


Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

Country/ entity	Yemen
Region	Middle East and North Africa
Agreement name	Agreement between al-‘Awlaqī Tribe and al-Qaeda
Date	2 May 2014
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict (Yemeni Civil Wars (1994) (2011 -))
Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Inter-group
Peace process	Yemen Inter-group Agreements
Parties	al-‘Awlaqī Tribe: Sheikh Abū Bakr Farīd al-‘Awlaqī, Chief of the al- Ṣa‘īd District, ‘Alī Bin Hammad al-‘Awāliq al-Qaeda: Ahmad ‘Āṭif al-‘Āṭīqī, al-Habashī al-Bārās [al-‘Awlaqī], Sāliḥ bin Bil‘aīd al-Sālimī.
Third parties	-
Description	An agreement between the ‘Alī Bin Hammad al-‘Awāliq and al-Qaeda, aimed at preventing violence in the areas inhabited by the al-Awlaki Tribe. Sets out provisions aimed at restricting assembly, giving safe harbour and preventing hostile acts between the two groups.

Agreement document [YE_140502_al-Awlaqi Tribes and al-Qaeda agreement_EN.pdf](#)  | [Download PDF](#)

Agreement document (original language) [YE_140502_al-Awlaqi Tribes and al-Qaeda agreement_AR.pdf](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Groups

Children/ youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/ displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
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Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general) No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed) No specific mention.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing No specific mention.

Economic power sharing No specific mention.

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general No specific mention.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation No specific mention.

Civil and political rights No specific mention.

Socio-economic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction No specific mention.

National economic plan No specific mention.

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/ rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees Page 1, 4. As long as members of al-Qaeda belong to the tribes of 'Alī Bin Hammad al- 'Awāliq in al- Şa ' Īd District they will stay in their homes and not commit hostile acts against anyone, unless they are subject to such acts. If they are assaulted in the safety of their homes in al- Şa ' Īd they will be perceived as individuals from the tribes of 'Alī Bin Hammad al- 'Awāliq before they are considered members of the al-Qaeda Organisation

Ceasefire Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision
[Summary] Agreement as a whole provides for ceasefire:

Page 1, ...The meeting [called for] a halt on the scourge of war in order to spare al-Şa ' Īd District...

Page 1, 2. It is strictly forbidden to undertake military actions in al-Şa ' Īd District, in her valleys or on her people.

Police Page 1, The signed minutes will be delivered to the government currently present in Shabwah, which is represented by the Minister of Defence, the Chairman of the National Security Service, the Governor of Shabwah Governorate, the Commander of the Military Police Units and the Commander of the Third Military Region.

Armed forces	<p>Page 1, At the invitation of Sheikh Abū Bakr Farīd al-‘Awlaqī, Chief of the al-Ṣa‘īd District, a meeting was held for the people of ‘Alī Bin Hammad al-‘Awāliq in the area of Bārās al-‘Awāliq in al-Ṣa‘īd to assess the repercussions of recent events between al-Q‘aidah [al-Qaeda] and the forces of the Yemeni Army in Shabwah [Governorate].</p> <p>Page 1, The signed minutes will be delivered to the government currently present in Shabwah, which is represented by the Minister of Defence, the Chairman of the National Security Service, the Governor of Shabwah Governorate, the Commander of the Military Police Units and the Commander of the Third Military Region.</p>
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces	<p>Page 1, 1. It is strictly forbidden to assemble al-Qaeda in al-Ṣa‘īd [District] and Wādī Yashbim at all.</p> <p>2. It is strictly forbidden to undertake military actions in al-Ṣa‘īd District, in her valleys or on her people.</p> <p>3. It is strictly forbidden for individuals from the tribes of ‘Alī Bin Hammad al-‘Awāliq belonging to al-Qaeda to harbour any foreigner in the al-Ṣa‘īd District.</p> <p>4. As long as members of al-Qaeda belong to the tribes of ‘Alī Bin Hammad al-‘Awāliq in al-Ṣa‘īd District they will stay in their homes and not commit hostile acts against anyone, unless they are subject to such acts. If they are assaulted in the safety of their homes in al-Ṣa‘īd they will be perceived as individuals from the tribes of ‘Alī Bin Hammad al-‘Awāliq before they are considered members of the al-Qaeda Organisation</p>
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/ organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.

Terrorism al-Qaeda is party to the agreement.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general No specific mention.

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international signatory No specific mention.

Referendum for agreement No specific mention.

International mission/force/similar No specific mention.

Enforcement mechanism No specific mention.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source 'Guarantee for the non-gathering of al-Qaeda in al-Saed ... Shabwah al-Hadath publishes results of the meeting between the al-Awlaki tribe and al-Qaeda', Shabwah al-Hadath, 3 May 2014 <http://shabwahalhadath.net/news/7471/>
