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**Country/entity** Central African Republic

**Region** Africa (excl MENA)

**Agreement name** P'Comite de Suivi de la Accord de Paix et de Reconciliation Bangassou

**Date** 29 Nov 2018

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/local conflict

level

# Central African Republic Conflicts (1996 - )

The Central African Republic conflict is one of a set of regionally connected conflicts addressed by the African Great Lakes process. After the country gained independence from France in 1960 it has been ruled by a sequence of autocratic leaders that principally gained power through coups. Since the mid-1990s several waves of internal conflict took place in the Central African Republic, primarily along tribal, and later-on increasingly sectarian, lines. In 1996 and 1997, French troops and soldiers from neighbouring countries intervened to end a mutiny in the capital, Bangui, by factions of the army. The fighting was predominantly along tribal lines, with southern tribes in revolt against the 'northern' government. A UN mission was installed in 1998 to secure the truce. After General Bozizé took control of the country after several coup attempts in 2003, a 'bush war' began led by armed opposition forces. From late 2006 onward, government troops with French military support severely weakened the rebels. Following this, a number of agreements were signed during 2007-2008, but not all factions have accepted them. In 2011, Bozizé was re-elected in supposedly fraudulent elections, which resulted in a new wave of uprisings. Séléka, an alliance of northern rebel groups, took over parts of the country and forced Bozizé to agree to a power-sharing deal. However, after this agreement broke down, Séléka took control of Bangui and Bozizé had to flee the country in 2013. Leader of Séléka, Michel Djotodia, took office and officially disbanded Séléka. However, continual violence between ex-Séléka groups and opposing militias, collectively known as 'anti-balaka', persisted and Djotodia was forced to resign less than a year later. Catherine Samba-Panza was installed as interim president until Faustin Archange Touadéra was elected in January 2016. In February 2019 an agreement was signed between the government and fourteen armed groups, including ex-Seleka groups, committed to disarmament. However, violence between ex-Seleka groups and anti-balaka continues.

Close

Central African Republic Conflicts (1996 -

)

Stage Implementation/renegotiation

Conflict nature Inter-group

**Peace process** CAR: Local Processes

**Parties** The deputy prefect of Bangassou

Third parties -

**Description** The agreement is a summary of meetings of the monitoring committee that is overseeing

an agreement to re-establish peace in Bangassou. The summary was prepared by the

deputy prefect of Banassou.

**Agreement** CF\_181129\_PComite\_de\_Suivi\_de\_LAccord\_de\_Paix\_et\_de\_Reconciliation\_Bangassou\_tr.pdf

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document (original (opens in new tab)

language)

# Groups

**Children/youth** Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical

Page 1

All interventions from the sages, the women, the young, the former self-defense members, the governors and the pastors of the 3rd district, and the economic operators, made it clear that the principle of returning those displaced, is accepted by all, and it would be advisable to recommend to the Government of the Central African Republic, to MINUSCA, and to the International Organization of Migration (IOM), the implementation of the accompanying measures. These will ensure the peaceful return of those displaced to their neighborhood of origin, the 3rd arrondissement of TOKOYO.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** Groups→Religious groups→Rhetorical

Page 1

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**Indigenous people** Groups→Indigenous people→Rhetorical

Page 1

In the meantime, the Monitoring Committee will fix a day when all the displaced, the authorities, MINUSCA, and partners of the indigenous population of the 3rd district can meet to clean up the properties of those displaced to Tokoyo. Participants also wished to spread awareness in both communities of any changes in language and behavior that may create tensions. In addition, they requested the government and MINUSCA to reopen the Bangassou - Bambari road. If by the end of the month of December 2018 nothing is done the population will take responsibility to secure their own future.

# Other groups

No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced** Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

persons

The specific objective of these meetings was to ask the opinion of everyone on the issue of returning displaced persons to the displaced persons site of the small seminar in Tokoyo, as well as returning the Central African refugees from Nduh who seek to go back to the city of Bangassou.

# Page 1

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As MINUSCA is an essential partner in this process of relocation of displaced persons, the MINUSCA Bangassou office should make a plea to their humanitarian partners to come to the immediate relief of the displaced, by providing them with the necessary means to resettle with dignity In the various interventions of the participants, the question of reopening the prison was raised, which could contribute to improving the climate of mistrust between the communities, as well as strengthening the effectiveness of the Internal Security Forces (FSI) in maintaining order in the city and eradicating juvenile delinquency.

# **Social class**

No specific mention.

# Gender

Women, girls and

Page 1

gender

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to their neighborhood of origin, the 3rd arrondissement of TOKOYO.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

**LGBTI** 

No specific mention.

**Family** 

No specific mention.

# State definition

**Nature of state** 

No specific mention.

(general)

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

Referendum

No specific mention.

**State symbols** 

No specific mention.

Independence/ secession

No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

**Cross-border** 

No specific mention.

provision

### Governance

Political

No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

**Elections** 

No specific mention.

Electoral

commission

No specific mention.

Political parties reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** 

No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

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Public

administration

No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

**Power sharing** 

Political power sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

No specific mention.

sharing

# **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

**Socio-economic** 

No specific mention.

rights

# **Rights related issues**

Citizenship No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

**Detention** 

procedures

No specific mention.

**Media** and

communication

No specific mention.

**Mobility/access** 

No specific mention.

**Protection** measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

# **Rights institutions**

NHRI No specific mention.

**Regional or** international No specific mention.

human rights institutions

## **Justice sector reform**

**Criminal justice and** No specific mention. **emergency law** 

**State of emergency** No specific mention. **provisions** 

# Judiciary and

Page 1

courts

Furthermore, the Monitoring Committee urges the political and administrative authorities, the judicial authorities, and the defense and security forces to ensure the safety of those returned in their original neighborhoods. This will consolidate peace, social cohesion, and cohabitation and aid in the socio-economic rise of the city of Bangassou and the Prefecture of Mbomou.

# Prisons and detention

Page 1

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delinquency.

**Traditional Laws** 

No specific mention.

## **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socioeconomic development

Page 1

As part of its activities to implement the recommendations of 09 April and 05 June to reestablish peace, social cohesion, cohabitation, and to aid the socio-economic recovery of the city of Bangassou as well as the prefecture Mbomou;

Page 1

Furthermore, the Monitoring Committee urges the political and administrative authorities, the judicial authorities, and the defense and security forces to ensure the safety of those returned in their original neighborhoods. This will consolidate peace, social cohesion, and cohabitation and aid in the socio-economic rise of the city of Bangassou and the Prefecture of Mbomou.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance

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plan

**National economic** No specific mention.

**Natural resources** No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

# Land, property and environment

**Land reform/rights** No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ No specific mention. nomadism rights

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

# **Security sector**

**Security Guarantees** 

No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

**Police** 

No specific mention.

**Armed forces** 

Page 1-2

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delinquency.

**DDR** 

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

**Drugs** 

No specific mention.

Terrorism

No specific mention.

# **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** No specific mention.

# Implementation

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

**Other international** No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for

No specific mention.

agreement

# International mission/force/ similar

# Page 1

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# Enforcement mechanism

The entire agreement is a report from a monitoring committee set up to implement prior recommendations to re-establish peace.

# **Related cases**

No specific mention.

# Source

Agreement on file with author.