

Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Country/ entity | Cote d'Ivoire |
| Region | Africa (excl MENA) |
| Agreement name | Accord de Cessation des Hostilités |
| Date | 17 Oct 2002 |
| Agreement status | Multiparty signed/agreed |
| Interim arrangement | Yes |
| Agreement/ conflict level | Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Ivorian Civil War (2002 - 2011)) |
| Stage | Ceasefire/related |
| Conflict nature | Government |
| Peace process | Cote D'Ivoire: peace process |
| Parties | For the coordination of the rebel forces and the MPCl (Patriotic Movement of Côte d'Ivoire, political branch of the rebellion, ndlr): Adjutant Tuo Fozié. For the current president of CEDEAO, Mr Abdoulaye WADE: Cheikh Tidiane Gadio, Senegalese Minister of Foreign Affairs. |
| Third parties | In the presence of the executive secretary of CEDEAO, Mohamed Ibn Chambas. |
| Description | A planned proposal to regulate the crises through a ceasefire. |

Agreement document [CI_021017_Accord de Cessation des Hostilites_tr.pdf](#)  | [Download PDF](#)

Agreement document (original language) [CI_021017_Accord de Cessation des Hostilités.pdf](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Groups

Children/
youth No specific mention.

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Disabled persons | No specific mention. |
| Elderly/age | No specific mention. |
| Migrant workers | No specific mention. |
| Racial/ethnic/national group | No specific mention. |
| Religious groups | No specific mention. |
| Indigenous people | No specific mention. |
| Other groups | No specific mention. |
| Refugees/displaced persons | No specific mention. |
| Social class | No specific mention. |

Gender

| | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Women, girls and gender | No specific mention. |
| Men and boys | No specific mention. |
| LGBTI | No specific mention. |

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general) No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed) No specific mention.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing No specific mention.

Economic power sharing No specific mention.

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general No specific mention.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation No specific mention.

Civil and political rights No specific mention.

Socio-economic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction No specific mention.

National economic plan No specific mention.

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/ rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision
Côte d'Ivoire, planned proposal to regulate the crisis (Dakar, October 8, 2002):
1- CEDEAO obtains from the rebel forces a declaration of cessation of hostilities and agreement to enter into dialogue with the government.
2- Pending the implementation of the CEDEAO plan, the rebel forces and the government forces undertake to remain in their present positions. The rebel forces commit to the re-establishment of administrative services and normal supplies to the towns.
3- CEDEAO obtains from the Government of Côte d'Ivoire, a declaration attesting to the cessation of hostilities and their agreement to enter into dialogue on the part of the rebel forces. In this declaration the government in turn announces the cessation of hostilities and its agreement to enter into dialogue.
4- A delegation of the Ivorian government and a delegation of the rebel forces meets in a town in Côte d'Ivoire to begin negotiations, with the participation of the CEDEAO contact group and in the presence of representatives of the international community

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces Page 1,
3- CEDEAO obtains from the Government of Côte d'Ivoire, a declaration attesting to the cessation of hostilities and their agreement to enter into dialogue on the part of the rebel forces. In this declaration the government in turn announces the cessation of hostilities and its agreement to enter into dialogue.

| | |
|---|---|
| DDR | No specific mention. |
| Intelligence services | No specific mention. |
| Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces | Page 1, 1- CEDEAO obtains from the rebel forces a declaration of cessation of hostilities and agreement to enter into dialogue with the government. 2- Pending the implementation of the CEDEAO plan, the rebel forces and the government forces undertake to remain in their present positions. The rebel forces commit to the re-establishment of administrative services and normal supplies to the towns. |
| Withdrawal of foreign forces | No specific mention. |
| Corruption | No specific mention. |
| Crime/ organised crime | No specific mention. |
| Drugs | No specific mention. |
| Terrorism | No specific mention. |

Transitional justice

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Transitional justice general | No specific mention. |
| Amnesty/ pardon | No specific mention. |

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner
release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing
persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN
signatory No specific mention.

Other
international
signatory In the presence of the executive secretary of CEDEAO, Mohamed Ibn
Chambas.

Referendum
for
agreement No specific mention.

International mission/
force/similar Page 1,
4- A delegation of the Ivorian government and a delegation of the rebel forces meets in a town in Côte d'Ivoire to begin negotiations, with the participation of the CEDEAO contact group and in the presence of representatives of the international community.

Enforcement mechanism No specific mention.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source <http://peacemaker.un.org/>
