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Country/

entity

**Philippines** 

Region

Asia and Pacific

Agreement name

Comprehensive Agreement on Respect for Human Rights and International

Humanitarian Law between the Government of the Republic of the Philippines and the National Democratic Front of the Philippines

Date

16 Mar 1998

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim

Yes

arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Philippine Insurgencies (1968 - ))

conflict level

Stage

Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict

Government

nature

Peace

Philippines-NDF process

process

**Parties** For the Government of the Republic of the Philippines:

By: Amb. Howard Q. Dee; Chairperon, GRP Negotiating Panel

Rep. Jose V. Yap, Member

Sec. Silvestre H. Bello III, Member

Ms. Zenaida H. Pawid, Member For the National Democratic Front of the

Philippines; Member Coni K. Ledesma

By Luis G. Jalandoni; Chairperson, NDFP Negotiating Panel

Fidel V. Agcaoili, Member

Asterio B. Palima, Member Jojo s. Magdiwang, Member.

Third

Witnesses:

parties

Hon. Jose C. de Venecia. Speaker, House of Representatives GRP

Jose MA. Sison. Chief Political Consultant NDFP Negotiating Panel

Usec. A. Wilfredo Clemente, DECS, GRP

Antonio L. Zumel, Senior Adviser

Ms. MA. Carla L. Munsayac, Executive Director GRP Negotiating Panel

Romeo T. Capulong, General Counsel NDFP Negotiating Panel

#### Description

Parties agreed to adhere to and be bound by the principles and standards in international instruments on human rights, and the principles of international humanitarian law to protect the civilian population as well as persons with no direct part or who had ceased to take part in the armed hostilities. The agreement also provides for establishment of a Joint Monitoring Committee to monitor implementation of the Agreement. The Committee is to investigate complaints of violations of human rights and international humanitarian law and to make report and recommendations to the parties.

Agreement document

PH\_980316\_Comprehensive Agreement on Respect for Human Rights.pdf 🗇 | Download PDF

#### **Groups**

Children/ youth Groups→Children/youth→Substantive Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

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24. The right of children and the disabled to protection, care and a home, especially against physical and mental abuse, prostitution, drugs, forced labor, homelessness, and other similar forms of oppression and exploitation.

Page 7-8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 10
The Parties shall promote the basic collective and individual rights of workers, peasants, fisherfolk, urban poor, migrant workers, ethnic minorities, women, youth, children and the rest of the people and shall take concrete steps to stop and prevent the violations of human rights, ensure that those found guilty of such violations are punished, and provide for the indemnification, rehabilitation and restitution of the victims.

Page 8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 11
The GRP shall respect the basic rights guaranteed by the International Labor Convention on Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to
Organize and the standards set by the International Labor Organization (ILO)
pertaining to job tenure, wage and living condition, trade union rights and medical and social insurance of all workers, right of women workers to maternity benefits and against discrimination vis-à-vis male workers, right against child labor, and the rights of migrant workers abroad in accordance with the International Covenant on the Rights of Migrant Workers and Members of their Families.

Page 11, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 10 The Parties shall provide special attention to women and children to ensure their physical and moral integrity. Children shall not be allowed to take part in hostilities.

Disabled

Groups→Disabled persons→Substantive

persons

Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

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24. The right of children and the disabled to protection, care and a home, especially against physical and mental abuse, prostitution, drugs, forced labor, homelessness, and other similar forms of oppression and exploitation.

#### Elderly/age

Groups→Elderly/age→Anti-discrimination

Page 3-4, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 5
This Agreement shall be applicable in all cases involving violations of human rights and the principles of international humanitarian law committed against persons, families and groups affiliated with either Party and all civilians and persons not directly taking part in the hostilities, including persons deprived of their liberty for reasons related to the armed conflict. It shall likewise be applicable to all persons affected by the armed conflict, without distinction of any kind based on sex, race, language, religion or conviction, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, age, economic position, property, marital status, birth or any other similar

Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

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condition or status.

10. The right to equal protection of the law and against any form of discrimination on the basis of race, ethnicity, gender, belief, age, physical condition or civil status and against any incitement to such discrimination.

# Migrant workers

Groups→Migrant workers→Substantive

Members of their Families.

Page 7-8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 10

The Parties shall promote the basic collective and individual rights of workers, peasants, fisherfolk, urban poor, migrant workers, ethnic minorities, women, youth, children and the rest of the people and shall take concrete steps to stop and prevent the violations of human rights, ensure that those found guilty of such violations are punished, and provide for the indemnification, rehabilitation and restitution of the victims.

Page 8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 11
The GRP shall respect the basic rights guaranteed by the International Labor Convention on Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to
Organize and the standards set by the International Labor Organization (ILO)
pertaining to job tenure, wage and living condition, trade union rights and medical and social insurance of all workers, right of women workers to maternity benefits and against discrimination vis-à-vis male workers, right against child labor, and the rights of migrant workers abroad in accordance with the International Covenant on the Rights of Migrant Workers and

Racial/ ethnic/ national group Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Anti-discrimination Page 4, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 5

This Agreement shall be applicable in all cases involving violations of human rights and the principles of international humanitarian law committed against persons, families and groups affiliated with either Party and all civilians and persons not directly taking part in the hostilities, including persons deprived of their liberty for reasons related to the armed conflict. It shall likewise be applicable to all persons affected by the armed conflict, without distinction of any kind based on sex, race, language, religion or conviction, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, age, economic position, property, marital status, birth or any other similar condition or status.

Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2 ... 10. The right to equal protection of the law and again

... 10. The right to equal protection of the law and against any form of discrimination on the basis of race, ethnicity, gender, belief, age, physical condition or civil status and against any incitement to such discrimination.

Page 8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 12
The GRP shall respect the rights of peasants to land tenure and to own through land reform the land that they till, the ancestral rights of the indigenous peoples in the areas classified as public domain and their rights against racial and ethnic discrimination, the right of the poor homesteaders or settlers and the indigenous people to the areas of public domain on which they live and work and the right of poor fisherfolk to fish in the waters of the Philippines. The GRP shall forthwith review its laws or other issuances pertinent to the rights mentioned in this and the immediately preceeding Article and shall move for the immediate repeal of those found violative of such rights.

Page 10, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 4 The principles and standards of international humanitarian law shall likewise apply and protect the rights of persons, entities or objects involved or affected in any of the cases or situations cited hereunder.

4.1. Persons hors de combat and those who do not take a direct part in hostilities are entitled to respect for their lives, dignity, human rights, political convictions and their moral and physical integrity and shall be protected in all circumstances and treated humanely without any adverse distinction founded on race, color, faith, sex, birth, social standing or any other similar criteria.

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Substantive
Page 7-8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 10
The Parties shall promote the basic collective and individual rights of workers, peasants, fisherfolk, urban poor, migrant workers, ethnic minorities, women, youth, children and the rest of the people and shall take concrete steps to stop and prevent the violations of human rights, ensure that those found guilty of such violations are punished, and provide for the indemnification, rehabilitation and restitution of the victims.

Religious groups

Groups→Religious groups→Anti-discrimination
Page 4, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 5

This Agreement shall be applicable in all cases involving violations of human rights and the principles of international humanitarian law committed against persons, families and groups affiliated with either Party and all civilians and persons not directly taking part in the hostilities, including persons deprived of their liberty for reasons related to the armed conflict. It shall likewise be applicable to all persons affected by the armed conflict, without distinction of any kind based on sex, race, language, religion or conviction, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, age, economic position, property, marital status, birth or any other similar condition or status.

Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 10. The right to equal protection of the law and against any form of discrimination on the basis of race, ethnicity, gender, belief, age, physical condition or civil status and against any incitement to such discrimination.

Indigenous people

Groups→Indigenous people→Substantive Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2.

... 25. The existing rights of the minority communities in the Philippines to autonomy, to their ancestral lands and the natural resources in these lands, to engage in and benefit from affirmative action, to their participation and representation in the economic, political and social life and institutions, and to cultural and all round development.

Page 8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 12
The GRP shall respect the rights of peasants to land tenure and to own through land reform the land that they till, the ancestral rights of the indigenous peoples in the areas classified as public domain and their rights against racial and ethnic discrimination, the right of the poor homesteaders or settlers and the indigenous people to the areas of public domain on which they live and work and the right of poor fisherfolk to fish in the waters of the Philippines. The GRP shall forthwith review its laws or other issuances pertinent to the rights mentioned in this and the immediately preceeding Article and shall move for the immediate repeal of those found violative of such rights.

Other groups

Refugees/ displaced persons Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive
Page 9, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 3
... 7. practices that cause or allow the forcible evacuations or forcible reconcentration of civilians, unless the security of the civilians involved or imperative military reasons so demand; the emergence and increase of internally displaced families and communities, and the destruction of the lives and property of the civilian population;

Page 11, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 7 The GRP shall review and undertake to change policies, laws, programs, projects, campaigns, and practices that cause or allow the forcible evacuation and reconcentration of civilians, the emergence and increase of internally displaced families and communities and the destruction of the lives and property of the civilian population.

Page 11, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 9 Internally displaced families and communities shall have the right to return to their places of abode and livelihood, to demand all possible assistance necessary to restore them to their normal lives and to be indemnified for damages suffered due to injuries and loss of lives.

#### Social class

Groups→Social class→Anti-discrimination

Page 4, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 5

This Agreement shall be applicable in all cases involving violations of human rights and the principles of international humanitarian law committed against persons, families and groups affiliated with either Party and all civilians and persons not directly taking part in the hostilities, including persons deprived of their liberty for reasons related to the armed conflict. It shall likewise be applicable to all persons affected by the armed conflict, without distinction of any kind based on sex, race, language, religion or conviction, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, age, economic position, property, marital status, birth or any other similar condition or status.

#### Groups→Social class→Substantive

Page 7, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 10

The Parties shall promote the basic collective and individual rights of workers, peasants, fisherfolk, urban poor, migrant workers, ethnic minorities, women, youth, children and the rest of the people and shall take concrete steps to stop and prevent the violations of human rights, ensure that those found guilty of such violations are punished, and provide for the indemnification, rehabilitation and restitution of the victims.

Page 8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 12

The GRP shall respect the rights of peasants to land tenure and to own through land reform the land that they till, the ancestral rights of the indigenous peoples in the areas classified as public domain and their rights against racial and ethnic discrimination, the right of the poor homesteaders or settlers and the indigenous people to the areas of public domain on which they live and work and the right of poor fisherfolk to fish in the waters of the Philippines. The GRP shall forthwith review its laws or other issuances pertinent to the rights mentioned in this and the immediately preceding Article and shall move for the immediate repeal of those found violative of such rights.

### Gender

Women, girls and gender Page 4, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 5

This Agreement shall be applicable in all cases involving violations of human rights and the principles of international humanitarian law committed against persons, families and groups affiliated with either Party and all civilians and persons not directly taking part in the hostilities, including persons deprived of their liberty for reasons related to the armed conflict, without distinction of any kind based on sex, race, language, religion or conviction, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, age, economic position, property, marital status, birth or any other similar condition or status.

#### Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

- ... 2.7. The right not to be subjected to physical or mental torture, solitary confinement, rape and sexual abuse, and other inhuman, cruel or degrading treatment, detention and punishment.
- ... 2.10. The right to equal protection of the law and against any form of discrimination on the basis of race, ethnicity, gender, belief, age, physical condition or civil status and against any incitement to such discrimination.
- ... 2.17. The right to universal suffrage irrespective of sex, race, occupation, social origin, property, status, education, ideological and political conviction, and religious belief.
- ... 2.19. The right to gainful employment, humane working and living conditions, livelihood and job prospects, to work and equal pay, to form unions, to strike and participate in the policy and decision-making processes affecting their rights and interests, and the right not to be denied these rights due to nationality, creed, minority status, gender or sexual preference, or civil status.
- ... 23. The equal right of women in all fields of endeavor and in all spheres of political, economic, cultural, social and domestic life and to their emancipation.

#### Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 24. The right of children and the disabled to protection, care and a home, especially against physical and mental abuse, prostitution, drugs, forced labor, homelessness, and other similar forms of oppression and exploitation.

Page 7, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 10

The Parties shall promote the basic collective and individual rights of workers, peasants, fisherfolk, urban poor, migrant workers, ethnic minorities, women, youth, children and the rest of the people and shall take concrete steps to stop and prevent the violation of human rights, ensure that those found guilty of such violations are punished, and provide for the indemnification, rehabilitation, and restitution of the victims.

Page 8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 10

The GRP shall respect the basic rights guaranteed by the International Labor Convention on Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organize and the standards set by the International Labor Organization (ILO) pertaining to job tenure, wage and living conditions, trade union rights and medical and social insurance of all workers, right of women workers to maternity benefits and against discrimination vis-a-vis male workers, right against child labor, and the rights of migrant workers abroad in accordance with the International Core Aafton the Rights of Migrant Workers and Members of their Families.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

**LGBTI** 

Gender→LGBTI→LGBTI (positive)

Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 19. The right to gainful employement, humane working and living conditions, livelihood and job security, to work and equal pay, to form unions, to strike and participate in the policy and decision-making processes affecting their rights and interests, and the right not to be denied these rights due to nationality, creed, minority status, gender or sexual preference, or civil status.

**Family** 

Page 4, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 5

This Agreement shall be applicable in all cases involving violations of human rights and the principles of international humanitarian law committed against persons, families and groups affiliated with either Party and all civilians and persons not directly taking part in the hostilities, including persons deprived of their liberty for reasons related to the armed conflict. It shall likewise be applicable to all persons affected by the armed conflict, without distinction of any kind based on sex, race, language, religion or conviction, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, age, economic position, property, marital status, birth or any other similar condition or status.

Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 22. The right to form a marital union and to found a family, and to ensure family communications and reunions.

#### State definition

Nature of state (general)

Page 4, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

- 1. The right to self-determination of the Filipino nation by virtue of which the people should fully and freely determine their political status, pursue their economic, social and cultural development, and dispose of their natural wealth and resources for their own welfare and benefit towards genuine national independence, democracy, social justice and development.
- 2. The inherent and inalienable right of the people to establish a just, democratic and peaceful society, to adopt effective safeguards against, and to oppose oppression and tyranny similar to that of the past dictatorial regime.

State configuration

Self

Page 4, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

determination 1. The right to self-determination of the Filipino nation by virtue of which the people should fully and freely determine their political status, pursue their economic, social and cultural development, and dispose of their natural wealth and resources for their own welfare and benefit towards genuine national independence, democracy, social justice and

development.

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

#### Governance

**Political** 

No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

**Elections** 

No specific mention.

Electoral

No specific mention.

commission

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

Page 8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 13
The Parties shall promote and carry out campaigns of human rights education, land reform, higher production, health and sanitation and others that are of social benefit to the people. They shall give the utmost attention to land reform as the principal measure for attaining democracy and social justice.

Page 9, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 4, ... 7. The ICRC and other humanitarian and/or medical entities shall be granted facilitation and assistance to enable them to care for the sick and the wounded and to undertake their humanitarian missions and activities.

Page 10, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 4 4.3. Neutral persons or entities and medical personnel, including persons of humanitarian and/or medical organizations like the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), shall be protected and respected. The establishments, facilities, transport and equipments of these persons, entities and organizations; objects bearing the emblem of the red cross and the flag of peaceful intention; and historic monuments, cultural objects and places of worship shall likewise be protected.

Page 11, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 11 Medical, religious and other humanitarian organizations and their personnel shall not carry out other tasks inimical to any of the Parties. Neither shall they be compelled to carry out tasks which are not compatible with their humanitarian tasks. Under no circumstances shall any person be punished for having carried out medical activities compatible with the principles of medical ethics, regardless of whoever is benefiting from such medical activities.

Page 12, Part V. Joint Monitoring Committee, Article 2
The Committee shall be composed of three members to be chosen by the GRP Panel and three members to be chosen by the NDFP Panel. Each Party shall nominate two representatives of human rights organizations and to sit in the committee as observers and to do so at the pleasure of the nominating Party. The Committee shall have cochairpersons who shall serve as chief representatives of the Parties and shall act as moderators of meetings.

Traditional/ No speci religious leaders

Public No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

## **Power sharing**

Political No specific mention.

power sharing

Territorial No specific mention.

power sharing

Economic No specific mention.

power sharing

Military No specific mention.

power sharing

#### **Human rights and equality**

Human rights/RoL general

[The entire agreement concerns the protection of human rights]

Page 3, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 1
This Agreement is meant to meet the needs arising from the concrete conditions of the Filipino people concerning violations of human rights and the principles of international humanitarian law, and to find principled ways and means of rendering justice to all the victims of such violations.

Page 3, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 2
The objectives of this Agreement are: (a) to guarantee the protection of human rights to all Filipinos under all circumstances, especially the workers, peasants and other poor people; (b) to affirm and apply the principles of international humanitarian law in order to protect the civilian population and individual civilians, as well as persons who do not take direct part or who have ceased to take part in the armed hostilities, including persons deprived of their liberty for reasons related to the armed conflict; (c) to establish effective mechanisms and measures for realizing, monitoring, verifying and ensuring compliance with the provisions of this Agreement; and, (d) to pave the way for comprehensive agreements on economic, social and political reforms that will ensure the attainment of a just and lasting peace.

Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2 ... 10. The right to equal protection of the law and against any form of discrimination on the basis of race, ethnicity, gender, belief, age, physical condition or civil status and against any incitement to such discrimination.

Page 9, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 3 ... 2. holding anyone responsible for an act that she/he has not committed and punishing anyone without complying with all the requisites of due process;

Bill of rights/similar

Treaty

Page 3, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 4 incorporation It is understood that the universally applicable principles and standards of human rights and of international humanitarian law contemplated in this Agreement include those embodied in the instruments signed by the Philippines and deemed to be mutually applicable to and acceptable by both Parties.

> Page 4, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 1 In the exercise of their inherent rights, the Parties shall adhere to and be bound by the principles and standards embodied in international instruments on human rights.

Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 5 The Parties hereby respect and support the rights of the victims of human rights violations during the Marcos regime, taking into consideration the final judgment of the United States Federal Court System in the Human Rights Litigation Against Marcos; Senate Resolution 1640; Swiss Supreme Court Decision of 10 December 1997; and pertinent provisions of the U.N. Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the 1984 U.N. Convention Against Torture.

Page 8, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 11 The GRP shall respect the basic rights guaranteed by the International Labor Convention on Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organize and the standards set by the International Labor Organization (ILO) pertaining to job tenure, wage and living condition, trade union rights and medical and social insurance of all workers, right of women workers to maternity benefits and against discrimination vis-à-vis male workers, right against child labor, and the rights of migrant workers abroad in accordance with the International Covenant on the Rights of Migrant Workers and Members of their Families.

Page 8, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 1 In the exercise of their inherent rights, the Parties to the armed conflict shall adhere to and be bound by the generally accepted principles and standards of international humanitarian law.

Page 10, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 4 The principles and standards of international humanitarian law shall likewise apply and protect the rights of persons, entities or objects involved or affected in any of the cases or situations cited hereunder.

or situations cited hereunder.

4.1. Persons hors de combat and those who do not take a direct part in hostilities are entitled to respect for their lives, dignity, human rights, political convictions and their moral and physical integrity and shall be protected in all circumstances and treated humanely without any adverse distinction founded on race, color, faith, sex, birth, social standing or any other similar criteria.

Civil and political rights

Page 3, Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 3

The Parties shall uphold, protect and promote the full scope of human rights, including civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights. In complying with such obligation due consideration shall be accorded to the respective political principles and circumstances of the Parties.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Life
Page 9, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 2

Page 9, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 3 The following acts are and shall remain prohibited at any time and in any place whatsoever with respect to the persons enumerated in the preceding Article 2:

1. violence to life and person, particularly killing or causing injury, being subjected to physical or mental torture, mutilation, corporal punishment, cruel or degrading treatment and all acts of violence and reprisals, including hostage taking, and acts against the physical well-being, dignity, political convictions and other human rights;

#### Page 4, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 4. The right to life, especially against summary executions (salvagings), involuntary disappearances, massacres and indiscriminate bombardments of communities, and the right not to be subjected to campaigns of incitement to violence against one's person.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Torture Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

- ... 7. The right not to be subjected to physical or mental torture, solitary confinement, rape and sexual abuse, and other inhuman, cruel or degrading treatment, detention and punishment.
- 8. The right not to be held in involuntary servitude or to perform forced or compulsory labor.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Equality Page 2, Declaration of Principles, Article 1

The Parties are governed by the framework of holding peace negotiations under mutually acceptable principles of national sovereignty, democracy and social justice and under no precondition that negates the character and purpose of peace negotiations, as stipulated in The Hague Joint Declaration (Paragraph 4) and reaffirmed in the Breukelen Joint Statement (No 7 of II) and subsequent agreements.

#### Page 4, Part III Respect for Human Rights, Article 1

1. The right to self-determination of the Filipino nation by virtue of which the people should fully and freely determine their political status, pursue their economic, social and cultural development, and dispose of their natural wealth and resources for their own welfare and benefit towards genuine national independence, democracy, social justice and development.

Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 10. The right to equal protection of the law and against any form of discrimination on the basis of race, ethnicity, gender, belief, age, physical condition or civil status and against any incitement to such discrimination.

Page 16 of 26 Page 8, Part III Respect for Human Rights, Article 13

The Parties shall promote and carry out campaigns of human rights

Socioeconomic rights Part II, Basis, Scope and Applicability, Article 3

The Parties shall uphold, protect and promote the full scope of human rights, including civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights. In complying with such obligation due consideration shall be accorded to the respective political principles and circumstances of the Parties.

Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2 .... 20. The right to universal and free elementary and secondary education, and access to basic services and health care

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Property Page 4, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 6. The individual and collective right of the people and of communities to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, and to effective safeguards of these rights against any illegal operations by GRP agencies.

Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2 ... 18. The right to own property and the means of production and

consumption that are obtained through land reform, honest labor and entrepreneurship, skill, inventiveness and intellectual merit and to use such means for the common good.

Page 10, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 4 ... 4. Civilian population and civilians shall be treated as such and shall be distinguished from combatants and, together with their property, shall not be the object of attack. They shall likewise be protected against indiscriminate aerial bombardment, strafing, artillery fire, mortar fire, arson, bulldozing and other similar forms of destroying lives and property, from the use of explosives as well as the stockpiling near or in their midst, and the use of chemical and biological weapons.

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Work Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 19. The right to gainful employment, humane working and living conditions, livelihood and job security, to work and equal pay, to form unions, to strike and participate in the policy and decision-making processes affecting their rights and interests, and the right not to be denied these rights due to nationality, creed, minority status, gender or sexual preference, or civil status.

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Health
Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2
... 20. The right to universal and free elementary and secondary education, and access to basic services and health care.

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Education
Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2
... 20. The right to universal and free elementary and secondary education, and access to basic services and health care.

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Cultural life
Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2
... 21. The right to freely engage in scientific research, technological invention,

ilterary and artistic creations and other cultural pursuits.

### **Rights related issues**

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy Page 2, Part I, Declaration of Principles, Article 1

The Parties are governed by the framework of holding peace negotiations under mutually acceptable principles of national sovereignty, democracy and social justice and under no precondition that negates the character and purpose of peace negotiations, as stipulated in The Hague Joint Declaration (Paragraph 4) and reaffirmed in the Breukelen Joint Statement (No 7 of II) and

subsequent agreements.

Detention No specific mention.

procedures

Media and Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

communication Page 5, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 12. The right to free speech, press, association and assembly, and to

seek redress of grievances.

Mobility/ No specific mention.

access

Protection measures

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians
Page 10, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 4
... 4. Civilian population and civilians shall be treated as such and shall be
distinguished from combatants and, together with their property, shall not be
the object of attack. They shall likewise be protected against indiscriminate
aerial bombardment, strafing, artillery fire, mortar fire, arson, bulldozing and
other similar forms of destroying lives and property, from the use of
explosives as well as the stockpiling near or in their midst, and the use of
chemical and biological weapons.

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of groups Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

• • •

24. The right of children and the disabled to protection, care and a home, especially against physical and mental abuse, prostitution, drugs, forced labor, homelessness, and other similar forms of oppression and exploitation.

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Other
Page 10, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 4
4.3. Neutral persons or entities and medical personnel, including persons of humanitarian and/or medical organizations like the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), shall be protected and respected. The establishments, facilities, transport and equipments of these persons, entities and organizations; objects bearing the emblem of the red cross and the flag of peaceful intention; and historic monuments, cultural objects and places of worship shall likewise be protected.

Other No specific mention.

#### **Rights institutions**

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or No specific mention. international human rights institutions

#### Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and

No specific mention.

emergency

law

State of

No specific mention.

emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts

Prisons and No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Page 12, Article 12

Laws

The GRP shall respect the rights of peasants to land tenure and to own through land reform the land that they till, the ancestral rights of the indigenous peoples in the areas classified as public domain and their rights against racial and ethnic discrimination, the right of the poor homesteaders or settlers and the indigenous people to the areas of public domain on which they live and work and the right of poor fisherfolk to fish in the waters of the Philippines.

The GRP shall forthwith review its laws or other issuances pertinent to the rights mentioned in this and the immediately preceeding Article and shall move for the immediate repeal of those found violative of such rights.

#### **Socio-economic reconstruction**

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socioreconstruction→Socio-economic development

economic Page 12, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 13 reconstruction The Parties recognize the right of the people to demand the reduction of

> military expenditures and the rechanneling of savings from such reduction towards social, economic and cultural development which shall be given

the highest priority.

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources

Page 4, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 25. The existing rights of the minority communities in the Philippines to autonomy, to their ancestral lands and the natural resources in these lands, to engage in and benefit from affirmative action, to their participation and representation in the economic, political and social life and institutions, and to cultural and all round development.

International No specific mention. funds

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

#### Land, property and environment

Land reform/ rights Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Land reform and

management Page 12, Article 12

The GRP shall respect the rights of peasants to land tenure and to own through land reform the land that they till, the ancestral rights of the indigenous peoples in the areas classified as public domain and their rights against racial and ethnic discrimination, the right of the poor homesteaders or settlers and the indigenous people to the areas of public domain on which they live and work and the right of poor fisherfolk to fish in the waters of the Philippines.

The GRP shall forthwith review its laws or other issuances pertinent to the rights mentioned in this and the immediately preceeding Article and shall move for the immediate repeal of those found violative of such rights.

Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Other land rights Page 6, Article 2

This Agreement seeks to confront, remedy and prevent the most serious human rights violations in terms of civil and political rights, as well as to uphold, protect and promote the full scope of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including:

25. The existing rights of the minority communities in the Philippines to autonomy, to their ancestral lands and the natural resources in these lands, to engage in and benefit from affirmative action, to their participation and representation in the economic, political and social life and institutions, and to cultural and all round development.

Pastoralist/ nomadism No specific mention.

Cultural heritage

rights

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Promotion

Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 25. The existing rights of the minority communities in the Philippines to autonomy, to their ancestral lands and the natural resources in these lands, to engage in and benefit from affirmative action, to their participation and representation in the economic, political and social life and institutions, and

to cultural and all round development.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

#### **Security sector**

Security Guarantees Page 9, Part III, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 12 ... 7. practices that cause or allow the forcible evacuations or forcible reconcentration of civilians, unless the security of the civilians involved or imperative military reasons so demand; the emergence and increase of internally displaced families and communities, and the destruction of the

lives and property of the civilian population;

Ceasefire No specific mention.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence No specific mention. services

Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces Page 9, Part IV, Respect for International Humanitarian Law, Article 3 The following acts are and shall remain prohibited at any time and in any place whatsoever with respect to the persons enumerated in the preceding: ... 8. maintaining, supporting and tolerating paramilitary groups such as armed religious fanatical groups, vigilante groups, private armed groups of businessmen, landlords and politicians, and private security agencies which are being used in land and labor disputes and the incursions in Article 9, Part III of this Agreement; and,

Page 14, Part VI, Final Provisions Article 3

Nothing in the provisions of this Agreement nor in its application shall affect the political and legal status of the Parties in accordance with the Hague Joint Declaration. Subsequently, this Agreement shall be subject to the Comprehensive Agreements on Political and Constitutional Reforms and on End of Hostilities and Disposition of Forces. Any reference to the treaties signed by the GRP and to its laws and legal processes in this Agreement shall not in any manner prejudice the political and organizational integrity of the NDFP.

Withdrawal of forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/ organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

**Terrorism** 

No specific mention.

#### **Transitional justice**

Transitional No specific mention.

justice general

Amnesty/ pardon

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner

Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 6

release The GRP shall abide by its doctrine laid down in People vs. Hernandez (99 Phil. 515, July 18, 1956), as further elaborated in People vs. Geronimo (100 Phil. 50. 20 July 18, 1958)

Phil. 90, October 13, 1956), and shall forthwith review the cases of all prisoners or detainees who have been charged, detained, or convicted

contrary to this doctrine, and shall immediately release them.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims Page 4, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

... 3 The right of the victims and their families to seek justice for violations of human rights, including adequate compensation or indemnification, restitution and rehabilitation, and effective sanctions and guarantees against repetition and impunity.

Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 4

The persons liable for violations and abuses of human rights shall be subject to investigation and, if evidence warrants, to prosecution and trial. The victims or their survivors shall be indemnified. All necessary measures shall be undertaken to remove the conditions for violations and abuses of human rights and to render justice to and indemnify the victims.

Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 5

The Parties hereby respect and support the rights of the victims of human rights violations during the Marcos regime, taking into consideration the final judgement of the United States Federal Court System in the Human Rights Litigation Against Marcos; Senate Resolution 1640; Swiss Supreme Court Decision of 10 December 1997; and pertinent provisions of the U.N. Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the 1984 U.N. Convention Against Torture.

Page 7, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 10
The Parties shall promote the basic collective and individual rights of workers, peasants, fisherfolk, urban poor, migrant workers, ethnic minorities, women, youth, children and the rest of the people and shall take concrete steps to stop and prevent the violations of human rights, ensure that those found guilty of such violations are punished, and provide for the indemnification, rehabilitation and restitution of the victims.

Missing persons

Reparations Transitional justice→Reparations→Material reparations Page 4, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 2

> This Agreement seeks to confront, remedy and prevent the most serious human rights violations in terms of civil and political rights, as well as to uphold, protect and promote the full scope of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including:

3 The right of the victims and their families to seek justice for violations of human rights, including adequate compensation or indemnification, restitution and rehabilitation, and effective sanctions and guarantees against repetition and impunity.

Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 3 The Parties decry all violations and abuses of human rights. They commend the complainants or plaintiffs in all successful human rights proceedings. They encourage all victims of violations and abuses of human rights or their surviving families to come forward with their complaints and evidence.

Page 7, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 10 The Parties shall promote the basic collective and individual rights of workers, peasants, fisherfolk, urban poor, migrant workers, ethnic minorities, women, youth, children and the rest of the people and shall take concrete steps to stop and prevent the violations of human rights, ensure that those found guilty of such violations are punished, and provide for the indemnification, rehabilitation and restitution of the victims.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

#### **Implementation**

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other No specific mention.

international signatory

Referendum No specific mention.

for

agreement

International No specific mention. mission/ force/similar

# mechanism

Enforcement Page 12, Part V, Joint Monitoring Committee, Article 1

The Parties shall form a Joint Monitoring Committee that shall monitor the implementation of this Agreement.

Page 12, Part V, Joint Monitoring Committee, Article 2

The Committee shall be composed of three members to be chosen by the GRP Panel and three members to be chosen by the NDFP Panel. Each Party shall nominate two representatives of human rights organizations and to sit in the committee as observers and to do so at the pleasure of the nominating Party. The Committee shall have cochairpersons who shall serve as chief representatives of the Parties and shall act as moderators of meetings.

Page 14, Part VI, Final Provisions, Article 4

The Parties may from time to time review the provisions of this Agreement to determine the need to adopt a supplemental agreement or to modify the provisions hereof as circumstances require.

#### Related cases

Page 6, Part III, Respect for Human Rights, Article 6

The GRP shall abide by its doctrine laid down in People vs. Hernandez (99 Phil. 515, July 18, 1956), as further elaborated in People vs. Geronimo (100 Phil. 90, October 13, 1956), and shall forthwith review the cases of all prisoners or detainees who have been charged, detained, or convicted contrary to this doctrine, and shall immediately release them.

Source

UN Peacemaker [http://peacemaker.un.org/philippines-agreement-humanrights98]