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Country/

Sri Lanka

entity

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement name

Agreement on a ceasefire between the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka and the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam

Date 22 Feb 2002

Agreement

status

Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Sri Lankan Civil War (1983 - 2009))

conflict level

Ceasefire/related Stage

Conflict Government/territory

nature

Peace Sri Lanka LTTE 2002 onward process

process

Parties Government of Sri Lanka (GOSL); Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) (no

formal signing indicated)

Third parties Royal Government of Norway

Description

Ceasefire agreement, setting out implementation modalitites and detailed

timetable, incl. measures to restore normalcy, and provisions for an

enforcement body.

Agreement document

LK_020222_Agreement on a ceasefire between GOSL and LTTE.pdf Download PDF

Groups

Children/ youth Groups→Children/youth→Substantive Page 2, Article 1: Modalities of a ceasefire

Freedom of Movement

1.12 The Parties agree that as of 0-day individual combatants shall, notwithstanding the two-month restriction, be permitted, unarmed and in plain clothes, to visit immediate family (i.e. spouses, children, grandparents, parents and siblings) in connection with weddings or funerals. The right to deny entry to specified military areas applies.

Disabled

No specific mention.

persons

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant

No specific mention.

workers

Racial/

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical

ethnic/ national group Page 1, The overall objective of the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka (hereinafter referred to as the GOSL) and the Liberation

Tigers of Tamil Eelam (hereinafter referred to as the LTTE) is to find a

negotiated solution to the ongoing ethnic conflict in Sri Lanka.

Religious groups

Groups→Religious groups→Rhetorical

Page 1,

The Parties further recognize that groups that are not directly party to the conflict are also suffering the consequences of it. This is particularly the case as regards the Muslim population. Therefore, the provisions of this Agreement regarding the security of civilians and their property apply to all inhabitants.

Groups→Religious groups→Substantive

Page 3, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:

... 2.2 The Parties shall refrain from engaging in activities or propagating ideas that could offend cultural or religious sensitivities. Places of worship (temples, churches, mosques & other holy sites, etc.) currently held by the forces of either of the Parties shall be vacated by 0-day + 30 days and made accessible to the public. Places of worship which are situated in their respective "high security zones" shall be vacated by all armed personnel and maintained in good order by civilian workers, even when they are not made accessible to the public.

Indigenous

No specific mention.

people

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/ displaced persons No specific mention.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and

boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

Page 2, Article 1: Implementation Modalities Freedom of Movement

1.11 The Parties agree that individual combatants shall, on the recommendation of their area commander, be permitted, unarmed and in plain clothes, to visit family and friends residing in areas under the control of the other Party. Such visits shall be limited to six days every second month, not including the time of travel by the shortest applicable route. The LTIE shall facilitate the use of the Jaffna - Kandy road for this purpose. The Parties reserve the right to deny entry to specified military areas.

1.12 The Parties agree that as of 0-day individual combatants shall, notwithstanding the two-month restriction, be permitted, unarmed and in plain clothes, to visit immediate family (i.e. spouses, children, grandparents, parents and siblings) in connection with weddings or funerals. The right to deny entry to specified military areas applies.

Page 4, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy
The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with
the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:
... 2.13 The Parties agree to provide family members of detainees' access to
the detainees within 0-day + 30.

State definition

Nature of No specific mention. state

(general)

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention. determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State No specific mention. symbols

Independence/ No specific mention. secession

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border

No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

Governance

Political

institutions

(new or reformed)

Elections

No specific mention.

No specific mention.

Electoral

No specific mention.

commission

Political

No specific mention.

parties reform

Civil society Art. 3 The GOSL and LTTE appointees to the local monitoring committee may

be selected from among retired judges, public servants, religious leaders or

similar leading citizens.

Traditional/

No specific mention.

religious leaders

Public

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political

No specific mention.

power sharing

Territorial

No specific mention.

power sharing

Economic

No specific mention.

power sharing

Military

No specific mention.

power sharing

Human rights and equality

Human

Page 3, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

rights/RoL general The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with

the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:

2.1 The Parties shall in accordance with international law abstain from hostile

acts against the civilian population, including such acts as torture,

intimidation, abduction, extortion and harassment.

Bill of

No specific mention.

rights/ similar

Treaty

Page 3, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

incorporation The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with

the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka: 2.1 The Parties shall in accordance with international law abstain from hostile acts against the civilian population, including such acts as torture,

intimidation, abduction, extortion and harassment.

Civil and

No specific mention.

political rights

Socioeconomic rights

Annex A.The Parties agree to ensure the flow of non-military goods to and from LTTE dominated areas of the Northern and Eastern Province, as well as unimpeded flow of such goods to the civilian population in these areas.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

No specific mention. Democracy

Detention Page 4, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with procedures

the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:

... 2. 12. The Parties agree that search operations and arrests under the Prevention of Terrorism Act shall not take place. Arrests shall be conducted under due process of law in accordance with the Criminal Procedure Code.

Media and

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles communication Page 3, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

> The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka: ... 2.2 The Parties shall refrain from engaging in activities or propagating ideas that could offend cultural or religious sensitivities. Places of worship (temples, churches, mosques & other holy sites, etc.) currently held by the forces of either of the Parties shall be vacated by 0-day + 30 days and made accessible to the public. Places of worship which are situated in their respective "high security zones" shall be vacated by all armed personnel and maintained in good order by civilian workers, even when they are not made accessible to the public.

Mobility/ access Page 2, Article 1: Modalities of a ceasefire Separation of forces

1.4 Where forward defence localities have been established, the GOSL's armed forces and the LTTE's fighting formations shall hold their ground positions, maintaining a zone of separation of a minimum of six hundred (600) metres. However, each Party reserves the right of movement within one hundred (100) metres of its own defence localities, keeping an absolute minimum distance of four hundred (400) metres between them. Where existing positions are closer than four hundred (400) metres, no such right of movement applies and the Parties agree to ensure the maximum possible distance between their personnel.

- 1.5 In areas where localities have not been clearly established, the status quo as regards the areas controlled by the GOSL and the LTTE, respectively, on 24 December 2001 shall continue to apply pending such demarcation as is provided in Article 1.6.
- 1.6 The Parties shall provide information to the Sri Lanka Monitoring Mission (SLMM) regarding defence localities in all areas of contention, cf. Article 3. The monitoring mission shall assist the Parties in drawing up demarcation lines at the latest by 0-day + 30.
- 1.7 The Parties shall not move munitions, explosives or military equipment into the area controlled by the other Party.
- 1.8 Tamil paramilitary groups shall be disarmed by the GOSL by 0-day + 30 days at the latest. The GOSL shall offer to integrate individuals in these units under the command and disciplinary structure of the GOSL armed forces for service away from the Northern and Eastern Province.

Page 2, Freedom of movement

- 1.9 The Parties' forces shall initially stay in the areas under their respective control, as provided in Article 1.4 and Article 1.5
- 1.10 Unarmed GOSL troops shall, as of 0-day +60 days, be permitted unlimited passage between Jaffna and Vavuniya using the Jaffna Kandy road (A9). The modalities are to be worked out by the Parties with the assistance of the SLMM.
- 1.11 The Parties agree that individual combatants shall, on the recommendation of their area commander, be permitted, unarmed and in plain clothes, to visit family and friends residing in areas under the control of the other Party. Such visits shall be limited to six days every second month, not including the time of travel by the shortest applicable route. The LTTE shall facilitate the use of the Jaffna Kandy road for this purpose. The Parties reserve the right to deny entry to specified military areas.
- 1.12 The Parties agree that as of 0-day individual combatants shall, notwithstanding the two-month restriction, be permitted, unarmed and in plain clothes, to visit immediate family (i.e. spouses, children, grandparents, parents and siblings) in connection with weddings or funerals. The right to deny entry to specified military areas applies.

Page 2-3, Article 1: Modalities of a ceasefire Freedom of movement

1.13 Fifty (50) unarmed LTTE members shall, as of 0-day + 30, for the purpose of political work, be permitted freedom of movement in the areas of the North and the East dominated by the GOSL. Additional 100 unarmed LTIE members shall be permitted freedom of movement as of 0-day + 6-. As of 0-day + 90, all unarmed LTTE members shall be permitted freedom of movement in the North and East. The LTTE members shall carry identity

Protection

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of groups

measures Page 5, Article 3: The Monitoring Mission

The Parties have agreed to set up an international monitoring mission to enquire into any instance of violation of the terms and conditions of this agreement. Both Parties shall fully cooperate to rectify any matter of conflict caused by their respective sides. The mission shall conduct international verification through on-site monitoring of the fulfilment of the commitments

entered into in this Agreement as follows 3.9 The parties shall be responsible for the appropriate protection of and

security arrangements for all SLMM members.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights

institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal

justice and emergency

law

No specific mention.

State of emergency

provisions

No specific mention.

provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts

detention

Prisons and No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socioeconomic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction Page 3, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

reconstruction The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures

with the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka: ... 2.9 The Parties shall facilitate the extension of the rail service on the Batticaloa-line to Welikanda. Repairs and maintenance shall be carried out

by the GOSL in order to extend the service up to Batticaloa.

National No specific mention. economic

plan

Natural Page 4, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

resources The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with

the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:

2.11 A gradual easing of the fishing restrictions shall take place starting from 0-day. As of 0-day + 90, all restrictions on day and night fishing shall be

removed, subject to the following exceptions:

i) Fishing will not be permitted within an area of 1 nautical mile on either side along the coast and 2 nautical miles seawards from all security forces camps

on the coast;

ii) Fishing will not be permitted in harbours or approaches to harbours bays

and estuaries along with coast.

International No specific mention. funds

Business

Page 5, Annex A: List of Goods

The Parties agree to ensure the flow of non-military goods to and from LTIE dominated areas of the Northern and Eastern Province, as well as unimpeded flow of such goods to the civilian population in these areas. Non-military goods not covered by article 2.6 in the Agreement are listed below:

- · Non-military arms/ammunition
- Explosives
- · Remote control devices
- · Barbed wire
- · Binoculars/Telescopes
- · Compasses
- · Penlight batteries

Page 6, Annex A: List of Goods

Diesel, petrol, cement and iron rods will be restricted in accordance with the following procedures and quantities:

Diesel and Petrol

The Government Agents (GA) will register available vehicles; tractors and motorcycles in the LTIE controlled areas. The GA will calculate the required weekly amount of diesel and petrol based on the following estimate:

Trucks/Buses - 250 litre/week 4 wheels tractor - 310 litre/week

2 wheel tractor - 40 litre/week

Petrol vehicle - 30 litre/week

Motorcycles - 7 litre/week

Fishing vessel - 400 litre/week

Cement

Cement required for rehabilitation and reconstruction of Government property; registered co operatives; or approved housing projects implemented by the GOSL and international NGOs and more affluent members of the society; will be brought in directly by relevant institutions under licenses issued by Government Agents. The GA shall stipulate the monthly quantities permitted for such project based upon planned and reported progress.

Cement required for individual shops/construction/house owners/ rehabilitation- initiatives will be made available through the co-operations on a commercial basis. The monthly import for this purpose will be limited to 5,000 bags during the first month and thereafter 10,000 bags/month. Individual sales by the co-operatives will be registered and limited to 25 bags per household.

Iron rods

Iron rods for building constructions will be brought in to the LTIE controlled areas under licenses issued by the GA.

A monthly re-assessment will be made to assess the possibilities of removal of the above restrictions.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land

No specific mention.

reform/ rights

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural

No specific mention.

heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or

No specific mention.

riparian rights or access

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 3, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:

... 2.2 The Parties shall refrain from engaging in activities or propagating ideas that could offend cultural or religious sensitivities. Places of worship (temples, churches, mosques & other holy sites, etc.) currently held by the forces of either of the Parties shall be vacated by 0-day + 30 days and made accessible to the public. Places of worship which are situated in their respective "high security zones" shall be vacated by all armed personnel and maintained in good order by civilian workers, even when they are not made accessible to the public.

Page 3, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:

... 2.5 The Parties shall review the security measures and the set-up of checkpoints, particularly in densely populated cities and towns, in order to introduce systems that will prevent harassment of the civilian population. Such systems shall be in place from 0-day + 60.

Page 3, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:

... 2.7 In order to facilitate the flow of goods and the movement of civilians, the Parties agree to establish checkpoints on their line of control at such locations as are specified in Annex B.

Page 4, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:

- 2.11 A gradual easing of the fishing restrictions shall take place starting from 0-day. As of 0-day + 90, all restrictions on day and night fishing shall be removed, subject to the following exceptions:
- i) Fishing will not be permitted within an area of 1 nautical mile on either side along the coast and 2 nautical miles seawards from all security forces camps on the coast;
- ii) Fishing will not be permitted in harbours or approaches to harbours bays and estuaries along with coast.

Page 5, Article 3: The Monitoring Mission

The Parties have agreed to set up an international monitoring mission to enquire into any instance of violation of the terms and conditions of this agreement. Both Parties shall fully cooperate to rectify any matter of conflict caused by their respective sides. The mission shall conduct international verification through on-site monitoring of the fulfilment of the commitments entered into in this Agreement as follows

... 3.12 With the aim of resolving disputes at the lowest possible level, communication shall be established between Commanders of the GOSL armed forces and the LTTE area leaders to enable them to resolve problems in the conflict zones.

Page 5, Annex A: List of Goods

The Parties agree to ensure the flow of non-military goods to and from LTIE dominated areas of the Northern and Eastern Province, as well as unimpeded

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

Page 1, With reference to the above, the Parties have agreed to enter into a ceasefire, refrain from conduct that [...] undermine the good intentions or violate the spirit of this Agreement and implement confidence building measures as indicated in the articles below.

Page 1-2, Article 1: Modalities of a ceasefire [Summary] Section of agreement deals with ceasefire modalities.

Page 1, Military operations

- 1.2 Neither Party shall engage in any offensive military operation. This requires the total cessation of all military action and includes, but is not limited to, such acts as:
- a) The firing of direct and indirect weapons, armed raids, ambushes, assassinations, abductions, destruction of civilian or military property, sabotage, suicide missions and activities by deep penetration units;
- b) Aerial bombardment:
- c) Offensive naval operations.
- 1.3 The Sri Lankan armed forces shall continue to perform their legitimate task of safeguarding the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Sri Lanka without engaging in offensive operations against the LTTE.

Page 2, Article 1: Modalities of a ceasefire Separation of forces

possible distance between their personnel.

- 1.4 Where forward defence localities have been established, the GOSL's armed forces and the LTTE's fighting formations shall hold their ground positions, maintaining a zone of separation of a minimum of six hundred (600) metres. However, each Party reserves the right of movement within one hundred (100) metres of its own defence localities, keeping an absolute minimum distance of four hundred (400) metres between them. Where existing positions are closer than four hundred (400) metres, no such right of movement applies and the Parties agree to ensure the maximum
- 1.5 In areas where localities have not been clearly established, the status quo as regards the areas controlled by the GOSL and the LTTE, respectively, on 24 December 2001 shall continue to apply pending such demarcation as is provided in Article 1.6.
- 1.6 The Parties shall provide information to the Sri Lanka Monitoring Mission (SLMM) regarding defence localities in all areas of contention, cf. Article 3. The monitoring mission shall assist the Parties in drawing up demarcation lines at the latest by 0-day + 30.
- 1.7 The Parties shall not move munitions, explosives or military equipment into the area controlled by the other Party.

Page 2, Article 1: Modalities of a Ceasefire Freedom of movement

Page 2, Freedom of movement

- 1.9 The Parties' forces shall initially stay in the areas under their respective control, as provided in Article 1.4 and Article 1.5
- 1.10 Unarmed GOSL troops shall, as of 0-day +60 days, be permitted unlimited passage between Jaffna and Vavuniya using the Jaffna Kandy road (A9). The modalites 电 6秒 worked out by the Parties with the assistance of the SLMM.

assistance of the Scient.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/ rebel and Page 2, Article 1: Modalities of Ceasefire

Seperation of Forces

opposition group forces

... 1.8 Tamil paramilitary groups shall be disarmed by the GOSL by 0-day + 30 days at the latest. The GOSL shall offer to integrate individuals in these units under the command and disciplinary structure of the GOSL armed forces for service away from the Northern and Eastern Province.

Page 2-3, Article 1: Modalities of a ceasefire

Freedom of movement

1.13 Fifty (50) unarmed LTTE members shall, as of 0-day + 30, for the purpose of political work, be permitted freedom of movement in the areas of the North and the East dominated by the GOSL. Additional 100 unarmed LTIE members shall be permitted freedom of movement as of 0-day + 6-. As of 0-day + 90, all unarmed LTTE members shall be permitted freedom of movement in the North and East. The LTTE members shall carry identity papers. The right of the GOSL to deny entry to specified military areas applies.

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of forces

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/ organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism Page 4, Article 2: Measures to restore normalcy

The Parties shall undertake the following confidence-building measures with

the aim of restoring normalcy for the all inhabitants of Sri Lanka:

... 2.12. The Parties agree that search operations and arrests under the Prevention of Terrorism Act shall not take place. Arrests shall be conducted under due process of law in accordance with the Criminal Procedure Code.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention. justice general

Amnesty/ pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release

No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons

No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other No specific mention.

international signatory

Referendum No specific mention.

tor

agreement

mission/

International Page 4, Article 3: The Monitoring Mission

The Parties have agreed to set up an international monitoring mission to force/similar enquire into any instance of violation of the terms and conditions of this agreement. Both Parties shall fully cooperate to rectify any matter of conflict caused by their respective sides. The mission shall conduct international verification through on-site monitoring of the fulfilment of the commitments entered into in this Agreement as follows

- 3.1 The name of the monitoring mission shall be the Sri Lankan Monitoring Mission, hereinafter referred to as the SLMM.
- 3.2 Subject to acceptance by the Parties, the Royal Norwegian Government (hereinafter referred to as the RNG) shall appoint the Head of the SLMM (hereinafter referred to as the HOM), who shall be the final priority regarding interpretation of this Agreement.
- 3.3 The SLMM shall liaise with the Parties and report to the R N G.
- 3.4 The HoM shall decide the date for the commencement of the SLMM's operations
- 3.5 The SLMM shall be composed of representatives from the Nordic countries
- 3.6. The SLMM shall establish a headquarters in such places as the HoM finds appropriate. An office shall be established in Colombo and in Wanni in order to liaise with the GOSL and the LTIE, respectively. The SLMM will maintain a presence in the districts of Jaffna, Mannar, Vavuniyua, Trincomalee, Batticaloa and Amparai.
- 3.7 A local monitoring committee shall be established in Jaffna, Mannar, Vavuniya, Trincomalee, Batticaloa and Amparai. Each committee shall consist of 5 members, two appointed by the GOSL, two by the LTTE and one international monitor appointed by the HoM. The international monitor shall chair the committee. The GOSL and the LTTE appointees may be selected from among retired judges, public servants, religious leaders or similar leading citizens.
- 3.8 The committees shall serve the SLMM in an advisory capacity and discuss issues relating to then implementation of this Agreement in their respective districts, with a view to establishing a common understanding of such issues. In particular, they will seek to resolve any dispute concerning the implementation of this Agreement at the lowest possible level.

Page 5, Article 3: The Monitoring Mission

The Parties have agreed to set up an international monitoring mission to enquire into any instance of violation of the terms and conditions of this agreement. Both Parties shall fully cooperate to rectify any matter of conflict caused by their respective sides. The mission shall conduct international verification through on-site monitoring of the fulfilment of the commitments entered into in this Agreement as follows

- 3.9 The parties shall be responsible for the appropriate protection of and security arrangements for all SLMM members.
- 3.10 The Parties agree to ensure the freedom of movement of the SLMM members in performing their task. The members of the SLMM shall be given immediate access to areas where violations of the Agreement are alleged to have taken place. The Parties also agree to facilitate the widest possible access to such areas for the local members of the six above-mentioned committees, cf Article 3.7.
- 3.11 It shall be the responsibility of the SLMM to take immediate action on any complaints made by either Party to the Agreement, and to enquire into and assist the Parties in the settlement of any dispute that might arise in

mechanism

Enforcement Art.1.6 The Parties shall provide information to the Sri Lanka Monitoring Mission (SLMM) regarding defence localities in all areas of contention, cf. Article 3. The monitoring mission shall assist the Parties in drawing up demarcation lines at the latest by D-day + 30. Art. 2.4. A schedule indicating the return of all other public buildings to their intended use shall be drawn up by the Parties and published at the latest by D-day + 30. Art. 3 establishes the Sri Lanka Monitoring Mission (SLMM), to enquire into any violation of the terms and conditions of the agmt (see further 'international involvement'), and local monitoring committees.

Related

No specific mention.

cases

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