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Country/

entity

Syria

Region

Middle East and North Africa

Agreement

name

Final Communiqué of the Action Group for Syria (Geneva Communiqué)

Date :

30 Jun 2012

Agreement

Unilateral document

status

Interim

Yes

))

arrangement

Agreement/

Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) (Syrian Conflicts (1948 -) (1976 - 2005) (2011 -

conflict

level

Stage

Pre-negotiation/process

Conflict

Government

nature

Peace

Syrian peace process

process

Parties

Action Group for Syria (On 30 June 2012, the Secretaries-General of the

United Nations and the League of Arab States, the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of China, France, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, Turkey, Iraq (Chair of the Summit of the League of Arab States), Kuwait (Chair of the Council of Foreign ministers of the League of Arab States) and Qatar (Chair of the Arab Follow-up

Committee on Syria of the League of Arab States) and the High

Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy met at the United Nations Office at Geneva as the Action Group for Syria, chaired by the Joint Special Envoy of the United Nations and the League of

Arab States to Syria.)

Third parties

-

Description

Agreement to take collective action to bring about a ceasefire in Syria, and to

support a Syrian-led political transition, in part through implementation of previous commitments (the Six Point plan and UNSC resolutions 2042 (2012)

and 2043 (2012)).

Agreement document

SY_120630_Final Communique of the Action Group for Syria.pdf Download PDF

Page 1 of 19

Groups

Children/ youth

No specific mention.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers

No specific mention.

Racial/

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Anti-discrimination

ethnic/

Page 3-4, 8. Perspective for the future.

national group

The aspirations of the people of the Syrian Arab Republic have been clearly expressed by the wide range of Syrians consulted. There is an overwhelming

wish for a State that:
...(c) Offers equal opportunities and chances for all. There is no room for
sectarianism or discrimination on ethnic, religious, linguistic or any other
grounds. Numerically smaller communities must be assured that their rights

will be respected.

Religious groups

Groups→Religious groups→Anti-discrimination

Page 4, 8. Perspective for the future.

The aspirations of the people of the Syrian Arab Republic have been clearly expressed by the wide range of Syrians consulted. There is an overwhelming

wish for a State that:

...(c) Offers equal opportunities and chances for all. There is no room for sectarianism or discrimination on ethnic, religious, linguistic or any other grounds. Numerically smaller communities must be assured that their rights

will be respected.

Indigenous people

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

groups

Refugees/ No

displaced persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, Page 4, 9. Clear steps in the transition.

girls and ... The key steps in any transition include:

gender ... (e) Women must be fully represented in all aspects of the transition.

Men and N

boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)

Page 2, 3. The members of the Action Group are committed to the sovereignty, independence, national unity and territorial integrity of the

Syrian Arab Republic.

Page 5, 11. Rapid steps to come to a credible political agreement. It is for the people of the Syrian Arab Republic to come to a political

agreement, but time is running out. It is clear that:

(a) The sovereignty, independence, unity and territorial integrity of the Syrian

Arab Republic must be respected;

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention. secession

Accession/ unification

No specific mention.

Border

No specific mention.

delimitation

No specific mention.

border provision

Cross-

Governance

Political

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→Temporary new

institutions institutions

(new or reformed)

Page 4, 9. Clear steps in the transition.

... The key steps in any transition include:

(a) The establishment of a transitional governing body that can establish a neutral environment in which the transition can take place, with the transitional governing body exercising full executive powers. It could include members of the present Government and the opposition and other groups and shall be formed on the basis of mutual consent:

Page 4-5, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

Any transition involves change. However, it is essential to ensure that the transition can be implemented in a way that ensures the safety of all in an atmosphere of stability and calm. This requires:

... (c) Continuity of governmental institutions and qualified staff. Public services must be preserved or restored. This includes the military forces and security services. However, all governmental institutions, including the intelligence services, have to perform according to human rights and professional standards and operate under a leadership that inspires public confidence, under the control of the transitional governing body;

Elections

Page 4, 9. Clear steps in the transition.

... The key steps in any transition include:

... (d) Upon establishment of the new constitutional order, it will be necessary to prepare for and conduct free and fair multiparty elections for the new institutions and offices that have been established;

Electoral commission

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

Page 5, 11. Rapid steps to come to a credible political agreement. It is for the people of the Syrian Arab Republic to come to a political agreement, but time is running out. It is clear that:

- (a) The sovereignty, independence, unity and territorial integrity of the Syrian Arab Republic must be respected;
- (b) The conflict must be resolved through peaceful dialogue and negotiation alone. Conditions conducive to a political settlement must now be put in place:
- (c) There must be an end to the bloodshed. All parties must recommit themselves credibly to the six-point plan. This must include a cessation of armed violence in all its forms and immediate, credible and visible actions to implement points 2 to 6 of the six-point plan;
- (d) All parties must now engage genuinely with the Joint Special Envoy. The parties must be prepared to put forward effective interlocutors to work expeditiously towards a Syrian-led settlement that meets the legitimate aspirations of the people. The process must be fully inclusive in order to ensure that the views of all segments of Syrian society are heard in shaping the political settlement for the transition;
- (e) The organized international community, including the members of the Action Group, stands ready to offer significant support for the implementation of an agreement reached by the parties. This may include an international assistance presence under a United Nations mandate if requested. Significant funds will be available to support reconstruction and rehabilitation.

Traditional/ No specific mention. religious leaders

Public No specific mention. administration

Constitution Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making Page 4, 9. Clear steps in the transition.

- ... The key steps in any transition include:
- ... (c) On that basis, there can be a review of the constitutional order and the legal system. The result of constitutional drafting would be subject to popular approval;

Power sharing

Political Power sharing→Political power sharing→General

power State level

sharing Page 4, 9. Clear steps in the transition.

... The key steps in any transition include:

(a) The establishment of a transitional governing body that can establish a neutral environment in which the transition can take place, with the

transitional governing body exercising full executive powers. It could include members of the present Government and the opposition and other groups

and shall be formed on the basis of mutual consent;

Territorial No specific mention.

power sharing

Economic

No specific mention.

power sharing

Military

No specific mention.

power sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general

Page 2, 2. The members of the Action Group came together out of grave alarm at the situation in the Syrian Arab Republic. They strongly condemn the continued and escalating killing, destruction and human rights abuses. They are deeply concerned at the failure to protect civilians, the intensification of the violence, the potential for even deeper conflict in the country and the regional dimensions of the problem. The unacceptable nature and magnitude of the crisis demands a common position and joint international action.

Page 3, 5. (d) In all circumstances, the Government must allow immediate and full humanitarian access by humanitarian organizations to all areas affected by the fighting. The Government and all parties must enable the evacuation of the wounded, and all civilians who wish to leave must be enabled to do so. All parties must fully adhere to their obligations under international law, including in relation to the protection of civilians.

Page 4, 8. Perspective for the future.

The aspirations of the people of the Syrian Arab Republic have been clearly expressed by the wide range of Syrians consulted. There is an overwhelming wish for a State that:

...(b) Complies with international standards on human rights, the independence of the judiciary, accountability of those in Government and the rule of law. It is not enough just to enunciate such a commitment. There must be mechanisms available to the people to ensure that these commitments are kept by those in authority;

Page 4-5, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

Any transition involves change. However, it is essential to ensure that the transition can be implemented in a way that ensures the safety of all in an atmosphere of stability and calm. This requires:

... (c) Continuity of governmental institutions and qualified staff. Public services must be preserved or restored. This includes the military forces and security services. However, all governmental institutions, including the intelligence services, have to perform according to human rights and professional standards and operate under a leadership that inspires public confidence, under the control of the transitional governing body;

Bill of rights/similar

No specific mention.

Treaty No specific mention. incorporation

Civil and political rights

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Equality
Page 5, 11. Rapid steps to come to a credible political agreement.
It is for the people of the Syrian Arab Republic to come to a political agreement, but time is running out. It is clear that:

- (a) The sovereignty, independence, unity and territorial integrity of the Syrian Arab Republic must be respected;
- (b) The conflict must be resolved through peaceful dialogue and negotiation alone. Conditions conducive to a political settlement must now be put in place;
- (c) There must be an end to the bloodshed. All parties must recommit themselves credibly to the six-point plan. This must include a cessation of armed violence in all its forms and immediate, credible and visible actions to implement points 2 to 6 of the six-point plan;
- (d) All parties must now engage genuinely with the Joint Special Envoy. The parties must be prepared to put forward effective interlocutors to work expeditiously towards a Syrian-led settlement that meets the legitimate aspirations of the people. The process must be fully inclusive in order to ensure that the views of all segments of Syrian society are heard in shaping the political settlement for the transition;
- (e) The organized international community, including the members of the Action Group, stands ready to offer significant support for the implementation of an agreement reached by the parties. This may include an international assistance presence under a United Nations mandate if requested. Significant funds will be available to support reconstruction and rehabilitation.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of movement Page 3, 5. (b) (ii) Ensuring freedom of movement throughout the country for journalists and a non-discriminatory visa policy for them;

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of association Page 3, 5. (b) (iii) Respecting freedom of association and the right to demonstrate peacefully, as legally guaranteed;

Socioeconomic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy

Page 3-4, 8. Perspective for the future.

The aspirations of the people of the Syrian Arab Republic have been clearly expressed by the wide range of Syrians consulted. There is an overwhelming wish for a State that:

(a) Is genuinely democratic and pluralistic, giving space to established and newly emerging political actors to compete fairly and equally in elections. This also means that the commitment to multiparty democracy must be a lasting one, going beyond an initial round of elections;

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/ access Page 3, 5. (d) In all circumstances, the Government must allow immediate and full humanitarian access by humanitarian organizations to all areas affected by the fighting. The Government and all parties must enable the evacuation of the wounded, and all civilians who wish to leave must be enabled to do so. All parties must fully adhere to their obligations under international law, including in relation to the protection of civilians.

Protection measures

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians
Page 3, 5. (d) In all circumstances, the Government must allow immediate and
full humanitarian access by humanitarian organizations to all areas affected
by the fighting. The Government and all parties must enable the evacuation
of the wounded, and all civilians who wish to leave must be enabled to do so.
All parties must fully adhere to their obligations under international law,
including in relation to the protection of civilians.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights

institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of

No specific mention.

emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts

Prisons and No specific mention.

detention

Traditional

No specific mention.

Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socioreconstruction→Humanitarian assistance Page 4, 10. Safety, stability and calm. economic

reconstruction Any transition involves change. However, it is essential to ensure that the

transition can be implemented in a way that ensures the safety of all in an

atmosphere of stability and calm. This requires:

...(b) Effective steps to ensure that vulnerable groups are protected and that immediate action is taken to address humanitarian issues in areas of need. It is also necessary to ensure that the release of the detained is completed

rapidly;

National

No specific mention.

economic

plan

No specific mention. Natural

resources

International No specific mention.

funds

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land No specific mention.

reform/ rights

Pastoralist/ No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural No specific mention.

heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or No specific mention.

rights or access

riparian

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 2, 4. In order to secure these common objectives, the members of the Action Group (a) identified steps and measures by the parties to secure the full implementation of the six-point plan and Security Council resolutions 2042 (2012) and 2043 (2012), including an immediate cessation of violence in all its forms; (b) agreed on principles and guidelines for a political transition that meets the legitimate aspirations of the Syrian people; and (c) agreed on actions that they would take to implement the objectives in support of the Joint Special Envoy's efforts to facilitate a Syrian-led political process. They are convinced that this can encourage and support progress on the ground and will help to facilitate and support a Syrian-led transition.

Page 3, 5. (c) In all circumstances, all parties must show full respect for the safety and security of UNSMIS and fully cooperate with and facilitate the Mission in all respects;

Page 3, Agreed principles and guidelines for a Syrian-led transition 6. The members of the Action Group agreed on the principles and guidelines for a Syrian-led transition set out below.

- 7. Any political settlement must deliver to the people of the Syrian Arab Republic a transition that:
- (a) Offers a perspective for the future that can be shared by all in the Syrian Arab Republic;
- (b) Establishes clear steps according to a firm timetable towards the realization of that perspective;
- (c) Can be implemented in a climate of safety for all and of stability and calm;
- (d) Is reached rapidly without further bloodshed and violence and is credible.

Page 5-6, Agreed actions

- 12. Agreed actions that the members of the Group will take to implement the above in support of the Joint Special Envoy's efforts to facilitate a Syrian-led political process are as follows:
- (b) Action Group members are opposed to any further militarization of the conflict;

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

Page 2, 4. In order to secure these common objectives, the members of the Action Group (a) identified steps and measures by the parties to secure the full implementation of the six-point plan and Security Council resolutions 2042 (2012) and 2043 (2012), including an immediate cessation of violence in all its forms; (b) agreed on principles and guidelines for a political transition that meets the legitimate aspirations of the Syrian people; and (c) agreed on actions that they would take to implement the objectives in support of the Joint Special Envoy's efforts to facilitate a Syrian-led political process. They are convinced that this can encourage and support progress on the ground and will help to facilitate and support a Syrian-led transition.

- Page 2-3, Identified steps and measures by the parties to secure the full implementation of the six-point plan and Security Council resolutions 2042 (2012) and 2043 (2012), including an immediate cessation of violence in all its forms
- 5. The parties must fully implement the six-point plan and Security Council resolutions 2042 (2012) and 2043 (2012). To that end:
- (a) All parties must recommit to a sustained cessation of armed violence in all its forms and to the implementation of the six-point plan immediately and without waiting for the actions of others. The Government and armed opposition groups must cooperate with the United Nations Supervision Mission in the Syrian Arab Republic (UNSMIS), with a view to furthering the implementation of the plan in accordance with the Mission's mandate;
- (b) A cessation of armed violence must be sustained, with immediate, credible and visible actions by the Government of the Syrian Arab Republic to implement the other items of the six-point plan, including:

Page 4, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

Any transition involves change. However, it is essential to ensure that the transition can be implemented in a way that ensures the safety of all in an atmosphere of stability and calm. This requires:

- (a) Consolidation of full calm and stability. All parties must cooperate with the transitional governing body to ensure the permanent cessation of violence. This includes completion of withdrawals and addressing the issue of the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration of armed groups;
- Page 5, 11. Rapid steps to come to a credible political agreement. It is for the people of the Syrian Arab Republic to come to a political agreement, but time is running out. It is clear that:
- ... (c) There must be an end to the bloodshed. All parties must recommit themselves credibly to the six-point plan. This must include a cessation of armed violence in all its forms and immediate, credible and visible actions to implement points 2 to 6 of the six-point plan;

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces

Page 4-5, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

Any transition involves change. However, it is essential to ensure that the transition can be implemented in a way that ensures the safety of all in an atmosphere of stability and calm. This requires:

... (c) Continuity of governmental institutions and qualified staff. Public services must be preserved or restored. This includes the military forces and security services. However, all governmental institutions, including the intelligence services, have to perform according to human rights and professional standards and operate under a leadership that inspires public confidence, under the control of the transitional governing body;

DDR

Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes Page 4, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

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(a) Consolidation of full calm and stability. All parties must cooperate with the transitional governing body to ensure the permanent cessation of violence. This includes completion of withdrawals and addressing the issue of the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration of armed groups;

Intelligence services

Page 4-5, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

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... (c) Continuity of governmental institutions and qualified staff. Public services must be preserved or restored. This includes the military forces and security services. However, all governmental institutions, including the intelligence services, have to perform according to human rights and professional standards and operate under a leadership that inspires public confidence, under the control of the transitional governing body;

Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

Crime/ organised No specific mention.

Drugs

crime

No specific mention.

Terrorism

No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional Page 4-5, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

justice general Any transition involves change. However, it is essential to ensure that the transition can be implemented in a way that ensures the safety of all in an

atmosphere of stability and calm. This requires:

... (d) Commitment to accountability and national reconciliation. Accountability for acts committed during the present conflict must be addressed. There also needs to be a comprehensive package for transitional justice, including compensation or rehabilitation for victims of the present

conflict, steps towards national reconciliation and forgiveness.

Amnesty/ pardon

No specific mention.

Courts

No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release

Page 3, 5. (b) (i) Intensification of the pace and scale of release of arbitrarily detained persons, including especially vulnerable categories of persons, and persons involved in peaceful political activities; the provision, without delay and through appropriate channels, of a list of all places in which such persons are being detained; the immediate organization of access to such locations; and the provision, through appropriate channels, of prompt responses to all written requests for information, access or release regarding such persons;

Page 4, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

Any transition involves change. However, it is essential to ensure that the transition can be implemented in a way that ensures the safety of all in an atmosphere of stability and calm. This requires:

...(b) Effective steps to ensure that vulnerable groups are protected and that immediate action is taken to address humanitarian issues in areas of need. It is also necessary to ensure that the release of the detained is completed rapidly;

Vetting

No specific mention.

Victims

Page 4-5, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

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... (d) Commitment to accountability and national reconciliation. Accountability for acts committed during the present conflict must be addressed. There also needs to be a comprehensive package for transitional justice, including compensation or rehabilitation for victims of the present conflict, steps towards national reconciliation and forgiveness.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations Transitional justice→Reparations→Material reparations

Page 4-5, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

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Reconciliation Page 3, Agreed principles and guidelines for a Syrian-led transition

- 6. The members of the Action Group agreed on the principles and guidelines for a Syrian-led transition set out below.
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- (b) Establishes clear steps according to a firm timetable towards the realization of that perspective;
- (c) Can be implemented in a climate of safety for all and of stability and calm:
- (d) Is reached rapidly without further bloodshed and violence and is credible.

Page 4-5, 10. Safety, stability and calm.

Any transition involves change. However, it is essential to ensure that the transition can be implemented in a way that ensures the safety of all in an atmosphere of stability and calm. This requires:

... (d) Commitment to accountability and national reconciliation.

Accountability for acts committed during the present conflict must be addressed. There also needs to be a comprehensive package for transitional justice, including compensation or rehabilitation for victims of the present conflict, steps towards national reconciliation and forgiveness.

Implementation

UN signatory

The Action Group for Syria produced the Geneva Communiqué to 'secure the full implementation of

the six-point plan and Security Council resolutions 2042 (2012) and 2043 (2012)' (Item 4(a), p. 2). The UN is a memeber of the Action Group which is convened by the UNSG Envoy

The Action Group for Syria is comprised of: Secretaries-General of the United Nations and the League of Arab States, the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of China, France, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, Turkey, Iraq (Chair of the Summit of the League of Arab States), Kuwait (Chair of the Council of Foreign Ministers of the League of Arab States) and Qatar (Chair of the Arab Follow-up Committee on Syria of the League of Arab States) and the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy met at the United Nations Office at Geneva as the Action Group for Syria, chaired by the Joint Special Envoy of the United Nations and the League of Arab States to Syria.

Other signatory

The Action Group for Syria is comprised of: Secretaries-General of the United international Nations and the League of Arab States, the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of China, France, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, Turkey, Iraq (Chair of the Summit of the League of Arab States), Kuwait (Chair of the Council of Foreign Ministers of the League of Arab States) and Qatar (Chair of the Arab Followup Committee on Syria of the League of Arab States) and the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy met at the United Nations Office at Geneva as the Action Group for Syria, chaired by the Joint Special Envoy of the United Nations and the League of Arab States to Syria.

Referendum No specific mention. for agreement

mission/

International Page 2-3, Identified steps and measures by the parties to secure the full implementation of the six-point plan and Security Council resolutions 2042 force/similar (2012) and 2043 (2012), including an immediate cessation of violence in all its forms

> 5. The parties must fully implement the six-point plan and Security Council resolutions 2042 (2012) and 2043 (2012). To that end: (a) All parties must recommit to a sustained cessation of armed violence in all its forms and to the implementation of the six-point plan immediately and without waiting for the actions of others. The Government and armed opposition groups must cooperate with the United Nations Supervision Mission in the Syrian Arab Republic (UNSMIS), with a view to furthering the implementation of the plan in accordance with the Mission's mandate;

Page 5, 11. Rapid steps to come to a credible political agreement. It is for the people of the Syrian Arab Republic to come to a political agreement, but time is running out. It is clear that:

...(e) The organized international community, including the members of the Action Group, stands ready to offer significant support for the implementation of an agreement reached by the parties. This may include an international assistance presence under a United Nations mandate if requested. Significant funds will be available to support reconstruction and rehabilitation.

Enforcement No specific mention. mechanism

Related

No specific mention.

cases

Source UN Peacemaker - http://peacemaker.un.org/; http://peacemaker.un.org/sites/peacemaker.un.org/files/ SY_120630_Final%20Communique%20of%20the%20Action%20Group%20for%20Syria.pdf