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Country/ entity	Bosnia and Herzegovina Yugoslavia (former)
Region	Europe and Eurasia Europe and Eurasia
Agreement name	Statement of Principles for New Constitutional Arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina (Carrington-Cutiliero Plan of March 1992)
Date	18 Mar 1992
Agreement status	Agreement with subsequent status
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict ( Balkan Conflicts (1991 - 1995) (1998 - 2001) )
Stage	Pre-negotiation/process
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Bosnia peace process
Parties	Mate Boban, Alija Izetbegovic, Radovan Karadzic
Third parties	Jose Cutileiro, envoy of the European Community
Description	This statement of principles was produced as part of the EC's efforts to prevent the outbreak of conflict in the Yugoslav republic of Bosnia-Herzegovina. It provides for the republic to become an independent state, comprised of three nationally-defined constituent units, with proportional representation of the three main ethnic groups throughout state institutions. The agreement was adopted, but not signed by the parties, and was later rejected by the Bosnian Presidency.

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Agreement document	<a href="#">BA_920318_Statement of Principles for New Constitutional Arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina.pdf</a>    <a href="#">Download PDF</a>
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**Groups**

Children/  
youth      No specific mention.

Disabled  
persons      No specific mention.

Elderly/age      No specific mention.

Migrant  
workers      No specific mention.

Racial/  
ethnic/  
national  
group

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical  
Page 3, ANNEX 1

The leaders of the three main parliamentary parties meeting in Brussels under the auspices of the European Community for the sixth round of talks on future constitutional arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina:...Urgently appeal to all in Bosnia and Herzegovina, regardless of ethnic origins, religious beliefs and political affiliation, to refrain from violence, provocation of violence and from any other military or political action that might jeopardise the agreements already made by the three parties and cast doubts on a successful outcome of the talks.

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Substantive  
Page 1, A. INDEPENDENCE

I. Bosnia and Herzegovina would be a state, composed of three constituent units, based on national principles and taking into account economic, geographic and other criteria.

Page 1, A. INDEPENDENCE

3. Sovereignty resides in the citizens of the Muslim, Serb and Croat nations and other nations and nationalities, who realise it through their civic participation in the constituent units and the central organs of the republic.

Page 2, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA,  
Note

3. The composition of the civil service and the judiciary of Bosnia and Herzegovina would reflect proportionally the national composition of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

3. All the institutions (civil service, the judiciary, etc.) established by a constituent unit would reflect proportionally the national composition of the constituent unit.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

4. Members of the nations who would be in a minority in a particular constituent unit would receive protection similar to that in article 2 (3) of the draft convention.

Page 2, E. DEFINITION OF THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

A working group will be established in order to define the territory of the constituent units based on national principles and taking into account economic, geographical and other criteria. A map based on the national absolute or relative majority in each municipality will be the basis of work in the working group, and will be subject only to amendments, justified by the above-mentioned criteria. A copy is annexed to this statement.

Page 3, Annex 2, Human rights

1. The Constitution would include provisions providing for the protection of human rights and rights of minorities as envisaged in article 2 a), b) and d) of the draft convention of the EC Peace Conference on Yugoslavia and full effect would be given to those rights by the authorities of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the authorities of the constituent units.

Page 3 of 23  
Page 3, ANNEX 2, Human rights

3. A mixed commission for human rights would be established, composed of

Religious groups	<p>Groups→Religious groups→Rhetorical Page 3, ANNEX 1</p> <p>The leaders of the three main parliamentary parties meeting in Brussels under the auspices of the European Community for the sixth round of talks on future constitutional arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina:...</p> <p>Urgently appeal to all in Bosnia and Herzegovina, regardless of ethnic origins, religious beliefs and political affiliation, to refrain from violence, provocation of violence and from any other military or political action that might jeopardise the agreements already made by the three parties and cast doubts on a successful outcome of the talks.</p> <p>Groups→Religious groups→Substantive Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA 2. The assembly, acting through the chamber of citizens and the chamber of constituent units, and the government, would have competence to legislate, to consider and adjust proposals from the constituent units and to administer in the following fields...Decisions concerning...religion...would be decided in the chamber of constituent units by a majority of four-fifths of the total number of the representatives in it.</p> <p>Page 3, ANNEX 3, The working group on definition of the constituent units in Bosnia and Herzegovina 3. The working group will draw a map of the constituent units. While basing its work on national principles, the criteria which the working group will take into account in addition to economic and geographical criteria, include historical, religious, cultural and educational, transport and communications, and the will of inhabitants, to the extent that the members of the working group consider that the application of these criteria are justified.</p>
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/ displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.

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## Gender

Women, girls and gender No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

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## State definition

Nature of state (general) Page 1, B. GENERAL PRINCIPLES  
l. Bosnia and Herzegovina and its constituent units would be governed in accordance with the following constitutional principles, as understood and generally practised among the democratic states of Western Europe and as set out in draft convention under discussion in the conference:  
a. Respect for human rights at the highest standards as envisaged in the draft convention, respect for private ownership, the market economy and free enterprise;  
b. The general and equal right to vote, free elections and secret voting;  
c. Freedom for political and trade union activities;  
d. A secular state system with full religious freedom and separation of church and state, separation of powers between the branches of government, the rule of law and a democratic and effective system of control and protection of constitutionality and legality;  
e. International control and jurisdiction for the protection of human rights and freedom.

### Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

2....A constituent unit may establish and maintain relations and links with the other republics and with organizations in them provided that these relations and links are consistent with the independence and integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

State configuration Page 1, A. INDEPENDENCE  
l. Bosnia and Herzegovina would be a state, composed of three constituent units, based on national principles and taking into account economic, geographic and other criteria.

Self determination	Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS 2....A constituent unit may establish and maintain relations and links with the other republics and with organizations in them provided that these relations and links are consistent with the independence and integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina.
Referendum	Page 2, F. TRANSITIONAL STEPS 1. Subject to the definition of the constituent units for the purpose of the future arrangements in accordance with part E of this statement, a constitutional law to modify the constitution in order to give effect to these principles will be prepared and submitted to assembly as soon as possible, and will have to be confirmed by a referendum of the people under international supervision.
State symbols	Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA 2. The assembly, acting through the chamber of citizens and the chamber of constituent units, and the government, would have competence to legislate, to consider and adjust proposals from the constituent units and to administer in the following fields...Decisions concerning the flag and emblem...would be decided in the chamber of constituent units by a majority of four-fifths of the total number of the representatives in it.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	Page 1, A. INDEPENDENCE 2. Bosnia and Herzegovina would continue to have its existing borders and neither the government of Bosnia and Herzegovina nor the governments of the constituent units will encourage or support claims to any part of its territory by neighbouring states.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.

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## Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed)	<p>Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→New political institutions (indefinite)</p> <p>Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA</p> <p>1. The assembly of Bosnia and Herzegovina would be composed of a chamber of citizens, which would be directly elected, and chamber of constituent units in which each of the constituent units would have an equal number of representatives.</p> <p>Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA</p> <p>2. The assembly, acting through the chamber of citizens and the chamber of constituent units, and the government, would have competence to legislate, to consider and adjust proposals from the constituent units and to administer in the following fields: central bank and monetary policy, foreign relations, defence, general economic policy, economic relations, including, where any of the following affect more than one constituent unit, transport, energy supplies, pipelines and water management, and other items to be decided. Decisions concerning the flag and emblem, higher education, religion, matters concerning defence, macro-economic policy, important or general matters concerning economic policy, decisions concerning relations between Bosnia and Herzegovina and states neighbouring Bosnia and Herzegovina and other items to be decide would be decided in the chamber of constituent units by a majority of four-fifths of the total number of the representatives in it.</p> <p>Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS</p> <p>2....Each constituent unit would organise its own institutions...</p>
Elections	<p>Page 1, B. GENERAL PRINCIPLES</p> <p>l. Bosnia and Herzegovina and its constituent units would be governed in accordance with the following constitutional principles, as understood and generally practised among the democratic states of Western Europe and as set out in draft convention under discussion in the conference:...</p> <p>b. The general and equal right to vote, free elections and secret voting;</p>
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.

Civil society Page 1, A. INDEPENDENCE

3. Sovereignty resides in the citizens of the Muslim, Serb and Croat nations and other nations and nationalities, who realise it through their civic participation in the constituent units and the central organs of the republic.

Page 1, B. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

1. Bosnia and Herzegovina and its constituent units would be governed in accordance with the following constitutional principles, as understood and generally practised among the democratic states of Western Europe and as set out in draft convention under discussion in the conference:...

c. Freedom for political and trade union activities;

Traditional/  
religious  
leaders No specific mention.

Public administration Page 2, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA, Note

3. The composition of the civil service and the judiciary of Bosnia and Herzegovina would reflect proportionally the national composition of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

3. All the institutions (civil service, the judiciary, etc.) established by a constituent unit would reflect proportionally the national composition of the constituent unit.



Constitution Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making  
Page 2, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA,  
Note

4. In order to resolve constitutional questions between the authorities of Bosnia and Herzegovina of the constituent units, a special tribunal would be established, which would, for a period of not less than five years, include impartial elements drawn from outside Bosnia and Herzegovina and its neighbouring states. This tribunal will have one member from each unit and the same number and one more drawn from outside. It takes decisions by simple majority.

Page 2, F. TRANSITIONAL STEPS

1. Subject to the definition of the constituent units for the purpose of the future arrangements in accordance with part E of this statement, a constitutional law to modify the constitution in order to give effect to these principles will be prepared and submitted to assembly as soon as possible, and will have to be confirmed by a referendum of the people under international supervision.

Page 3, ANNEX 1

The leaders of the three main parliamentary parties meeting in Brussels under the auspices of the European Community for the sixth round of talks on future constitutional arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina...They are firmly convinced that a peaceful environment will facilitate understanding, speed up negotiations and allow for the drafting of a new constitution acceptable to all in the shortest possible time.

Page 3, Annex 2, Human rights

1. The Constitution would include provisions providing for the protection of human rights and rights of minorities as envisaged in article 2 a), b) and d) of the draft convention of the EC Peace Conference on Yugoslavia and full effect would be given to those rights by the authorities of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the authorities of the constituent units.

Page 3, Annex 2, Human rights

1. The Constitution would include provisions providing for the protection of human rights and rights of minorities as envisaged in article 2 a), b) and d) of the draft convention of the EC Peace Conference on Yugoslavia and full effect would be given to those rights by the authorities of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the authorities of the constituent units.

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**Power sharing**

Political  
power  
sharing

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Proportionality in legislature  
State level

Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

1. The assembly of Bosnia and Herzegovina would be composed of a chamber of citizens, which would be directly elected, and chamber of constituent units in which each of the constituent units would have an equal number of representatives.

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Other proportionality  
State level

Page 2, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA,  
Note

3. The composition of the civil service and the judiciary of Bosnia and Herzegovina would reflect proportionally the national composition of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

3. All the institutions (civil service, the judiciary, etc.) established by a constituent unit would reflect proportionally the national composition of the constituent unit.

Page 3, ANNEX 2, Human rights

3. A mixed commission for human rights would be established, composed of one representative of each of the three nations and four representatives including the chairman for the European Community. The mixed commission would consider and make recommendations by majority vote on any question relating to those rights which are brought before it.

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Form of 'veto' or communal majority  
State level

Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

2. The assembly, acting through the chamber of citizens and the chamber of constituent units, and the government, would have competence to legislate, to consider and adjust proposals from the constituent units and to administer in the following fields: central bank and monetary policy, foreign relations, defence, general economic policy, economic relations, including, where any of the following affect more than one constituent unit, transport, energy supplies, pipelines and water management, and other items to be decided. Decisions concerning the flag and emblem, higher education, religion, matters concerning defence, macro-economic policy, important or general matters concerning economic policy, decisions concerning relations between Bosnia and Herzegovina and states neighbouring Bosnia and Herzegovina and other items to be decided would be decided in the chamber of constituent units by a majority of four-fifths of the total number of the representatives in it.

Power sharing→Political power sharing→International involvement  
State level

Page 2, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA,  
Note

4. In order to resolve constitutional questions between the authorities of Bosnia and Herzegovina of the constituent units, a special tribunal would be established, which would, for a period of not less than five years, include impartial elements drawn from outside Bosnia and Herzegovina and its neighbouring states. This tribunal will have one member from each unit and the same number and one more drawn from outside. It takes decisions by

Territorial  
power  
sharing

Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Federal or similar sub-divided government

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

1. Within Bosnia and Herzegovina, constituent units would be established, which are defined in part E below.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

2. The assembly and the government of the constituent units would have power, subject to any legislation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the limited fields specified above and in accordance with the procedures set out above, to legislate and to administer in matters of concern to the constituent units, namely, the administration of the services and officials of a constituent unit, expropriation of property for public use, land registries, fire prevention, chambers of commerce, supervision of cooperative trading organizations, saving banks and credit institutions, supervision of charitable institutions, social security, sickness insurance, conservation of the historic, artistic and cultural heritage, cultural institutions, such as libraries, institutions and museums, the use of land, environmental controls, housing, markets, roads, emergency services, mining, hunting and fishing, nature reserves, aqueducts, water management, pipelines, transport within the constituent unit, tourism, agriculture and forests, social assistance, education schools, police, trade and other aspects of economic policy, security at public performances, hygiene, sport and recreation and other items to be decided. Each constituent unit would organise its own institutions. A constituent unit may establish and maintain relations and links with the other republics and with organizations in them provided that these relations and links are consistent with the independence and integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

3. All the institutions (civil service, the judiciary, etc.) established by a constituent unit would reflect proportionally the national composition of the constituent unit.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

4. Members of the nations who would be in a minority in a particular constituent unit would receive protection similar to that in article 2 (3) of the draft convention.

Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Other

Page 2, E. DEFINITION OF THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

A working group will be established in order to define the territory of the constituent units based on national principles and taking into account economic, geographical and other criteria. A map based on the national absolute or relative majority in each municipality will be the basis of work in the working group, and will be subject only to amendments, justified by the above-mentioned criteria. A copy is annexed to this statement.

Page 3, ANNEX 3, The working group on definition of the constituent units in Bosnia and Herzegovina

1. The working group will consist of three persons from each of the three parties represented in the talks on future constitutional arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina, together with three persons, including a chairman, nominated by the European Community.

Page 3, ANNEX 3, The working group on definition of the constituent units in

Economic power sharing No specific mention.

Military power sharing No specific mention.

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## Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general

Page 1, B. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

l. Bosnia and Herzegovina and its constituent units would be governed in accordance with the following constitutional principles, as understood and generally practised among the democratic states of Western Europe and as set out in draft convention under discussion in the conference...

a. Respect for human rights at the highest standards as envisaged in the draft convention, respect for private ownership, the market economy and free enterprise;...

d. A secular state system with full religious freedom and separation of church and state, separation of powers between the branches of government, the rule of law and a democratic and effective system of control and protection of constitutionality and legality;

e. International control and jurisdiction for the protection of human rights and freedom.

Page 3, Annex 2, Human rights

1. The Constitution would include provisions providing for the protection of human rights and rights of minorities as envisaged in article 2 a), b) and d) of the draft convention of the EC Peace Conference on Yugoslavia and full effect would be given to those rights by the authorities of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the authorities of the constituent units.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation No specific mention.

Civil and political rights	Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Vote and take part Page 1, B. GENERAL PRINCIPLES l. Bosnia and Herzegovina and its constituent units would be governed in accordance with the following constitutional principles, as understood and generally practised among the democratic states of Western Europe and as set out in draft convention under discussion in the conference:... b. The general and equal right to vote, free elections and secret voting;
Socio-economic rights	No specific mention.

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## Rights related issues

Citizenship	Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizen, general Page 1, A. INDEPENDENCE 3. Sovereignty resides in the citizens of the Muslim, Serb and Croat nations and other nations and nationalities, who realise it through their civic participation in the constituent units and the central organs of the republic.  Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA 1. The assembly of Bosnia and Herzegovina would be composed of a chamber of citizens, which would be directly elected, and chamber of constituent units in which each of the constituent units would have an equal number of representatives.  Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA 2. The assembly, acting through the chamber of citizens and the chamber of constituent units, and the government, would have competence to legislate, to consider and adjust proposals from the constituent units and to administer in the following fields...
Democracy	Page 1, B. GENERAL PRINCIPLES l. Bosnia and Herzegovina and its constituent units would be governed in accordance with the following constitutional principles, as understood and generally practised among the democratic states of Western Europe and as set out in draft convention under discussion in the conference... d. A secular state system with full religious freedom and separation of church and state, separation of powers between the branches of government, the rule of law and a democratic and effective system of control and protection of constitutionality and legality;
Detention procedures	No specific mention.

Media and communication	<p>Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles  Page 3, ANNEX 3, The working group on definition of the constituent units in Bosnia and Herzegovina</p> <p>3. The working group will draw a map of the constituent units. While basing its work on national principles, the criteria which the working group will take into account in addition to economic and geographical criteria, include historical, religious, cultural and educational, transport and communications, and the will of inhabitants, to the extent that the members of the working group consider that the application of these criteria are justified.</p>
Mobility/ access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	<p>Rights related issues→Protection measures→Other  Page 1, General Principles</p> <p>Page 2, To call upon all political structures and the supporters of the signatory parties, the military, the republican, municipal and local authorities and the inhabitants of Bosnia and Herzegovina, to cooperate with UNHCR and other international humanitarian organisations and to provide them the protection and support required for the fulfilment of their humanitarian functions,</p>
Other	No specific mention.

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## Rights institutions

NHRI	<p>Rights institutions→NHRI→New or fundamentally revised NHRI</p> <p>Page 3, ANNEX 2, Human rights</p> <p>3. A mixed commission for human rights would be established, composed of one representative of each of the three nations and four representatives including the chairman for the European Community. The mixed commission would consider and make recommendations by majority vote on any question relating to those rights which are brought before it.</p> <p>Page 3, ANNEX 2, Human rights</p> <p>3. A mixed commission for human rights would be established, composed of one representative of each of the three nations and four representatives including the chairman for the European Community. The mixed commission would consider and make recommendations by majority vote on any question relating to those rights which are brought before it.</p> <p>Page 3, ANNEX 2, Human rights</p> <p>4. A monitoring mission including members drawn from the European Community would be established which could, at the request of 2 representatives on the Mixed Commission for human rights, investigate and report on any allegation of infringement of the rights referred to in paragraph 1 above.</p>
Regional or international human rights institutions	<p>Rights institutions→Regional or international human rights institutions→Body tasked</p> <p>Page 3, ANNEX 2, Human rights</p> <p>2. Cases in courts involving allegations of a breach of those rights would be decided, as a final court of appeal by the special tribunal, envisaged in paragraph C4 of the agreed Statement of Principles the jurisdiction of that tribunal would extend to cover such cases.</p>

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## Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law	No specific mention.
State of emergency provisions	No specific mention.



Judiciary and courts Page 2, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA, Note  
3. The composition of the civil service and the judiciary of Bosnia and Herzegovina would reflect proportionally the national composition of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS  
3. All the institutions (civil service, the judiciary, etc.) established by a constituent unit would reflect proportionally the national composition of the constituent unit.

Page 3, ANNEX 2, Human rights  
2. Cases in courts involving allegations of a breach of those rights would be decided, as a final court of appeal by the special tribunal, envisaged in paragraph C4 of the agreed Statement of Principles the jurisdiction of that tribunal would extend to cover such cases.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

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## **Socio-economic reconstruction**

Development or socio-economic reconstruction No specific mention.

National economic plan No specific mention.

Natural resources Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA  
2. The assembly, acting through the chamber of citizens and the chamber of constituent units, and the government, would have competence to legislate, to consider and adjust proposals from the constituent units and to administer in the following fields: ...pipelines and water management, and other items to be decided.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

2. The assembly and the government of the constituent units would have power, subject to any legislation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the limited fields specified above and in accordance with the procedures set out above, to legislate and to administer in matters of concern to the constituent units, namely...mining, hunting and fishing...pipelines...

International funds No specific mention.

Business Page 1, B. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

I. Bosnia and Herzegovina and its constituent units would be governed in accordance with the following constitutional principles, as understood and generally practised among the democratic states of Western Europe and as set out in draft convention under discussion in the conference:

a. Respect for human rights at the highest standards as envisaged in the draft convention, respect for private ownership, the market economy and free enterprise;

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS

2. The assembly and the government of the constituent units would have power, subject to any legislation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the limited fields specified above and in accordance with the procedures set out above, to legislate and to administer in matters of concern to the constituent units, namely...chambers of commerce, supervision of cooperative trading organizations...markets...trade and other aspects of economic policy...

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks                    Socio-economic reconstruction→Banks→Central bank  
Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA  
2. The assembly, acting through the chamber of citizens and the chamber of constituent units, and the government, would have competence to legislate, to consider and adjust proposals from the constituent units and to administer in the following fields: central bank and monetary policy...

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS  
2. The assembly and the government of the constituent units would have power, subject to any legislation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the limited fields specified above and in accordance with the procedures set out above, to legislate and to administer in matters of concern to the constituent units, namely...saving banks and credit institutions...

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## Land, property and environment

Land reform/  
rights                    Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Land reform and management  
Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS  
2. The assembly and the government of the constituent units would have power, subject to any legislation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the limited fields specified above and in accordance with the procedures set out above, to legislate and to administer in matters of concern to the constituent units, namely...expropriation of property for public use, land registries...the use of land...

Pastoralist/  
nomadism  
rights                    No specific mention.

Cultural heritage                    Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Tangible  
Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS  
2. The assembly and the government of the constituent units would have power, subject to any legislation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the limited fields specified above and in accordance with the procedures set out above, to legislate and to administer in matters of concern to the constituent units, namely...conservation of the historic, artistic and cultural heritage, cultural institutions, such as libraries, institutions and museums...

Environment                    Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS  
2. The assembly and the government of the constituent units would have power, subject to any legislation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the limited fields specified above and in accordance with the procedures set out above, to legislate and to administer in matters of concern to the constituent units, namely...environmental controls...nature reserves ...agriculture and forests...

Water or riparian rights or access

Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA  
2. The assembly, acting through the chamber of citizens and the chamber of constituent units, and the government, would have competence to legislate, to consider and adjust proposals from the constituent units and to administer in the following fields:...pipelines and water management, and other items to be decided.

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS  
2. The assembly and the government of the constituent units would have power, subject to any legislation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the limited fields specified above and in accordance with the procedures set out above, to legislate and to administer in matters of concern to the constituent units, namely...aqueducts, water management...

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## Security sector

Security Guarantees

No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

Page 2, D. THE CONSTITUENT UNITS  
2. The assembly and the government of the constituent units would have power, subject to any legislation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the limited fields specified above and in accordance with the procedures set out above, to legislate and to administer in matters of concern to the constituent units, namely...police...security at public performances...

Armed forces	<p>Page 1, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA</p> <p>2. The assembly, acting through the chamber of citizens and the chamber of constituent units, and the government, would have competence to legislate, to consider and adjust proposals from the constituent units and to administer in the following fields:... defence...Decisions concerning...matters concerning defence, macro-economic policy...would be decided in the chamber of constituent units by a majority of four-fifths of the total number of the representatives in it.</p> <p>Page 1-2, C. THE ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNMENT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA, Note</p> <p>1. Matters concerning the future armed forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina will be defined in the course of these negotiations. This does not refer to the present army, the question of which will be solved separately.</p> <p>Page 3, ANNEX 1</p> <p>The leaders of the three main parliamentary parties meeting in Brussels under the auspices of the European Community for the sixth round of talks on future constitutional arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina:...</p> <p>Urgently appeal to all in Bosnia and Herzegovina, regardless of ethnic origins, religious beliefs and political affiliation, to refrain from violence, provocation of violence and from any other military or political action that might jeopardise the agreements already made by the three parties and cast doubts on a successful outcome of the talks.</p>
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.

Crime/  
organised  
crime      No specific mention.

Drugs      No specific mention.

Terrorism      No specific mention.

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## **Transitional justice**

Transitional  
justice  
general      No specific mention.

Amnesty/  
pardon      No specific mention.

Courts      No specific mention.

Mechanism      No specific mention.

Prisoner  
release      No specific mention.

Vetting      No specific mention.

Victims      No specific mention.

Missing  
persons      No specific mention.

Reparations      No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

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## Implementation

UN  
signatory No specific mention.

Other  
international  
signatory No specific mention.

Referendum  
for  
agreement No specific mention.

International  
mission/  
force/similar Page 3, ANNEX 2, Human rights  
4. A monitoring mission including members drawn from the European  
Community would be  
established which could, at the request of 2 representatives on the Mixed  
Commission for human rights, investigate and report on any allegation of  
infringement of the rights referred to in paragraph 1 above.

Enforcement  
mechanism No specific mention.

Related  
cases No specific mention.

Source University of Liverpool, David Owen Papers  
<https://www.liverpool.ac.uk/library/sca/colldescs/owen/>

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