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Country/

Kenya

entity

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement

Kenyan National Dialogue and Reconciliation: How to Resolve the Political

name

Crisis

Yes

Date

status

14 Feb 2008

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Kenyan Post-Electoral Violence (2007 - 2008))

conflict level

Framework/substantive - partial Stage

Conflict

Government

nature

Peace

Kenya peace process

process

Parties On the Government/PNU: Hon. Martha Karua, Hon. Sam Ongeri, Hon. Mutula

Kilonwo, Hon. Moses Wetang'ula

On the behalf of ODM: Hon. Musalia Mudavadi, Hon. William Ruto, Hon. Sally

Kosgei, Hon. James Orengo

Third Witnessed by: For the Panel of Eminent African Personalities: H.E. Kofi A.

parties Annan, Chairperson

Description -

Agreement document

KE_080214_Agenda Item Three How to Resolve the Political Crisis.pdf Download PDF

Groups

Children/ youth Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical

Page 4, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current

crisis:

•••

We also agree that the issues in Agenda Item Four are fundamental to the root causes of the crisis, and are closely linked with Agenda Item Three. The implementation of the following reforms should commence urgently in concert with reforms of Agenda Item Three. However, these processes may continue beyond the timeline of the next election:

••

• Tackling unemployment, particularly among the youth;

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age

No specific mention.

Migrant workers

No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous people

No specific mention.

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/ displaced persons Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Rhetorical

Page 2, II. Regarding the disputed presidential electoral results, we examined the following options:

•••

(c) Re-run of Presidential Elections

•••

We agreed however that, to safeguard the trust and confidence of the Kenyan people in the democratic process, the next election should take place only after electoral reforms, including but not limited to the reform of the Electoral Commission of Kenya, finalization of the work of the Independent Review Committee (see below), updating of the Voters'List, establishment and improvement of dispute resolution mechanisms and effecting measures to ensure enfranchisement or Internally Displaced Persons and refugees have been implemented.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

girls and gender

No specific mention.

Men and

boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of

No specific mention.

state

(general)

State

No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border

No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

Elections

Page 1, I. Preamble, I. Preamble:

Reaffirming the Goal of the National Dialogue and Reconciliation:

To ensure that the National Dialogue and Reconciliation is carried out in a continuous and sustained manner towards resolving the political crisis arising from the disputed presidential electoral results as well as the ensuing violence in Kenya, in line with the agreement between His Excellency Mwai Kibaki and Honourable Raila Odinga, as publicly announced on 24th January and reaffirmed on 29th January 2008 at County Hall in Nairobi.

•••

Recognising under Agenda Item Three that, in large measure, the current crisis revolves around the issues of power and the functioning of state institutions, and also recognizing that its resolution may require adjustments to the current constitutional, legal and institutional frameworks, the parties negotiated and agreed on a solution towards resolving the political crisis arising from the disputed presidential electoral results as well as the ensuing violence in Kenya.

Page 1-3, II. Regarding the disputed presidential electoral results, we examined the following options:

(a) Complete Re-count of the Presidential Elections.

We agreed that any re-count, to be considered credible in the eyes of the Kenyan people, would need to be nation-wide, involving a ballot by ballotscrutiny of all of the more than 11,000,000 ballots cast on December 27th. We agreed that all ballots and electoral materials would have be made available at counting centres across the country before announcing a recount. A re-count would need to be conducted under the full scrutiny of trained observers and party agents, who would have the right to scrutinize the counting and verify each and every ballot.

We agreed that a re-count would need to be overseen by a specially appointed independent body that enjoys the trust and broad support of all Kenyans.

We considered the timeline for a possible re~count. We agreed that the preparatory work required to make a re,count credible in the eyes of the Kenyan people and in

keeping with international best practices could take up to three months. We were concerned that a delay of several months could significantly increase existing tensions and delay resolution of the current crisis, and we recognize that the result of a re-count might not further Kenyan unity, and we therefore decided to review other options.

(b) Re-tally

We agreed that any re-tally, to be considered credible in the eyes of the Kenyan people, would need to be nation-wide, involving full scrutiny and retally of results sheets from all of the more than 27,500 polling station tally sheets and 210 constituency tally sheets.

We agreed that all forms would have to be made available across the country before announcing a re-tally. A re-tally would need to be conducted under the full scrutiny of trained observers and party agents, who would have the right to scrutinize the conduct of the process and the validity of each tally sheet, and would need to be overseen by a specially appointed independent body that enjoys the trust and broad support of all Kenyans.

While we agreed that a re-tally could successfully identify problems or irregularities in the tall re-tally could not however identify the correct result in those stations or constituencies where problems or

Electoral

Page 2:

commission

While we agreed that a re-tally could successfully identify problems or irregularities in the tally sheets, a re-tally could not however identify the correct result in those stations or constituencies where problems or irregularities were identified.

For these reasons stated above, we decided to review other options.

(c) Re-run of Presidential Elections

We were not in agreement on the need for a re-run of the Presidential elections.

We agreed however that, to safeguard the trust and confidence of the Kenyan people in the democratic process, the next election should take place only after electoral reforms, including but not limited to the reform of the electoral commission of Kenya, finalization of the work of the Independent Review Committee (see below), updating of the Voters' List, establishment and improvement of dispute resolution mechanisms and effecting measures to ensure enfranchisement of Internally Displaced Persons and refugees have been implemented.

Pages 3-4:

III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis, we agree on the following points:

We recognize that there is a serious crisis in the country, we agree a political settlement is necessary to promote national reconciliation and unity. We also agree that such a political settlement must be one that reconciles and heals the nation and reflects the best interests of all Kenyans. A political settlement is necessary to manage a broad reform agenda and other mechanisms that will address the root causes of the crisis. Such reforms and mechanisms will comprise, but are not limited to, the following:

- Comprehensive Constitutional reforms;
- Comprehensive electoral reform of the electoral laws, the electoral commission and dispute resolution mechanisms;

Political parties

•

No specific mention.

reform

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious

No specific mention.

leaders

Public

No specific mention.

administration

 ${\tt Constitution} \ \, {\tt Governance} {\to} {\tt Constitution} {\to} {\tt Constitutional} \ \, {\tt reform/making} \ \,$

Page 1, I. Preamble, I. Preamble:

..

Recognising under Agenda Item Three that, in large measure, the current crisis revolves around the issues of power and the functioning of state institutions, and also recognizing that its resolution may require adjustments to the current constitutional, legal and institutional frameworks, the parties negotiated and agreed on a solution towards resolving the political crisis arising from the disputed presidential electoral results as well as the ensuing violence in Kenya.

Page 3, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

...

We also agree that such a political settlement must be one that reconciles and heals the nation and reflects the best interests of all Kenyans. A political settlement is necessary to manage a broad reform agenda and other mechanisms that will address the root causes of the crisis.

Such reforms and mechanisms will comprise, but are not limited to, the following:

Comprehensive Constitutional reforms;

Power sharing

sharing

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL

Page 1, I. Preamble, I. Preamble:

oL.

general

The final goal of the National Dialogue and Reconciliation is to achieve sustainable peace, stability and justice in Kenya through the rule of law and respect for human rights.

Page 3, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current

We recognize that there is a serious crisis in the country, we agree a political settlement is necessary to promote national reconciliation and unity.

•••

• Respect for human rights;

Bill of

No specific mention.

rights/ similar

Treaty No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and

No specific mention.

political rights

Socio-

No specific mention.

economic rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy

Page 2, II. Regarding the disputed presidential electoral results, we examined the following options:

•••

(c) Re-run of Presidential Elections

•••

We agreed however that, to safeguard the trust and confidence of the Kenyan people in the democratic process, the next election should take place only after electoral reforms, including but not limited to the reform of the Electoral Commission of Kenya, finalization

of the work of the Independent Review Committee (see below), updating of the Voters'List, establishment and improvement of dispute resolution mechanisms and effecting measures to ensure enfranchisement or Internally Displaced Persons and refugees have been implemented.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/

access

No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

Other

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency

No specific mention.

law

State of emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts

Page 2-3, II. Regarding the disputed presidential electoral results, we examined the following options:

•••

(d) Judicial Process

We agreed that a judicial process was no longer an option as the legal time limit had expired, and we therefore decided to review other options.

Page 3-4, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

...

We also agree that such a political settlement must be one that reconciles and heals the nation and reflects the best interests of all Kenyans. A political settlement is necessary to manage a broad reform agenda and other mechanisms that will address the root causes of the crisis.

Such reforms and mechanisms will comprise, but are not limited to, the following:

• Legal and Judicial reforms;

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional

No specific mention.

Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socio- reconstruction→Socio-economic development

economic Page 3-4, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the

reconstruction current crisis:

...

We also agree that such a political settlement must be one that reconciles and heals the nation and reflects the best interests of all Kenyans. A political settlement is necessary to manage a broad reform agenda and other mechanisms that will address the root causes of the crisis. Such reforms and mechanisms will comprise, but are not limited to, the following:

•••

• Other legislative, structural, political and economic reforms as needed.

Page 4, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

...

We also agree that the issues in Agenda Item Four are fundamental to the root causes of the crisis, and are closely linked with Agenda Item Three. The implementation of the following reforms should commence urgently in concert with reforms of Agenda Item Three. However, these processes may continue beyond the timeline of the next election:

...

- Tackling poverty and inequity, as well as combating regional development imbalances, particularly promoting equal access to opportunity;
- Tackling unemployment, particularly among the youth;

National economic plan

No specific mention.

Natural

No specific mention.

resources

International No specific mention.

funds

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/

Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Land reform and

management

rights Page 4, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current

crisis:

...

We also agree that the issues in Agenda Item Four are fundamental to the root causes of the crisis, and are closely linked with Agenda Item Three. The implementation of the following reforms should commence urgently in concert with reforms of Agenda Item Three. However, these processes may continue beyond the timeline of the next election:

...

• Land reform;

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural

No specific mention.

heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or

riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees Page 1, I. Preamble, I. Preamble:

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The final goal of the National Dialogue and Reconciliation is to achieve sustainable peace, stability and justice in Kenya through the rule of law and respect for human rights.

Recognising under Agenda Item Three that, in large measure, the current crisis revolves around the issues of power and the functioning of state institutions, and also recognizing that its resolution may require adjustments to the current constitutional, legal and institutional frameworks, the parties negotiated and agreed on a solution towards resolving the political crisis arising from the disputed presidential electoral results as well as the ensuing violence in Kenya.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

Page 3, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

...

We also agree that such a political settlement must be one that reconciles and heals the nation and reflects the best interests of all Kenyans. A political settlement is necessary to manage a broad reform agenda and other mechanisms that will address the root causes of the crisis.

Such reforms and mechanisms will comprise, but are not limited to, the following:

•••

· Police reform;

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

Intelligence No specific mention.

Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign

Withdrawal No specific mention.

Corruption

forces

Page 4, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

•••

We also agree that the issues in Agenda Item Four are fundamental to the root causes of the crisis, and are closely linked with Agenda Item Three. The implementation of the following reforms should commence urgently in concert with reforms of Agenda Item Three. However, these processes may continue beyond the timeline of the next election:

•••

• Strengthening of anti-corruption laws/public accountability mechanisms;

•••

• Addressing issues of accountability and transparency.

Crime/ organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

justice

Transitional Page 4, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

general

We also agree that the issues in Agenda Item Four are fundamental to the root causes of the crisis, and are closely linked with Agenda Item Three. The implementation of the following reforms should commence urgently in concert with reforms of Agenda Item Three. However, these processes may continue beyond the timeline of the next election:

- Consolidating national cohesion and unity;
- Land reform;
- Tackling poverty and inequity, as well as combating regional development imbalances, particularly promoting equal access to opportunity;
- Tackling unemployment, particularly among the youth;
- Reform of the Public Service;
- Strengthening of anti-corruption laws/public accountability mechanisms;
- Reform of Public Finance and Revenue Management Systems and Institutions;
- Addressing issues of accountability and transparency.

We recognize that this settlement is not about sharing of political positions but about addressing the fundamental root causes of recurrent conflict, and we reaffirm our commitment to address the issues within Agenda Item Four expeditiously and comprehensively.

Amnesty/ pardon

No specific mention.

Courts

Transitional justice→Courts→National courts

Page 3, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

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Such reforms and mechanisms will comprise, but are not limited to, the following:

Identification and prosecution of perpetrators of violence;

Mechanism

Page 3, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

...

We also agree that such a political settlement must be one that reconciles and heals the nation and reflects the best interests of all Kenyans. A political settlement is necessary to manage a broad reform agenda and other mechanisms that will address the root causes of the crisis.

Such reforms and mechanisms will comprise, but are not limited to, the following:

•••

- A truth, justice and reconciliation commission;
- Identification and prosecution of perpetrators of violence;

Prisoner release

No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing No specific mention. persons

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 1, I. Preamble, I. Preamble:

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Page 1-2, II. Regarding the disputed presidential electoral results, we examined the following options:

(a) Complete Re-count of the Presidential Elections.

•••

We were concerned that a delay of several months could significantly increase existing tensions and delay resolution of the current crisis, and we recognize that the result of a re-count might not further Kenyan unity, and we therefore decided to review other options.

Page 3, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

We recognize that there is a serious crisis in the country, we agree a political settlement is necessary to promote national reconciliation and unity.

We also agree that such a political settlement must be one that reconciles and heals the nation and reflects the best interests of all Kenyans. A political settlement is necessary to manage a broad reform agenda and other mechanisms that will address the root causes of the crisis.

Such reforms and mechanisms will comprise, but are not limited to, the

- A truth, justice and reconciliation commission;
- Identification and prosecution of perpetrators of violence;
- Respect for human rights;
- Parliamentary reform;
- Police reform;

Page 4, III. Regarding the need for a political settlement to resolve the current crisis:

...

We also agree that the issues in Agenda Item Four are fundamental to the root causes of the crisis, and are closely linked with Agenda Item Three. The implementation of the following reforms should commence urgently in concert with reforms of Agenda Item Three. However, these processes may continue beyond the timeline of the next election:

Consolidating national cohesion and unity;

Implementation

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other No specific mention.

international signatory

Referendum No specific mention.

for

agreement

International No specific mention.

mission/ force/similar

Enforcement No specific mention.

mechanism

Related No specific mention.

cases

Source http://www.peacemaker.un.org/