Country/entity	Colombia
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Joint Communiqué #53, Havana
Date	27 Mar 2015
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Stage

Parties

Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'selfdefence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government. Close Colombian Conflict (1964 -) Implementation/renegotiation **Conflict nature** Government **Peace process** Colombia V - Santos The National Government; the FACR – EP

Third parties	-
Description	This short agreement reports on several issues from cycle 34 of the dialogues and how they will be implemented, including de-mining operations, consultations on peace processes, and the on-going gender sub-commission.
Agreement document	CO_150327_Joint Communiqué #53, Havana.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF
Groups	
Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.

- **Elderly/age** No specific mention.
- Migrant workers No specific mention.
- Racial/ethnic/ No specific mention.

national group

- **Religious groups** No specific mention.
- Indigenous people No specific mention.
- **Other groups** No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention. persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender	Page 1, Point 4 The gender sub-commission, thanks to the support of the guarantor countries, received experts Magalys Arocha, Mireia Cano and Hilde Salvesen, who presented their recommendations in order to ensure a gender approach in the agreements already achieved.
Men and boys	No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition	
Nature of state (general)	No specific mention.
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.
Governance	
Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.

Civil society	Page 1, Article 1, During the meeting of the technical group for the coordination of the first cleaning and decontamination operation of Anti-Personnel Mines (APMs), Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs), Unexploded Ordnance (UXOs) or Explosive Remnants of War (ERWs), we received the visit of the Norwegian People's Aid (NPA) and agreed the following: - To start the pilot plan in Antioquia and Meta in 3 sites to be defined.
	- To hold a workshop in the next cycle in Havana to move forward in the implementation plan; and
	 To create three formal structures to initiate the job: Reference Group, comprised by General Óscar Naranjo, delegate of the National Government, Carlos Antonio Lozada, delegate of the FARC - EP, two delegates from the guarantor countries, Cuba and Norway, and one delegate of NPA. Lead Group, in charge of coordinating the implementation of the pilot Project from Havana. Its members are: on behalf of the National Government, Admiral (r) Rafael Colón, Head of the Directorate for Comprehensive Action Against AntiPersonnel Mines (Dirección para la Acción Integral Contra Minas Antipersonal) - DAICMA, the Commander of the Army's De-mining Battalion (Batallón de Desminado del Ejército) - BIDES, or a delegate from the General Command of the Military Forces. On behalf of the FARC – EP, commanders Matías Aldecoa and Edilson Romaña. On behalf of NPA, the program's delegate in Colombia, Vanesa Finsson. Project Management Group, in charge of the direct on-site coordination.
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.
Power sharing	
Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

TreatyNo specific mention.incorporation

Civil and political No specific mention. **rights**

Socio-economic No specific mention. rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	No specific mention.
Mobility/access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary andNo specific mention.courts

Prisons andNo specific mention.detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	No specific mention.
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/No specific mention.nomadism rights

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparianNo specific mention.rights or access

Security sector	
Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
Ceasefire	No specific mention.
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	 Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions Page 1, Article 1, During the meeting of the technical group for the coordination of the first cleaning and decontamination operation of Anti-Personnel Mines (APMs), Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs), Unexploded Ordnance (UXOs) or Explosive Remnants of War (ERWs), we received the visit of the Norwegian People's Aid (NPA) and agreed the following: To start the pilot plan in Antioquia and Meta in 3 sites to be defined. To hold a workshop in the next cycle in Havana to move forward in the implementation plan; and To create three formal structures to initiate the job: Reference Group, comprised by General Óscar Naranjo, delegate of the National Government, Carlos Antonio Lozada, delegate of the FARC - EP, two delegates from the guarantor countries, Cuba and Norway, and one delegate of NPA. Lead Group, in charge of coordinating the implementation of the pilot Project from Havana. Its members are: on behalf of the National Government, Admiral (r) Rafael Colón, Head of the Directorate for Comprehensive Action Against AntiPersonnel Mines (Dirección para la Acción Integral Contra Minas Antipersonal) - DAICMA, the Commander of the Army's De-mining Battalion (Batallón de Desminado del Ejército) - BIDES, or a delegate in Colombia, Vanesa Finsson. Project Management Group, in charge of the direct on-site coordination.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	Page 1, Article 3, At the Table, we continued exchanging our views on the sub-item of Truth, within the discussions of item 5: "Victims".
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory	No specific mention.
Other international signatory	No specific mention.
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	Mesa de Conversaciones https://www.mesadeconversaciones.com.co/documentos-y-comunicados https://www.mesadeconversaciones.com.co/comunicados/comunicado-conjunto-53-la- habana-27-de-marzo-de-2015?ver=in