Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/

Libya

entity

Region Middle East and North Africa

Agreement

Reconciliation Agreement between Tebu and Awlad Sulaymen

name

Date 29 Mar 2017

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/local conflict (Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 -))

conflict level

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict

Inter-group

nature

Peace Libyan local processes

process

Parties Al-Zaylawi Mina Salih Qilma

Sheikh of the Tebu Tribe

Al-Sanusi Mas'ud Amr

President of the Shurah Council of the Awlad Sulayman Tribe

M. Abd al-Salaam S'ad Kaajmaan 🖫

Deputy of the Presidential Council of the GNA

Mr. Marco Minetti

Foreign Minister of the Italian Republic

Third parties

Description Reconciliation agreement underwritten by Italy providing for reparations, the

> departure of armed groups, the right to work in public services, the opening of Sabha Airport, and the lifting of social protection of wanted persons.

Agreement

LY_170329_Reconciliation Agreement between Tebu and Awlad Sulayman_EN.pdf

Download PDF document

Agreement document (original language)

LY_170329_Reconciliation Agreement between Tebu and Awlad Sulayman_AR.pdf | Download

Groups

Children/ youth

No specific mention.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers

No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ national group

No specific mention.

Religious groups

Groups→Religious groups→Rhetorical

Page 1, Reconciliation is the joint pursuit towards conflict resolution, to redress the damage and rectify the consequences of conflicts in the past [and their] injustices and mistakes, based on the principles of our religion Islam, which forbids infighting among Muslims and urges compassion, cooperation and solidarity as well as calling for reconciliation and stemming the flow of Muslim blood. And [further based on] the strengthening of identity and the body of the nation, the sanctification of Libyan blood, protecting the unity of Libyan soil, establishing a culture of reconciliation and the beginnings of a state culture, and confirmation of the ties of brotherhood, history and

intermarriage between the tribes.

Indigenous people

No specific mention.

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/ displaced persons No specific mention.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

No specific mention.

Men and

No specific mention.

boys

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)

Page 1, Reconciliation is the joint pursuit towards conflict resolution, to redress the damage and rectify the consequences of conflicts in the past [and their] injustices and mistakes, based on the principles of our religion Islam, which forbids infighting among Muslims and urges compassion, cooperation and solidarity as well as calling for reconciliation and stemming the flow of Muslim blood. And [further based on] the strengthening of identity and the body of the nation, the sanctification of Libyan blood, protecting the unity of Libyan soil, establishing a culture of reconciliation and the beginnings of a state culture, and confirmation of the ties of brotherhood, history and intermarriage between the tribes.

State

No specific mention.

configuration

Self

No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border

No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

Governance

Political

No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

No specific mention.

commission

Political

No specific mention.

parties reform

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

Page 1, On this day, Thursday, on Rajab 1438 corresponding to 29 March 2017, sponsored by the Libyan state represented by the Presidential Council of the Government of National Accord (GNA) and attended by dignitaries from the

Tuareg Tribe, [the parties] agreed the following:

Public Page 1, 6. Everyone has the right to partake in public services [jobs].

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political

No specific mention.

power sharing

Territorial

No specific mention.

power sharing

Economic No specific mention.

power sharing

Military

No specific mention.

power sharing

Human rights and equality

Human

No specific mention.

rights/RoL general

Bill of

No specific mention.

rights/ similar

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political rights

No specific mention.

Socioeconomic No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention

No specific mention.

procedures

Media and No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/ access Page 1, 7. Cooperation to re-establish the conditions necessary to open the

Sabha International Airport for passengers.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or No specific mention. international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency No specific mention.

law

State of emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and No specific mention.

detention

Traditional

No specific mention.

Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development No specific mention.

or socioeconomic reconstruction

National

No specific mention.

economic plan

No specific mention.

Natural resources International No specific mention. funds

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land

No specific mention.

reform/ rights

Pastoralist/ No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural No specific mention.

heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or

No specific mention.

riparian rights or access

Security sector

Security Guarantees Page 1, 5. Departure of all armed formations from public places and passes, and these locations will be handed over to the police with a southern

disposition.

Page 1, 9. Lifting the social protection of criminals from both sides. Anyone who breaks the peace is responsible for their actions and their family must

hand them over to justice.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

Page 1, 5. Departure of all armed formations from public places and passes, and these locations will be handed over to the police with a southern

disposition.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/

rebel and opposition Page 1, 5. Departure of all armed formations from public places and passes, and these locations will be handed over to the police with a southern

disposition.

group

forces

Page 1, 9. Lifting the social protection of criminals from both sides. Anyone who breaks the peace is responsible for their actions and their family must

hand them over to justice.

Withdrawal

No specific mention.

of foreign

forces

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/ organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention.

justice general

pardon

Amnesty/ No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner No specific mention. release

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims Page 1, 8. Treatment of those fallen from the two parties and equal treatment

and consideration of martyrs.

Missing No specific mention. persons

Reparations Transitional justice→Reparations→Material reparations

Page 1, 2. Reparation for those affected from the two parties in accordance

with established practice by the two sides.

Page 1, 3. The Italian State shall ensure that the financial value of reparations

is paid by both sides.

Page 1, 4. The Italian State shall ensure the healing of difficult incidents.

Reconciliation Page 1, Reconciliation is the joint pursuit towards conflict resolution, to redress the damage and rectify the consequences of conflicts in the past [and their] injustices and mistakes, based on the principles of our religion Islam, which forbids infighting among Muslims and urges compassion, cooperation and solidarity as well as calling for reconciliation and stemming the flow of Muslim blood. And [further based on] the strengthening of identity and the body of the nation, the sanctification of Libyan blood, protecting the unity of Libyan soil, establishing a culture of reconciliation and the beginnings of a state culture, and confirmation of the ties of brotherhood, history and intermarriage between the tribes.

Page 1, 1. Complete reconciliation between the two parties.

Implementation

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other Page 2, Mr. Marco Minetti

international Foreign Minister of the Italian Republic

signatory

Referendum No specific mention.

agreement

International No specific mention.

mission/ force/similar

Enforcement Page 1, 10. Form a Joint Committee consisting of both sides to follow up mechanism implementation of the points of this reconciliation agreement.

11. All sides are committed to the implementation of all respective points of

this agreement.

Related No specific mention.

cases

Source Libya Mustaqbal, 'Reconciliation Agreement signed between the Tebu and

Awlad Sulayman in the Italian Capital Rome', 29 March 2017, http://bit.ly/

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