Country/entity	Philippines
Region	Asia and Pacific
Agreement name	Agreement on the Cessation of Hostilities between the Government of the Republic of Philippines (GRP) and the Rebolusyonaryong Partido ng Manggagawa ng Mindanao (RPM-M)
Date	28 Oct 2005
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes

Philippine Insurgencies (1968 -)

The Maoist Insurgencies (1968 -)

Philippines-NDF

The Philippines have been defined by a series of center-periphery and often ideologically Maoist, separatist insurgencies. The Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP), began its war against the central Philippine government in 1968 through their armed wing – the New People's Army (NPA). Further legitimacy was gained through the establishment of the National Democratic Front (NDF) in 1973. Grievances were predominantly opposed to the corruption and repression under the authoritarian Marcos regime.

Philippines-Cordillera

With the overthrow of Marcos' regime in 1986, the CPP factionalized further to take on more localized characteristics. The Cordillera Peoples Liberation Army (CPLA) broke away from the NDF in 1986 to focus on the protection of the Cordilleran people and land in northern Luzon. Hostilities were formally ended in July 2011, with an agreement signed between the central government, the CPLA and the Cordillera Bodong Administration (CBA) that allowed for the absorption of CPLA fighters into the Philippine Army and the re-working of the CBA-CPLA into a socio-development organisation.

Philippines-RPM-P

Meanwhile, purge among the CPP in the early 1990s, encouraged the formation of a parallel party, the Revolutionary Workers Party (RPM-P). Their armed wing, the Alex Boncayao Brigade (ABB) which had carried out a number of assassinations during the 1980s at the bequest of the CPP, followed suit and allied themselves with the RPM-P in 1997 forming the (RPM-P-RPA-ABB). Severely weakened by the split with the CPP and with the arrest of several key figures, the RPM-P-RPA-ABB signed a peace agreement in December 2000, which encouraged the RPM-P's branch in Mindanao to break away in 2001.

The CPP-NPA has only participated in intermittent talks with the government. Talks halted in 2004 when Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo's administration sought closer ties with the U.S. in the war on terror and added the CPP-NPA to the list of terrorist organisations, renewing violence. Following the launch of a counter-insurgency by the Philippine government, negotiations have been further delayed due to suspected internal differences between the CPP 'old guard' and younger members.

The Moro Insurgency (1968 -)

Philippines-Mindanao

The Moro Insurgency began in 1968, in Mindanao and the Sulu archipelago after the killing of Moro Commandos, the so-called Jabidah Massacre, by the Philippine Army following a plot to invade Sabah province in Malaysia. The Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) captured a swath of territory in the mid-1970s. In an attempt to stem the violence, the constitution was reformed and Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) was created 1990 graphing a devolution of power to the provinces of Lanao del Sur, Maguindanao, Sulu and Tawi-Tawi. Following the establishment of the ARMM, the MNLE splintered into a range of smaller groups including Islamic factions such as the

Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	Philippines: RAM process
Parties	For the Government of the Republic of the Philippines
	Ву
	FRANKLIN M. QUIJANO
	Chairperson
	GRP Panel
	FROILAN R. MELENDREZ
	Member
	For the Rebolusyonaryong Partido ng Manggagawa ng Mindanao
	Ву
	ENRIQUE B. DE LOS REYES
	Political Consultant (For the Chairperson RPMM Panel)
	FREIDERICK MONTES
	Member
	ARMANDO ORBIS

Member

Third parties	Witnesses:
	HON. RENE V. SARMIENTO
	OIC – Presidential Adviser on the Peace Process
	ARLENE J BAG-AO
	Member
	Independent Secretariat
	RAFAEL D. NABRE
	Head
	RPMM Secretariat
	CHARMAINE MAE D. BACONGA
	Member
	Independent Secretariat
Description	The parties agree to formalize the informal ceasefire and set out further negotiate with the aim of a Final Peace Agreement.
Agreement document	PH_051028_Agreement on the Cessation of Hostilities.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF
Groups	
Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.
Gender	

Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state	No specific mention.
(general)	

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ No specific mention. secession

Accession/ No specific mention. unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border	No specific mention.
provision	

Governance	
Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	No specific mention.
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.
Power sharing	
Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

TreatyNo specific mention.incorporation

Civil and political No specific mention. **rights**

Socio-economic No specific mention. rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	No specific mention.
Mobility/access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. provisions

Judiciary and
courtsNo specific mention.Prisons and
detentionNo specific mention.

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Traditional Laws

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio- economic development Page 1: Whereas, the ongoing peace talks between the GRP and the RPM-M are characterized by a spirit of understanding, sincerity and goodwill; Whereas, the GRP and RPM-M are currently observing an informal ceasefire while jointly undertaking consultation in the formulation of the local peace and development agenda in the communities identified by the RPM-M as priority development areas; NOW, THEREFORE, the GRP and RPM-M, through its authorized representatives, agree as they hereby agree to the following: Commit towards conserving and developing human and natural resources, and ecological balance. Finalize the list of identified development areas in order to facilitate the implementation of priority projects in the said areas under the framework of sustainable development.
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

Land, property and environment	
Land reform/rights	No specific mention.
Pastoralist/ nomadism rights	No specific mention.
Cultural heritage	No specific mention.
Environment	Page 1: NOW, THEREFORE, the GRP and RPM-M, through its authorized representatives, agree as they hereby agree to the following:
	Commit towards conserving and developing human and natural resources, and ecological balance.
	Finalize the list of identified development areas in order to facilitate the implementation of priority projects in the said areas under the framework of sustainable development.
Water or riparian rights or access	No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
Ceasefire	Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision Page 1: Whereas, the GRP and RPM-M are currently observing an informal ceasefire while jointly undertaking consultation in the formulation of the local peace and development agenda in the communities identified by the RPM-M as priority development areas; Whereas, in view of the above, it is essential for the GRP and RPM-M to enter into an agreement on the cessation of hostilities: NOW, THEREFORE, the GRP and RPM-M, through its authorized representatives, agree as they hereby agree to the following: Commit its respective forces to a cessation of hostilities (COH) nationwide by not committing any hostile and/or provocative act.
	Committee to formulate and finalize the guidelines and ground rules for the implementation and monitoring of the COH including the structural and coordinative mechanisms within a period of one month after the signing of this Agreement. Page 2: This Agreement shall take effect on the 28th day of October 2005.
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice	
Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.
Implementation	
UN signatory	No specific mention.

Other internationalNo specific mention.signatoryNo specific mention.

Referendum forNo specific mention.agreement

International No specific mention. mission/force/ similar

Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	http://theirwords.org/media/transfer/doc/ sc_ph_rpm_m_2003_48-9dee982417a60f204247613a87a4479a.pdf