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Country/ entity	Sudan
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Draft Political Framework Agreement
Date	15 May 2022
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) (Sudan Conflicts (1955 -))
Stage	Framework/substantive - comprehensive
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Sudan Transition Process
Parties	<p>Copy of agreement unsigned, but agreement was signed by the military leadership and over 40 political parties, signatory armed movements of the Juba Agreement for Peace in the Sudan, trade unions and professional associations.</p> <p>Signatories include (but not limited to): Chairperson of the Sovereign Council and Commander of the Sudanese Armed Forces, Lieutenant General Abdel-Fattah Al-Burhane;</p> <p>Deputy Chairperson of the Sovereign Council and head of the Rapid Support Forces, Lieutenant General Mohamed Hamdan Dagalo;</p> <p>Forces of Freedom and Change (FFC)</p>
Third parties	Copy of agreement unsigned, but the agreement was facilitated by: The United Nations, The African Union, The Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD).
Description	-

Agreement document [SD_221211_Political Framework Agreement.pdf](#)  | [Download PDF](#)

Groups

Children/ youth	<p>Groups→Children/youth→Substantive</p> <p>1. The Constitution defines the tasks of the National Transitional Legislative Council, the number of its seats, the percentages, and criteria for selection, in a manner that guarantees the participation of women by 40%, youth, resistance committees and people with special needs. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p>
Disabled persons	<p>Groups→Disabled persons→Anti-discrimination</p> <p>4. Citizenship is the basis of rights and duties and is based on equality between citizens without discrimination based on gender, religion, culture, ethnicity, language, region, socio-economic status, disability, or any form of discrimination. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>Groups→Disabled persons→Substantive</p> <p>1. The Constitution defines the tasks of the National Transitional Legislative Council, the number of its seats, the percentages, and criteria for selection, in a manner that guarantees the participation of women by 40%, youth, resistance committees and people with special needs. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p>
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ ethnic/ national group	<p>Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical</p> <p>2. Sudan is a multi-cultural, multi-ethnic, multi-religious and multilingual country. Its identity is based on its historical and contemporary components, its geographical dimensions and its distinctive civilizational heritage that extends for seven thousand years shaping its diversity and forming the source of its wealth. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Anti-discrimination</p> <p>4. Citizenship is the basis of rights and duties and is based on equality between citizens without discrimination based on gender, religion, culture, ethnicity, language, region, socio-economic status, disability, or any form of discrimination. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>5. The State shall guarantee, support, and protect the freedom of belief and religious practices and worship for all the Sudanese people, and the State shall stand at an equal distance from cultural, ethnic, regional, and religious identities, and shall not impose a religion on anyone. The state shall not be biased regarding religious affairs and matters of belief and conscience. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p>

Religious groups	<p>Groups→Religious groups→Rhetorical</p> <p>2. Sudan is a multi-cultural, multi-ethnic, multi-religious and multilingual country. Its identity is based on its historical and contemporary components, its geographical dimensions and its distinctive civilizational heritage that extends for seven thousand years shaping its diversity and forming the source of its wealth. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>Groups→Religious groups→Anti-discrimination</p> <p>4. Citizenship is the basis of rights and duties and is based on equality between citizens without discrimination based on gender, religion, culture, ethnicity, language, region, socio-economic status, disability, or any form of discrimination. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>5. The State shall guarantee, support, and protect the freedom of belief and religious practices and worship for all the Sudanese people, and the State shall stand at an equal distance from cultural, ethnic, regional, and religious identities, and shall not impose a religion on anyone. The state shall not be biased regarding religious affairs and matters of belief and conscience. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p>
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	<p>Groups→Other groups→Anti-discrimination</p> <p>4. Citizenship is the basis of rights and duties and is based on equality between citizens without discrimination based on gender, religion, culture, ethnicity, language, region, socio-economic status, disability, or any form of discrimination. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p>
Refugees/ displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	<p>Groups→Social class→Anti-discrimination</p> <p>4. Citizenship is the basis of rights and duties and is based on equality between citizens without discrimination based on gender, religion, culture, ethnicity, language, region, socio-economic status, disability, or any form of discrimination. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p>

Gender

Women, girls and gender	<p>4. Citizenship is the basis of rights and duties and is based on equality between citizens without discrimination based on gender, religion, culture, ethnicity, language, region, socio-economic status, disability, or any form of discrimination. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>6. Ensuring freedoms and adherence to international human rights charters, especially women’s rights and international justice charters, and protecting the principles of freedom of trade union and freedom of voluntary work, freedom of peaceful assembly, freedom of expression, and access to information, the internet, and the media. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>1. The Constitution defines the tasks of the National Transitional Legislative Council, the number of its seats, the percentages, and criteria for selection, in a manner that guarantees the participation of women by 40%, youth, resistance committees and people with special needs. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>12. Commitment of the forces, signatories to the Political Declaration and the Transitional Constitution to the representation of women in a fair proportion in the Legislative Council, the Council of Ministers, and the regions or states, and to equitable participation in the rest of the institutions of the transitional authority in compliance with Resolution 1325. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p>
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)	<p>1. Sudan's unity, sovereignty, and the country's supreme interests prevail and transcend any other priorities. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>2. Sudan is a multi-cultural, multi-ethnic, multi-religious and multilingual country. Its identity is based on its historical and contemporary components, its geographical dimensions and its distinctive civilizational heritage that extends for seven thousand years shaping its diversity and forming the source of its wealth. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>10. Adopting a balanced foreign policy that achieves the supreme national interests of the state and works to improve Sudan's foreign relations and build them on the basis of independence and common interests in a manner that protects the country's sovereignty, security, and borders. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>a. Commit to the constitutional regime, and respect of the rule of law, democratic civilian government, and human rights as well as sovereignty of the country; (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>to build a professional state that serves our society without discrimination or encroachment, the structure of the 30 June regime must be dismantled in a manner that adheres to the rule of law and respect for basic rights. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p>
State configuration	<p>3. Sudan is a civilian, democratic, federal, parliamentary state in which sovereignty is for the people who are the source of powers, and in which the rule of law and the peaceful transfer of power through free and fair elections and the equitable division of wealth and resources, prevail. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p>
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed)

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→General references

9. Independence and professionalism of the nation-state institutions such as the judiciary, civil service, higher education, national and specialized commissions, and regular forces. (☐ Locate in agreement)

7. Institutional reform of all state institutions, including the reform of the civil service. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→New political institutions (indefinite)

2. Form regional, state, and local legislative councils, define their tasks and powers in their constitutions, as well as their seats and the criteria for selecting their members. (☐ Locate in agreement)

3. At the sovereign level, the revolution forces signatories to the Political Declaration, shall, via consultation, choose a limited civilian sovereign level, with honorary tasks, to represent the head of the state, a symbol of sovereignty and the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces. (☐ Locate in agreement)

6. Regional, state, and local governments in accordance with the constitution and in consultation with the forces, signatories to the Political Declaration. (☐ Locate in agreement)

7. The Defence and National Security Council, headed by the Prime Minister and with the membership of the relevant ministries, the commanders of the regular bodies and 6 from the Armed Struggle Movements signatories to the Juba Peace Agreement. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Its tasks and powers shall be defined in accordance with the Transitional Constitution. (☐ Locate in agreement)

11. The Prime Minister shall appoint the independent and specialized commissions from among the list of candidates submitted to him by the forces, signatories to this Political Declaration. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→Temporary new institutions

14. The transitional authority is a full democratic civilian authority without the participation of regular forces. (☐ Locate in agreement)

1. Transitional Legislative Council. (☐ Locate in agreement)

2. Transitional Sovereign level. (☐ Locate in agreement)

3. Transitional Council of Ministers. (☐ Locate in agreement)

1. The Constitution defines the tasks of the National Transitional Legislative Council, the number of its seats, the percentages, and criteria for selection, in a manner that guarantees the participation of women by 40%, youth, resistance committees and people with special needs. (☐ Locate in agreement)

4. Agree to choose the Transitional Prime Minister by the revolution forces signatories to the Political Declaration, via consultation, in accordance with the criteria of national competence, commitment to the revolution, Political Declaration, and the tasks and issues of the transition. (☐ Locate in agreement)

5. The Transitional Prime Minister shall consult with the signatories to the Political Declaration and the Transitional Constitution, to select and appoint the ministerial staff, and the governors of states or regions, from national competencies committed to the revolution, Political Declaration, tasks, and issues of transition, with the transition committee and without the presence of

Elections	<p>9. Organize a comprehensive electoral process at the end of the transitional period. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>Its requirements and preparatory measures shall be defined in the Transitional Constitution for it to be credible, transparent, and fair. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p>
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	The framework agreement shall be developed with broad public participation from the stakeholders and the forces signatories to the political declaration and the forces of the revolution and shall tackle 4 main issues that need more elaboration, namely: (☐ Locate in agreement)
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	<p>9. Independence and professionalism of the nation-state institutions such as the judiciary, civil service, higher education, national and specialized commissions, and regular forces. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>7. Institutional reform of all state institutions, including the reform of the civil service. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p>
Constitution	<p>Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making</p> <p>8. Launch a comprehensive constitution-making process, under the supervision of the Constitution-making Commission, for dialogue and agreement on constitutional foundations and issues, with the participation of all the regions of Sudan (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>Its requirements and preparatory measures shall be defined in the Transitional Constitution for it to be credible, transparent, and fair. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>2. Form regional, state, and local legislative councils, define their tasks and powers in their constitutions, as well as their seats and the criteria for selecting their members. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p>

Power sharing

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	Power sharing→Military power sharing→Merger of forces c. Implement policies related to security and military reform in accordance with the plan of the civilian transitional government, until reaching a one professional national army; (☐ Locate in agreement) this shall include integration of the Rapid Support Forces and Armed Struggle Forces with the armed forces, pursuant to the detailed directives of the Reintegration and Demobilization Commission. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general	<p>3. Sudan is a civilian, democratic, federal, parliamentary state in which sovereignty is for the people who are the source of powers, and in which the rule of law and the peaceful transfer of power through free and fair elections and the equitable division of wealth and resources, prevail. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>7. Consolidating the principles of justice and accountability, including transitional justice mechanisms, and putting an end to the phenomenon of impunity and holding accountable those who commit serious crimes and genocide, and violate international humanitarian law and human rights law. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>a. Commit to the constitutional regime, and respect of the rule of law, democratic civilian government, and human rights as well as sovereignty of the country; (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>3. It shall be prohibited to establish private police forces or establish units that limit public liberties and human rights. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>to build a professional state that serves our society without discrimination or encroachment, the structure of the 30 June regime must be dismantled in a manner that adheres to the rule of law and respect for basic rights. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p>
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Bill of
rights/
similar

No specific mention.

Treaty
incorporation

6. Ensuring freedoms and adherence to international human rights charters, especially women's rights and international justice charters, and protecting the principles of freedom of trade union and freedom of voluntary work, freedom of peaceful assembly, freedom of expression, and access to information, the internet, and the media. (📄 Locate in agreement)

Civil and political rights

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Equality

4. Citizenship is the basis of rights and duties and is based on equality between citizens without discrimination based on gender, religion, culture, ethnicity, language, region, socio-economic status, disability, or any form of discrimination. (☐ Locate in agreement)

4. The armed forces shall be comprised of the various components of the Sudanese people, taking into consideration its nationalism, balance and representation without discrimination or exclusion; (☐ Locate in agreement) to build a professional state that serves our society without discrimination or encroachment, the structure of the 30 June regime must be dismantled in a manner that adheres to the rule of law and respect for basic rights. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of speech

6. Ensuring freedoms and adherence to international human rights charters, especially women's rights and international justice charters, and protecting the principles of freedom of trade union and freedom of voluntary work, freedom of peaceful assembly, freedom of expression, and access to information, the internet, and the media. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of association

6. Ensuring freedoms and adherence to international human rights charters, especially women's rights and international justice charters, and protecting the principles of freedom of trade union and freedom of voluntary work, freedom of peaceful assembly, freedom of expression, and access to information, the internet, and the media. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Vote and take part

8. Promoting the right of all citizens to civil participation and rectification of all levels of transitional governance. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Thought, opinion, conscience and religion

5. The State shall guarantee, support, and protect the freedom of belief and religious practices and worship for all the Sudanese people, and the State shall stand at an equal distance from cultural, ethnic, regional, and religious identities, and shall not impose a religion on anyone. The state shall not be biased regarding religious affairs and matters of belief and conscience. (☐ Locate in agreement)

6. Ensuring freedoms and adherence to international human rights charters, especially women's rights and international justice charters, and protecting the principles of freedom of trade union and freedom of voluntary work, freedom of peaceful assembly, freedom of expression, and access to information, the internet, and the media. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Other

6. Ensuring freedoms and adherence to international human rights charters, especially women's rights and international justice charters, and protecting the principles of freedom of trade union and freedom of voluntary work, freedom of peaceful assembly, freedom of expression, and access to information, the internet, and the media. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Socio-economic rights

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Work

6. Ensuring freedoms and adherence to international human rights charters, especially women's rights and international justice charters, and protecting the principles of freedom of trade union and freedom of voluntary work, freedom of peaceful assembly, freedom of expression, and access to information, the internet, and the media. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Rights related issues

Citizenship

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizen, general

and review military curricula in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of justice, equal citizenship, and democratic military doctrine. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizens, specific rights

4. Citizenship is the basis of rights and duties and is based on equality between citizens without discrimination based on gender, religion, culture, ethnicity, language, region, socio-economic status, disability, or any form of discrimination. (☐ Locate in agreement)

8. Promoting the right of all citizens to civil participation and rectification of all levels of transitional governance. (☐ Locate in agreement)

- Democracy 3. Sudan is a civilian, democratic, federal, parliamentary state in which sovereignty is for the people who are the source of powers, and in which the rule of law and the peaceful transfer of power through free and fair elections and the equitable division of wealth and resources, prevail. (☐ Locate in agreement)
10. Emphasis on one national professional army, committed to the unified military doctrine and carrying out its duties in the framework of protecting the nation's borders and defending democratic civilian rule. (☐ Locate in agreement)
11. Commitment to the principle of peaceful political action, rejecting, condemning, and criminalizing all forms of resorting to violence, extremism, and military coups, or violating the constitutional legitimacy and undermining the democratic system. (☐ Locate in agreement)
14. The transitional authority is a full democratic civilian authority without the participation of regular forces. (☐ Locate in agreement)
1. Security and military reform that leads to one professional national army that protects the borders of the homeland and democratic civilian rule, and keeps the army away from politics, and prohibits the armed forces from engaging in investment and commercial activities except for those related to military industrialization and military missions under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Finance. (☐ Locate in agreement)
2. The armed forces shall adopt a military doctrine that is committed to the constitutional regime and law, and that acknowledges the democratic civilian system as a foundation for governance; (☐ Locate in agreement)
- a. Commit to the constitutional regime, and respect of the rule of law, democratic civilian government, and human rights as well as sovereignty of the country; (☐ Locate in agreement)
- b. Respect the will of the Sudanese people in a democratic, pluralistic, and civilian government, and to work under its authority. (☐ Locate in agreement)
- and review military curricula in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of justice, equal citizenship, and democratic military doctrine. (☐ Locate in agreement)
- and the law shall identify its duties, functions, and budget in accordance with the requirements of a democratic system. (☐ Locate in agreement)
- Without building and reforming a one professional and national army in accordance with agreed upon security arrangements, our country will not be able to achieve democracy, peace, or development. (☐ Locate in agreement)
- Detention procedures it shall not possess the authority of arrest or detention and shall not maintain facilities for such purpose. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Media and communication	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Other 6. Ensuring freedoms and adherence to international human rights charters, especially women’s rights and international justice charters, and protecting the principles of freedom of trade union and freedom of voluntary work, freedom of peaceful assembly, freedom of expression, and access to information, the internet, and the media. (☐ Locate in agreement)
Mobility/ access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians it shall be competent with the protection of citizens and their liberties, as well as serving them; (☐ Locate in agreement) it shall be based on the doctrine of protection and security of the homeland and citizens. (☐ Locate in agreement)
Other	No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law	Justice sector reform→Criminal justice and emergency law→Criminal Justice System reform 2. Launching a comprehensive process that achieves accountability and criminal and transitional justice, detects crimes, holds perpetrators accountable, does justice to the victims, heals wounds, ensures that there is no impunity and that crimes are not repeated. (☐ Locate in agreement)
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State of emergency provisions	No specific mention.
Judiciary and courts	<p>9. Independence and professionalism of the nation-state institutions such as the judiciary, civil service, higher education, national and specialized commissions, and regular forces. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>3. Legal reform and the reform of the judicial organs in a manner that achieves their independence and integrity. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>4. Judicial Councils and Independent Commissions. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>8. Interim Judicial Council of 11 members from national competent jurists selected by the signatories to the Political Declaration and the Transitional Constitution, to choose the Chief Justice and his deputies, the Public Prosecutors and his assistants, and the President and members of the Constitutional Court, it shall be dissolved by the end of its mission. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>9. The High Judicial Council shall be established, and the law shall define its membership, guarantee its independence, and its integrity. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p> <p>10. The Supreme Council of the Public Prosecution shall be established, and the law shall define its membership and guarantee its independence and integrity. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p>
Prisons and detention	No specific mention.
Traditional Laws	No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	<p>Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development</p> <p>4. Stopping economic decline and conducting economic reform according to a comprehensive and sustainable development approach that addresses the subsistence crisis, favours the poor and marginalized, achieves the mandate of the Ministry of Finance over public money, and works to combat all kinds of corruption. (📄 Locate in agreement)</p>
National economic plan	No specific mention.

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/
rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/
nomadism
rights No specific mention.

Cultural
heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or
riparian
rights or
access No specific mention.

Security sector

Security
Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire No specific mention.

Police The army shall be purified from the elements of the 30 June 1989 regime, and the police and intelligence apparatus shall be reformed. (📄 Locate in agreement)

1. Police forces are federal national professional civilian regular forces that work on law enforcement; (📄 Locate in agreement)

it shall be competent with the protection of citizens and their liberties, as well as serving them; (📄 Locate in agreement)

and maintaining security, and safety of the community; (📄 Locate in agreement)

they shall be subject to the policies and decisions of the Council of Ministers in accordance with what the law organizes in a democratic society. (📄 Locate in agreement)

2. An internal security body shall be established, and it shall be technically and administratively affiliated with the Ministry of Interior in accordance with the sound legal procedures. (📄 Locate in agreement)

3. It shall be prohibited to establish private police forces or establish units that limit public liberties and human rights. (📄 Locate in agreement)

4. Reform police forces and remove empowerment therein; (📄 Locate in agreement)

as well as modernize them in a manner that achieves their competency and nationalism. (📄 Locate in agreement)

5. Police forces shall be prohibited from practicing any investment or business activities. (📄 Locate in agreement)

Armed
forces

10. Emphasis on one national professional army, committed to the unified military doctrine and carrying out its duties in the framework of protecting the nation's borders and defending democratic civilian rule. (☐ Locate in agreement)

1. Security and military reform that leads to one professional national army that protects the borders of the homeland and democratic civilian rule, and keeps the army away from politics, and prohibits the armed forces from engaging in investment and commercial activities except for those related to military industrialization and military missions under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Finance. (☐ Locate in agreement)

The army shall be purified from the elements of the 30 June 1989 regime, and the police and intelligence apparatus shall be reformed. (☐ Locate in agreement)

1. The armed forces are a regular, national, professional and non-partisan institution; (☐ Locate in agreement)

it shall be established and organized structurally in accordance with the law; (☐ Locate in agreement)

it shall undertake the duty of protecting the homeland, its unity and sovereignty; (☐ Locate in agreement)

maintaining its security, territorial integrity, and borders. (☐ Locate in agreement)

2. The armed forces shall adopt a military doctrine that is committed to the constitutional regime and law, and that acknowledges the democratic civilian system as a foundation for governance; (☐ Locate in agreement)

the Head of State shall be the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces. (☐ Locate in agreement)

3. The law shall identify situations under which the Council of Ministers may resort to engaging the armed forces in activities of a non-military nature. (☐ Locate in agreement)

4. The armed forces shall be comprised of the various components of the Sudanese people, taking into consideration its nationalism, balance and representation without discrimination or exclusion; (☐ Locate in agreement)

it shall be subject to the transitional authority institutions; (☐ Locate in agreement)

it shall not be used against the Sudanese people; (☐ Locate in agreement)

and it shall not interfere in political affairs. (☐ Locate in agreement)

And the armed forces shall be prohibited from practicing investment and business activities except for those that are related to military manufacturing and military missions in accordance with the policy developed by the transitional government. (☐ Locate in agreement)

These business activities shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Finance and the rules of economic governance. (☐ Locate in agreement)

6. The functions of the armed forces during the transitional period, in addition to those stipulated in their laws, shall be: (☐ Locate in agreement)

a. Commit to the constitutional regime, and respect of the rule of law, democratic civilian government, and human rights as well as sovereignty of the country; (☐ Locate in agreement)

and protect its borders against any external aggression. (☐ Locate in agreement)

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services The army shall be purified from the elements of the 30 June 1989 regime, and the police and intelligence apparatus shall be reformed. (☐ Locate in agreement)

The tasks of the intelligence service shall be limited to collecting, analysing, and submitting information to the competent authorities, it shall not have the authority to arrest nor detain and it shall not maintain facilities for that purpose. (☐ Locate in agreement)

1. The General Intelligence Service is a civilian regular national body that is competent with national security; (☐ Locate in agreement)

its functions shall be limited to information gathering and analysis, and their submission to the competent authorities; (☐ Locate in agreement)

it shall not possess the authority of arrest or detention and shall not maintain facilities for such purpose. (☐ Locate in agreement)

2. The Service shall be prohibited from practicing commercial and investment activity, unless within the performance of its duties. (☐ Locate in agreement)

3. The Service shall report to the Prime Minister; (☐ Locate in agreement)

and the law shall identify its duties, functions, and budget in accordance with the requirements of a democratic system. (☐ Locate in agreement)

4. The Prime Minister shall appoint the Director General of the Service and his deputies. (☐ Locate in agreement)

5. The transitional government shall undertake the necessary actions and measures to reform and upgrade the General Intelligence Service so that empowerment is removed from therein; (☐ Locate in agreement)

it shall be based on the doctrine of protection and security of the homeland and citizens. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces	<p>3. At the sovereign level, the revolution forces signatories to the Political Declaration, shall, via consultation, choose a limited civilian sovereign level, with honorary tasks, to represent the head of the state, a symbol of sovereignty and the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>4. Agree to choose the Transitional Prime Minister by the revolution forces signatories to the Political Declaration, via consultation, in accordance with the criteria of national competence, commitment to the revolution, Political Declaration, and the tasks and issues of the transition. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>7. The Defence and National Security Council, headed by the Prime Minister and with the membership of the relevant ministries, the commanders of the regular bodies and 6 from the Armed Struggle Movements signatories to the Juba Peace Agreement. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>5. Formation of military or para-military militia shall be prohibited. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>this shall include integration of the Rapid Support Forces and Armed Struggle Forces with the armed forces, pursuant to the detailed directives of the Reintegration and Demobilization Commission. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p>
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	<p>13. Fighting corruption and establishing principles of transparency and accountability. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>4. Stopping economic decline and conducting economic reform according to a comprehensive and sustainable development approach that addresses the subsistence crisis, favours the poor and marginalized, achieves the mandate of the Ministry of Finance over public money, and works to combat all kinds of corruption. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p> <p>5. Removing the empowerment of 30 June 1989 regime, and dismantling it in all state institutions, the recovery of looted money and assets, and a review of the decisions according to which the decisions of the Committee for Dismantling the 30 June 1989 regime were repealed. (☐ Locate in agreement)</p>
Crime/ organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.

Terrorism 12. Adopting a balanced foreign policy that meets the country's supreme interests, keeps it away from biases, supports regional peace and security and is based on fighting terrorism and good neighbourliness. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general 8. Promoting the right of all citizens to civil participation and rectification of all levels of transitional governance. (☐ Locate in agreement)

1- Justice and transitional justice: (☐ Locate in agreement)

it's an issue that necessitates the participation of the stakeholders and the martyrs' families. (☐ Locate in agreement)

It shall include all those affected by human rights violations since 1989 until now. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Amnesty/ pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism 7. Consolidating the principles of justice and accountability, including transitional justice mechanisms, and putting an end to the phenomenon of impunity and holding accountable those who commit serious crimes and genocide, and violate international humanitarian law and human rights law. (☐ Locate in agreement)

13. The transitional period shall be 24 months, starting from the date of appointment of the Prime Minister. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims 2. Launching a comprehensive process that achieves accountability and criminal and transitional justice, detects crimes, holds perpetrators accountable, does justice to the victims, heals wounds, ensures that there is no impunity and that crimes are not repeated. (☐ Locate in agreement)

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN
signatory No specific mention.

Other
international
signatory No specific mention.

Referendum
for
agreement No specific mention.

International
mission/
force/similar No specific mention.

Enforcement
mechanism No specific mention.

Related
cases No specific mention.

Source No specific mention.
