## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity	Yemen
Region	Middle East and North Africa
Agreement name	United Nations Initiative for a Two-Month Truce
Date	2 Apr 2022
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes

#### Yemeni Civil Wars (1994) (2011 - )

The Republic of Yemen was formed in May 1990 after the merger between the Yemeni Arab Republic (YAR) in the north and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen (PDRY) in the south. The unification process was rushed and the final agreement between President Ali Abdullah Saleh and President Ali Salem al-Beidh was based on the imperfect promise of equality. Following the merger, integration of the militaries and civil services was at best incomplete or at times entirely non-existent. When Saleh's General Congress Party (GPC) allied itself with the newly created Islamist Islah ('reform') party in 1993, the former ruling party of South Yemen – the Yemen Socialist Party (YSP) – was effectively side-lined in the 1993 General Elections. Violence involving the use of heavy weaponry and aerial bombardment erupted in April 1994 and on the 21 May 1994 Vice President al-Beidh declared the secession of the south, citing political centralization with the northern highland tribes, violence against the YSP and economic discrimination. In the midst of fighting, negotiations in Cairo, Egypt, collapsed. The war ended with the military victory of the north, and on the 1 October 1994, Ali Abdullah Saleh was elected President.

Despite the unification of Yemen in 1990, political power during the 1990s and 2000s remained centralized with the northern highland tribes, particularly the villages from which President Ali Abdullah Saleh and his confidants stemmed. The system of clientelism established through the ruling General People's Congress party maintained relative loyalty among the fractured political allegiances of Yemen's traditional tribal leadership. However, diminishing oil reserves and the shrinking opportunities for access to rent increased economic and political marginalization in Yemen's peripheral communities. The degree of regionalism of conflicts is further defined by other local grievances. In the northern governorate of Sa'dah, a backlash was provoked among the local Zaydi Shi'a against Sunni Salafist cultural incursions resulting in six wars between 2004 and 2010. In the southern governorates of Hadramawt, Shabwa, al-Dhali and Abyan, civil and military personnel forcibly retired after the 1994 Civil War began protesting and eventually formed the secessionist Southern 'al-Hiraak' movement in 2007. Furthermore, tribal grievances have spurred attacks on oil companies and government installations to extract rents. Various takfiri groups including al-Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula have also increased their presence since 1995.

The Yemen Spring in early 2011 allowed all these movements to express their joint displeasure. Moreover, factionalism in the regime split the already weak military and thus allowed the Houthis, the takfiris and tribal-based militia known as popular committees, to assert themselves militarily. Mandated by the UN-sponsored Gulf Cooperation Council Initiative, the National Dialogue held from March 2013 to January 2014 aimed at guaranteeing power-sharing among the different parties. However, the GCC Initiative only included formal political parties that did not accurately reflect political realities. Furthermore, provisions lacked adequate transitional justice and provided former-President Saleh, as well as others, full amnesty. As a result, little faith was placed in the process by formerly marginalized groups such as the Zaydi Shia Houthi rebels (Ansar Allah) and al-Hiraak who opted to increase their bargaining power vis-à-vis the state by strengthening their own territorial enclaves. In September 2014 the Houthis succeeded in capturing the capital Sana'a and gradually expanded their control southward. The subsequent UN-mediated Peace and National Partnership Agreement between transitional president Hadi and the Houthis on a federal, democratic Yemeni state, failed to be implemented as the implemented as the implementation of the parliament and deposed Hadi in January 2015. Following the Saudi military intervention to restore the Hadi government in March 2015, coasofire attempts continuously failed. A two ve

Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Yemen peace process
Parties	Copy of agreement unsigned, parties are understood as: Saudi Arabia and the Coalition Ansar Allah (Houthis)
Third parties	Copy of agreement unsigned, third party understood as: United Nations (OSESGY)
Description	A short two month ceasefire agreement during Ramadan between the conflict parties in Yemen calling for general conditions of ceasefire halting all offensive operations on the ground, in the air and by sea. The agreement provides for entry of supplies into the country including fuel by sea, commercial flights and opening up of roads. The agreement also makes the parties responsible for the modalities and timings of the truce, establishing the need for parties to inform affiliated fighting forces and put in place points of contact who should work with OSESGY to implement the agreement. On June 2nd 2022, the truce was extended for an additional two-month period, though no text of the extension has been made available.
Agreement document	YE_220402_United_Nations_Initiative_for_a_two-month_truce.pdf (opens in new tab)   Download PDF
Groups	
Children/youth	Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical Page 1, Truce will comprise the following elements: 4. Once the Truce comes into effect, the SE will invite the parties to a meeting to agree on opening roads in Taiz and other governorates to facilitate the movement of civilian men, women and children, benefiting from the atmosphere of the Truce.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.

Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.
Gender	
Women, girls and gender	<ul> <li>Page 1,</li> <li>Truce will comprise the following elements:</li> <li>4. Once the Truce comes into effect, the SE will invite the parties to a meeting to agree on opening roads in Taiz and other governorates to facilitate the movement of civilian men, women and children, benefiting from the atmosphere of the Truce.</li> </ul>
Men and boys	Gender→Men and boys→Gender neutral wording Page 1, Truce will comprise the following elements: 4. Once the Truce comes into effect, the SE will invite the parties to a meeting to agree on opening roads in Taiz and other governorates to facilitate the movement of civilian men, women and children, benefiting from the atmosphere of the Truce.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.
State definition	
Nature of state (general)	No specific mention.
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.

Power sharing         Political power       No specific mention.         sharing       No specific mention.         Territorial power       No specific mention.         sharing       No specific mention.         Economic power       No specific mention.         sharing       No specific mention.	Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
provision         Governance         Political institutions (new or reformed)       No specific mention.         Elections       No specific mention.         commission       No specific mention.         Political parties reform       No specific mention.         Public administration       No specific mention.         Public administration       No specific mention.         Power sharing       No specific mention.         Power sharing       No specific mention.         Political power sharing       No specific mention.         Ferritorial power sharing       No specific mention.         Economic power sharing       No specific mention.         Military power       No specific mention.	Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Political institutions (new or reformed)       No specific mention.         Electonal commission       No specific mention.         Political parties reform       No specific mention.         Political parties reform       No specific mention.         Civil society       No specific mention.         No specific mention.       No specific mention.         Traditional/ religious leaders       No specific mention.         Public administration       No specific mention.         Power sharing       No specific mention.         Political power sharing       No specific mention.         Ferritorial power sharing       No specific mention.         Economic power sharing       No specific mention.         Military power       No specific mention.		No specific mention.
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sharing         Economic power       No specific mention.         sharing         Military power       No specific mention.		No specific mention.
sharing         Military power       No specific mention.		No specific mention.
		No specific mention.
-	Military power sharing	No specific mention.

## Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty	No specific mention.
incorporation	

**Civil and political** No specific mention. **rights** 

Socio-economic No specific mention. rights

#### **Rights related issues**

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	No specific mention.
Mobility/access	<ul> <li>Page 1,</li> <li>The Truce will comprise the following elements:</li> <li>2. The entry of 18 fuel ships during the two-month Truce to the ports of Hodeida .</li> <li>3. Two commercial flights per week in and out of Sanaa Airport during the two-month Truce to the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan and the Arab Republic of Egypt .</li> <li>4. Once the Truce comes into effect, the SE will invite the parties to a meeting to agree on opening roads in Taiz and other governorates to facilitate the movement of civilian men, women and children, benefiting from the atmosphere of the Truce.</li> </ul>
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.

## **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

Regional orNo specific mention.internationalHermitianhuman rightsHermitianinstitutionsHermitian

#### Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.
emergency law

State of emergencyNo specific mention.provisionsNo specific mention.Judiciary and<br/>courtsNo specific mention.

Prisons and	No specific mention.
detention	

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

#### Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio- economic development Page 1, Recognizing the urgent need to de-escalate violence and to address humanitarian and economic needs , the parties will implement a two-month Truce, starting 02 April 2022 and ending 02 June 2022, with the possibility of extension. Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance Page 1, Recognizing the urgent need to de-escalate violence and to address humanitarian and economic needs , the parties will implement a two-month Truce, starting 02 April 2022 and ending 02 June 2022, with the possibility of extension.
	Page 1, The Truce will comprise the following elements: 2. The entry of 18 fuel ships during the two-month Truce to the ports of Hodeida.
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.

## International funds No specific mention.

Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

# Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights	No specific mention.
Cultural heritage	No specific mention.
Environment	No specific mention.
Water or riparian rights or access	No specific mention.

### Security sector

Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
Ceasefire	Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision Page 1, Recognizing the urgent need to de-escalate violence and to address humanitarian and economic needs, the parties will implement a two-month Truce, starting 02 April 2022 and ending 02 June 2022, with the possibility of extension. The purpose of the Truce is to provide a conducive environment for a peaceful settlement of the conflict. It is not a pause to be used by the parties to regroup and resume military operations.
	<ul> <li>Page 1,</li> <li>The Truce will comprise the following elements: <ol> <li>A halt to all offensive ground, aerial, and maritime military operations, inside and outside of Yemen, and a freeze in current military positions on the ground.</li> <li>The entry of 18 fuel ships during the two-month Truce to the ports of Hodeida.</li> <li>Two commercial flights per week in and out of Sanaa Airport during the two-month Truce to the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan and the Arab Republic of Egypt.</li> <li>Once the Truce comes into effect, the SE will invite the parties to a meeting to agree on opening roads in Taiz and other governorates to facilitate the movement of civilian men, women and children, benefiting from the atmosphere of the Truce.</li> <li>Engagement of the parties with the SE on proposals for next steps towards ending the war.</li> <li>The arrangements are temporary in nature and do not constitute a precedent.</li> </ol></li></ul> <li>Page 1, Modalities and Timing: <ul> <li>The Truce will go into effect 24 hours after the SE's announcement.</li> <li>During the 24 hours, the parties are responsible for informing their affiliated forces of the halt to all offensive military operations and to freeze military positions on the ground.</li> <li>The parties will appoint authorized focal points to work with OSESGY on all elements, including military aspects, to support adherence and respect for the Truce.</li> <li>While there will be no independent monitoring, OSESGY will support the coordination required by the parties to help implement the Truce.</li> <li>The Truce may be extended with the consent of the parties.</li> </ul> </li>
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

# Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting Victims	No specific mention. No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.

## Implementation

UN signatory	No specific mention.
Other international signatory	No specific mention.
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	Page 1, Modalities and Timing: The parties will appoint authorized focal points to work with OSESGY on all elements, including military aspects, to support adherence and respect for the Truce. While there will be no independent monitoring, OSESGY will support the coordination required by the parties to help implement the Truce.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	https://osesgy.unmissions.org/united-nations-initiative-two-month-truce-0 (Accessed on June 8, 2022)
	For information on the two-month extension, see https://osesgy.unmissions.org/ statement-secretary-general-extension-nationwide-truce-yemen (Accessed on June 8, 2022)