Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Bosnia and Herzegovina

Yugoslavia (former)

Region Europe and Eurasia

Agreement name Political agreement on principles for ensuring a functional Bosnia and Herzegovina that

advances on the European path

Date 12 Jun 2022

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Balkan Conflicts (1991 - 1995) (1998 - 2001)

Former Yugoslavia

The disintegration of former Yugoslavia post cold war saw conflicts which became mediated and produced peace agreements in Slovenia (where the brief independence conflict was mediated by the EC Troika in 1991), Croatia (between Croatian and Serb populations 1991-1995), in Bosnia (between Croatian, Serb and Bosniak populations 1992-1995), in Macedonia (where mediation played a key pre-emptive role in preventing large scale conflict in 2001), in Kosovo (between Kosovar Albanians and Serbian population and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (FRY), but also between FRY and NATO, 1998-1999), and a conflict in the Presevo Valley (between Albanians in South Serbia and FRY, 2000-2001). The continued fall-out of the disintegration of former Yugoslavia also saw mediated agreement and ultimate dissolution of the Union between Serbia and Montenegro.

Bosnia-Herzegovina

In 1991, after nationalist parties won the first multi-party elections in the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, a violent process of disintegration commenced. With its mixed population, Bosnia-Herzegovina became the centre of the following civil war that began in 1992 between the newly formed army of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina (mostly Muslim Bosniacs), and the parastatal forces of self-declared Bosnian Croat (Herzeg-Bosnia) and Bosnian Serb (Republika Srpska) entities within Bosnia-Herzegovina, supported by Croatia and Serbia, with various, often short-lived, coalitions. The General Framework Agreement (Dayton Peace Agreement), signed in 1995, split the country into two ethno-federal entities, the Bosniak-Croat Federation and the Republika Srpska, and included continued peacekeeping and institutional administration by international actors.

Kosovo

The conflict between Serbs and Kosovar Albanians has a long history and always involved territorial disputes as well as ethno-political, cultural and linguistic factors. The most recent phase of the conflict began in November 1997 when the Albanian Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA or UCK) began their campaign for the independence of Kosovo from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (FRY – then Serbia and Montenegro). The subsequent war lasted until the NATO intervention, which undertook bombing campaigns of Belgrade and other places in Serbia during spring 1999. The main agreements solving the conflict were internationally driven and, finally, a UNSC resolution imposed a post-conflict arrangement in the wake of what was essentially a NATO military victory. In February 2008, Kosovo's parliament declared independence, but independence is still internationally disputed.

Close

Balkan Conflicts (1991 - 1995) (1998 - 2001)

Stage Implementation/renegotiation

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Bosnia peace process

Parties Agreed by the following participants from Bosnia and Herzegovina:

(in alphabetical order)

Petar Djokić (SP)

Milorad Dodik (SNSD, member of the Presidency) Šefik Džaferović (SDA, chair of the Presidency)

Edin Forto, (NS)

Bakir Izetbegović (SDA) Elmedin Konaković, (NiP)

Željko Komšić (DF, member of the Presidency)

Nermin Nikšić (SDP) Nermin Ogrešević, (NES) Elzina Pirić (PDA) Senad Šepić (NB) Nenad Stevandić (US)

Third parties Not signed, but agreement was made 'In the presence of the President of the European

Council, Charles Michel, and the High Representative of the European Union, Josep

Borrell'

Description Political agreement between the heads of 12 political parties in Bosnia and Herzegovina,

in which parties commit to political and legal steps to implement elections and stable institutions, tackle corruption, support reconciliation, extend the EUFOR peacekeeping mission and pursue EU accession. It also reaffirms support for the Dayton Peace

Agreement.

Agreement BA_220612_Political agreement on principles for ensuring a functional Bosnia and

document Herzegovina that advances on the European path.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical

Page 1, Preamble

The leaders of political parties represented in the Bosnia and Herzegovina Parliamentary

Assembly reiterate their commitment to:

- preserving and building a peaceful, stable, sovereign and independent functional European state of Bosnia and Herzegovina comprised of Bosniacs, Croats and Serbs as constituent peoples (along with Others), and citizens of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which

consists of two entities and BrČko District, established in line with the Constitution and

the General Framework Agreement for Peace;...

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class

No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

State definition

Nature of state

Page 1, Preamble

(general)

The leaders of political parties represented in the Bosnia and Herzegovina Parliamentary Assembly reiterate their commitment to:

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State configuration Page 1, Preamble

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Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum

No specific mention.

State symbols

No specific mention.

Independence/ secession

No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

provision

Governance

Political

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→General references

institutions (new or Page 1, Preamble

reformed)

The leaders of political parties represented in the Bosnia and Herzegovina Parliamentary Assembly reiterate their commitment to:

- upholding the principle of the rule of law and conduct free and democratic elections as well as develop democratic institutions at all levels of government/authority; Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→New political institutions (indefinite)

Page 2,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

5. Shall cooperate constructively after the vote to ensure the swift formation of new legislative and executive authorities at all levels of government in line with the legally prescribed deadlines.

Page 2-3,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

- 13. Furthermore, with the aim for Bosnia and Herzegovina to deliver on a critical mass of reforms and advance decisively on its EU path, agree to take steps:
- 14. to ensure fully functioning institutions at Bosnia and Herzegovina level and ensure that decisions in line with Bosnia and Herzegovina level competences are taken at that level, and to undertake constructive dialogue following the elections on fundamental issues concerning the functioning of the country, including adoption of country-wide strategies in areas of shared competences, in line with the key priority requiring to ensure legal certainty on the distribution of competences across levels of government;

Elections

Page 1, Preamble

The leaders of political parties represented in the Bosnia and Herzegovina Parliamentary Assembly reiterate their commitment to:

- upholding the principle of the rule of law and conduct free and democratic elections as well as develop democratic institutions at all levels of government/authority;

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

4. Shall take all necessary steps for the General Elections 2022 to be organised efficiently and conducted in an orderly manner, with necessary means. The parties shall conduct the election campaign fairly, constructively, and free from divisive and hateful rhetoric.

Page 2,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

- 7. Shall in this context, aim to urgently and no later than within 6 months from the formation of all authorities adopt:
- 11. electoral reforms and those limited constitutional reforms needed to ensure full compliance with the judgements of the European Court of Human Rights and the Bosnia and Herzegovina Constitutional Court, Venice Commission recommendations and OSCE/ **ODIHR** and **GRECO** recommendations:

Electoral commission

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

Public

administration

Page 2,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

7. Shall in this context, aim to urgently and no later than within 6 months from the

formation of all authorities adopt: 9. Law on Prevention of Conflict of Interest:

10. Public Procurement law;

Page 3,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

13. Furthermore, with the aim for Bosnia and Herzegovina to deliver on a critical mass of

reforms and advance decisively on its EU path, agree to take steps:

16. towards improving the overall functioning of the public administration by ensuring

professional and depoliticised civil service.

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing

Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Federal or similar sub-divided government Page 2-3,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

13. Furthermore, with the aim for Bosnia and Herzegovina to deliver on a critical mass of

reforms and advance decisively on its EU path, agree to take steps:

14. to ensure fully functioning institutions at Bosnia and Herzegovina level and ensure that decisions in line with Bosnia and Herzegovina level competences are taken at that level, and to undertake constructive dialogue following the elections on fundamental issues concerning the functioning of the country, including adoption of country-wide strategies in areas of shared competences, in line with the key priority requiring to ensure legal certainty on the distribution of competences across levels of government;

Economic power sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

No specific mention.

sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL Page 1, Preamble

general The leaders of political parties represented in the Bosnia and Herzegovina Parliamentary

Assembly reiterate their commitment to:

- upholding the principle of the rule of law and conduct free and democratic elections as

well as develop democratic institutions at all levels of government/authority;

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy

Page 1, Preamble

The leaders of political parties represented in the Bosnia and Herzegovina Parliamentary Assembly reiterate their commitment to:

- upholding the principle of the rule of law and conduct free and democratic elections as well as develop democratic institutions at all levels of government/authority;
- the principles and values underlying the European Union and democratic societies andto Bosnia and Herzegovina's future within the European Union;

Page 2,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

1. Are committed to the prosperity, democratic functioning, and security of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and pledge to constructively undertake necessary reforms to safeguard and advance these objectives.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

 $Rights\ institutions {\rightarrow} Regional\ or\ international\ human\ rights\ institutions {\rightarrow} Other$

rage 2,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

7. Shall in this context, aim to urgently and no later than within 6 months from the

formation of all authorities adopt:

11. electoral reforms and those limited constitutional reforms needed to ensure full compliance with the judgements of the European Court of Human Rights and the Bosnia and Herzegovina Constitutional Court, Venice Commission recommendations and OSCE/

ODIHR and GRECO recommendations;

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. **emergency law**

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary and courts

Page 2,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

3. Are committed to full adherence to all final and binding international and domestic court decisions, and working constructively together towards their good faith implementation, with the objective of ensuring compliance with European standards.

Page 2,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

- 7. Shall in this context, aim to urgently and no later than within 6 months from the formation of all authorities adopt:
- 8. Law on Bosnia and Herzegovina High Judicial and Prosecutorial Council (HJPC) and Law on Courts;
- 9. Law on Prevention of Conflict of Interest;
- 10. Public Procurement law;
- 11. electoral reforms and those limited constitutional reforms needed to ensure full compliance with the judgements of the European Court of Human Rights and the Bosnia and Herzegovina Constitutional Court, Venice Commission recommendations and OSCE/ODIHR and GRECO recommendations:

Page 3,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

- 13. Furthermore, with the aim for Bosnia and Herzegovina to deliver on a critical mass of reforms and advance decisively on its EU path, agree to take steps:
- 15. to strengthen the prevention and fight against corruption and organised crime, including by ensuring that law enforcement and judiciary can operate independently and have all the necessary means to establish a track record of proactive investigations, confirmed indictments, prosecutions and final convictions, including at high-level.

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic

reconstruction

No specific mention.

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds Page 2,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

7. Shall in this context, aim to urgently and no later than within 6 months from the $\,$

formation of all authorities adopt:

12. measures to fully restore regular policy dialogue with the EU, including through the SAA structures and take all necessary steps for the country to benefit from EU funds under the Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance (IPA III), including by timely ratifying

the Financial Framework and Partnership Agreement

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

 $nomadism\ rights$

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees

No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

Page 2,

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Crime/organised crime

Page 3,

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Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 3,

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

18. Are committed to take concrete steps to promote an environment conducive to reconciliation in order to overcome the legacies of the war, in line with key priorities and with the Joint statement of the members of the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina,

on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the Dayton Peace Agreement.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

signatory

Other international Not signed, but agreement was made 'In the presence of the President of the European

Council, Charles Michel, and the High Representative of the European Union, Josep

Borrell'

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International Page 2,

mission/force/

The political party leaders and the members of the Presidency:

similar

2. Underline the importance of the extension of the EUFOR Althea executive mandate and its continued presence in Bosnia and Herzegovina to maintain a safe and secure

environment.

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

European Council

https://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/press-releases/2022/06/12/political-agreement-on-principles-for-ensuring-a-functional-bosnia-and-herzegovina-that-

advances-on-the-european-path/