### Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Myanmar

**Region** Asia and Pacific

**Agreement name** Union Accord Part II (Pyidaungsu Accord)

**Date** 16 Jul 2018

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

**Agreement/conflict** Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Myanmar Conflict (1948 - )

Internal conflict, mostly along ethno-political fault lines, has been a constant feature of Myanmar since its independence in 1948. The conflict has two distinct dynamics. First a struggle between an authoritarian government and a pro-democracy opposition which has the characteristics of authoritarian conflicts; and second a stuggle between the government and ethnic armed groups which has the characteristics of an identity conflict. The two oldest and strongest militias fighting the government are the Karen National Union (KNU), which has remained active since the late 1940s, and the Kachin Independence Organisation, which was formed in the early 1960s. In total, here are more than a dozen mostly ethnic-based guerrilla groups active throughout the country. Especially in the period of junta dictatorship that lasted until 2011 the government attempted to crush the rebellions, which led to numerous human rights violations. With the start of democratic reforms in the aftermath of the 2010 elections, peace negotiations have taken place and resulted in the signing of various agreements, although conflicts remain active.

Close

Myanmar Conflict (1948 -

)

**Stage** Framework/substantive - partial

**Conflict nature** Government/territory

**Peace process** Myanmar 21st Century Panglong Process

Parties	Signed
	Dr. Tin Myo Win
	Representative of the Government Group
	U Aung Soe
	Representative of the Hluttaw Group
	Maj-Gen San Myint
	Representative of the Tatmadaw Group
	Dr. Salai Lian Hmun Sakhong
	Representative of the Ethnic Armed Organisations Group
	U Thu Wai

Representative of the Political Parties Group

Third parties	Witnesses:
	U Htone Phoo Dagon
	Ethnic Representative, Government Group
	U Kyaw Win
	Relevant Representative of the Government Group
	Nan Say Awa
	Ethnic Representative Ethnic Armed Organisations Group
	U Hla Kyaw Aung
	Relevant Representative of the Ethnic Armed Organisations Group
	Nan Kham Ohn
	Ethnic Representative, Political Parties Group
	Tar Myint Kyaw

Relevant Representative of the Political Parties Group

Description

This agreement is the outcome of the sessions of the 21st Century Panglong conference, which was set up to develop the peace process with the ethnic armed organisations in Myanmar. The conference was intended as all-inclusive but did not include all armed organisations. The negotiating sides for this agreement thus do not encompass the entire conflict system in Myanmar. The agreement itself is quite general, with commitments to democracy, federalism, and inclusion. Importantly, the agreement sets a goal of 30% representation of women in important sectors, and sets a commitment to prevent gender-based violence and to support gender equality. The principles of equality and inclusion are extended to issues of socio-economic development, with a focus on age equality, children's rights. The agreement also limits land ownership to citizens only.

Agreement document

MM\_180716\_Union Accord Part II.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement document (original

MM\_180716\_Union Accord Part II\_Bu.pdf (opens in new tab)

language)

#### Groups

### Children/youth

Groups→Children/youth→Substantive

Page 2:

Addendum (c)

Social sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

[...]

2. Establish an education system that is accessible by all and is all-inclusive.

[...]

4. Enact laws that provide rights of the handicapped persons, children, elders, expecting mothers.

[...]

7. Set up and conduct programs to ensure children's rights, abide by the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child for all-round development of children and eliminate Six Grave Violations against children.

### **Disabled persons**

Groups→Disabled persons→Substantive

Page 2:

Addendum (c)

Social sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

[...]

4. Enact laws that provide rights of the handicapped persons, children, elders, expecting mothers.

**Elderly/age** Groups→Elderly/age→Substantive

Page 2:

Addendum (c)

Social sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

[...]

4. Enact laws that provide rights of the handicapped persons, children, elders, expecting

mothers.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced** Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Other

**persons** Page 2:

Addendum (c)

Social sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

1. In the decision-making stages of conducting resettlement, redevelopment and social

development matters, attempts must be made towards having women participation of at

least 30 per cent.

**Social class** No specific mention.

#### Gender

Women, girls and gender

Page 1-2:

Addendum (a)

Political sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018) Gender equality

- 1. In establishing a Union based on democracy and federal system, no citizen of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar must be treated differently based on gender difference and policy must be established for equality.
- 2. A minimum of 30 percent involvement of women in each sector is to be encouraged.
- 3. In establishing a Union based on democracy and federal system, the Republic of the Union of Myanmar is to establish and implement policies that prevent gender-based violence.
- 4. Increase the capability of women to support gender equality.

Page 2:

Addendum (c)

Social sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

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[...]

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Men and boys

No specific mention.

**LGBTI** 

No specific mention.

Family

## **State definition**

# Nature of state (general)

Page 1:

1. Aiming toward non-disintegration of the Union, non-disintegration of national solidarity and perpetuation of sovereignty, based on freedom, equality and justice and in accordance with the Panglong spirit, the Third Session of the Union Peace Conference-21st Century Panglong was held in Nay Pyi Taw from 11 to 16 July 2018 to establish a Union based on democracy and federal system that assures democracy, national equality and self-determination rights, founded according to the outcomes of the political discussions.

Page 1-2: Addendum (a)

Political sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018) Gender equality

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[...]

3. In establishing a Union based on democracy and federal system, the Republic of the Union of Myanmar is to establish and implement policies that prevent gender-based violence.

### **State configuration** Page 1:

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[...]

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### **Self determination** Page 1:

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**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/ unification

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

**Cross-border** 

No specific mention.

provision

#### Governance

**Political** No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

**Elections** No specific mention.

**Electoral** commission No specific mention.

**Political parties** 

reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

**Public** No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

### **Power sharing**

# Political power sharing

No specific mention.

# Territorial power sharing

Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Federal or similar sub-divided government Page 1:

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[...]

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# Economic power sharing

Power sharing→Economic power sharing→Fiscal federalism

Page 2:

Addendum (b)

Economic sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

Region/State governments have the right to draw up and implement economic projects that benefit the people. In drawing up the projects, it is to be in accord with the Union economic development policies and projects, and consideration must be made toward not adversely affect the adjacent states and regions.

# Military power sharing

## **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

Page 2:

incorporation

Addendum (c)

Social sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

[...]

7. Set up and conduct programs to ensure children's rights, abide by the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child for all-round development of children and eliminate Six Grave Violations against children.

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

rights

#### **Rights related issues**

**Citizenship** No specific mention.

### **Democracy** Page 1:

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- 3. In establishing a Union based on democracy and federal system, the Republic of the Union of Myanmar is to establish and implement policies that prevent gender-based violence.
- 4. Increase the capability of women to support gender equality.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

No specific mention.

**Mobility/access** No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

**Other** No specific mention.

## **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

Regional or international

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

### **Justice sector reform**

**Criminal justice and** No specific mention. **emergency law** 

**State of emergency** No specific mention. **provisions** 

**Judiciary and** 

No specific mention.

courts

**Prisons and** 

No specific mention.

detention

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

## **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socioeconomic development

Page 2:

Addendum (b)

Economic sector basic principle agreement

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Page 2:

Addendum (c)

Social sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

- 1. In the decision-making stages of conducting resettlement, redevelopment and social development matters, attempts must be made towards having women participation of at least 30 per cent.
- 2. Establish an education system that is accessible by all and is all-inclusive.
- 3. Establish a universal health coverage system that is accessible by all and is allinclusive.

[...]

5.To widely consider and include the concept of social cohesion in conducting social development matters.

plan

National economic No specific mention.

**Natural resources** No specific mention.

**International funds** No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention. **Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

### Land, property and environment

**Land reform/rights** Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Land reform and management Page 2-3:

Addendum (d)

Land and environment sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

Preventive arrangements

1. Only citizens can own land in the country, and foreigners and illegal settlers must not own it directly or indirectly

Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Other land rights Page 2-3:

Addendum (d)

Land and environment sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

Preventive arrangements

1. Only citizens can own land in the country, and foreigners and illegal settlers must not own it directly or indirectly

2.In conducting and implementing land-use project work, assessments must be made not to damage the natural environment, not to have social effect, not to have health effect and to conduct coordination work with the local people.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** Page 2-3:

Addendum (d)

Land and environment sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

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2.In conducting and implementing land-use project work, assessments must be made not to damage the natural environment, not to have social effect, not to have health

effect and to conduct coordination work with the local people.

Water or riparian rights or access

No specific mention.

**Security sector** 

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

**Ceasefire** No specific mention.

**Police** No specific mention.

**Armed forces** No specific mention.

**DDR** No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

**Corruption** No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

**Drugs** Page 2:

Addendum (c)

Social sector basic principle agreement

(16 July 2018)

[...]

6. Establish and conduct effective policies against harm reduction, treatment and

reintegration of drugs and psychotropic substances usage.

**Terrorism** No specific mention.

## **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** No specific mention.

## Implementation

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

**Related cases** 

No specific mention.

Source

Available from http://www.myanmar-embassy-tokyo.net/2018/Doc/14-points-upc.pdf

(accessed on June 2nd 2022).