## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Libya

**Region** Middle East and North Africa

**Agreement name** Statement of the Fezzan Forum for Libya

**Date** 20 Feb 2018

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

**Agreement/conflict** Intrastate/local conflict

level

Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 - )

Agreements relate to two distinct conflict dyads.

Libya-Chad. Since the 1970s, Libya under Colonel Muammar Gaddafi had a tense relationship with its neighbour Chad, predominantly focused on the resource-rich Aouzou Strip in northern Chad. Libyan claims of the Aouzou Strip were held in an unratified treaty between France and Italy in 1935, similarly Chadian claims of the Strip were argued with support of a 1955 treaty between Libya and France. In 1973, Libya effectively annexed the Strip to gain access to natural resources. This spurred cross-border clashes between 1979 until 1987 until escalated to a brief war known as the Toyota War, wherein Chadian government troops succeeded in repelling Libyan forces. A brief and repeatedly violated ceasefire was held from 1987-88, followed by a series of unsuccessful negotiations, until an International Court of Justice ruling in 1994, which granted sovereignty of the Strip to Chad.

Libya post-Gaddafi. Gaddafi's downfall following the Libyan Civil War in 2011-2012, led to several factions fighting for the country's leadership. Since 2013, the country effectively split into three entities, with the National Army controlling the east including the city of Benghazi, and the New General National Congress and their militias such as the Golden Dawn controlling the northwest including the capital of Tripoli. Significant portions of the country in the south-west are currently held by Tuareg forces. The civil war and chaos continued into 2014 as the General National Congress refused to disband after the expiry of its mandate, resulting in eruption of mass protests. The UN efforts continue to broker peace between the Libyan Army and the Libya Dawn factions, and a partial ceasefire was declared in January 2015. A new interim-government (Tunisia-based) called 'Government of National Accord' is formed with the backing of UN despite the refusal of the other forces to recognise its authority and arrived to Tripoli with the UN in 2016. A state of emergency was declared by the UN backed government amid clashed between rival militia in Tripoli's southern suburbs. Since April 2019 there has been sustained fighting between the Libyan National Army and the UN-backed government in Tripoli as the Libyan National Army aims to seize Tripoli.

Close

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Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 - )
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**Stage** Framework/substantive - partial

**Conflict nature** Inter-group

Peace process Libyan local processes

**Parties**"We, the people of Fezzan, from all of the different components, groups, and parts"

Third parties -

**Description** Statement emphasises (1) the lack of state presence in the region; (2) affirming the unity

of Libya and its institutions; (3) provision of transitional justice and provision of rights; (4) ending illegal migration; (5) inclusion of Fezzan into the state; (6) lifting of social cover; (7) development; (8) retention of some of the goods of natural resource extraction; (9)

addressing prisoner conditions; (10) a general amnesty.

Agreement document

LY\_180220\_Fezzan Agreement\_EN.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement

LY\_180220\_Fezzan Agreement\_AR.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

**Groups** 

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** Groups→Religious groups→Other

Page 1, 2- That a national community reconciliation is the foundation upon which the country should be built, within a framework of reconciliatory justice that gives people their rights, ends oppression, provides reparations, instills tolerance and reconciliation,

and builds confidence between all sects

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced** Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

persons

Page 1, 5- Seriously working to find an urgent solution to stop illegal migration into the country through all entry points, and fighting against their settlement in Libya because of the problems this migration poses to the identity of the country.

Page 2, 12- Confirming the return of the displaced and forcibly displaced, internally and externally, and the swift return of the forcibly displaced from Tawergha to their homes, and the Forum calls upon the dignitaries of Misrata and Tawergha to facilitate the safe return of the people of Tawergha, taking into account the issue of reparations for all

## **Social class**

No specific mention.

#### Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

**LGBTI** 

No specific mention.

**Family** 

No specific mention.

# **State definition**

# **Nature of state** (general)

Page 1, 1- Reiterating Libya's unity, as a land and a people that cannot be divided, that all Libyans are equal in their rights and responsibilities, and that the interests of the country are above all else

Page 1, 4- Uniting the legislative, executive, judicial, and military institutions of the state and ending the political divisions in the country to ensure a safe future for the country and its people.

State configuration Page 1, 4- Uniting the legislative, executive, judicial, and military institutions of the state and ending the political divisions in the country to ensure a safe future for the country and its people.

> Page 1, 6- That Fezzan has an active role in building Libya on a foundation of equal partnership and ending the excessive centralization, marginalization, and exclusion that have affected Fezzan for far too long

**Self determination** No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention. **State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/

No specific mention.

secession

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

Governance

**Political** No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

**Elections** No specific mention.

Electoral

commission

No specific mention.

**Political parties** 

reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

No specific mention.

administration

**Constitution** No specific mention.

#### **Power sharing**

**Political power** sharing

No specific mention.

**Territorial power** sharing

Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Local/municipal government

Page 2, The Forum also agreed on the establishment of a Supreme Council for Fezzan,

with the following committees in it:

- A security committee

- An economic committee

- A national reconciliation committee

- A development committee

- A committee to follow up the activation of the Sabha Airport

- A committee to follow up with the Ubari Gas Power Plant and working to secure the

release of the abducted engineers

**Economic power** sharing

Power sharing→Economic power sharing→Sharing of resources

Page 2, 9- Allocating a percentage of the revenue from the production of oil, gas, water,

and other resources for the development of the area

Military power sharing

No specific mention.

# **Human rights and equality**

# general

**Human rights/RoL** Page 1, 1- Reiterating Libya's unity, as a land and a people that cannot be divided, that all Libyans are equal in their rights and responsibilities, and that the interests of the country are above all else

> Page 1, 2- That a national community reconciliation is the foundation upon which the country should be built, within a framework of reconciliatory justice that gives people their rights, ends oppression, provides reparations, instills tolerance and reconciliation, and builds confidence between all sects

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

**Socio-economic** 

No specific mention.

rights

# **Rights related issues**

**Citizenship** No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

**Mobility/access** No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

**Other** No specific mention.

# **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

# **Justice sector reform**

**Criminal justice and** No specific mention.

emergency law

**State of emergency** No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

**Prisons and** 

detention

Page 2, 10- Addressing the conditions of prisoners and detainees

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

## **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-

economic development

Page 1, 8- That development is the solution for the problems of the south and will stop

the suffering of its people

Page 2, The Forum also agreed on the establishment of a Supreme Council for Fezzan, with the following committees in it:

... - An economic committee

... - A development committee

Page 2, This Council shall be responsible for the functions and implementation of the goals that this Forum came to discuss, and they are:

... - Development

plan

National economic No specific mention.

Natural resources The Forum also agreed on the establishment of a Supreme Council for Fezzan, with the

following committees in it:

... - A committee to follow up with the Ubari Gas Power Plant and working to secure the

release of the abducted engineers

International funds No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

# Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

# **Security sector**

# Security Guarantees

Page 2, The Forum also agreed on the establishment of a Supreme Council for Fezzan, with the following committees in it:

- A security committee
- A committee to follow up the activation of the Sabha Airport
- A committee to follow up with the Ubari Gas Power Plant and working to secure the release of the abducted engineers

Page 2, This Council shall be responsible for the functions and implementation of the goals that this Forum came to discuss, and they are:

- Security

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

**Police** 

No specific mention.

**Armed forces** 

Page 1, 4- Uniting the legislative, executive, judicial, and military institutions of the state and ending the political divisions in the country to ensure a safe future for the country

and its people.

**DDR** 

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

**Terrorism** 

No specific mention.

# Transitional justice

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

**Amnesty/pardon** Transitional justice→Amnesty/pardon→Amnesty/pardon proper

Page 1, 13- The Forum reiterates the importance of implementing the general amnesty and calls for the immediate release of political prisoners in implementation of the decree

of the parliament

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** Page 1, 7- Removing social protection for outlaws so that they can be apprehended and

handed over for justice.

Page 2, 11- Activating the transitional justice law and continuing with a comprehensive national reconciliation between Libyans because the unity of the country is more important than any conflict or dispute, and this Forum expresses its appreciation and support for all efforts for reconciliation all over the country

Page 2, The Forum also agreed on the establishment of a Supreme Council for Fezzan, with the following committees in it:

... - A national reconciliation committee

Page 2, This Council shall be responsible for the functions and implementation of the goals that this Forum came to discuss, and they are:

... - Reconciliation

...

**Prisoner release** Page 1, 13- The Forum reiterates the importance of implementing the general amnesty

and calls for the immediate release of political prisoners in implementation of the decree

of the parliament

 ${\it Page 2, The Forum\ also\ agreed\ on\ the\ establishment\ of\ a\ Supreme\ Council\ for\ Fezzan,}$ 

with the following committees in it:

 $\dots$  - A committee to follow up with the Ubari Gas Power Plant and working to secure the

release of the abducted engineers

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

Reparations

No specific mention.

# Reconciliation

Page 1, 2- That a national community reconciliation is the foundation upon which the country should be built, within a framework of reconciliatory justice that gives people their rights, ends oppression, provides reparations, instills tolerance and reconciliation, and builds confidence between all sects

Page 2, 11- Activating the transitional justice law and continuing with a comprehensive national reconciliation between Libyans because the unity of the country is more important than any conflict or dispute, and this Forum expresses its appreciation and support for all efforts for reconciliation all over the country

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... - A national reconciliation committee

# **Implementation**

**UN signatory** 

No specific mention.

**Other international** No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

Enforcement mechanism

similar

No specific mention.

**Related cases** 

No specific mention.

Source

Facebook Page of Yussef Shafter, 20 February 2018, https://es-la.facebook.com/

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