Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity South Sudan

Sudan

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name Mekelle Memorandum of Understanding between the NCP and the SPLM on Post-

referendum Issues and Arrangements

Date 22 Jun 2010

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Sudan Conflicts (1955 -)

Agreements relate to several distinct dyads, and also the negotiated independence of South Sudan, and subsequent internal conflict in South Sudan. Sudan-South Sudan. The long-standing conflict between the north and the south of the country dates back to colonial times, where the British introduced a so-called 'Southern Policy', severely hampering population movements between these big regions. Immediately after gaining independence in 1956, southern movements started to fight for independence; this fight became professionalised in 1983 with the foundation of the soon internationally supported Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA). When the Islamic Front government introduced strict sharia laws in the south after it took over power in 1988 the war intensified. A decade later, the military situation reached a stalemate, enabling internationally facilitated peace negotiations to begin in 1997. After more fighting, a final negotiation push began in 2002, leading to the signing of the Comprehensive Peace Areement (CPA) in January 2005.

Sudan-South Sudan post referendum. South Sudan became independent in July 2011; since then, relations between the two countries are complicated and violent conflict led by the SPLM (North) in the Sudanese Nuba mountains region has since intensified.

Darfur. Other long-standing violent conflicts are in the east and the west of the country. In the east, the Beja Congress, established in 1957, is the spearhead of a currently 'peaceful' opposition movement. In the west, the violent conflict in Darfur intensified in the early 2000s and rapidly gained international attention, even resulting in genocide charges against leading figures of the Sudanese government. The situation on the ground is complex, with over a dozen organisations (most notably the Sudanese Liberation Movement and the Justice and Equality Movement) fighting the Sudanese government and allied groups like the Janjaweed – although all parties have switched sides on numerous occasions. Several mediation attempts have not been successful, due to the shaky commitment of the Sudanese central government and the distrust among the armed opposition.

South Sudan - internal

In December 2013, after president Salva Kiir accused opposition leader Riek Machar of attempting a coup, violent conflict broke out between government forces of the SPLM/A and anti-governmental groups. In addition, several other political militias as well as communal militias have joined the conflict. In 2015 the Agreement on the Resolution of the Conflict in South Sudan (ARCSS) was signed. Due to unsuccessful implementation the agreement was revitalized in 2018. In September 2019, Kiir and Machar agreed to establish a power-sharing government after struggles on forming a unity transitional government.

Close Sudan Conflicts (1955 -)

Stage Pre-negotiation/process

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process Sudanese (North-South) peace process

Parties The National Congress Party; Sudan People's Liberation Movement

Third parties -

Description An Agreement by the parties on arrangements for negotiations after the 2011 referendum

on self-determination for the people of Southern Sudan. These arrangements establish the overall structure of the negotiations as well as the issues to be discussed, which include citizenship, security, financial, economic, and natural resources, and international treaties and legal issues. The parties agreed that public briefings of the negotiations would be made jointly, and that the arrangements would be facilitated by

the AUHIP, with support from IGAD, IGAD partner's forum, and the UN.

Agreement document

SD_100622_Mekelle MoU between NCP and SPLM on Post-Referendum Issues.pdf (opens

in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination Page 1, The NCP and SPLM representing the parties to the CPA, and here-in-after referred to as the parties, met in Mekelle, Ethiopia from 21st-22nd June, 2010 to explore the modalities for discussion of post-2011 referendum issues and arrangements on selfdetermination for the people of Southern Sudan, in accordance with the provisions of 67

of the Southern Sudan Referendum Act, 2009, and agreed as follows: [...]

Referendum

[Agreement in its entirety pertains to negotiations to be undertaken post-2011

Referendum]

State symbols

No specific mention.

Independence/ secession

No specific mention.

Accession/ unification

No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

commission

No specific mention.

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

Public

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizen, general

Page 1, 2. Clusters and Sequencing of Issues

2.1. The parties agreed to cluster the post-2011 referendum Negotiations into four working groups to collectively address the issues listed in section 67 of the Southern

Sudan Referendum Act, 2009, as follows:

a. Citizenship

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Other

communication Page 1, 3. Media

Press statements and public briefings pertaining to the Negotiations shall be jointly

made by both Parties.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-

economic development

reconstruction Page 1, 2. Clusters and Sequencing of Issues

> 2.1. The parties agreed to cluster the post-2011 referendum Negotiations into four working groups to collectively address the issues listed in section 67 of the Southern

Sudan Referendum Act, 2009, as follows: [...] c. Financial, economic and natural resources

plan

National economic No specific mention.

Page 1, 2. Clusters and Sequencing of Issues Natural resources

> 2.1. The parties agreed to cluster the post-2011 referendum Negotiations into four working groups to collectively address the issues listed in section 67 of the Southern

Sudan Referendum Act, 2009, as follows: [...] c. Financial, economic and natural resources

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

 $nomadism\ rights$

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees Page 1, 2. Clusters and Sequencing of Issues

2.1. The parties agreed to cluster the post-2011 referendum Negotiations into four working groups to collectively address the issues listed in section 67 of the Southern

Sudan Referendum Act, 2009, as follows: [...]

b. Security

Ceasefire No specific mention.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

Peacemaker.un.org,. 2015. 'UN Peacemaker'. http://peacemaker.un.org.