

**Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>**

|                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Country/<br>entity              | Colombia   |
| Region                          | Americas   |
| Agreement<br>name               | Acuerdo de Los Pozos   |
| Date                            | 9 Feb 2001   |
| Agreement<br>status             | Multiparty signed/agreed   |
| Interim<br>arrangement          | Yes  |
| Agreement/<br>conflict<br>level | Intrastate/intrastate conflict ( Colombian Conflict (1964 - ) )  |
| Stage                           | Pre-negotiation/process  |
| Conflict<br>nature              | Government   |
| Peace<br>process                | Colombia III - Arango  |
| Parties                         | Signed:<br>ANDRÉS PASTRANA ARANGO, FARC-EP<br>MANUEL MARULANDA VÉLEZ, Presidente de la República   |
| Third<br>parties                | /  |
| Description                     | This agreement seeks to advance the discussions between the Government and the FARC. It establishes a schedule and agenda for future negotiations. It addressed the shared will for future negotiations and the conditions for dialogue. The parties agree to reinstate the works of the Mesa de Dialogo y Negociacion with substantive issues on the agenda and to discuss the cease fire and hostilities as well as a humanitarian agreement on the next release of soldiers, police personnel and ill guerilleros. In order to avoid the interruption of the negotiation a commission is established. The distention zone was created for the evolution of the process and a mechanism will be created to evaluate and inform the public on achievements and proposals for the zone. They also address the importance of the international community and projects for the eradication of illicit agriculture. They invite all political forces to join the national reconciliation. |

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Agreement  
document

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## Groups

Children/  
youth No specific mention.

Disabled  
persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant  
workers No specific mention.

Racial/  
ethnic/  
national  
group No specific mention.

Religious  
groups No specific mention.

Indigenous  
people No specific mention.

Other  
groups No specific mention.

Refugees/  
displaced  
persons No specific mention.

Social class No specific mention.

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## Gender

|                         |                      |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Women, girls and gender | No specific mention. |
| Men and boys            | No specific mention. |
| LGBTI                   | No specific mention. |
| Family                  | No specific mention. |

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## State definition

|                           |                      |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Nature of state (general) | No specific mention. |
| State configuration       | No specific mention. |
| Self determination        | No specific mention. |
| Referendum                | No specific mention. |
| State symbols             | No specific mention. |
| Independence/ secession   | No specific mention. |
| Accession/ unification    | No specific mention. |
| Border delimitation       | No specific mention. |

Cross-border provision No specific mention.

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## Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed) No specific mention.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform No specific mention.

Civil society Page 2, Article 11,  
The national government and FARC-EP invite the political forces signatory to the agreement of Caquetania on 28 February to a meeting in Los Pozos to give renewed energy to the process. We reiterate our invitation to all national figures and organisations who are sceptical of the process to discuss the contributions of all Colombians to the national reconciliation.

Page 2, Article 13,  
We invite all Colombians to support this shared effort, which has the potential to overcome the conflict from which we are suffering.

Traditional/religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

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## **Power sharing**

|                           |                      |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Political power sharing   | No specific mention. |
| Territorial power sharing | No specific mention. |
| Economic power sharing    | No specific mention. |
| Military power sharing    | No specific mention. |

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## **Human rights and equality**

|                            |                      |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Human rights/RoL general   | No specific mention. |
| Bill of rights/similar     | No specific mention. |
| Treaty incorporation       | No specific mention. |
| Civil and political rights | No specific mention. |
| Socio-economic rights      | No specific mention. |

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## Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures Rights related issues→Protection measures→Other Page 2,

10. FARC-EP does not oppose projects for the manual eradication and substitution of illicit crops but reiterates that such a process must have the agreement of the communities.  
The national government and FARC agree on the strategic importance of working on the protection and recovery of the environment.

Other No specific mention.

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## Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions No specific mention.

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## Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

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## Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development  
Page 1, Article 1,  
The national government and the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia – People’s Army (Fuerzas Armadas Revolucionarias de Colombia – Ejército Popular, FARC–EP) ratify their desire to continue with the peace process in search of a solution to the conflict by means of dialogue and negotiation to build a developing Colombia with full social justice.

National economic plan No specific mention.

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

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## **Land, property and environment**

Land reform/  
rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/  
nomadism  
rights No specific mention.

Cultural  
heritage No specific mention.

Environment Page 2, Article 10,  
FARC-EP does not oppose projects for the manual eradication and substitution of illicit crops but reiterates that such a process must have the agreement of the communities. The national government and FARC agree on the strategic importance of working on the protection and recovery of the environment.

Water or  
riparian  
rights or  
access No specific mention.

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## **Security sector**

Security  
Guarantees No specific mention.



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|---|--|
| Ceasefire   | <p>Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments<br/>Pages 1-2, Article 8,<br/>The demilitarised zone has been established solely for the development of the process with full guarantees and security for the parties. The National Roundtable for Dialogue and Negotiation will establish an internal mechanism to periodically evaluate the report on the compliance and purpose of the zone by 15 February at the latest.</p> <p>Page 1, Article 5,<br/>We agree that the Roundtable for Dialogue and Negotiations will restart its work on 14 February, returning to the substantial issues of the agenda and beginning discussion of the ceasefire and cessation of hostilities.</p> |
| Police  | <p>Page 1, Article 6,<br/>The humanitarian agreement to allow the release of sick soldiers, police and guerrillas will be expedited.</p>   |
| Armed forces  | <p>Page 1, Article 6,<br/>The humanitarian agreement to allow the release of sick soldiers, police and guerrillas will be expedited.</p>   |
| DDR   | No specific mention.   |
| Intelligence services                                     | No specific mention.   |
| Parastatal/<br>rebel and<br>opposition<br>group<br>forces | <p>Page 1, Article 3,<br/>The government and FARC–EP agree on the importance of making progress in the talks on the mechanisms to overcome paramilitarism and reduce the intensity of the conflict. For this purpose, the Roundtable for Dialogue and Negotiation will create a commission of national figures to produce recommendations in these two areas.</p> <p>Page 1, Article 6,<br/>The humanitarian agreement to allow the release of sick soldiers, police and guerrillas will be expedited.</p>   |
| Withdrawal<br>of foreign<br>forces                        | No specific mention.   |
| Corruption  | No specific mention.   |

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Crime/<br>organised<br>crime | No specific mention.   |
| Drugs                        | Page 2, Article 10,<br>FARC-EP does not oppose projects for the manual eradication and substitution of illicit crops but reiterates that such a process must have the agreement of the communities. The national government and FARC agree on the strategic importance of working on the protection and recovery of the environment. |
| Terrorism                    | No specific mention.   |

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## **Transitional justice**

|                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Transitional<br>justice<br>general | No specific mention.   |
| Amnesty/<br>pardon                 | No specific mention.   |
| Courts                             | No specific mention.   |
| Mechanism                          | No specific mention.   |
| Prisoner<br>release                | Page 1, Article 6,<br>The humanitarian agreement to allow the release of sick soldiers, police and guerrillas will be expedited. |
| Vetting                            | No specific mention.   |
| Victims                            | No specific mention.   |
| Missing<br>persons                 | No specific mention.   |

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 1, Article 2,  
After a joint evaluation of the process, we identified achievements and weaknesses and reached full agreement that solid foundations have been created to continue the search for national reconciliation.

Page 2, Article 11,  
The national government and FARC-EP invite the political forces signatory to the agreement of Caquetania on 28 February to a meeting in Los Pozos to give renewed energy to the process. We reiterate our invitation to all national figures and organisations who are sceptical of the process to discuss the contributions of all Colombians to the national reconciliation.

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## Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international signatory No specific mention.

Referendum for agreement No specific mention.

International mission/force/similar No specific mention.

Enforcement mechanism Page 2, Article 9,  
Aware of the importance of the international community to the success of the peace process in Colombia, we invite a group of friendly countries and international organisations to an event on 8 March to inform them about the state and development of the process and encourage their involvement. The National Roundtable for Dialogue and Negotiation will determine the frequency of these meetings.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source UN Peacemaker, [https://peacemaker.un.org/sites/peacemaker.un.org/files/CO\\_010209\\_Acuerdo%20De%20Los%20Pozos.pdf](https://peacemaker.un.org/sites/peacemaker.un.org/files/CO_010209_Acuerdo%20De%20Los%20Pozos.pdf)

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