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Country/

entity

Liberia

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name

The Final Communique of the Fourth Meeting of the Committee of Five of the

Economic Community of West African States of the Liberian Crisis

(Yamossoukro IV Accord)

Date 30 Oct 1991

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/

Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) (Liberian Civil Wars (1989 - 1997) (1999 -

conflict

level

Stage Implementation/renegotiation

Conflict

Government

nature

Peace Liberia peace process

2005))

process

Parties (Signed) His Excellency Dr. Amos C. SAWYER

President of the Interim Government of Liberia

(Signed) Mr. Charles TAYLOR

Head of the National Patriotic Front of Liberia (NPFL)

Third parties

Done at Yamoussoukro this 30th day of October 1991. (Signed) His Excellency Captain Blaise COMPAORE President of Burkina Faso

(Signed) His Excellency Félix HOUPHOUET-BOIGNY President of the Republic of Côte d'Ivoire

(Signed) His Excellency General Joao Bernardo VIEIRA President of the Council of State of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau

(Signed) His Excellency Lt. Col. Amadou Toumani TOURÉ Chairman of the People's Redemption Transitional Committee, Head of State of the Republic of Mali

(Signed) His Excellency Abdou DIOUF President of the Republic of Senegal

(Signed) The Honourable Kokou Joseph KOFFIGOH Prime Minister of the Togolese Republic

(Signed) The Honourable Augustus AIKHOMU Vice-President, representing the Head of State of the Federal Republic of Nigeria

(Signed) The Honourable J. B. DAUDA Second Vice-President, Attorney-General and Minister of Justice, representing the President of the Republic of Sierra Leone

(Signed) The Honourable Alhaji Omar SEY Minister of External Affairs, representing the President of the Republic of the Gambia

(Signed) The Honourable Dr. Obed ASAMOAH PNDC Secretary for Foreign Affairs, representing the Head of State of the Republic of Ghana

(Signed) The Honourable Faciné TOURÉ Attorney-General and Minister of Justice, representing the Head of State of the Republic of Guinea

Page 1, 3: Also present at the invitation of the Committee were:

- ...- Dr. Salim Ahmed Salim, Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity;
- Mrs. Dayle E. Spencer, representative of the International Negotiations Network (INN).

Description

This agreement provides a timetable and modalities for the implementation of the 3 previous Yamoussoukro accords. Issues covered in the agreement include DDR, ECOMOG's mandate, the holding of elections within 6 months and the establishment of an Election Commission and an ad hoc Supreme Court.

Agreement document

LR_911030_Yamoussokro IV Agreement.pdf 🗇 | Download PDF

Groups

Children/ youth

No specific mention.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age No

No specific mention.

Migrant workers

No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ national

group

No specific mention.

Religious

No specific mention.

groups

Indigenous people

No specific mention.

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/ displaced

Gender

Women, girls and gender No specific mention.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of

No specific mention.

state (general)

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols

No specific mention.

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/unification

No specific mention.

Border delimitation

No specific mention.

Crossborder provision Page 2, VISITS TO GUINEA AND SIERRA LEONE, 7: The Meeting received the report of the delegation of the Foreign Ministers of Côte d'Ivoire, the Gambia, Guinea-Bissau and Nigeria, headed by Senegal, which was requested to visit Guinea and Sierra Leone after the end of the Committee's last meeting. It welcomed the participation of Guinea and Sierra Leone at the meeting and particularly noted with appreciation, the declaration of these countries to continue to cooperate with the Committee in order to achieve the successful implementation of the ECOWAS peace plan and to facilitate the restoration of normalcy in the border areas of Sierra Leone and Liberia. The Committee agreed on the necessity that all hostile foreign forces be withdrawn immediately from the territory of Sierra Leone and that a buffer zone be created with similar dispatch on the Liberian side of the border, to be monitored by ECOMOG.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed)

Elections

Page 1, OUTCOME OF DELIBERATIONS, Developments since the Committee's last meeting, 4: The Committee reviewed developments relating to the Liberian crisis since its last meeting in Yamoussoukro on 16 and 17 September 1991. The Committee noted with appreciation that since that meeting, the Republic of Senegal, in keeping with its promise to contribute troops to ECOMOG, had started deploying its troops to Liberia to join ECOMOG. It also noted with pleasure the fact that the parties, in consonance with the agreement reached in Yamoussoukro during the last meeting of the Committee of Five, had nominated a five-member Elections Commission for the organization and supervision of the elections to be held in Liberia, and a five-member ad hoc Supreme Court to adjudicate disputes that may arise from the electoral process, as provided for by the Liberian Constitution. The Committee urged the parties concerned to take all necessary action to ensure that the Interim Elections Commission begins its work without any further delay.

Page 2, OUTCOME OF DELIBERATIONS, Timetable for encampment and disarmament, 6: Recalling the earlier Yamoussoukro Accord of the parties to implement, under ECOMOG supervision, the encampment of their troops in designated locations and their disarmament, and the mandate given to ECOMOG, in liaison with the parties concerned, to work out the practical modalities for the implementation of that Accord, the Meeting considered and agreed a programme of implementation of these important elements of the cease-fire, which is annexed hereto (see enclosure below). This programme envisages the implementation within 60 days of all the modalities for the establishment of the necessary conditions of peace and security on the ground in order to reinforce the confidence of the parties as well as create a proper atmosphere conducive to the holding of free, fair and democratic elections in Liberia not later than six months from the date of this Meeting. The Committee therefore renewed its mandate to ECOMOG to ensure that the programme is smoothly and speedily implemented, in order to make it possible for democratic elections to be held in Liberia within the stipulated period. To this end, it appealed to all the parties concerned to continue to repose trust and confidence in ECOMOG and to cooperate fully with ECOMOG, the Interim Elections Commission, the INN and all other international observers who may wish to observe and monitor the electoral process.

Electoral commission

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Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ No specific mention. religious leaders

Public No specific mention. administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political No specific mention.

power sharing

No specific mention.

power sharing

Territorial

Economic No specific mention. power sharing

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human No specific mention.

rights/RoL general

Bill of

No specific mention.

rights/ similar

Treaty No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political rights

No specific mention.

Socioeconomic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy

Page 2, OUTCOME OF DELIBERATIONS, Timetable for encampment and disarmament, 6: Recalling the earlier Yamoussoukro Accord of the parties to implement, under ECOMOG supervision, the encampment of their troops in designated locations and their disarmament, and the mandate given to ECOMOG, in liaison with the parties concerned, to work out the practical modalities for the implementation of that Accord, the Meeting considered and agreed a programme of implementation of these important elements of the cease-fire, which is annexed hereto (see enclosure below). This programme envisages the implementation within 60 days of all the modalities for the establishment of the necessary conditions of peace and security on the ground in order to reinforce the confidence of the parties as well as create a proper atmosphere conducive to the holding of free, fair and democratic elections in Liberia not later than six months from the date of this Meeting. The Committee therefore renewed its mandate to ECOMOG to ensure that the programme is smoothly and speedily implemented, in order to make it possible for democratic elections to be held in Liberia within the stipulated period. To this end, it appealed to all the parties concerned to continue to repose trust and confidence in ECOMOG and to cooperate fully with ECOMOG, the Interim Elections Commission, the INN and all other international observers who may wish to observe and monitor the electoral process.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

procedures

Media and No specific mention. communication

Mobility/ access

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation, Preliminary accepted conditions:

- ECOMOG shall enjoy freedom of movement throughout the territory of Liberia.
- ...- All entry points into Liberia will be monitored by ECOMOG troops.

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation, Tasks:

...- Security will be provided to all VIPs and where freedom of movement is established such security will not be necessary for local dignitaries.

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation: It is envisaged that the ECOMOG military programme can be completed within 60 days as follows:

- ...D-Dav + 7
- ...- Robertsfield International Airport reactivated.
- ...- Permanent presence and supervision of all airports and seaports.
- International flights into Robertsfield commence.

Protection measures

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights

institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law

No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts

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Prisons and No specific mention.

detention

Traditional No specific mention.

Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development No specific mention.

or socioeconomic

reconstruction

National

No specific mention.

economic plan

Natural

No specific mention.

resources

International No specific mention.

funds

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/ rights

Pastoralist/ No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural No specific mention.

heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation: It is envisaged that the riparian ECOMOG military programme can be completed within 60 days as follows:

rights or ...D-Day + 7

access ...- Permanent presence and supervision of all airports and seaports.

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 2, VISITS TO GUINEA AND SIERRA LEONE, 7: The Meeting received the report of the delegation of the Foreign Ministers of Côte d'Ivoire, the Gambia, Guinea-Bissau and Nigeria, headed by Senegal, which was requested to visit Guinea and Sierra Leone after the end of the Committee's last meeting. It welcomed the participation of Guinea and Sierra Leone at the meeting and particularly noted with appreciation, the declaration of these countries to continue to cooperate with the Committee in order to achieve the successful implementation of the ECOWAS peace plan and to facilitate the restoration of normalcy in the border areas of Sierra Leone and Liberia. The Committee agreed on the necessity that all hostile foreign forces be withdrawn immediately from the territory of Sierra Leone and that a buffer zone be created with similar dispatch on the Liberian side of the border, to be monitored by ECOMOG.

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation, Preliminary accepted conditions

- ...- Some weapons inadvertently lost would therefore need to be located and recovered.
- There would be some obstacles and possible minefields that would need to be neutralized.

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation, Tasks:

- ...- Monitoring of all possible avenues of approach into Liberia by patrols and static guards.
- Search, in conjunction with administrative authorities, to recover hidden or lost weapons.
- Strategic installations will need static guards.
- Security will be provided to all VIPs and where freedom of movement is established such security will not be necessary for local dignitaries.

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation: It is envisaged that the ECOMOG military programme can be completed within 60 days as follows: ...D-Day + 7

- ...- Border guards in place including buffer zones along Sierra Leone/Liberia border.
- Roadblocks and checkpoints removed in collaboration with administrative authorities.
- ...- Appropriate light Air Detachments deployed in Liberia (including helicopters).

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire →Ceasefire provision

Page 2, OUTCOME OF DELIBERATIONS, Timetable for encampment and disarmament, 6: Recalling the earlier Yamoussoukro Accord of the parties to implement, under ECOMOG supervision, the encampment of their troops in designated locations and their disarmament, and the mandate given to ECOMOG, in liaison with the parties concerned, to work out the practical modalities for the implementation of that Accord, the Meeting considered and agreed a programme of implementation of these important elements of the cease-fire, which is annexed hereto (see enclosure below). This programme envisages the implementation within 60 days of all the modalities for the establishment of the necessary conditions of peace and security on the ground in order to reinforce the confidence of the parties as well as create a proper atmosphere conducive to the holding of free, fair and democratic elections in Liberia not later than six months from the date of this Meeting. The Committee therefore renewed its mandate to ECOMOG to ensure that the programme is smoothly and speedily implemented, in order to make it possible for democratic elections to be held in Liberia within the stipulated period. To this end, it appealed to all the parties concerned to continue to repose trust and confidence in ECOMOG and to cooperate fully with ECOMOG, the Interim Elections Commission, the INN and all other international observers who may wish to observe and monitor the electoral process.

Police No specific mention.

Armed No specific mention. forces

DDR Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

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Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation, ECOMOG mission: ...- Supervise the encampment and disarmament of all warring factions.

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation, Preliminary accepted conditions

- ...- All warring factions will willingly abandon their fighting positions and move into designated camps.
- During the period of encampment and disarmament, eminent persons of the INN will visit Liberia in order to reinforce the confidence of the parties.

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation, Tasks:

- Eliminate external threat to allow the encampment and disarmament programme to be smoothly and effectively carried out.
- ...- Search, in conjunction with administrative authorities, to recover hidden or lost weapons.

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation: It is envisaged that the ECOMOG military programme can be completed within 60 days as follows:

- ...D-Day + 7
- Confirmatory reconnaissance completed of all encampment areas and forward patrol bases.
- ...- Reception centres for encampment opened.
- ...- NPFL encampment and documentation.
- Receiving, crating and storage of weapons at designated points completed.
- Resettlement programme commences.

Intelligence No specific mention.

services

Parastatal/ rebel and

Page 4, Enclosure, Programme of implementation: It is envisaged that the ECOMOG military programme can be completed within 60 days as follows:

opposition

...D-Day + 7

group forces ...- NPFL encampment and documentation.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

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Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/ organised crime

No specific mention.

No specific mention. Drugs

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention.

justice general

Amnesty/ pardon

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release

No specific mention.

Vetting

No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons

No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other signatory

Done at Yamoussoukro this 30th day of October 1991. international (Signed) His Excellency Captain Blaise COMPAORE President of Burkina Faso

> (Signed) His Excellency Félix HOUPHOUET-BOIGNY President of the Republic of Côte d'Ivoire

(Signed) His Excellency General Joao Bernardo VIEIRA President of the Council of State of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau

(Signed) His Excellency Lt. Col. Amadou Toumani TOURÉ Chairman of the People's Redemption Transitional Committee, Head of State of the Republic of Mali

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(Signed) The Honourable Kokou Joseph KOFFIGOH Prime Minister of the Togolese Republic

(Signed) The Honourable Augustus AIKHOMU Vice-President, representing the Head of State of the Federal Republic of Nigeria

(Signed) The Honourable J. B. DAUDA Second Vice-President, Attorney-General and Minister of Justice, representing the President of the Republic of Sierra Leone

(Signed) The Honourable Alhaji Omar SEY Minister of External Affairs, representing the President of the Republic of the Gambia

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Referendum No specific mention. for agreement

mission/

International Page 1, OUTCOME OF DELIBERATIONS, Developments since the Committee's last meeting, 4: The Committee reviewed developments relating to the force/similar Liberian crisis since its last meeting in Yamoussoukro on 16 and 17 September 1991. The Committee noted with appreciation that since that meeting, the Republic of Senegal, in keeping with its promise to contribute troops to ECOMOG, had started deploying its troops to Liberia to join ECOMOG. It also noted with pleasure the fact that the parties, in consonance with the agreement reached in Yamoussoukro during the last meeting of the Committee of Five, had nominated a five-member Elections Commission for the organization and supervision of the elections to be held in Liberia, and a five-member ad hoc Supreme Court to adjudicate disputes that may arise from the electoral process, as provided for by the Liberian Constitution. The Committee urged the parties concerned to take all necessary action to ensure that the Interim Elections Commission begins its work without any further delay.

> Page 2, OUTCOME OF DELIBERATIONS, ECOMOG, 5: Recalling its earlier appeal to other ECOWAS member States to contribute contingents to ECOMOG, the Committee welcomed with appreciation the announcement by Guinea-Bissau of its readiness to contribute troops to ECOMOG in order to enhance its capacity to discharge its peace-keeping role in Liberia.

> Page 2, OUTCOME OF DELIBERATIONS, Timetable for encampment and disarmament, 6: Recalling the earlier Yamoussoukro Accord of the parties to implement, under ECOMOG supervision, the encampment of their troops in designated locations and their disarmament, and the mandate given to ECOMOG, in liaison with the parties concerned, to work out the practical modalities for the implementation of that Accord, the Meeting considered and agreed a programme of implementation of these important elements of the cease-fire, which is annexed hereto (see enclosure below). This programme envisages the implementation within 60 days of all the modalities for the establishment of the necessary conditions of peace and security on the ground in order to reinforce the confidence of the parties as well as create a proper atmosphere conducive to the holding of free, fair and democratic elections in Liberia not later than six months from the date of this Meeting. The Committee therefore renewed its mandate to ECOMOG to ensure that the programme is smoothly and speedily implemented, in order to make it possible for democratic elections to be held in Liberia within the stipulated period. To this end, it appealed to all the parties concerned to continue to repose trust and confidence in ECOMOG and to cooperate fully with ECOMOG, the Interim Elections Commission, the INN and all other international observers who may wish to observe and monitor the electoral process.

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Enforcement No specific mention. mechanism

Related

No specific mention.

cases

Source UN Peacemaker: http://peacemaker.un.org/