#### Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Tajikistan

**Region** Europe and Eurasia

**Agreement name** Statute of the Commission on National Reconciliation

**Date** 21 Feb 1997

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

**Agreement/conflict** Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Tajikistani Civil War (1992 - 1997)

Ethnic marginalization formed a key feature in the Tajikistani Civil war when liberal democrat and Islamic groups from the Garm and Gorno-Badakhshan took up arms against the government of President Rahmon Nabiyev. Members of Nabiyev's government were predominantly from the regions of Leninabad and Kulyab. Antigovernment protestors took to the street following the 1991 presidential elections, which caused the government to hand out arms to pro-government militias. Following clashes, anti-government factions captured the President and forced him to resign at gun-point. A new government under the Kulyabi native, Emomali Rahmonov, who fended off democratic and Islamist militias. Eventually, with support from Islamist factions in Afghanistan, the opposition united under the United Tajik Opposition umbrella. In 1994, the UN deployed a peacekeeping force to monitor the 1994 ceasefire agreement. A peace agreement was signed in 1997 and completely removed the Leninabad 'old guard' from power.

Close

Tajikistani Civil War (1992 - 1997)

**Stage** Implementation/renegotiation

**Conflict nature** Government

**Peace process** Tajikistan peace process

**Parties** (Signed) E. RAKHMONOV, President of the Republic of Tajikistan

(Signed) S. A. NURI, Leader of the United Tajik Opposition

**Third parties** (Signed) G. MERREM Special Representative of the Secretary-General of the United

**Nations** 

**Description** Agreement establishing transitional implementation mechanism, setting out its

composition, functions, and powers.

Agreement

TJ\_970221\_StatuteCommissionNationalReconciliation.pdf (opens in new tab) |

document Download PDF

Groups

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced** Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

persons Page 3, Annex I, II. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMISSION AND PROCEDURAL ASPECTS OF

ITS ACTIVITY

5. The Commission shall comprise four subcommissions:

•••

(c) On refugee issues;

Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

•••

Implementing measures for the safe and appropriate return of the refugees and their active involvement in the social, political and economic life of the country, and provision of assistance in reconstruction of the housing and industrial and agricultural facilities

destroyed by the war;

**Social class** No specific mention.

#### Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

**Men and boys** No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

#### **State definition**

Nature of state (general)

No specific mention.

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

...

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

Submission to a nationwide referendum of proposals for amendments and additions to the existing Constitution;

Preparation and submission for approval by Parliament, and if necessary also by a nationwide referendum, of a new law on elections to Parliament and the local representative bodies;

Establishment for the transition period of a Central Electoral Commission on the Elections and the Conduct of the Referendum;

...

Submission for consideration by Parliament of proposals regarding the date for the holding of elections to a new professional Parliament, to be monitored by the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), with the participation of the observer countries at the inter-Tajik talks.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

secession

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

#### Governance

**Political** Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→General references **institutions (new or** Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION, **reformed)** 

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

•••

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

•••

Reform of the Government - inclusion of representatives of the opposition (UTO) in the structures of executive authority (members of the government), including ministries, departments, local authorities, judicial bodies and law enforcement agencies, taking the regional principle into account;

#### **Elections**

Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

•••

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

Submission to a nationwide referendum of proposals for amendments and additions to the existing Constitution;

Preparation and submission for approval by Parliament, and if necessary also by a nationwide referendum, of a new law on elections to Parliament and the local representative bodies;

Establishment for the transition period of a Central Electoral Commission on the Elections and the Conduct of the Referendum;

Page 4, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

...

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

•••

Submission for consideration by Parliament of proposals regarding the date for the holding of elections to a new professional Parliament, to be monitored by the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), with the participation of the observer countries at the inter-Tajik talks.

## Electoral commission

Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

•••

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

Submission to a nationwide referendum of proposals for amendments and additions to the existing Constitution;

Preparation and submission for approval by Parliament, and if necessary also by a nationwide referendum, of a new law on elections to Parliament and the local representative bodies;

Establishment for the transition period of a Central Electoral Commission on the Elections and the Conduct of the Referendum;

Page 4, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

•••

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

...

Submission for consideration by Parliament of proposals regarding the date for the holding of elections to a new professional Parliament, to be monitored by the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), with the participation of the observer countries at the inter-Tajik talks.

# Political parties reform

Governance→Political parties reform→Other political parties reform Page 3: III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

Developing proposals for amending the legislation on the functioning of political parties and movements and the mass media.

#### **Civil society**

Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

...

Developing proposals for amending the legislation on the functioning of political parties and movements and the mass media.

Page 6, ANNEX II:

In the light of the problems which have arisen in the negotiations, and in order to ensure that the Commission on National Reconciliation starts to function as quickly as possible, the President of the Republic of Tajikistan, E. S. Rakhmonov, and the leader of the United Tajik Opposition (UTO), S. A. Nuri, following their meeting in Mashhad in the Islamic Republic of Iran on 20 and 21 February 1997, have decided as follows:

3. The phrase "development of a mechanism for converting the military political movements into political parties" in the Protocol on the main functions and powers of the Commission on National Reconciliation dated 23 December 1996 shall be deemed null and void from the date of signing of the Protocol on Military Issues, since this matter will be discussed under the heading of military issues.

# Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

## Public administration

No specific mention.

## Constitution

Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

•••

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

Submission to a nationwide referendum of proposals for amendments and additions to the existing Constitution;

#### **Power sharing**

# Political power sharing

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Executive coalition

State level

Page 6, ANNEX II,

In the light of the problems which have arisen in the negotiations, and in order to ensure that the Commission on National Reconciliation starts to function as quickly as possible, the President of the Republic of Tajikistan, E. S. Rakhmonov, and the leader of the United Tajik Opposition (UTO), S. A. Nuri, following their meeting in Mashhad in the Islamic Republic of Iran on 20 and 21 February 1997, have decided as follows:

2. Thirty per cent of positions in executive structures, including ministries, departments, local authorities, and judicial bodies and law enforcement agencies, shall be assigned to representatives of UTO, the regional principle being taken into account.

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Other

State level

Page 2, Annex I, II. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMISSION AND PROCEDURAL ASPECTS OF ITS ACTIVITY

4. The members of the Commission shall be appointed on a basis of parity by the Government of the Republic of Tajikistan and the United Tajik Opposition. The Commission shall comprise 26 members. It shall be headed by a Chairman, a representative of the United Tajik Opposition, who shall have one deputy, a representative of the Government of the Republic of Tajikistan (the individual membership of the Commission shall be announced 10 days before the Commission starts work). The leaders and members of the Commission shall work full-time, and may not be removed by the parties, except in circumstances which make it impossible for them to discharge their duties.

Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

...

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

...

Reform of the Government - inclusion of representatives of the opposition (UTO) in the structures of executive authority (members of the government), including ministries, departments, local authorities, judicial bodies and law enforcement agencies, taking the regional principle into account;

# Territorial power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power sharing

No specific mention.

Military power sharing

#### **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** [Page, 7, Annex III: the parties condemn the violation of "inalienable rights of human

general

beings".]

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

**Socio-economic** 

No specific mention.

rights

## **Rights related issues**

Citizenship No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

**Detention** procedures No specific mention.

**Media** and communication Rights related issues→Media and communication→Governance of media Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

Developing proposals for amending the legislation on the functioning of political parties and movements and the mass media.

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

Page 5, ANNEX I, VII. PROCEDURE FOR PUBLICIZING THE WORK OF THE COMMISSION

11. For purposes of facilitating the process of national reconciliation and creating an atmosphere of trust and mutual understanding, the press service of the Commission shall conduct press conferences and briefings and issue press releases and bulletins. The mass media of the Government of the Republic of Tajikistan and the United Tajik Opposition shall regularly publicize the work of the Commission.

### **Mobility/access**

Page 3, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

...

Implementing measures for the safe and appropriate return of the refugees and their active involvement in the social, political and economic life of the country, and provision of assistance in reconstruction of the housing and industrial and agricultural facilities destroyed by the war;

...

Protection measures

No specific mention.

**Other** No specific mention.

## **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

### Justice sector reform

**Criminal justice and** No specific mention. **emergency law** 

**State of emergency** No specific mention. **provisions** 

# Judiciary and courts

Page 3-4, Annex I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

...

Reform of the Government - inclusion of representatives of the opposition (UTO) in the structures of executive authority (members of the government), including ministries, departments, local authorities, judicial bodies and law enforcement agencies, taking the regional principle into account;

Page 4, Annex I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

...

Guidance and monitoring of the disbandment, disarming and reintegration of the armed units of the opposition armed forces and conduct of activities to reform the authorities responsible for the maintenance of law and order and the agencies of the Office of the Public Prosecutor;

# Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

**Traditional Laws** 

#### **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

Implementing measures for the safe and appropriate return of the refugees and their active involvement in the social, political and economic life of the country, and provision of assistance in reconstruction of the housing and industrial and agricultural facilities destroyed by the war;

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

Implementing measures for the safe and appropriate return of the refugees and their active involvement in the social, political and economic life of the country, and provision of assistance in reconstruction of the housing and industrial and agricultural facilities destroyed by the war;

**National economic** No specific mention.

plan

**Natural resources** No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

### Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention. **Environment** 

No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access

No specific mention.

**Security sector** 

**Security Guarantees** 

No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

**Police** 

Page 3-4, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

•••

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

•••

Reform of the Government - inclusion of representatives of the opposition (UTO) in the structures of executive authority (members of the government), including ministries, departments, local authorities, judicial bodies and law enforcement agencies, taking the regional principle into account;

Page 4, Annex I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

...

Guidance and monitoring of the disbandment, disarming and reintegration of the armed units of the opposition armed forces and conduct of activities to reform the authorities responsible for the maintenance of law and order and the agencies of the Office of the Public Prosecutor;

**Armed forces** 

**DDR** 

Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

Page 4, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

•••

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation will exercise the following functions and powers:

...

Guidance and monitoring of the disbandment, disarming and reintegration of the armed units of the opposition armed forces and conduct of activities to reform the authorities responsible for the maintenance of law and order and the agencies of the Office of the Public Prosecutor;

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

**Corruption** No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

**Drugs** No specific mention.

**Terrorism** No specific mention.

## Transitional justice

**Transitional justice** No specific mention. **general** 

**Amnesty/pardon** Transitional justice→Amnesty/pardon→Amnesty/pardon proper

Page 4, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

•••

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation

will exercise the following functions and powers:

•••

Adoption of a Reciprocal Pardon Act and drafting of an Amnesty Act to be adopted by the

Parliament and the Commission on National Reconciliation;

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** Page 4, ANNEX I, III. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION,

7. The Commission shall have the following functions and powers:

...

During the transition period, the President and Commission on National Reconciliation

will exercise the following functions and powers:

...

Monitoring of the conduct of a full exchange of prisoners of war and other prisoners and

the release of forcibly detained persons;

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

Reparations

No specific mention.

#### Reconciliation

Page 2, ANNEX I, I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The President of the Republic of Tajikistan, E. S. Rakhmonov, and the leader of the United Tajik Opposition, S. A. Nuri, guided by the highest interests of the peoples of Tajikistan for the purpose of achieving a stable peace and national accord in the country, have adopted a political decision to establish a Commission on National Reconciliation (hereinafter referred to as the Commission), signing an Agreement and a Protocol in Moscow on

23 December 1996.

- 2. The purview of the Commission includes the whole range of problems associated with national reconciliation. Its tasks shall be to implement the agreements reached in the course of the inter-Tajik talks, to promote the creation of an atmosphere of trust and mutual forgiveness and to institute a broad dialogue among the various political forces in the country with a view to restoring and strengthening civil accord in Tajikistan.
- 3. The Commission is a temporary body, established for the transition period. It shall cease its activity after the convening of the new Parliament and the formation of its leadership structures. The Commission on National Reconciliation shall begin its work two weeks after the signing of the Protocols on military and political issues.

Page 5, ANNEX I, VII. PROCEDURE FOR PUBLICIZING THE WORK OF THE COMMISSION

11. For purposes of facilitating the process of national reconciliation and creating an atmosphere of trust and mutual understanding, the press service of the Commission shall conduct press conferences and briefings and issue press releases and bulletins. The mass media of the Government of the Republic of Tajikistan and the United Tajik Opposition shall regularly publicize the work of the Commission.

#### **Implementation**

**UN signatory** 

Signed by G. D. MERREM?, Special Representative of the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/ similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement mechanism

**Related cases** No specific mention.

**Source** UN Peacemaker:

http://peacemaker.un.org/