

**Country/entity** South Sudan

**Region** Africa (excl MENA)

**Agreement name** Agreement on the Demands of the Equatoria Non-Allied Force (ENAF) Yei State Government NSS/ISB and EPC Peace Desk and Communique

**Date** 18 Feb 2019

**Agreement status** Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim arrangement** Yes

**Agreement/conflict level** Intrastate/local conflict

### **Sudan Conflicts (1955 - )**

Agreements relate to several distinct dyads, and also the negotiated independence of South Sudan, and subsequent internal conflict in South Sudan. Sudan-South Sudan. The long-standing conflict between the north and the south of the country dates back to colonial times, where the British introduced a so-called 'Southern Policy', severely hampering population movements between these big regions. Immediately after gaining independence in 1956, southern movements started to fight for independence; this fight became professionalised in 1983 with the foundation of the soon internationally supported Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA). When the Islamic Front government introduced strict sharia laws in the south after it took over power in 1988 the war intensified. A decade later, the military situation reached a stalemate, enabling internationally facilitated peace negotiations to begin in 1997. After more fighting, a final negotiation push began in 2002, leading to the signing of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement (CPA) in January 2005.

Sudan-South Sudan post referendum. South Sudan became independent in July 2011; since then, relations between the two countries are complicated and violent conflict led by the SPLM (North) in the Sudanese Nuba mountains region has since intensified.

Darfur. Other long-standing violent conflicts are in the east and the west of the country. In the east, the Beja Congress, established in 1957, is the spearhead of a currently 'peaceful' opposition movement. In the west, the violent conflict in Darfur intensified in the early 2000s and rapidly gained international attention, even resulting in genocide charges against leading figures of the Sudanese government. The situation on the ground is complex, with over a dozen organisations (most notably the Sudanese Liberation Movement and the Justice and Equality Movement) fighting the Sudanese government and allied groups like the Janjaweed – although all parties have switched sides on numerous occasions. Several mediation attempts have not been successful, due to the shaky commitment of the Sudanese central government and the distrust among the armed opposition.

South Sudan - internal

In December 2013, after president Salva Kiir accused opposition leader Riek Machar of attempting a coup, violent conflict broke out between government forces of the SPLM/A and anti-governmental groups. In addition, several other political militias as well as communal militias have joined the conflict. In 2015 the Agreement on the Resolution of the Conflict in South Sudan (ARCSS) was signed. Due to unsuccessful implementation the agreement was revitalized in 2018. In September 2019, Kiir and Machar agreed to establish a power-sharing government after struggles on forming a unity transitional government.

Close

Sudan Conflicts (1955 - )

**Stage** Framework/substantive - partial

**Conflict nature** Inter-group

<b>Peace process</b>	South Sudan: Post-secession Local agreements
<b>Parties</b>	<p>Main Agreement:  The Transitional Government of the Republic of South Sudan led by Maj. Gen Joseph Buong Anyardit  The Equitoria Non-Allied Force led by Maj. Gen. Yanga Moses Yona</p> <p>Communiqué:  The Transitional Government of the Republic of South Sudan led by Maj. Gen Joseph Buong Anyardit  The Equitoria Non-Allied Force led by Maj. Gen. Yanga Moses Yona</p>
<b>Third parties</b>	<p>Main Agreement:  Arch-Bishop Elias Taban Parangi  Hon Emmanuel Adil Anthony</p> <p>Communiqué  Arch-Bishop Elias Taban Parangi</p>
<b>Description</b>	Areement between the government of South Sudan and the ENAF, a breakaway faction of the National Salvation Front (NAS) in the Yei River State, with ceasefire and power-sharing provisions, as well as guarantees of the return of IDPs. It comes in two parts: the main agreement, and the supplemental communiqué to the government,.

**Agreement document**      [SS\\_190218\\_Agreement on the Demands of the Equatoria Non-Allied Force \(ENAF\) Yei State Government NSS-ISB and EPC Peace Desk.pdf \(opens in new tab\) | Download PDF](#)

**Groups**

**Children/youth**      Groups→Children/youth→Substantive  
Page 6: On repatriation of Yei River State’s citizens from the refugee and the internally displaced camps to their original settlements, it is agreed that:  
...  
The elderly, children and the disabled shall be demobilized to the DDR Commission though States linkages.

**Disabled persons**      Groups→Disabled persons→Substantive  
Page 6: On repatriation of Yei River State’s citizens from the refugee and the internally displaced camps to their original settlements, it is agreed that:  
...  
The elderly, children and the disabled shall be demobilized to the DDR Commission though States linkages.

<b>Elderly/age</b>	<p>Groups→Elderly/age→Substantive</p> <p>Page 6: On repatriation of Yei River State’s citizens from the refugee and the internally displaced camps to their original settlements, it is agreed that:</p> <p>...</p> <p>The elderly, children and the disabled shall be demobilized to the DDR Commission through States linkages.</p>
<b>Migrant workers</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Racial/ethnic/ national group</b>	<p>Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Substantive</p> <p>Page 4: On protection of Civilians, Refugees, Returnees and IDPs in Yei River State, it is resolved that;</p> <p>...</p> <p>The trend of targeted killing and labelling of civilians on the basis of ethnicity and affiliation to rebels or any other form of harassment must stop upon signing of this agreement.</p>
<b>Religious groups</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Indigenous people</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Other groups</b>	No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced persons** Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Rhetorical  
Page 2: The Preamble  
...  
Mindful of the tragic conditions facing thousands of our people in refugee and Internal Displaced Camps;  
Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive  
Page 4: On protection of Civilians, Refugees, Returnees and IDPs in Yei River State, it is resolved that;

The Government of the Republic of South Sudan should ensure that the leadership of Yei River State has equal treatment and protection of all citizens of the Republic of South Sudan, Civilians, Refugees, IDPs and Voluntary returnees.

Page 6: On repatriation of Yei River State’s citizens from the refugee and the internally displaced camps to their original settlements, it is agreed that:  
Members of ENAF should be represented in the State RRC so as to mobilize and sensitize the IDP’s and the refugee community for a voluntary return to their various locations in Yei River State.  
The elderly, children and the disabled shall be demobilized to the DDR Commission through States linkages.

Page 10: Communiqué’  
...  
The parties resolved to encourage the voluntary return of refugees and IDP’s

**Social class** No specific mention.

**Gender**

**Women, girls and gender** No specific mention.

**Men and boys** No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

**State definition**

**Nature of state (general)** No specific mention.

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

**Independence/  
secession** No specific mention.

**Accession/  
unification** No specific mention.

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

**Cross-border  
provision** No specific mention.

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## **Governance**

**Political  
institutions (new or  
reformed)** No specific mention.

**Elections** No specific mention.

**Electoral  
commission** No specific mention.

**Political parties  
reform** No specific mention.

**Civil society** No specific mention.

**Traditional/  
religious leaders** No specific mention.

**Public  
administration** No specific mention.

**Constitution** No specific mention.

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**Power sharing**

**Political power sharing**

Power sharing→Political power sharing→General Sub-state level

Page 5: On Power-Sharing between the current Government of Yei River State and Equatoria Non-Allied Forces, it is resolved that:  
The Government shall ensure appropriate political representation of ENAF in the allocation of political portfolios in Yei River State to give confidence to the people of the state.

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Executive coalition Sub-state level

Page 5: On Power-Sharing between the current Government of Yei River State and Equatoria Non-Allied Forces, it is resolved that:  
The Government shall ensure appropriate political representation of ENAF in the allocation of political portfolios in Yei River State to give confidence to the people of the state.

Page 6: On the representation of ENAF in key government sectors to promote unity of purpose in the Republic of South Sudan, it is agreed that:  
Continuity of cordial cooperation and representation of the people of Yei River State in the National Government is guaranteed.

**Territorial power sharing**

No specific mention.



**Economic power sharing**

No specific mention.

**Military power sharing**

Power sharing→Military power sharing→Merger of forces

Page 5: On reconciliation and Healing, the parties resolved that:

There shall be Recognition and Integration of all ENAF to the Ranks and files of the army, National Security Services and other organized forces following SPPDF organizational structure;

There shall be no revenge or an act of reprisal against members who deserted their service for rebellion.

Page 5: On Power-Sharing between the current Government of Yei River State and Equatoria Non-Allied Forces, it is resolved that:

...

Parties agreed for the straightforward integration of more than 750 (seven hundred fifty) ENAF armed combatant's forces under Maj. Gen. Yanga Moses Yona into National Army and other organized forces

The parties agreed that the timeframe for the assembling of forces shall start upon signing of this agreement on 18th February 2019 and ends April 30th 2019.

Page 9: Tentative Implementation Matrix

S/ No: 06

Timeframe: May 20th 2019

Activities: Graduation and Integration of forces

Expected Input: Mobility and Military equipment.

Responsible Body: Army/NSS, Organised forces, Civil Institutions, EPC Peace Desk and partners

## Human rights and equality

**Human rights/RoL general** No specific mention.

**Bill of rights/similar** No specific mention.

**Treaty incorporation** No specific mention.

**Civil and political rights** No specific mention.

**Socio-economic rights** Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Property  
Page 5: On protection of Civilians, Refugees, Returnees and IDPs in Yei River State, it is resolved that;  
...  
The State Government shall return all properties belonging to the members of ENAF faction under Maj. Gen. Yanga Moses Yona that were either confiscated or frozen.

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## Rights related issues

**Citizenship** No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

**Detention procedures** No specific mention.

**Media and communication** No specific mention.

**Mobility/access** No specific mention.

**Protection measures** No specific mention.

**Other** No specific mention.

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## **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

**Regional or international human rights institutions** No specific mention.

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## **Justice sector reform**

**Criminal justice and emergency law** No specific mention.

**State of emergency provisions** No specific mention.

**Judiciary and courts** No specific mention.

**Prisons and detention** No specific mention.

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

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## Socio-economic reconstruction

**Development or socio-economic reconstruction** Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development  
Page 1: The Preamble

...

Committed to the National Dialogue to end the war and to create an atmosphere for Socio-Economic Development;

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance

Page 7: On a spirit for reconciliation and healing in Yei River State,

...

The Parties also agreed that the Evangelical Presbyterian Church Peace Desk in Yei River State under the leadership of Arch-Bishop Elias Taban alongside the Government of Yei River States with the support of HIS Voice Global, Basic Ministries and Water is Basic provides basic services in form of Shelter, food, medicine and water to the ENAF faction under Maj. Gen. Yona from signing this agreement to the graduation of the ENAF.

Page 9: Tentative Implementation Matrix

S/ No: 03

Timeframe: March 5th, 2019 to March 10th 2019

Activities: Provision of logistics

Expected Input: Mobility, Shelter, food, medicine and water

Responsible Body: ENAF the State Governments, army/NSS, EPC Peace Desk and Partners

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction

Page 7: On promotion of development programs in the conflict affected areas in the states, it is resolved that;

Yei River State shall rehabilitate feeder roads to facilitate movement, improve and promote economic recovery of its people.

Yei River State to build a memorial Secondary school in Lainya in recognition of the contribution of Late Dr. Samson Kwaje Lukare.

**National economic plan** No specific mention.

**Natural resources** No specific mention.

**International funds** No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

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**Land, property and environment**

**Land reform/rights** No specific mention.

**Pastoralist/  
nomadism rights** No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** No specific mention.

**Water or riparian  
rights or access** No specific mention.

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## **Security sector**

### **Security Guarantees**

No specific mention.

### **Ceasefire**

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

Page 4: On the Observations of Ceasefire in Yei River States the parties resolved that:

The Government of the Republic of South Sudan to observe ceasefire in Yei River State in order to allow ENAF to pre-assemble their forces in Lainya.

Page 9: Tentative Implementation Matrix

S/ No: 01

Timeframe: Effective February 18, 2019

Activities: Declaration of ceasefire effective February 18th 2019

Expected Input: Ceasefire is observed and Freedom of movement and arrival of ENAF forces

Responsible Body: ENAF faction, the State Governments NSS/Army and EPC Peace desk

Page 10: Communiqué'

The government of the Republic of South Sudan (GRSS) represented by Maj. Gen Joseph Buong Anyardit and the Equitoria Non Allied Force (ENAF) represented by Maj. Gen Yanga Moses Yona (hereinafter referred to as the Parties) having met in a negotiation under the auspices of the Evangelical Presbyterian Church Peace Desk in Yei River State in the person of Arch-Bishop Elias Taban Parangi from February 17, 2019 through February 18th 2019 on the theme of Cessations of Hostilities, Permanent Ceasefire, the assembly area and its security and the National Dialogue, the meeting led to the following key resolutions:

ENAF agreed to declare permanent ceasefire effective February 18th 2019 at 23:59 pm South Sudan local time.

The parties re-affirm their commitment to continue working closely together to enhance cooperation and coordination of efforts on ending suffering of the people of Yei River State in particular and South Sudan at large through cessation of all hostilities

### **Police**

No specific mention.

### **Armed forces**

No specific mention.

### **DDR**

No specific mention.

**Intelligence services** No specific mention.

**Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces** No specific mention.

**Withdrawal of foreign forces** No specific mention.

**Corruption** No specific mention.

**Crime/organised crime** No specific mention.

**Drugs** No specific mention.

**Terrorism** No specific mention.

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## **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice general** No specific mention.

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** Page 5: On reconciliation and Healing, the parties resolved that:  
There shall be Recognition and Integration of all ENAF to the Ranks and files of the army, National Security Services and other organized forces following SPPDF organizational structure;  
There shall be no revenge or an act of reprisal against members who deserted their service for rebellion.

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## **Implementation**

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

**Other international signatory** No specific mention.

**Referendum for agreement** No specific mention.

**International mission/force/similar** No specific mention.



<b>Enforcement mechanism</b>	Page 6: On a spirit for reconciliation and healing in Yei River State, The Parties agreed that the Evangelical Presbyterian Church Peace Desk in Yei River State under the leadership of Arch-Bishop Elias Taban alongside Yei River States leadership with support from HIS Voice Global, Basic Ministries and Water is Basic be guarantors and monitors of the implementation of this agreement.
<b>Related cases</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Source</b>	On file with PI

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