Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Syria

Region Middle East and North Africa

Agreement name Final signed agreement for al-Waer

Date 13 Mar 2017

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/local conflict

level

Syrian Conflicts (1948 -) (1976 - 2005) (2011 -)

The agreements relate to three different conflict contexts. Israel-Syria and Syria-Lebanon. The Syrian-Israeli conflict was a key factor for the Syrian intervention during the Lebanese Civil War, with Syrian-backed Palestinian Liberation Army units intervened in 1976 against the Palestinian/Leftist militias. Following a massacre at Tel al-Zaatar that year, Syria was forced to accept a ceasefire at a meeting of the Arab League. However, the Arab League also mandated an Arab Deterrence Force, consisting of mostly Syrian soldiers with token contributions from other Arab League states, thus further legitimizing the Syrian presence in Lebanon. During a second bout of fighting that began in 1989, caused by the formation of rival Lebanese regimes in East and West Beirut, the Syrian-backed regime won and in 1991 the 'Treaty of Brotherhood, Cooperation and Coordination' was signed to legalize the Syrian occupation as a means to ensure the security of Syria. Syrian forces were forced to withdraw in 2005 following possible involvement in the assassination of Lebanon's President Hariri.

Syria-internal. In 2011, domestic upheaval following a wave of protests across the Arab World soon led to violent repression of protestors by Syrian government troops. The violence progressed steadily and by July 2011 the Free Syrian Army (FSA) was formed consisting of defected military units and new recruits. The FSA and rebel umbrella group known as the Syrian National Council represented the first attempt at coordinating rebel factions in late 2011. However, a steady influx of foreign fighters and increased sectarianism radicalised opposition groups, which relied on foreign funding. The nature of the conflict changed drastically in late 2013 as infighting among the opposition groups increased. One of the more significant developments was the split between the al-Qaeda outfits the Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIL, ISIS), and Jabhat al-Nusra in early 2014 in addition to the intensified targeting of other rebel factions by ISIS fighters in particular, including the Kurdish Peshmerga, the FSA and other jihadist outfits. Since the summer of 2014, the conflict was further internationalized when ISIS announced the formation of an Islamic state eroding the state line between Iraq and Syria and also in mid-2015 when Russian forces intervened on behalf of the Bashar al-Assad government in Damascus.

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Close
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Syrian Conflicts (1948 - ) (1976 - 2005) (2011 - )
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Stage Ceasefire/related

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Intra-Syrian Process (state/non-state)

Parties Representatives of al-Waer Neighbourhood

Representatives of the Security Committee in Homs Governorate

The Russian side

Third parties -

Description Final agreement of a long negotiation process for al-Waer neighbourhood in the city of

Homs. The agreement provides for the renewal of a ceasefire, a settlement programme that includes DDR and an amnesty for defectors of the Syrian army. The agreement also organises the evacuation of opposition fighters under the supervision of the Russian

army, and includes the lifting of checkpoints.

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document PDF

Agreement SY_170313_Final signed agreement for al-Waer.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Anti-discrimination

national group Page 2,

10. No innocent person shall be arrested because of kinship.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

 $\textbf{Refugees/displaced} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

commission

No specific mention.

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

administration

Page 1, 2. Settlement process:

E – The status of employees and students will be settled by the authorities concerned with their affairs.

Page 2,

8. Reactivating the public facilities, starting with their preparation, opening the roads leading to them, and securing them by the Homs Governorate, in coordination with al-Waer neighbourhood committee.

9. A committee shall be formed to preserve the property and documents of the justice palace [the court] and hand it over to the Governor of Homs or his representative upon entering al-Waer neighbourhood.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

No specific mention.

Military power

No specific mention.

sharing

sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access

Page 2,

6. Opening the crossings:

A - The Mohandesin roundabout crossing will be opened in both directions (for pedestrians only) after the first batch of militants leave.

B – Food and goods normally enter after the first batch of militants have left.

- 7. The issue of ensuring the security of civilians in al-Waer neighbourhood is the responsibility of the general intelligence branch and the civil police in coordination with the Russian military police to preserve citizens' property and secure crossings entry and exit for citizens (from and to) al-Waer neighbourhood. The Homs security committee ensures that no other party enters al-Waer neighbourhood.
- 8. Reactivating the public facilities, starting with their preparation, opening the roads leading to them, and securing them by the Homs Governorate, in coordination with al-Waer neighbourhood committee.

Protection

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians

measures

Page 2,

7. The issue of ensuring the security of civilians in al-Waer neighbourhood is the responsibility of the general intelligence branch and the civil police in coordination with the Russian military police to preserve citizens' property and secure crossings entry and exit for citizens (from and to) al-Waer neighbourhood. The Homs security committee

ensures that no other party enters al-Waer neighbourhood.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

courts

No specific mention.

Prisons and

detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction

reconstruction

Page 2,

8. Reactivating the public facilities, starting with their preparation, opening the roads leading to them, and securing them by the Homs Governorate, in coordination with al-

Waer neighbourhood committee.

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security

Guarantees

Page 1,

C – The Syrian forces and the Russian forces bear full responsibility for the safety of those leaving the neighbourhood.

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Page 2,

7. The issue of ensuring the security of civilians in al-Waer neighbourhood is the responsibility of the general intelligence branch and the civil police in coordination with the Russian military police to preserve citizens' property and secure crossings entry and exit for citizens (from and to) al-Waer neighbourhood. The Homs security committee

ensures that no other party enters al-Waer neighbourhood.

Ceasefire Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

1. Continuation of the cease-fire.

Police

Page 2,

5. The 7th Island and al-Waer orchards [two neighbourhoods in al-Waer] will be fully received simultaneously with the exit of the last batch of militants, with the participation of the Russian military police

Page 2,

7. The issue of ensuring the security of civilians in al-Waer neighbourhood is the responsibility of the general intelligence branch and the civil police in coordination with the Russian military police to preserve citizens' property and secure crossings entry and exit for citizens (from and to) al-Waer neighbourhood. The Homs security committee ensures that no other party enters al-Waer neighbourhood.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions

Page 1,

2. Settlement process:

A – Opening the settlement centre in the Criminal Security Branch in al-Waer neighbourhood and settling the situation (Those who wish) of militants and the rest of the wanted individuals, starting from 12 March 2017, over a period of (24) hours.

B – Every militant who performs the settlement process and does not handover his weapon pledges that he does not own any weapon, and if he is caught possessing a weapon, the settlement will be cancelled, and legal measures will be taken against him.

Intelligence services

Page 2,

7. The issue of ensuring the security of civilians in al-Waer neighbourhood is the responsibility of the general intelligence branch and the civil police in coordination with the Russian military police to preserve citizens' property and secure crossings entry and exit for citizens (from and to) al-Waer neighbourhood. The Homs security committee ensures that no other party enters al-Waer neighbourhood.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

Page 1,

- 3. The process of exit from al-Waer neighbourhood
- A The departure of the first batch of militants is within seven days from the date of signing the agreement, with a number of (1500) people, provided that among them there are (400-500) militants.
- B The exit of the batch will continue on a weekly basis and in the same number until the end of the agreement.
- C The Syrian forces and the Russian forces bear full responsibility for the safety of those leaving the neighbourhood.
- D The exit process is organized to one of the following areas: (Jarablus Idlib the northern countryside of Homs).

Page 2,

5. The 7th Island and al-Waer orchards [two neighbourhoods in al-Waer] will be fully received simultaneously with the exit of the last batch of militants, with the participation of the Russian military police.

Page 2,

- 6. Opening the crossings:
- A The Mohandesin roundabout crossing will be opened in both directions (for pedestrians only) after the first batch of militants leave.
- B Food and goods normally enter after the first batch of militants have left.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice Page 1,

general

A - Opening the settlement centre in the Criminal Security Branch in al-Waer neighbourhood and settling the situation (Those who wish) of militants and the rest of the wanted individuals, starting from 12 March 2017, over a period of (24) hours.

Page 2,

4. A general committee will be formed consisting of representatives (al-Waer neighbourhood committee - Homs' security committee - the Russian side) to supervise the implementation of the settlement and resolve violations.

Amnesty/pardon

Transitional justice→Amnesty/pardon→Relief of other sanctions

Page 1,

F – The conditions of deserters from the Syrian Arab Army are dealt with by placing them in a temporary settlement centre, and they are not subject to any penalty related to their escape until their situation is resolved by returning them to conscription service G – Those who fail to perform conscription service, or reserve service, are given six months to regularize their status.

Page 2,

10. No innocent person shall be arrested because of kinship.

Courts

No specific mention.

Mechanism

No specific mention.

Prisoner release

No specific mention.

Vetting

No specific mention.

Victims

No specific mention.

Missing persons

No specific mention.

Reparations

No specific mention.

Reconciliation

No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international Page 2:

signatory

The Russian side

Referendum for

agreement

No specific mention.

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement

mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases No sp

No specific mention.

Source

http://eprints.lse.ac.uk/113751/1/LASA_four_towns.pdf