#### Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Colombia

**Region** Americas

**Agreement name** Panel for peace talks between the Government of the Republic of Colombia and the

Ejército de Liberación Nacional (ELN)

**Date** 23 Aug 2023

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Colombian Conflict (1964 - )

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'selfdefence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government.

Close

Colombian Conflict (1964 -

)

**Stage** Implementation/renegotiation

**Conflict nature** Government

**Peace process** Colombia VI - Government-ELN post-2015 process

Parties Government of the Republic of Colombia, National Liberation Army (ELN)

**Third parties** Episcopal Conference of Colombia, United Nations Verification Mission in Colombia

**Description** The document outlines the role and objectives of social oversight (Veeduría Social) in the

context of the Bilateral National and Temporary Ceasefire Agreement between the

Colombian Government and ELN.

**Agreement** CO\_\_Panel for peace talks between the Government of the Republic of Colombia and the

**document** Ejército de Liberación Nacional (ELN).pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/

national group

No specific mention.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced** No specific mention.

persons

**Social class** No specific mention.

#### Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

### **State definition**

Nature of state

(general)

No specific mention.

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

unification

No specific mention.

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

**Cross-border** 

provision

No specific mention.

#### Governance

**Political** 

No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

**Elections** 

4. We believe that full compliance with the commitments made in the agreement on the bilateral ceasefire and on participation in peacebuilding represents a meaningful contribution to the electoral process that will culminate in the regional and local

elections to be held on 29 October 2023 and the ballot counting.

**Electoral** commission No specific mention.

**Political parties** reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** 

3. We have adopted the rules of operation and workplan of the National Committee on

Participation.

We have set 3 August 2023 as the new date for the official establishment of the National

Committee on Participation, in Bogotá.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

**Public** 

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution

No specific mention.

# **Power sharing**

**Political power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Territorial power** sharing

No specific mention.

**Economic power** sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

# **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

# **Rights related issues**

**Citizenship** No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

• Communications related to the Agreement on a temporary bilateral national ceasefire

**Mobility/access** No specific mention.

Protection

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians

measures Social monitoring and humanitarian protection mechanisms under the Agreement on a

temporary bilateral national ceasefire

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Other

• Security and protection for the members of the Monitoring and Verification Mechanism

**Other** No specific mention.

# **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

#### **Justice sector reform**

 $\label{lem:criminal} \textbf{Criminal justice and} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$ 

emergency law

**State of emergency** No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

**Prisons and** 

No specific mention.

detention

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

#### **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** 

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

**Natural resources** No specific mention.

**International funds** No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

# Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

#### **Security sector**

# **Security Guarantees**

- Security and protection for the members of the Monitoring and Verification Mechanism
- Security for ELN and the places where it is present under the Agreement on a temporary bilateral national ceasefire

#### Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire →Ceasefire provision

- 1. After signing the Cuba Agreements on the process of participation of society in peacebuilding and the temporary bilateral national ceasefire, the two delegations worked intensively in the cities of Havana, Republic of Cuba, and Bogotá to prepare the documents necessary to complete the tasks envisaged for the preparation phases.
- Role of the peace talks panel in the implementation of the Agreement on a temporary bilateral national ceasefire
- Supplementary protocol on the mandate of the Monitoring and Verification Mechanism for the temporary bilateral national ceasefire
- Role of the Catholic Church in the Monitoring and Verification Mechanism Social monitoring and humanitarian protection mechanisms under the Agreement on a temporary bilateral national ceasefire
- Evaluation, extension or suspension of the Agreement on a temporary bilateral national ceasefire
- Security and protection for the members of the Monitoring and Verification Mechanism
- Security for ELN and the places where it is present under the Agreement on a temporary bilateral national ceasefire
- Communications related to the Agreement on a temporary bilateral national ceasefire
- Education on the Agreement on a temporary bilateral national ceasefire and its Protocols

In addition, we have agreed on and signed the glossary that sets out the conceptual understandings shared by the parties in relation to the aforementioned ceasefire. We have set 3 August 2023 as the new date for the official establishment of the National Committee on Participation, in Bogotá.

On that same day, the temporary bilateral national ceasefire will come into full effect, for a term of 180 days.

**Police** 

No specific mention.

**Armed forces** 

No specific mention.

**DDR** 

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

**Corruption** No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

**Drugs** No specific mention.

**Terrorism** No specific mention.

# **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** No specific mention.

# **Implementation**

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for

No specific mention.

agreement

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

**Related cases** No specific mention.

**Source** No specific mention.