Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/ Mali entity Niger

> Region Africa (excl MENA) Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement Understanding between the Tarbanasa, Ibawen and Targaitamout

name communities in the Tamalet area

Date 28 Apr 2018

Agreement Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/local conflict (Mali - Niger: Local cross-border conflicts Tuareg

conflict level Wars (1962 -))

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict Inter-group

nature

Peace process Mali - Niger: local agreements in border areas

Parties For Tarbanassa and Ibahawan

Oumar Ag Mohamed

For Targaitamout Jikilla Ag Wantacha

Third parties Page 2, untitled preamble: ... representative of the Minister of State, of

Interior, of Public Security, Decentralization, of Customary and Religious
Affairs, assisted by the representative of the High Authority for Peace-building
(HACP) and with the help of the Center For Humanitarian Dialogue. Signed:
Witness organizations or institutions For the witness communities in Mali
Mainy Ould Assalik
For the witness communities in Niger Yahaya
Assoumane
The Deputy / Mayor of Abala Boubacar

Oumarou The Mayor of Anderamboukane Hamad Ahmad AG Mohamad The representative of the interim Authorities of the Ménaka region Algharif AG BIGUI The representative of the High Authority for Peace-building (HACP) Mohamed Ali Mohamed (CT) The representative of the Ministry of State, of Interior, Security, Public, Decentralization, Customary and Religious

Affairs Mohamed Mahamadou (CT)

Description After a series of thefts and conflicts over water and pastoralist-related land

resources, the communities agree to form a monitoring committee, to eradicate theft/looting, to jointly manage access to water sources, and to

strengthen traditional local authorities.

Agreement ML_NE_180428_Understanding between the Tarbanasa Ibawen and Targaitamout document communities in the Tamalet area_tr.pdf □ | Download PDF

Agreement document (original language) ML_NE_180428_Understanding between the Tarbanasa, Ibawen and Targaitamout communities in the Tamalet area.pdf | Download PDF

Groups

youth

persons

national group

Children/ No specific mention.

Disabled No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant No specific mention. workers

Racial/ No specific mention. ethnic/

Religious No specific mention. groups

Indigenous No specific mention. people

Other No specific mention. groups

Refugees/ No specific mention. displaced persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

No specific mention.

Men and

No specific mention.

boys

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of

No specific mention.

state (general)

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border No specific mention.

delimitation

Crossborder

provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political

No specific mention.

institutions (new or

Elections

reformed)

No specific mention.

Electoral commission

No specific mention.

COMMISSION

Political No specific mention.

parties reform

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ Page 3: religious Article 5:

leaders As part of the resolution of inter and intra-communal conflicts, the three

communities commit to putting the Kadis, traditional authorities, and communities at the center of the prevention and management of their conflicts.

The leaders of the three communities commit themselves to sincere neutrality and dedicate themselves to peace.

Page 5:

Section III: Respect for customs and traditions by the different communities

Article 11:

In this area, some communities continue to function as in the past. Today, technology and change of perception and behavior have arrived in the most remote corners of our countries. The technical and financial partners and the States of Mali and Niger must improve access to education and the servicing of sedentary areas (modern water sources, health centers, electrification, etc.).

Today, traditional leaders, religious leaders, and community leaders have lost all credibility in the area,

The three parties commit to restoring the moral authority of the traditional chiefdom to allow it to play its full role in the appearement of social tensions and in promoting peaceful cohabitation.

Public No specific mention. administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political Power sharing→Political power sharing→General

power Sub-state level

sharing Summary: this local agreement sets up a monitoring committee which also performs some functions of local governance, composed of representatives of the communities which are parties to the agreement.

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Other proportionality Sub-state level

Page 3-4: Article 6:

To monitor the implementation of this agreement, pending installation of the Tamalet municipal authorities, the three parties agree to set up a monitoring committee in the commune of Anderamboukane, whose composition is as follows:

The mayor of the municipality or his representative A representative of the community leaders network

Two representatives of the Targaitamout communities

Two representatives of the Tarbanassa and Ibahawan communities

A representative of the other communities in Mali,

A representative of the other communities of Niger

A representative of the commune of Abala

A representative of the municipality of Tillia

A young representative of the Arab community in the border area

A young representative of the Peulh community in the border area

The mission of this committee is to:

Monitor the implementation of the reconciliation agreement signed by the three parties

Prevent and manage conflicts that may arise between communities in the area

Support communities in the search and return of animals that are stolen or lost.

For the resolution of conflicts, the three parties commit to banishing all forms of revenge and to refer instead to the committee any inter or intra-communal conflict to be resolved.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic No specific mention. power sharing

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human No specific mention.

rights/RoL general

Bill of

No specific mention.

rights/ similar

Treaty No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political rights

No specific mention.

Socioeconomic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and No specific mention. communication

Mobility/ access No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or Ninternational human rights

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

institutions

Criminal justice and

emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency

No specific mention.

provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts

Prisons and No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Page 3: Laws Article 5:

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The leaders of the three communities commit themselves to sincere

neutrality and dedicate themselves to peace.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socio- reconstruction→Socio-economic development

economic Page 3: reconstruction Article 3:

For a more peaceful coexistence, the three parties ask the States of Mali

and Niger to help them by

carrying out income-generating activities (IGAs) and employment for the

benefit of young people

(livestock trade, transport, ...), training which could lead to young people

learning trades, and

facilitating the installation of local finance institutions

National economic

No specific mention.

plan

Natural No specific mention.

resources

International No specific mention.

funds

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks

Socio-economic reconstruction→Banks→Personal or commercial banking

Page 3: Article 3:

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Land, property and environment

Land reform/ rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism

rights

Page 4-5:

Section II: Access to pastoral resources (especially water sources)

Article 7:

Apart from theft and looting of cattle, exclusion from access to water sources is one of the major causes of conflicts in the area.

The three parties ask the States of Mali and Niger and the partners to help the communities by building modern water sources.

Livestock feed stores should be established to reduce conflicts around pasturing of fields during the off-season.

The parties ask the States and their partners to organize training and awareness-raising campaigns around the peaceful use of pastoral resources and coexistence.

Article 8:

For access to water sources, livestock breeders must apply to the committees or traditional authorities responsible for the management of said sources. They must strictly observe the rules or conventions regulating access to these water sources.

Article 9:

The State of Mali must organize campaigns to raise awareness of the pastoral charter and promote local conventions for the management of pastoral resources. The revitalization of traditional space management mechanisms will be an important tool in the peaceful use of pastoral resources

Article 10:

To combat animal diseases prevalent in the area, the States of Mali and Niger must make veterinary products available and train veterinarians throughout the area.

Cultural heritage Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Intangible

Page 5:

Section III: Respect for customs and traditions by the different communities

Article 11:

In this area, some communities continue to function as in the past. Today, technology and change of perception and behavior have arrived in the most remote corners of our countries. The technical and financial partners and the States of Mali and Niger must improve access to education and the servicing of sedentary areas (modern water sources, health centers, electrification, etc.).

Today, traditional leaders, religious leaders, and community leaders have lost all credibility in the area,

The three parties commit to restoring the moral authority of the traditional chiefdom to allow it to play its full role in the appearament of social tensions and in promoting peaceful cohabitation.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or

Page 4:

riparian

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rights or

access Article 7:

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Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

Page 2-3:

CHAPTER II: Agreements between the communities in conflict

Section I: theft / looting of Livestock

ARTICLE 1:

Through this agreement and within the framework of peaceful coexistence, the three communities commit to:

Ceasing all confrontation for any reason whatsoever,

Firmly condemning acts of aggression

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

Page 3: Article 4:

The communities ask the State of Mali to accelerate the implementation of the Algiers agreement by carrying out the Demobilization, Disarmament, and Reintegration (DDR) process. DDR makes it possible to identify and recover

any weapons circulating in the area.

Intelligence No specific mention.

services

Parastatal/ rebel and

No specific mention.

opposition group forces

Withdrawal

No specific mention.

of foreign forces

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/

Page 2-3:

organised crime

CHAPTER II: Agreements between the communities in conflict

Section I: theft / looting of Livestock

ARTICLE 1:

Through this agreement and within the framework of peaceful coexistence, the three communities commit to:

Ceasing all confrontation for any reason whatsoever, Firmly condemning acts of aggression Pro-actively eradicating theft / looting of livestock from any party and throughout the border area (especially the Tamalet area). Article 2:

To eradicate the theft / looting of livestock (which poisons relations between populations), the three communities commit to identifying and denouncing to the authorities of Mali and Niger, thieves, and / or all those who stir up tensions between the communities.

In the process of identifying and denouncing thieves, community leaders must try to avoid confusing themselves: a thief does not represent their family or their community.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention.

justice general

Amnesty/

No specific mention.

pardon

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner

No specific mention.

release

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons

No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other No specific mention.

international signatory

Referendum No specific mention.

for

agreement

International No specific mention.

mission/ force/similar Enforcement No specific mention. mechanism

Related

No specific mention.

cases

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Accord-Daoussahaq-Imajgan-avril-2018.pdf (Accessed on 1/4/2020).