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Country/

Cote d'Ivoire

entity

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement

Conclusions of the Conference of Heads of State on Côte d'Ivoire (Paris

name

Conclusions)

Date

26 Jan 2003

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim

Yes

arrangement

Agreement/ Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) (Ivorian Civil War (2002 - 2011))

conflict level

Stage Implementation/renegotiation

Conflict

Government

nature

Cote D'Ivoire: peace process Peace

process

Agreement not signed, but the following Heads of State and international **Parties**

> organisations participated. At the invitation of the President of the French Republic, Mr. Jacques Chirac, the heads of State of Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Cote d'Ivoire, Gabon, Ghana, Liberia, Mali, Senegal, and South Africa, representatives of the heads of State of Angola, the Gambia, Guinea, the Niger, Nigeria, Sierra Leone and Togo, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Mr. Kofi Annan, representatives of the States members of the European Union, the President of the European Commission, Mr. Romano Prodi, the High Representative for the Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP), Mr. Javier Solana, and the President of the International Organization of la Francophonie, Mr. Abdou Diouf, and representatives of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the African Development Bank (ADB), the Office of the United Nations High Com missioner for Human Rights, the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and the Community of Sant'Egidio met at Paris on 25 and 26 January 2003 to consider and adopt the reconciliation agreement concluded by the political forces of Cote d'Ivoire at Linas-Marcoussis and to offer their support for its proper implementation.

Third parties

Page 1 of 17

Description

Conference of Head of States agreeing to establishment international enforcement body (i.e. Monitoring Committee) for Cote d'Ivoire peace process, and urging international involvement in economic recovery of Cote d'Ivoire.

Agreement document

CI_030126_Paris Conclusions.pdf ☐ | Download PDF

Groups

Children/ youth

No specific mention.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age

No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ national

group

No specific mention.

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous people

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

groups

Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive Refugees/

displaced Page 3, Paragraph 18

persons The Conference expresses its concern at the deterioration in the

> humanitarian situation; it requests that greater resources be mobilized to ensure that humanitarian assistance reaches its intended recipients and that refugees and displaced persons are afforded protection. It expects that the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and ICRC will continue to work to this end.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

No specific mention. Women,

girls and gender

Men and

No specific mention. boys

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of No specific mention.

state (general)

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/ unification

No specific mention.

Border

No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

Governance

Political

No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission

No specific mention.

Political parties

No specific mention.

reform

Civil society Page 2, Paragraph 10

> The Conference decides that the Monitoring Committee shall consist of the following members:

- The representative of the International Organization of la Francophonie;

Page 3, Paragraph 18

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Traditional/

No specific mention.

religious leaders

Public No specific mention.

administration

Constitution Governance→Constitution→Constitution affirmation/renewal

Page 1, Paragraph 6

The Conference endorses the Agreement concluded at Linas-Marcoussis by the round table, which establishes national reconciliation and paves the way for a return to peace in Cote d'Ivoire with respect for the constitutional order.

Power sharing

Political

No specific mention.

power

sharing

Territorial

No specific mention.

power sharing

Economic

No specific mention.

power sharing

Military	
power	

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human

Page 2, Paragraph 12

rights/RoL general

The Conference calls upon the Government of National Reconciliation to give high priority to respect for civil liberties and personal security; it calls upon the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights to provide all possible support to the Ivorian Government in this area through appropriate

means.

Bill of

No specific mention.

rights/ similar

No specific mention. Treaty

incorporation

Civil and

No specific mention.

political rights

Socioeconomic No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

No specific mention. Democracy

Detention

No specific mention.

procedures

Media and No specific mention. communication

Mobility/ access Page 3, Paragraph 14

The heads of State invite the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the participating States that are also members of the United Nations Security Council to arrange to have the conclusions of the Conference endorsed by the Council. The Conference expresses the hope that the Security Council will affirm, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, the right of the ECOWAS forces and the forces supporting them to take the necessary steps to ensure the security and freedom of movement of their personnel and to ensure, without prejudice to the responsibilities of the Government of National Reconciliation, the protection of civilians immediately threatened with physical violence within their zones of operation, using the means available to them. The Conference also invites the Secretary-General of the United Nations to submit to the Security Council proposals for strengthening the presence of the United Nations system, particularly in the area of security, humanitarian assistance and human rights.e

Page 3, Paragraph 18

The Conference expresses its concern at the deterioration in the humanitarian situation; it requests that greater resources be mobilized to ensure that humanitarian assistance reaches its intended recipients and that refugees and displaced persons are afforded protection. It expects that the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and ICRC will continue to work to this end.

Protection measures

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of groups

Page 3, 18. The Conference expresses its concern at the deterioration in the

humanitarian

situation; it requests that greater resources be mobilized to ensure that

humanitarian

assistance reaches its intended recipients and that refugees and displaced

persons are

afforded protection.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI

No specific mention.

Regional or

Rights institutions→Regional or international human rights

international institutions→Monitoring calls

human

Page 2, Paragraph 12

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Justice sector reform

Criminal

justice and emergency

law

No specific mention.

State of

emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary

and courts

No specific mention.

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional

No specific mention.

Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socio- reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance

economic Page 3, Paragraph 14

reconstruction The heads of State invite the Secretary-General of the United Nations and

the participating States that are also members of the United Nations Security Council to arrange to have the conclusions of the Conference endorsed by the Council. The Conference expresses the hope that the Security Council will affirm, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, the right of the ECOWAS forces and the forces supporting them to take the necessary steps to ensure the security and freedom of movement of their personnel and to ensure, without prejudice to the responsibilities of the Government of National Reconciliation, the protection of civilians immediately threatened with physical violence within their zones of operation, using the means available to them. The Conference also invites the Secretary-General of the United Nations to submit to the Security Council proposals for strengthening the presence of the United Nations system, particularly in the area of security, humanitarian assistance and

human rights.

National .

economic plan

No specific mention.

Natural

No specific mention.

resources

International Page 3, Paragraph 18

funds

The Conference expresses its concern at the deterioration in the humanitarian situation; it requests that greater resources be mobilized to ensure that humanitarian assistance reaches its intended recipients and that refugees and displaced persons are afforded protection. It expects that the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and ICRC will continue to work to this end.

Page 3, Paragraph 19

The Conference deplores the extent of the damage occasioned by the duration of the crisis, not only to the economy of Cote d'Ivoire but to the economies of the countries of the region. It encourages the Government of National Reconciliation to prepare an economic and social recovery program me, as called for in the Agreement. It urges IMF, the World Bank, the African Development Bank, the European Un ion and bilateral donors to contribute to this recovery by making their expertise and financial resources available to the Government of National Reconciliation. The Monitoring Committee shall transmit all useful recommendations to donors so that their contributions may be effectively utilized in the effort to restore peace and stability.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land No specific mention.

reform/ rights

Pastoralist/ No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural No specific mention.

heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or

riparian rights or access No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees Page 3, Paragraph 14

The heads of State invite the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the participating States that are also members of the United Nations Security Council to arrange to have the conclusions of the Conference endorsed by the Council. The Conference expresses the hope that the Security Council will affirm, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, the right of the ECOWAS forces and the forces supporting them to take the necessary steps to ensure the security and freedom of movement of their personnel and to ensure, without prejudice to the responsibilities of the Government of National Reconciliation, the protection of civilians immediately threatened with physical violence within their zones of operation, using the means available to them. The Conference also invites the Secretary-General of the United Nations to submit to the Security Council proposals for strengthening the presence of the United Nations system, particularly in the area of security, humanitarian assistance and human rights.

Ceasefire No specific mention.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces

Page 3, paragraph 16.

The Conference requests that the Government of National Reconciliation

facilitate the deployment of ECOWAS forces and French support forces throughout Cote d'Ivoire with a view to promoting the implementation of the

military regrouping and disarmament measures provided for in the

Agreement.

DDR Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

Page 3, Paragraph 16

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military regrouping and disarmament measures provided for in the

Agreement.

Intelligence

No specific mention.

services

Parastatal/

No specific mention.

rebel and opposition group forces

Withdrawal

Page 3, Paragraph 17

of foreign forces

The Conference wishes to recall the importance of the principles of goodneighbourliness, non-interference and regional cooperation. Accordingly, it calls upon all States that are neighbours of Cote d'Ivoire to support the peace process by preventing any action that might undermine the security of Cote d'Ivoire.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/ organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention.

justice general

No specific mention.

Amnesty/ pardon

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release

No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons

No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 1, Paragraph 6

The Conference endorses the Agreement concluded at Linas-Marcoussis by the round table, which establishes national reconciliation and paves the way for a return to peace in Cote d'Ivoire with respect for the constitutional order.

Page 4, Paragraph 20

In concluding its work, the Conference expresses its conviction that the Linas- Marcoussis Agreement will lead to national reconciliation and a return to stability. It believes that only mutual trust among all the parties will allow the Government of National Reconciliation to accomplish its task. For their part, the Conference participants intend to do all they can to help lvorians uphold the commitments they have undertaken to bring peace and prosperity to Cote d'Ivoire.

Implementation

UN signatory

In attendance, though agreement not signed: the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Mr. Kofi Annan,, Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR),Mr. Abdou Diouf, and representatives of the

United Nations Development Programme (UNDP),

Other signatory

At the invitation of the President of the French Republic, Mr. Jacques Chirac, international the heads of State of Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Cote d'Ivoire, Gabon, Ghana, Liberia, Mali, Senegal, and South Africa, representatives of the heads of State of Angola, the Gambia, Guinea, the Niger, Nigeria, Sierra Leone and Togo, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Mr. Kofi Annan, representatives of the States members of the European Union, the President of the European Commission, Mr. Romano Prodi, the High Representative for the Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP), Mr. Javier Solana, and the President of the International Organization of la Francophonie, Mr. Abdou Diouf, and representatives of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the African Development Bank (ADB), the Office of the United Nations High Com missioner for Human Rights, the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and the Community of Sant'Egidio met at Paris on 25 and 26 January 2003 to consider and adopt the reconciliation agreement concluded by the political forces of Cote d'Ivoire at Linas-Marcoussis and to offer their support for its proper implementation.

Referendum No specific mention. for agreement

International Page 2, Paragraph 10

mission/

The Conference decides that the Monitoring Committee shall consist of the force/similar following members:

- The Special Representative of the Secretary-General of the United Nations in Abidjan, who shall coordinate the representation of the bodies of the United Nations system;
- The representative of the ECOWAS secretariat;
- The representative of the Commission of the African Union;
- The representative of the country occupying the Presidency of the European Union;
- The representative of the European Commission;
- The representative of IMF;
- The representative of the World Bank;
- A representative of the Group of 8;
- The representative of the International Organization of la Francophonie;
- The Ambassador of France to Cote d'Ivoire;
- A military adviser representing the countries involved in bringing the crisis to an end.

Page 2, Paragraph 11

The Conference expresses the hope that the Chairman of the Monitoring Committee will be the Special Representative of the Secretary-General of the United Nations. It requests that the Committee meet regularly and report to the bodies it represents on the implementation of the Agreement.

Page 3, Paragraph 13

The Conference affirms the importance of support from the States members of ECOWAS and the United Nations in restoring peace and security in Cote d'Ivoire. It expresses its gratitude to ECOWAS and France for having committed troops to participate in the military and security effort, and welcomes the adoption of the statement issued by the President of the United Nations Security Council on 20 December 2002, which endorsed that deployment.

Page 3, Paragraph 14

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Page 3, Paragraph 15

The Conference recommends that the Secretary-General of the United Nations submit to the Becupity Touncil recommendations for the deployment of civilian and military observers who will help to supervise the

Enforcement Page 2, Paragraph 9.

mechanism

The Conference decides to support the establishment of a committee to monitor the Agreement, to be constituted immediately at Abidjan. It confirms that this Monitoring Committee shall be entrusted with monitoring the implementation of the provisions of the Agreement and shall be empowered to invoke any national, regional or international authority in the event of obstruction or failure so that appropriate steps can be taken. The Monitoring Committee shall be specifically empowered to bring any instances of failure to implement the Agreement to the attention of the United Nations Security Council through the appropriate channels so that the Council may draw the appropriate conclusions and take the necessary decisions.

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Related No specific mention.

cases

Source http://peacemaker.un.org/