

Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

Country/ entity	Mali
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Peace agreement between the Dogon and Fulani communities of Koro
Date	28 Aug 2018
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict (Mali: Dogon-Fulani and other local conflicts (2015 -))
Stage	Framework/substantive - comprehensive
Conflict nature	Inter-group
Peace process	Mali Local Processes
Parties	Signatures not present on copy, agreement states itself in preamble to be agreement of 'We, the Dagon and Fulani communities of Koro, hereinafter referred to as the Parties;'
Third parties	-
Description	Local peace agreement between Dogon and Fulani groups calling to stop inter-communal fighting and to 'reinvigorate traditional decision-making mechanisms' (p. 4) to manage natural resources usage.

Agreement document	ML_180828_Accord de paix entre les communautes Dogon et Peule du cercle de Koro_tr.pdf  Download PDF
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Agreement document (original language)	ML_180828_Accord de paix entre les communautes Dogon et Peule du cercle de Koro.pdf Download PDF
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Groups

Children/ youth	<p>Groups→Children/youth→Substantive Page 2-3: Chapter II: Clauses of the Peace Agreement Section 1: General Commitments to Peace</p> <p>Article 2: Aware that the tensions and conflicts involving members of their respective communities will not immediately end on the date of signature of this Agreement, Determined to work to achieve peace, the parties are jointly committed to ...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Raise awareness among young people and opinion leaders about the benefits of Peace <p>Page 6-7, Section III: General Conditions and Recommendations, ...</p> <p>Article 10: ...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The State of Mali to facilitate a process to demobilize key armed figures who have links to various communities from Koro. Such a process of demobilization, reintegration and integration will enable the recovery of a significant number of youths who fuel violence on behalf of the community and to list and recover the weapons circulating in the area.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/
displaced
persons No specific mention.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women,
girls and
gender No specific mention.

Men and
boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of
state
(general) No specific mention.

State
configuration No specific mention.

Self
determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/
secession No specific mention.

Accession/
unification No specific mention.

Border
delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-
border
provision No specific mention.

Governance

Political
institutions
(new or
reformed) No specific mention.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral
commission No specific mention.

Political
parties
reform No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders Page 5, Section III: Respect of customs by the communities Article 6:

The parties are committed to restoring the moral authority of traditional and religious establishments, to enable them to play their role effectively in the appeasement of social tensions and aid of peaceful coexistence.

Page 6-7, Section III: General Conditions and Recommendations,

...
Article 10:

...
• The authorities to strengthen traditional and religious establishments at a local level so that they are able, once again, to work to prevent and manage tensions and conflicts in an impartial manner.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing No specific mention.

Economic power sharing No specific mention.

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general No specific mention.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation No specific mention.

Civil and political rights No specific mention.

Socio-economic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or No specific mention.
international
human
rights
institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal No specific mention.
justice and
emergency
law

State of No specific mention.
emergency
provisions

Judiciary No specific mention.
and courts

Prisons and No specific mention.
detention

Traditional Laws Pages 3-4,

Section II: Access to pastoral resources (water points, passage of animals, etc.)

Article 3:

In addition to the efforts against theft and looting of cattle mentioned in Article 2 of this Agreement,

Recalling that the lack of water points and transhumance routes and the exclusion of certain communities from their access is one of the major causes of conflict in the Koro area,

The parties:

- Commit themselves fully to supporting all authorities in managing conflict over access to natural resources;
- Recall that, to this end, it is essential to reinvigorate traditional decision-making mechanisms for the peaceful use of agro-pastoral resources.

Page 5,

Section III: Respect of customs by the communities
Article 6:

The parties are committed to restoring the moral authority of traditional and religious establishments, to enable them to play their role effectively in the appeasement of social tensions and aid of peaceful coexistence.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance
Page 6-7,
Section III: GEneral Conditions and Recommendations,

...
Article 10:

The parties call on the state to support their efforts to pacify the Mopti region in favour of peaceful intercommunity coexistence. More specifically, the parties ask:

- The State of Mali and its partners to work to provide humanitarian assistance commensurate with the needs of all communities in the Koro area affected by the crisis: food aid, medical care, repair, construction and rehabilitation of basic social infrastructures (health structures, schools, water points, etc.). They also ask for support for economic recovery through the financing of activities such as cattle trade, transport, stock rebuilding, and so on.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction
Page 6-7,
Section III: GEneral Conditions and Recommendations,

...
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National economic plan No specific mention.

Natural resources	<p>Pages 3-4,</p> <p>Section II: Access to pastoral resources (water points, passage of animals, etc.)</p> <p>Article 3:</p> <p>In addition to the efforts against theft and looting of cattle mentioned in Article 2 of this Agreement,</p> <p>Recalling that the lack of water points and transhumance routes and the exclusion of certain communities from their access is one of the major causes of conflict in the Koro area,</p> <p>The parties:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Commit themselves fully to supporting all authorities in managing conflict over access to natural resources; • Recall that, to this end, it is essential to reinvigorate traditional decision-making mechanisms for the peaceful use of agro-pastoral resources. <p>Article 4:</p> <p>The parties ask the national and regional authorities to organize campaigns to promote local pastoral resource management conventions.</p>
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International funds	No specific mention.
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Business	No specific mention.
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Taxation	No specific mention.
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Banks	No specific mention.
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Land, property and environment

Land reform/ rights	No specific mention.
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Pastoralist/
nomadism
rights Pages 3-4,
Section II: Access to pastoral resources (water points, passage of animals,
etc.)

Article 3:

In addition to the efforts against theft and looting of cattle mentioned in
Article 2 of this Agreement,

Recalling that the lack of water points and transhumance routes and the
exclusion of certain communities from their access is one of the major causes
of conflict in the Koro area,

The parties:

- Commit themselves fully to supporting all authorities in managing conflict
sover access to natural resources;
- Recall that, to this end, it is essential to reinvigorate traditional decision-
making mechanisms for the peaceful use of agro-pastoral resources.

Article 4:

The parties ask the national and regional authorities to organize campaigns
to promote local pastoral resource management conventions.

Cultural
heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access	<p>Pages 3-4,</p> <p>Section II: Access to pastoral resources (water points, passage of animals, etc.)</p> <p>Article 3:</p> <p>In addition to the efforts against theft and looting of cattle mentioned in Article 2 of this Agreement,</p> <p>Recalling that the lack of water points and transhumance routes and the exclusion of certain communities from their access is one of the major causes of conflict in the Koro area,</p> <p>The parties:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Commit themselves fully to supporting all authorities in managing conflict over access to natural resources; • Recall that, to this end, it is essential to reinvigorate traditional decision-making mechanisms for the peaceful use of agro-pastoral resources.
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Security sector

Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
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Ceasefire	<p>Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments Page 1, Eager to back the crucial first step toward peace, namely the unilateral cease-fire declaration by the hunter group Dan Na Ambassagou of 2 July 2018, as well as the wishes expressed by the Fulani community during the meeting held on 06 August 2018 in Nawodie, in response to the cease-fire declaration;</p> <p>Pages 2-3,</p> <p>Article 2:</p> <p>Aware that the tensions and conflicts involving members of their respective communities will not immediately end on the date of signature of this Agreement,</p> <p>...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make a strong appeal to the fighters of their community to cease all violence and to refer to the military authorities in case of threats or attacks; • Strongly condemn all acts of aggression and violence that may be committed by members of their community:
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	<p>Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions Page 6-7, Section III: General Conditions and Recommendations, ...</p> <p>Article 10:</p> <p>...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The State of Mali to facilitate a process to demobilize key armed figures who have links to various communities from Koro. Such a process of demobilization, reintegration and integration will enable the recovery of a significant number of youths who fuel violence on behalf of the community and to list and recover the weapons circulating in the area.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.

Parastatal/
rebel and
opposition
group
forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal
of foreign
forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/
organised
crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional
justice
general

No specific mention.

Amnesty/
pardon

No specific mention.

Courts

No specific mention.

Mechanism

No specific mention.

Prisoner
release

No specific mention.

Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	<p>Transitional justice→Reparations→Material reparations Page 2-3: Chapter II: Clauses of the Peace Agreement Section 1: General Commitments to Peace</p> <p>Article 2: Aware that the tensions and conflicts involving members of their respective communities will not immediately end on the date of signature of this Agreement, Determined to work to achieve peace, the parties are jointly committed to ... • Return stolen and identified goods to their properties;</p>
Reconciliation	<p>Page 1, Taking into account the results of previous reconciliation efforts by the State, through the Ministry of Reconciliation and the Mission to Support National Reconciliation, and by the Tabital Pulaku and Guina Dogon associations, as well as many local initiatives;</p> <p>Page 5, Section III: Respect of customs by the communities ... Article 7: The parties call on the State and its partners to build trust between communities and community groups, by increasing inter- and intra-community activities in the area, as well as providing better explanation of the customs on mixing between the communities.</p>

Implementation

UN signatory	No specific mention.
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Other No specific mention.
international
signatory

Referendum No specific mention.
for
agreement

International No specific mention.
mission/
force/similar

Enforcement Pages 2-3,
mechanism

Article 2:

Aware that the tensions and conflicts involving members of their respective communities will not immediately end on the date of signature of this Agreement,

...

- Ensure that the implementation of this Agreement is monitored;
- Disseminate this Agreement within the communities and report regularly to them on its implementation.

Page 6-7,

Chapter III: General Conditions and Recommendations

Article 7:

To ensure the implementation of this commitment, a monitoring committee will be set up. Thirteen (13) members are appointed by consensus, representing the heads of Dogon and Fulani villages affected by the crisis in the Koro area. It will consist of ten (10) heads of villages (5 Dogon and 5 Fulani) and three (03) representatives of the neighbouring communities.

For arbitration purposes in case of any breach, reference will be made to persons involved in the process and to representatives of the State (Prefect, sub-prefect) and elected officials (mayors, the president of the district council). The mission of this monitoring committee is:

- Regularly update parties on the progress of the implementation of the commitments made under this Agreement to increase its scope;
- Prevent and resolve disputes between parties that may lead to this Agreement being disregarded. A meeting of the members of the committee should be held shortly to reflect on its functioning.

Article 8:

The parties will make every effort to resolve amicably and by negotiation any dispute arising between them, in the spirit of cooperation and friendship which defines this peace agreement. Thus, in case of any failure to comply with this Agreement or in the event of a dispute as to its interpretation, the parties will make use of the monitoring committee so that an agreed solution is identified and implemented.

Article 9:

In the event of any failure to comply with this Agreement, the monitoring committee will propose a series of sanctions. These sanctions established in advance will be communicated to the relevant persons involved in the process for assessment, and if necessary to the state authorities.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

Available at: <https://www.hdcentre.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/08/accord-de-paix-entre-les-communaut%C3%A9s-Dogon-et-Peulh-du-cercle-de-Koro-28-ao%C3%BBt-2018.pdf>
