Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Mali

Azawad

Region

Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name

Protocol D'Entente

Date

27 Aug 2014

Agreement status

Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim

Yes

arrangement

Tuareg Wars (1962 -)

Mali-Azawad

The nomadic Tuareg in the north of Mali maintained a long-standing revolt against a government traditionally dominated by southern politicians shortly after Mali became independent from France in 1960. The uprisings focused in and around the Azawad region, north of Timbuktu. After several outbreaks of violence during the 1980s, violence peaked with the 1990 outbreak of the Tuareg Rebellion. Following an initial defeat by the Malian Armed Forces, reparations by the government of Alpha Konare included the creation of the self-governing Kidal region. Violence in 1994 died down following peace between moderates on both sides in 1995 and a negotiated peace agreement. Violence continued due to a lack of integration by combatants, but it was not until 2011 that the situation again escalated in the aftermath of the Arab Spring and the disintegration of Libya, which resulted in a heavy inflow of small arms, and the increased involvement by Algeria. In January 2012, the National Movement for the Liberation of Azawad (MNLA) together with several other groups took full control of the region. Disputes on how to handle the situation led to a military coup against President Touré in March 2012 that, in turn, resulted in further turmoil. The MNLA declared the independence of Azawad, but soon lost control of most of the territory to radical Islamist militias including Ansar Dine. A French intervention in January 2013 paved the way for a UN mission, which was established in April of that year. In June 2015 multiple declarations culminated in a final agreement between several Azawad-affiliated groups, including MNLA, and the government of Mali to end hostilities. However, inadequate implementation of the agreement results in continual armed confrontations between pro-government militias, Azawad-affiliated groups, dissidents of Azawad-affiliated groups, ethnically oriented groups, and increasingly since 2017, radical Islamist militias.

Niger-Aïr-Azawad

In 1990 the nomadic Tuareg in northern Niger explicitly sought greater political autonomy following decades of grievances on local political exclusion. With the first armed group Aïr and Azawad Liberation Front (FLAA) to be established in 1991, fighting between 1990 to 1995 took place largely in the Air Mountains. A short-lived truce was agreed in 1994 between the Niger Government and the Tuareg umbrella organisation Coordination of Armed Resistance (CRA), later called Organisation of Armed Resistance (ORA). Another accord was signed in April 1995 in Ouagadougou with various other Tuareg groups and some Toubou, the last signing in 1998. After ten years of relative peace, Movement of Nigeriens for Justice (MNJ) reinvigorated conflicts in 2007 following little follow up by the Nigeriene government on the signed peace agreements.

Close

Tuareg Wars (1962 -)

Stage Pre-negotiation/process

Conflict nature Inter-group

Peace process Mali-Azawad Inter-Azawad peace process

Parties Le Mouvement National de Libération de l'Azawad (MNLA),

Bilal Ag Acherif Secrétaire General

Le Mouvement Arabe de l'Azawad de la déclaration d'Alger du 9 juin 2014 (MAA)

Mohamed Lamine Ould Sidatti

Secretaire General

Le Mouvement Arabe de l'Azawad de la Plateforme d'Alger du 14 juin 2014 (MAA),

Ahmed Ould Sidi Mohamed

Secrétaire General

Le Haut Conseil pour l'Unité de l'Azawad (HCUA),

Alghabas Ag Intalla Secretaire General

La coalition du Peuple pour l'Azawad (CPA),

Ibrahim Ag Mohamed Assaleh

Président

La Coordination des Mouvements et Forces Patriotiques de Resistances II (CM FPR 2)

Mr Ibrahima Kontao

Président

Third parties -

Description This is an agreement between the opposition groups of the Azawad/North Mali region to

harmonise their efforts in negotiating with the Government of Mali.

Agreement

ML_140827_ProtocoledEntente_EN.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

document

Agreement ML_1400827_Memorandum_of_Understanding.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical Page 2, Article 1:

- 1. To commit, in accordance with the framework presented through the Ouagadougou Agreement, the Algiers Declaration of 09 June 2014, the platform of 14 June 2014 and the Road Map signed in Algiers on 24 July 2014, to pursue together the fight for the defence of the legitimate rights of the people of Azawad/North Mali by progressing the search for an institutional solution specific to Azawad/North Mali which:
- Reflects in fact and in law the geographical, economic, social and cultural diversity of Azawad/Northern Mali;
- Responds to the legitimate aspirations of Azawad/North Mali populations with regard to politico-institutional, military-security, economic and socio-cultural plans:
- Takes the current situation into account.

Page 2-3, Article 9:

To reaffirm their commitment to the unity of the populations and the reestablishment of a comprehensive and lasting peace in Azawad /North Mali in particular, and in Mali in general, and thus commit themselves to persevere in this direction. After reviewing the current political and security context of Azawad/North Mali in particular and Mali in general, they have also agreed to the following:

- The harmonization of their strategies for negotiation with the Government of Mali,
- The standardization of their political platforms and the defence of their shared demands.
- The unification of their efforts for the defence of the legitimate rights and aspirations of the people of Azawad/ North Mali and the security of the people of Azawad/ North Mali.

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class

No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

(general)

No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

unification

No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

Public

administration

No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing

Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Autonomous regions Page 2, Article 1:

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- Takes the current situation into account.

Page 2, Article 3:

The need to achieve broad autonomy for Azawad/ Northern Mali;

Economic power sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

No specific mention.

sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL Page 1, Preamble:

general

[...]

- Having conducted an in-depth discussion on the political, security, humanitarian,

economic, social and cultural situation in Azawad/North Mali;

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship

No specific mention.

Democracy

No specific mention.

Detention

procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

communication

Page 2, Article 5:

To intensify their information and awareness activities, both inside and outside of Azawad/North Mali, in order to share their common vision and direction of their struggle

with respect to the individual principles of each of the Parties.

Page 2, Article 8:

To respect and undertake information and awareness activities on the present

Memorandum;

Mobility/access

No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

No specific mention. **Banks**

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Promotion

Page 2, Article 1:

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•••

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 1, Preamble:

[...]

- Having conducted an in-depth discussion on the political, security, humanitarian, economic, social and cultural situation in Azawad/North Mali;

[...]

- Reaffirming their strong commitment to contribute to the establishment of lasting peace and security in Azawad;

[...]

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

[Summary: The agreement is between the opposition groups of the Azawad/North Mali region]

Page 2, Article 6:

To engage our respective forces in the fight against any form of attack against Azawad/ North Mali;

Page 2-3, Article 9:

To reaffirm their commitment to the unity of the populations and the reestablishment of a comprehensive and lasting peace in Azawad /North Mali in particular, and in Mali in general, and thus commit themselves to persevere in this direction. After reviewing the current political and security context of Azawad/North Mali in particular and Mali in general, they have also agreed to the following:

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- The standardization of their political platforms and the defence of their shared demands.
- The unification of their efforts for the defence of the legitimate rights and aspirations of the people of Azawad/ North Mali and the security of the people of Azawad/ North Mali.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 1, Preamble:

[...]

- Expressing their desire to unify their forces, to promote communal harmony within the

society in Azawad/North Mali, in all its components without discrimination;

[...]

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for

agreement

No specific mention.

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement

mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue:

http://www.hdcentre.org/