCPM:

Propose to CCPM the rules applicable to he Angolan Armed Forces; Propose to CCPM the budget to be allocated to the Angolan Armed Forces [for the period] prior to the elections;

Page 20 of 21

Page 7, VI. FORMATION OF THE ANGOLAN ARMED FORCES, C. Command

Enforcement No specific mention. mechanism

Related

No specific mention.

cases

Source UN Peacemaker http://peacemaker.un.org/node/143