Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Colombia

Region Americas

Agreement name El proceso de Participación de la Sociedad en la Construcción de la Paz (Primer Acuerdo

de Cuba)

Date 9 Jun 2023

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'selfdefence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government.

Close

Colombian Conflict (1964 -

)

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Colombia VI - Government-ELN post-2015 process

Parties

Delegation of the Government of the Republic of Colombia:

José Otty Patiño Hormaza, Head of delegation

Iván Danilo Rueda Rodríguez, High Commissioner for Peace

Iván Cepeda Castro

Dayana Paola Urzola Domicó

Rodrigo Botero García

Nigeria Rentería Lozano

Álvaro Matallana Eslava

José Félix Lafaurie Rivera

Orlando Romero Reves

Rosmery Quintero Castro

Horacio Guerrero García

Adelaida Jiménez Cortés

Carlos Alfonso Rosero

Olga Lilia Silva López

María José Pizarro Rodríguez.

Delegation of the Ejército de Liberación Nacional - ELN:

Pablo Beltrán, Head of delegation

Aureliano Carbonell

Bernardo Téllez

Manuel Gustavo Martínez

María Consuelo Tapias

Isabel Torres

Tomás García Laviana

Simón Pabón

Mauricio Iguarán.

Third parties

As observer of the armed forces:

Maj. Gen. Hugo Alejandro López Barreto.

As witnesses and depositaries (Guarantor countries):

Glivânia Maria de Oliveira, Federative Republic of Brazil

Eugenio Martínez Enríquez, Republic of Cuba

Jon Otto Brødholt, Kingdom of Norway

Raúl Vergara Meneses, Republic of Chile

Claudia Helietta González Hernández, United Mexican States

Gen. Carlos Martínez Mendoza, Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.

Permanent accompanying partners:

Carlos G. Ruiz Massieu, Special Representative of the United Nations Secretary-General Msgr. Héctor Fabio Henao Gaviria, Delegate for Church-State Relations, Episcopal Conference of Colombia.

Description

This document is an agreement between the Government of the Republic of Colombia and the Ejército de Liberación Nacional (ELN) that outlines the framework for societal participation in Colombia's peacebuilding process. Signed on 9 June 2023 in Havana, Cuba, it emphasizes active, inclusive, and deliberative participation across societal sectors to foster a comprehensive peace agenda. The agreement establishes a National Committee on Participation to design and implement the participation model, with a focus on creating a broad national consensus for addressing the country's conflicts.

Agreement

CO_230609_Process of participation of society in peacebuilding (First Cuba

document

Agreement).pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement document (original

CO_230609_El proceso de Participación de la Sociedad en la Construcción de la Paz

document (original (Primer Acuerdo de Cuba).pdf (opens in new tab)

language)

Groups

Children/youth

Groups→Children/youth→Substantive

2. Nature of the participation

...

The active and binding participation of society shall include other differentiated approaches and perspectives to ensure that the voices and proposals of children, adolescents, young people, older persons, peasants and persons with disabilities are heard.

Disabled persons

Groups→Disabled persons→Substantive

2. Nature of the participation

...

The active and binding participation of society shall include other differentiated approaches and perspectives to ensure that the voices and proposals of children, adolescents, young people, older persons, peasants and persons with disabilities are heard.

Elderly/age

Groups→Elderly/age→Substantive

2. Nature of the participation

•••

The active and binding participation of society shall include other differentiated approaches and perspectives to ensure that the voices and proposals of children, adolescents, young people, older persons, peasants and persons with disabilities are heard.

Migrant workers

Racial/ethnic/ national group

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical

3. Differentiated approaches

3.2. Ethnic approach

It is imperative to reaffirm that ensuring the right to peace requires recognizing ethnic and cultural diversity, that is, protecting ethnic peoples and their territories and life systems, and including the voices and proposals of indigenous, black, Afro-Colombian, Raizal, Palenguero and Romani peoples.

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Substantive

6. National Committee on Participation

6.1. Composition

It shall consist of 80 members of the 30 social movements, ethnic peoples, organizations, trade associations and institutions listed in annex 1 to the present agreement.

The movements, ethnic peoples, social organizations, trade associations and institutions shall observe the criteria outlined by the peace talks panel in annex 2, which forms an integral part of the present agreement.

6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

8. Operation of the National Committee on Participation

The peace talks panel and the Committee shall interact with the various groups, ethnic peoples and social organizations to gather their ideas for the design of participation in relation to the following:

- Their experiences of participation and the construction of effective and meaningful participation.
- The following thematic areas, addressed from a democratic perspective: the political system, the economic model and the environmental situation, as provided in the Mexico Agreement.
- The methodologies to implement the phases of the participation process.
- Their proposals to create a broad national agreement and a social and political alliance as a result of this participation process.

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous people Groups→Indigenous people→Rhetorical

3. Differentiated approaches

3.2. Ethnic approach

It is imperative to reaffirm that ensuring the right to peace requires recognizing ethnic and cultural diversity, that is, protecting ethnic peoples and their territories and life systems, and including the voices and proposals of indigenous, black, Afro-Colombian, Raizal, Palenguero and Romani peoples.

Other groups

Refugees/displaced No specific mention. **persons**

Social class

Groups→Social class→Substantive

2. Nature of the participation

•••

The active and binding participation of society shall include other differentiated approaches and perspectives to ensure that the voices and proposals of children, adolescents, young people, older persons, peasants and persons with disabilities are

heard.

Gender

Women, girls and

3. Differentiated approaches

gender

3.1. Gender-sensitive approach

The preamble and section 1 of the Mexico Agreement on participation expressly state that resolving the armed conflict and eradicating violence requires eliciting the commitment and the active and effective participation of historically excluded groups, such as women and the LGBTIQ+ community, who have suffered more severely from the impact of the armed conflict and structural violence.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

Gender→LGBTI→LGBTI (positive)

3. Differentiated approaches

3.1. Gender-sensitive approach

The preamble and section 1 of the Mexico Agreement on participation expressly state that resolving the armed conflict and eradicating violence requires eliciting the commitment and the active and effective participation of historically excluded groups, such as women and the LGBTIQ+ community, who have suffered more severely from the impact of the armed conflict and structural violence.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)

4. Stages of participation

_ _ _

Building an agenda on democracy and transformations

In accordance with section 3 of the Mexico Agreement, the goal of this phase shall be to "reach an agreement on policies and a comprehensive plan to bring about transformations by carrying out specific projects at the national and territorial levels, with the participation of society, making viable a peaceful, democratic, sovereign Colombia in which equity and social justice reign and the use of weapons to prevent or spur such transformations is rendered unnecessary".

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral No specific mention.

commission

Political parties

No specific mention.

reform

Civil society

6. National Committee on Participation

6.1. Composition

It shall consist of 80 members of the 30 social movements, ethnic peoples, organizations, trade associations and institutions listed in annex 1 to the present agreement.

The movements, ethnic peoples, social organizations, trade associations and institutions shall observe the criteria outlined by the peace talks panel in annex 2, which forms an integral part of the present agreement.

6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

8. Operation of the National Committee on Participation

The peace talks panel and the Committee shall interact with the various groups, ethnic peoples and social organizations to gather their ideas for the design of participation in relation to the following:

- Their experiences of participation and the construction of effective and meaningful participation.
- The following thematic areas, addressed from a democratic perspective: the political system, the economic model and the environmental situation, as provided in the Mexico Agreement.
- The methodologies to implement the phases of the participation process.
- Their proposals to create a broad national agreement and a social and political alliance as a result of this participation process.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL 4. Stages of participation

general

Building an agenda on democracy and transformations

In accordance with section 3 of the Mexico Agreement, the goal of this phase shall be to "reach an agreement on policies and a comprehensive plan to bring about transformations by carrying out specific projects at the national and territorial levels, with the participation of society, making viable a peaceful, democratic, sovereign Colombia in which equity and social justice reign and the use of weapons to prevent or spur such transformations is rendered unnecessary".

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship

No specific mention.

Democracy

2. Nature of the participation

Participation is and must be democratic in essence.

4. Stages of participation

Building an agenda on democracy and transformations

In accordance with section 3 of the Mexico Agreement, the goal of this phase shall be to "reach an agreement on policies and a comprehensive plan to bring about transformations by carrying out specific projects at the national and territorial levels, with the participation of society, making viable a peaceful, democratic, sovereign Colombia in which equity and social justice reign and the use of weapons to prevent or spur such transformations is rendered unnecessary".

Detention procedures

Media and

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Other

communication

6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

•••

9. Education and communication on the participation process

•••

The panel shall liaise with the media to foster an environment conducive to the peace

process and participation.

Mobility/access

No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. **emergency law**

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds 6. National Committee on Participation

6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

Similarly, the funding for the participation design phase shall be arranged with the

international community supporting the peace process.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

nomadism rights

No specific mention.

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

8. Operation of the National Committee on Participation

the political system, the economic model and the environmental situation, as provided

in the Mexico Agreement.

Water or riparian

rights or access

Security sector

Security **Guarantees** 6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

10. Security guarantees in participation

The parties to the present agreement are committed to the safety and free access of all

persons, communities and groups in the participation process.

The State shall ensure special protection for the members of ELN appointed to the

Committee during the design phase.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence

services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition

6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

group forces

10. Security guarantees in participation

The State shall ensure special protection for the members of ELN appointed to the

Committee during the design phase.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory 6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

•••

10. Security guarantees in participation

•••

Permanent accompanying partners:

Carlos G. Ruiz Massieu, Special Representative of the United Nations Secretary-General

Other international 3.2. Ethnic approach

signatory

4. Stages of participation

...

The guarantor countries and permanent accompanying institutions of this peace process shall be present during these stages, supporting and monitoring compliance with the present agreement.

•••

6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

•••

10. Security guarantees in participation

•••

As witnesses and depositaries (Guarantor countries): Glivânia Maria de Oliveira, Federative Republic of Brazil

Eugenio Martínez Enríquez, Republic of Cuba

Jon Otto Brødholt, Kingdom of Norway Raúl Vergara Meneses, Republic of Chile

Claudia Helietta González Hernández, United Mexican States Gen. Carlos Martínez Mendoza, Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela. Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/ similar

6. National Committee on Participation

...

6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

...

The headquarters of the National Committee on Participation shall be arranged with the Special Representative of the United Nations Secretary-General and the Episcopal Conference of Colombia.

...

7. Structure of the National Committee on Participation

...

The parties shall request the Special Representative of the United Nations Secretary-General and the Episcopal Conference of Colombia to provide their assistance for the creation of the technical and logistical teams.

Enforcement mechanism

4. Stages of participation

...

4.1. Design phase

...

This process shall be facilitated by a body with a specific mandate, created and coordinated by the peace talks panel.

...

5. Characteristics of the design phase

...

5.3. Duration of the design phase

This phase shall last for four to six months starting from the date of the present agreement and with the official public establishment of the body mentioned below. This phase shall conclude with a national meeting to present the results to society.

6. National Committee on Participation

The present agreement establishes the National Committee on Participation as a special and temporary body attached to the peace talks panel.

As stated in the agreements formalizing the process, the peace talks panel is irreplaceable in its crucial role as a negotiator and decision maker based on the principle of bilateralism.

The panel shall be part of the National Committee on Participation, leading and ensuring compliance with the mandate established in the Mexico Agreement.

...

6.2. Mandate, headquarters and funding

The peace talks panel shall:

- (i) under the present agreement, deliver a clearly defined mandate to the National Committee on Participation;
- (ii) create the regulations for the operation of the National Committee on Participation; and (iii) consolidate the results of the participation design phase, which should lead to the national participation plan.

•••

7. Structure of the National Committee on Participation

The peace talks panel shall be the coordinating body of the National Committee on Participation.

The panel shall also be tasked with forming the teams required for its operation.

The National Committee on Participation shall include four members of the

Government's peace delegation and four members of the ELN delegation.

A technical secretariat comprised of two members appointed by each party shall be formed.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source