

Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

Country/ entity	Colombia
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Acuerdo Final entre el Gobierno Nacional y el Ejército Popular de Liberación – EPL
Date	15 Feb 1991
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Colombian Conflict (1964 -))
Stage	Framework/substantive - comprehensive
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	Colombia I - Gaviria
Parties	Por el Gobierno Nacional HUMBERTO DE LA CALLE LOMBANA Ministro de Gobierno JESUS A. BEJARANO AVILA Consejero Presidencial CARLOS EDUARDO JARAMILLO C. Asesor de la Consejería ALVARO HERNANDEZ V. Asesor de la Consejería TOMAS CONCHA SANZ Asesor de la Consejería GABRIEL RESTREPO FORERO Asesor de la Consejería GONZALO DE FRANCISCO ZAMBRANO Asesor de la Consejería Por el EPL JAIME FAJARDO Comisión Negociadora ANIBAL PALACIO Comisión Negociadora LUIS FERNANDO PINEDA Comisión Negociadora BERNARDO GUTIÉRREZ Comisión Negociadora JAIRO MORALES Comisión Negociadora MARCOS JARA Comisión Negociadora

Third parties	Witnesses: Moseñor GUILLERMO VEGA Conferencia Episcopal Colombiana Don MANUEL MEDINA Veedor por el Partido Socialista Obrero Español Y la Internacional Socialista
Description	Agreement again built on the 1990 negotiation process. Similar to the agreements with other groups it dealt with representation in the National Assembly; promotion of the peace process (financing of a 'House of Peace' and regional operative committees); promotion of the politicisation of EPL, and publicity; provision for guarantors; a plan for the reinsertion of the guerillas; a security plan; a section dealing with Human Rights and Factors Relating to Violence; provision for a regional development plan; and EPL decommissioning.

Agreement document	CO_910215_Acuerdo Final Gobierno Nacional-Ejército Popular De Liberación - tr.pdf Download PDF
Agreement document (original language)	CO_910215_Acuerdo Final Gobierno Nacional-Ejército Popular De Liberación.pdf Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/national group	No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/
displaced
persons No specific mention.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women,
girls and
gender No specific mention.

Men and
boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family	<p>Page 8,</p> <p>VII. Resinsertion Plan ...</p> <p>4. Transition Phase</p> <p>...</p> <p>e...</p> <p>At the camps where EPL forces are located, the government undertakes to register births with the civil registrar, arrange ID cards for those without documentation and streamline the procedure for obtaining military ID and legal certificates, provided the interested parties meet the legal requirements.</p> <p>...</p> <p>IX. Human Rights and Factors of Violence ...</p> <p>5. The Foundation to Support Families of Victims of Violence will support those affected by acts of political violence through programmes defined and implemented by the foundation and the Bilateral Commission of Human Rights and Factors of Violence.</p>
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State definition

Nature of state (general)	No specific mention.
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed) No specific mention.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform Governance→Political parties reform→Rebels transitioning to political parties
Page 5, Legal Constitution of the Political Party,
To facilitate the emergence of the political project arising from EPL, the council commits to make arrangements with the corresponding authorities for the registration and legal constitution of its party upon submission of the necessary documentation by the interested parties. This will only take place after the surrender of arms.

Civil society (Page 2, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 1e,
The government will arrange with international organisations a two-month tour of Europe and Latin America by two members of EPL.

Page 3, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 3a,
To ensure that both the dissemination of the peace process with EPL and projects for the civil and productive reinsertion of its forces have the necessary support from the public and civil and business organisations, and that tasks to be carried out for these purposes have the support of the sectional governments, the council will promote the creation of operational committees through the sectional governments where the various EPL camps are located and in the departments of Atlántico, Caldas, Guajira, Sucre, Santander, Putumayo and the Mayor's Office of Bogotá. The committees will comprise one official from the respective sectional government, the mayor or representative, a local official from the National Restoration Plan and a member of EPL. They will be responsible for the initiative for public communication and participation in the peace process.

Page 4, Monitors, Article 2,

To ensure an international commission oversees, supervises and certifies compliance with the agreements and commitments made by the parties in this final demobilisation agreement, EPL and the national government agree to invite the Spanish Socialist Workers' Party (Partido Socialista Obrero Español, PSOE) and Socialist International to appoint two commissions to oversee compliance with the agreed terms for as long as necessary for their mission. This will entail verification of full and final disarmament by EPL forces, assessment of EPL civil reinsertion tasks, political guarantees made to EPL, agreements regarding human rights and the implementation of the development plans to which the national government commits as part of this agreement.

To ensure the presence of non-governmental institutions or international democratic figures in the ceremony for the surrender of arms, it is agreed that the national government and EPL will send invitations to the United Nations, Amnesty International and the church, in addition to certain international figures.

Page 6, Reinsertion Plan, Article 3b,

Maximum inter-institutional cooperation will be provided at the various levels of government, civil society and the community in general.

Page 6-7, Reinsertion Plan, Article 4,

While there are still camps, the government and EPL will begin the transition phase. This will involve the participation of different government bodies, non-governmental organisations, private businesses and the organisation itself in the demobilisation process. This phase is planned to last for up to six months following the end of the camps and will conclude with the start of the reinsertion phase. The education and training programmes may be carried over into the reinsertion phase.

[...]

Page 6-7, Reinsertion Plan, Article 4b,

Technical-professional training and business consultancy as preparation for the reinsertion phase. This will consist of obtaining the technical skills for

Traditional/religious leaders Page 4, Monitors, Article 1,
A national monitoring body will be established to verify compliance with the commitments in the memorandum of commitment signed by the parties on 10 January 1991, comprising one representative from the Episcopal Conference, a member of the international monitoring body and a national politician to be agreed by the parties. The monitoring body will visit the camps where EPL forces are present on 18 and 26 of February and will cease to function on the date arms are surrendered.

Page 4, Monitors, Article 2,
To ensure an international commission oversees, supervises and certifies compliance with the agreements and commitments made by the parties in this final demobilisation agreement, EPL and the national government agree to invite the Spanish Socialist Workers' Party (Partido Socialista Obrero Español, PSOE) and Socialist International to appoint two commissions to oversee compliance with the agreed terms for as long as necessary for their mission. This will entail verification of full and final disarmament by EPL forces, assessment of EPL civil reinsertion tasks, political guarantees made to EPL, agreements regarding human rights and the implementation of the development plans to which the national government commits as part of this agreement.

To ensure the presence of non-governmental institutions or international democratic figures in the ceremony for the surrender of arms, it is agreed that the national government and EPL will send invitations to the United Nations, Amnesty International and the church, in addition to certain international figures.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing No specific mention.

Economic power sharing No specific mention.

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general Page 4, Monitors, Article 2,
To ensure an international commission oversees, supervises and certifies compliance with the agreements and commitments made by the parties in this final demobilisation agreement, EPL and the national government agree to invite the Spanish Socialist Workers' Party (Partido Socialista Obrero Español, PSOE) and Socialist International to appoint two commissions to oversee compliance with the agreed terms for as long as necessary for their mission. This will entail verification of full and final disarmament by EPL forces, assessment of EPL civil reinsertion tasks, political guarantees made to EPL, agreements regarding human rights and the implementation of the development plans to which the national government commits as part of this agreement.
To ensure the presence of non-governmental institutions or international democratic figures in the ceremony for the surrender of arms, it is agreed that the national government and EPL will send invitations to the United Nations, Amnesty International and the church, in addition to certain international figures.

Page 12-13, Human Rights and Factors of Violence, Article 6,
The government reaffirms its willingness to apply international humanitarian law and establish mechanisms for observing and complying with the rights and guarantees deriving therefrom.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation Page 13,
IX. Section dealing with Human Rights and Factors Relating to Violence.

6.The government reaffirms its willingness to apply international humanitarian law and establish mechanisms for observing and complying with the rights and guarantees deriving therefrom.

Civil and political rights No specific mention.

Socio-economic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy Page 2-3, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 2,
To contribute to raising awareness of the peace process and during the demobilisation of the EPL armed forces, the government will fund the opening of Houses of Democracy in various cities throughout the country. It will provide COP 12 million, to be transferred to the Progresar foundation, legally domiciled in Bogota. The council undertakes to make arrangements with the relevant mayors to ensure they authorise the opening of these sites, which will also aim to promote the expansion of democracy in Colombia.

Page 5-6, Reinsertion Plan, Article 1,
The insertion of EPL in the country's political, economic and social life constitutes an act of reconciliation to show the democratic benefits of moving toward a fairer and more equal society. The government and EPL agree that this process must stimulate a strong belief among the public that political tolerance is the best means to achieve the expansion and preservation of democracy.
[...]

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles Page 2, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 1a,
	The government will fund the publication of a one-page notice in four national and three regional newspapers. EPL will be responsible for the content and date of publication. The government will also fund a second one-page notice in two national newspapers to allow the organisation to present its proposals for the National Constitutional Assembly to the country. EPL will be responsible for the content and date of publication.
	Page 2, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 1b, The government undertakes to promote the negotiation process and progress in reinsertion via a special television programme to be transmitted in the normal slot of the producer Audiovisuales. The council will contract the technical services and professional staff required to make the programme, whose script will be written by the contracted team and EPL.
	Page 2, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 1f, The government will support the publication of 3,000 copies of a history book on EPL's role in the peace process, whose text will be the responsibility of EPL.
	Page 3, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 3a, To ensure that both the dissemination of the peace process with EPL and projects for the civil and productive reinsertion of its forces have the necessary support from the public and civil and business organisations, and that tasks to be carried out for these purposes have the support of the sectional governments, the council will promote the creation of operational committees through the sectional governments where the various EPL camps are located and in the departments of Atlántico, Caldas, Guajira, Sucre, Santander, Putumayo and the Mayor's Office of Bogotá. The committees will comprise one official from the respective sectional government, the mayor or representative, a local official from the National Restoration Plan and a member of EPL. They will be responsible for the initiative for public communication and participation in the peace process.
	Page 3, Promotion of the Political Project, Article a, The publication of a full-page advert on a Sunday or public holiday in two national and five regional newspapers. EPL will be responsible for deciding the text
Mobility/ access	Page 11, Security Plan, Article 6, To facilitate the movement of protected leaders, the Special Fund for Peace (Law 35, 1982), will pay the travel expenses of Criminal and Interpol Investigation Division (Dirección de Investigación Criminal e INTERPOL, DIJIN) bodyguards assigned for their protection subject to submission of the corresponding receipts.

Protection measures

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of groups
Pages 10-11, VIII.

SECURITY PLAN

1.

The security service and teams provided by the government as part of this agreement will be provided on a temporary basis in line with the specific requirements and priorities for the protection of EPL veterans and leaders, based on a specific and periodic joint assessment of risks. In principle, the security plan agreement will run for six months from the date of the surrender of arms, after which the plan will be reviewed as a whole by the parties. Notwithstanding, at least once a month, there will be a joint periodic review to make adjustments based on experience, in line with the organisation discussed below.

3.

Three security levels will be established for the leaders with the greatest exposure to risks:

☒ LEVEL ONE (highest priority): Protection of four highest risk national leaders, who will have four teams, each comprising two vehicles, with a driver and bodyguard in the main vehicle, and a driver and bodyguard in the accompanying vehicle.

☒ LEVEL TWO: Protection of nine high-risk national leaders and veterans, who will be protected by a security team comprising a vehicle, with driver and bodyguard, and the corresponding equipment.

☒ LEVEL THREE: Protection of around 28 veteran regional leaders, who, on account of the nature of the conflict prior to this agreement, are exposed to foreseeable risks. A total of 15 cars, each with a driver and bodyguard, will be allocated for the security of this group. The teams will be distributed throughout the coffee axis, Medellín, Valle, Apartadó, Córdoba, Barranquilla, Cartagena, Guajira, Los Santanderes and Bogotá, in line with requirements. For this level, the security equipment will be shared by various leaders, for which EPL undertakes to agree suitable scheduling and coordination.

6.

To facilitate the movement of protected leaders, the Special Fund for Peace (Law 35, 1982), will pay the travel expenses of Criminal and Interpol Investigation Division (Dirección de Investigación Criminal e INTERPOL, DIJIN) bodyguards assigned for their

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI Rights institutions→NHRI→New or fundamentally revised NHRI
Page 11, Human Rights and Factors of Violence, Article 1,
To achieve this objective, the parties agree to create a Commission to Overcome Violence, comprising five figures of recognised suitability and moral standing appointed by consensus to ensure the effective and high-level treatment of the issue. The commission will be established on 26 February this year and will function for a period of six months.

Page 11-12, Human Rights and Factors of Violence, Article 2,
The Commission to Overcome Violence will have the following functions:

- a. Undertake diagnostics and make recommendations regarding violence and the violation of human rights in each of the regions, as defined by the Bilateral Commission on Human Rights and Factors of Violence, paying particular attention to phenomena such as paramilitary activity and drug trafficking.
- b. Contribute to organising regional fora to overcome violence, the objective of which will be to allow the participation of the community and its organisations in the analysis of violence and the development of strategies to eradicate this phenomenon and consolidate an atmosphere of democratic coexistence in the various regions.
- c. Submit a report to the Colombian government summarising the results of its work, setting out general policy recommendations and specific cases to be addressed.

Page 12, Human Rights and Factors of Violence, Article 3,
The national government undertakes to support and fund the commission's work, which may also receive support and cooperation from international bodies and NGOs. The national government undertakes to consider and address the recommendations made by the commission.

Page 12, Human Rights and Factors of Violence, Article 4,
The national government will promote the participation and support of the attorney general and departmental and municipal governments in both the commission's work and the promotion and defence of human rights in regions. It will also facilitate the participation of the community and its various organisations in the activities set out by the commission.

Page 12, Human Rights and Factors of Violence, Article 5,
The Foundation to Support Families of Victims of Violence will support those affected by acts of political violence through programmes defined and implemented by the foundation and the Bilateral Commission of Human Rights and Factors of Violence.

Regional or international human rights institutions	<p>Rights institutions→Regional or international human rights institutions→Monitoring calls</p> <p>Page 11-12, Human Rights and Factors of Violence, Article 2, The Commission to Overcome Violence will have the following functions:</p> <p>a. Undertake diagnostics and make recommendations regarding violence and the violation of human rights in each of the regions, as defined by the Bilateral Commission on Human Rights and Factors of Violence, paying particular attention to phenomena such as paramilitary activity and drug trafficking.</p> <p>Page 12, Human Rights and Factors of Violence, Article 5, The Foundation to Support Families of Victims of Violence will support those affected by acts of political violence through programmes defined and implemented by the foundation and the Bilateral Commission of Human Rights and Factors of Violence.</p> <p>[...]</p>
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Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law	No specific mention.
State of emergency provisions	No specific mention.
Judiciary and courts	No specific mention.
Prisons and detention	No specific mention.
Traditional Laws	No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development
Page 4, Monitors, Article 2,
To ensure an international commission oversees, supervises and certifies compliance with the agreements and commitments made by the parties in this final demobilisation agreement, EPL and the national government agree to invite the Spanish Socialist Workers' Party (Partido Socialista Obrero Español, PSOE) and Socialist International to appoint two commissions to oversee compliance with the agreed terms for as long as necessary for their mission. This will entail verification of full and final disarmament by EPL forces, assessment of EPL civil reinsertion tasks, political guarantees made to EPL, agreements regarding human rights and the implementation of the development plans to which the national government commits as part of this agreement.
To ensure the presence of non-governmental institutions or international democratic figures in the ceremony for the surrender of arms, it is agreed that the national government and EPL will send invitations to the United Nations, Amnesty International and the church, in addition to certain international figures.

Page 13, Regional Plans, Article 1,

- a. The government and EPL agree to draw up regional plans in areas of influence where EPL had an armed presence. A single payment of COP 2 billion will be made available for these plans from the national budget.
- b. The plans will benefit communities and promote the socio-economic development of regions in general.
- c. Attempts will be made to channel the resources of government bodies that undertake programmes in the regions and ensure the link with departmental and municipal authorities.
- d. The participation of private companies will be promoted in funding the identified projects. There will also be links with community organisations, and NGOs and the academic sector will be invited to participate.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction

Page 13-14, Regional Plans, Article 2,

- a. The bilateral commission will determine the municipalities to be covered by the regional plans and will define the budget priorities.
- b. In each municipality, a participation exercise will allow the community to decide the projects and works to be carried out. For this purpose, extraordinary sessions of the restoration councils will take place in the municipalities that form part of the National Restoration Plan (Plan Nacional de Rehabilitación, PNR), which, by definition constitute a space to promote community participation. In partnership with a government representative, EPL will participate in these councils and explain the scopes of the proposal.
- c. In municipalities not covered by the PNR, municipal peace councils will be created as a mechanism for community participation and decision-making. They will be chaired by the municipal mayor and their structure and procedure will be similar to the restoration councils. In partnership with a government representative, EPL will also participate in these councils and explain the scopes of the proposals.

National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	<p>Page 3, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 3a, To ensure that both the dissemination of the peace process with EPL and projects for the civil and productive reinsertion of its forces have the necessary support from the public and civil and business organisations, and that tasks to be carried out for these purposes have the support of the sectional governments, the council will promote the creation of operational committees through the sectional governments where the various EPL camps are located and in the departments of Atlántico, Caldas, Guajira, Sucre, Santander, Putumayo and the Mayor's Office of Bogotá. The committees will comprise one official from the respective sectional government, the mayor or representative, a local official from the National Restoration Plan and a member of EPL. They will be responsible for the initiative for public communication and participation in the peace process.</p> <p>Page 6, Reinsertion Plan, Article 3c, The parties will make a special effort to attract the solidarity of private businesses and the international community to help ensure the success of the reinsertion process.</p> <p>Page 6-7, Reinsertion Plan, Article 4, While there are still camps, the government and EPL will begin the transition phase. This will involve the participation of different government bodies, non-governmental organisations, private businesses and the organisation itself in the demobilisation process. This phase is planned to last for up to six months following the end of the camps and will conclude with the start of the reinsertion phase. The education and training programmes may be carried over into the reinsertion phase.</p> <p>Page 13, Regional Plans, Article 1d, The participation of private companies will be promoted in funding the identified projects. There will also be links with community organisations, and NGOs and the academic sector will be invited to participate.</p> <p>[...]</p>
Taxation	No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/ rights Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Land reform and management
Page 8, Reinsertion Plan, Article 5a,
During this phase, veterans will be reinserted into civil society by adopting one of the options set out below. Note that for each beneficiary, it will only be possible to choose one of the options (a, b or c).
Starting a productive project, preferably self-managed or as part of the associative economy. In addition to the previous training and technical assistance required for the success of the project, the government will provide a one-off loan of COP 2 million for each veteran at an annual interest rate of 12% and with a grace period of two years. The loan will be paid back within four years from being provided and with an annual arrears rate of 24%. If it is necessary to acquire land for agro-industrial or rural projects, the current land reform programme will be used. Sources of soft loans will be explored for supplementary credit insofar as possible.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Promotion
Page 7, Reinsertion Plan, Article 4c,
Public participation and communication. This programme will include the following activities:
[...]
Cultural and recreation activities: scheduling activities to create spaces for leisure and reflection on the regional culture, perceptions and personal or group experiences.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees	Page 9-10, Security Plan, Article 2, Equipment provided for security will remain government property and will be returned to the council or security services, as applicable, following a suitable period of time when risks are deemed to have been reduced for one or all security levels.
Ceasefire	No specific mention.
Police	Page 11, Security Plan, Article 8, The surveillance of sites will be managed in coordination with the national police.
Armed forces	No specific mention.

DDR

Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

Page 1, Representation on the National Constitutional Assembly, Given the advanced state of the process for the demobilisation of the Popular Liberation Army (Ejército Popular de Liberación, EPL), which, under the preliminary agreement signed on 10 January between the guerrilla organisation and the Council for Peace, 1 March has been set for the definitive surrender of arms, and, under Decree 1926, 24 August 1990, the national government will allow EPL two representatives to form part of the National Constitutional Assembly from its establishment. These representatives will become permanent members of the assembly with full rights from the day following the full and definitive surrender of arms.

Page 2-3, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 2,

To contribute to raising awareness of the peace process and during the demobilisation of the EPL armed forces, the government will fund the opening of Houses of Democracy in various cities throughout the country. It will provide COP 12 million, to be transferred to the Progresar foundation, legally domiciled in Bogota. The council undertakes to make arrangements with the relevant mayors to ensure they authorise the opening of these sites, which will also aim to promote the expansion of democracy in Colombia.

Page 3, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 3a,

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Page 3, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 3b,

The council will approach the governors and mayors to ensure the political guarantees required for the future of the EPL political project are provided after the surrender of arms, facilitating the organisation of fora, roundtables and meetings, etc. through the resources it has available.

Page 4, Monitors, Article 2,

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To ensure the presence of non-governmental institutions or international

Intelligence services No specific mention.

Parastatal/
rebel and
opposition
group
forces

Page 1, Representation on the National Constitutional Assembly,
Given the advanced state of the process for the demobilisation of the Popular Liberation Army (Ejército Popular de Liberación, EPL), which, under the preliminary agreement signed on 10 January between the guerrilla organisation and the Council for Peace, 1 March has been set for the definitive surrender of arms, and, under Decree 1926, 24 August 1990, the national government will allow EPL two representatives to form part of the National Constitutional Assembly from its establishment. These representatives will become permanent members of the assembly with full rights from the day following the full and definitive surrender of arms.

Page 2, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 1a,

The government will fund the publication of a one-page notice in four national and three regional newspapers. EPL will be responsible for the content and date of publication.

The government will also fund a second one-page notice in two national newspapers to allow the organisation to present its proposals for the National Constitutional Assembly to the country. EPL will be responsible for the content and date of publication.

Page 2, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 1b,

The government undertakes to promote the negotiation process and progress in reinsertion via a special television programme to be transmitted in the normal slot of the producer Audiovisuales. The council will contract the technical services and professional staff required to make the programme, whose script will be written by the contracted team and EPL.

Page 2, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 1d,

The government will arrange a meeting between the EPL negotiating commission and members of the country's accredited diplomatic corps.

Page 2, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 1e,

The government will arrange with international organisations a two-month tour of Europe and Latin America by two members of EPL.

Page 2, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 1f,

The government will support the publication of 3,000 copies of a history book on EPL's role in the peace process, whose text will be the responsibility of EPL.

Page 2-3, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 2,

To contribute to raising awareness of the peace process and during the demobilisation of the EPL armed forces, the government will fund the opening of Houses of Democracy in various cities throughout the country. It will provide COP 12 million, to be transferred to the Progresar foundation, legally domiciled in Bogota. The council undertakes to make arrangements with the relevant mayors to ensure they authorise the opening of these sites, which will also aim to promote the expansion of democracy in Colombia.

Page 3, Promoting the Peace Process, Article 3a,

To ensure that both the dissemination of the peace process with EPL and projects for the civil and productive reinsertion of its forces have the necessary support from the public and civil and business organisations, and

Withdrawal of foreign forces No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general No specific mention.

Amnesty/pardon Transitional justice→Amnesty/pardon→Amnesty/pardon proper
Page 5, Legal Guarantees,
As a result of the negotiated peace process, the resulting surrender of arms and the decision by EPL forces to reintegrate into civil life and fully participate in national democracy, the government will authorise the termination of punishments and criminal proceedings as set out in Decree 213, 22 January 1991, for all members of EPL, provided these are political offences or appurtenances, and in line with the stipulations and requirements set out in the decree. For this purpose, before 20th of this month, EPL must provide the full list of all the military forces in its organisation, as fully identified as possible. For people deprived of liberty, it must provide the place of imprisonment and the authority responsible for the case.
[...]

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release	Page 5, Legal Guarentees, As a result of the negotiated peace process, the resulting surrender of arms and the decision by EPL forces to reintegrate into civil life and fully participate in national democracy, the government will authorise the termination of punishments and criminal proceedings as set out in Decree 213, 22 January 1991, for all members of EPL, provided these are political offences or appurtenances, and in line with the stipulations and requirements set out in the decree. For this purpose, before 20th of this month, EPL must provide the full list of all the military forces in its organisation, as fully identified as possible. For people deprived of liberty, it must provide the place of imprisonment and the authority responsible for the case. [...]
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	Page 12, Human Rights and Factors of Violence, Article 5, The Foundation to Support Families of Victims of Violence will support those affected by acts of political violence through programmes defined and implemented by the foundation and the Bilateral Commission of Human Rights and Factors of Violence.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory	No specific mention.
Other international signatory	Don MANUEL MEDINA Veedor por el Partido Socialista Obrero Español Y la Internacional Socialista
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.

International mission/
force/similar Page 4, Monitors, Article 1,
A national monitoring body will be established to verify compliance with the commitments in the memorandum of commitment signed by the parties on 10 January 1991, comprising one representative from the Episcopal Conference, a member of the international monitoring body and a national politician to be agreed by the parties. The monitoring body will visit the camps where EPL forces are present on 18 and 26 of February and will cease to function on the date arms are surrendered.

Page 4, Monitors, Article 2,
To ensure an international commission oversees, supervises and certifies compliance with the agreements and commitments made by the parties in this final demobilisation agreement, EPL and the national government agree to invite the Spanish Socialist Workers' Party (Partido Socialista Obrero Español, PSOE) and Socialist International to appoint two commissions to oversee compliance with the agreed terms for as long as necessary for their mission. This will entail verification of full and final disarmament by EPL forces, assessment of EPL civil reinsertion tasks, political guarantees made to EPL, agreements regarding human rights and the implementation of the development plans to which the national government commits as part of this agreement.

To ensure the presence of non-governmental institutions or international democratic figures in the ceremony for the surrender of arms, it is agreed that the national government and EPL will send invitations to the United Nations, Amnesty International and the church, in addition to certain international figures.

Page 14, Procedure for the Surrender of Arms,

To ensure the surrender of arms on 1 March as established in this agreement, EPL must submit a full list of war materials and items for the exclusive use of the armed forces that are in its power by 20 February. The list of arms will detail their type, brand, calibre and serial number. The list of explosives will detail their type and quantity.

It is agreed that items for the exclusive use of the armed forces will be unused and explosives will be detonated in the respective camps. At each camp, arms will be surrendered to the international monitoring commission, which will be responsible for their custody until their destruction.

The final act of surrender will take place on 1 March at the sites to be agreed between the parties.

The list of arms, explosives, items for the exclusive use of the armed forces and other war materials in the possession of EPL will be surrendered to a representative of the international monitoring commission, who will be responsible for their transfer to the peace council.

On 1 March, the government will issue safe-conducts to members of EPL for offences covered by Decree 213, 22 January 1991, based on the list submitted by the organisation.

Enforcement mechanism Page 4, Monitors, Article 1,
A national monitoring body will be established to verify compliance with the commitments in the memorandum of commitment signed by the parties on 10 January 1991, comprising one representative from the Episcopal Conference, a member of the international monitoring body and a national politician to be agreed by the parties. The monitoring body will visit the camps where EPL forces are present on 18 and 26 of February and will cease to function on the date arms are surrendered.

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Related cases No specific mention.

Source Diaz Uribe & Villamizar Herrera (1995)
Source: Acuerdos con el EPL, MAQL y CRS, Diálogos con la CGSB, Biblioteca de la Paz – 1990-1994, Fundación Cultura Democrática, Ed. Álvaro Villarraga Sarmiento, Bogotá D.C., 2009 (book III) p. 169
