### Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Georgia

Russia Ossetia

**Region** Europe and Eurasia

**Agreement name** Protocol of the Meeting of Representatives of the Parties on the Implementation of the

Agreement on Principles of Settlement of the Georgian-Ossetian Conflict

**Date** 4 Jul 1992

**Agreement status** Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

### Georgian Separatist Conflicts (1989 - )

The Abkhazia-Georgia Conflict (1992 - )

Much like other conflicts that sprung up in the wake of the collapse of the Soviet Union, the Abkhazia conflict emerged as an ethnic conflict following heighten nationalist awareness among Abkhaz and other minorities residing in the region. In 1978, protests against the Georgianization of Abkhazia emerged from Abkhaz intellectuals. Towards the end of the 1980s, both Georgian and Abkhaz nationalists demanded independence from the Soviet Union. Tensions began following clashes at Sukhumi University between pro-Unity protestors and Abkhaz nationalists in April-July 1989. However, the conflict remained a legal conflict up until August 1992 following the 1991 elections, wherein Abkhazians felt they were under-represented. War broke out between Abkhaz separatists, supported by Russian forces and hired fighters from the North Caucus. Within Abkhazia, Abkhaz separatists were generally supported by ethnically Armenian and Russian residents. Within Georgia the conflict was exacerbated following conflict in South Ossetia from 1989 onwards in addition to political strife between the supporters of the ousted president, Zviad Gamsakurdia, and the post-coup government led by Eduard Shevardnadze.

Significant human rights abuses occurred, particularly after the capture of Sukhumi in September 1993, after which Georgian residents, which consisted of 45 per cent of the population in 1989, were faced with mass expulsion and ethnic cleansing. Russian Peacekeepers acting under the umbrella of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), were deployed on the Abkhazia-Georgia line following a ceasefire in 1994. Atrocities towards ethnic Georgian's continued with over 1,500 deaths post-conflict. In 1998 fighting re-erupted following a flare up of fighting in South Ossetia. Again it was resolved with a ceasefire agreement. However, as of 2016 the conflict remains unresolved.

### The Russio-Georgian War (South Ossetia) (1989 - )

Following heightened nationalist awareness among Ossetians and policies undertaken at the expense of ethnic minorities by the Georgian government led by President Gamsakurdia, calls for Ossetian Independence increased. After clashes broke out in Tskhinvali during a pro-Georgia protest, the conflict began to militarize. When President Gamsakurdia maintained his position after elections in 1990, which were boycotted by South Ossetia, Ossetians organised elections for their own parliament. The central Georgian government reacted by abolishing the autonomous status previously held by South Ossetia. The formation of ethnic militias and increased attacks on civilians escalated on both sides and in December 1990 a state of emergency and an economic blockade were declared. Fighting was haphazard as fighters on both sides were poorly equipped and disciplined. The Georgian National Guard was primarily formed of volunteers due to a lack of resources and as a result fighters often acted out of self-interest. Assaults on Tskhinvali by Georgian forces were repulsed on several occasions, and Georgian forces were also noted to expel Ossetian residents and destroy villages out of revenge and as a means to re-claim territory.

The Sochi agreement (1992) established a ceasefire and security corridor, as well as divided the territory between Georgian and Ossetian administration. Relations deteriorated drastically in April 2008, and following shelling of Georgian villages on August 1, the Georgian military gespanded in force retaking most of Tskhinvali by August 7. Russian forces intervened on behalf of Ossetian separatists and after retaking

**Stage** Ceasefire/related

**Conflict nature** Government/territory

**Peace process** South Ossetia peace process

**Parties** Russian Federation: S. K. Shoigu, F. N. Kovalev, A. N. Kulikov, S. A. Mikhailov, A. E.

Safonov, I. L.Vorobyev, G. B. Filatov, A. Kh.Galazov, S. V. Khetagurov, I. G. Biragova, S. N.

Suanova, I. L. Bzaev, G. M. Kantemirov.

Republic of Georgia: T. K. Kitovani, A. I. Kavsadze, R. L. Gventsadze, G. V. Pipia, T. G. Kulumbegov, V. N. Khubulov, S. I. Kochiev, P. G. Gazaev, L. K.Tibilov, A. N. Kabisov, O. D.

Teziev

SIGNED: S. K. Shoigu, T. Kitovani, A. Kh. Galazov, T. G. Kulumbegov

Third parties

**Description** Short agreement outlining the tasks and responsibilities of the Mixed Control

Commission including its composition. It is responsible for; ceasefire monitoring; withdrawal of armed forces; DDR; creation of local militia for policing; arrangement of a multilateral press centre; investigation of violations of the Sochi Agreement; among

other tasks.

Agreement document

GE\_RU\_920704\_Protocol on the Implementation of the Agreement on Principles of

Settlement of the Georgian.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

**Groups** 

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced** Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

**persons** Page 2, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

... 4. Representatives of the Parties shall entrust the Mixed Control Commission with a task of promoting the process of restoration of management organs responsible for social and economic issues, return and well-being of refugees, as well as organs of law

enforcing structures.

**Social class** No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

### **State definition**

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/
secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

Cross-border

No specific mention.

provision

### Governance

**Political** No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

**Elections** No specific mention.

**Electoral** 

commission

No specific mention.

**Political parties** 

reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

**Public** 

No specific mention.

administration Constitution

No specific mention.

### **Power sharing**

**Political power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Territorial power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Economic power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Military power** 

sharing

Power sharing→Military power sharing→Merger of forces Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

... 3. To entrust the Joint Control Commission with implementing of the following

functions:

... c) To create mixed armed groups- accountable immediately before the leadership of

MCC- aimed at securing peace and maintaining order in the region;

d) To elaborate strategy and tactics in terms of application of mixed forces;

### **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

**Socio-economic** 

No specific mention.

rights

### **Rights related issues**

Citizenship No specific mention.

No specific mention. **Democracy** 

**Detention** procedures No specific mention.

**Media** and communication Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

... 3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following

functions:

... e) To set up a special multilateral press-center;

**Mobility/access** No specific mention.

**Protection** measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

### **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

**Regional or** international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

### **Justice sector reform**

**Criminal justice and** No specific mention. **emergency law** 

**State of emergency** No specific mention. **provisions** 

Judiciary and

courts

No specific mention.

Prisons and

detention

No specific mention.

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

### **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** 

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

### Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ No sp nomadism rights

No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** 

No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access

No specific mention.

### Security sector

### Security Guarantees

No specific mention.

#### Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

1. To set up a Mixed Control Commission (MCC) composed of the following officials: S. K. Shoigu, G. V. Filatov, S. V. Khetagurov, S. N. Suanova, O. D. Teziev, P. G. Gazaev, T. K. Kitovani, P. Georgadze, N. Lomouri, E. Sabanadze, G. Tushurashvili.

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

... 2. To entrust T.Kitovani, S.Shouigu and S.Khetagurov with the responsibilities of co-Chairmanship of the Mixed Control Commission (MCC).

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

- ... 3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following functions:
- a) To exercise control over the implementation of cease-fire, withdrawal of armed formations, disband of forces of self-defense and to maintain the regime of security in the conflict zone;

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

- ... 3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following functions:
- $\dots$  b) To define together with the commanders of opposing armed groups the pattern of separation of forces and cease-fire regime;

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

- ... 3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following functions:
- ... b) To define together with the commanders of opposing armed groups the pattern of separation of forces and cease-fire regime;
- ... f) To initiate investigation of potential violations of the Sochi agreement and take all necessary measures for non-admission of such violations;

### **Police**

Page 2, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

... 7. To restore the organizational and activities of local law enforcing bodies that shall be accountable to the MCC.

### **Armed forces**

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

- ... 3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following functions:
- a) To exercise control over the implementation of cease-fire, withdrawal of armed formations, disband of forces of self-defense and to maintain the regime of security in the conflict zone;

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

... 3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following functions:

### **DDR**

No specific mention.

# Intelligence services

No specific mention.

# Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

- $\dots$  3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following functions:
- a) To exercise control over the implementation of cease-fire, withdrawal of armed formations, disband of forces of self-defense and to maintain the regime of security in the conflict zone;

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

- ... 3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following functions:
- ... b) To define together with the commanders of opposing armed groups the pattern of separation of forces and cease-fire regime;

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

- ... 3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following functions:
- $\dots$  c) To create mixed armed groups- accountable immediately before the leadership of MCC- aimed at securing peace and maintaining order in the region;

# Withdrawal of foreign forces

Page 1, As a result of the meeting the Parties decided:

- ... 3. To entrust the Mixed Control Commission with implementing of the following functions:
- a) To exercise control over the implementation of cease-fire, withdrawal of armed formations, disband of forces of self-defense and to maintain the regime of security in the conflict zone;

### Corruption

No specific mention.

## Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

.....

**Drugs** No specific mention.

**Terrorism** No specific mention.

**Transitional justice** 

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** No specific mention.

**Implementation** 

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

**Other international** No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement

No specific mention.

mechanism

**Related cases** No specific mention.

Source

Georgia Ministry of Foreign Affairs Archive; http://www.rrc.ge/law/

oqm\_1992\_07\_04\_e.htm