



<b>Country/entity</b>	Kenya
<b>Region</b>	Africa (excl MENA)
<b>Agreement name</b>	Nakuru County Peace Accord
<b>Date</b>	19 Aug 2012
<b>Agreement status</b>	Multiparty signed/agreed
<b>Interim arrangement</b>	Yes
<b>Agreement/conflict level</b>	Intrastate/local conflict <b>Kenyan Post-Electoral Violence (2007 - 2008)</b>  The conflict emerged as post-election violence. After the incumbent President Kibaki was declared the winner of the Kenyan presidential elections in December 2007, complaints of fraud and a structural disadvantage affecting his competitor Raila Odinga lead to outbreaks of severe ethno-political violence. After the first incidents in the Rift Valley region, mainly directed against the Kikuyu ethnic group – the traditional powerbase of Kibaki – the fighting spread to the cities of Nairobi and Mombasa. After two months, Kibaki and Odinga agreed on a power-sharing agreement that granted Odinga the post as a Prime Minister and ended the violence. Close Kenyan Post-Electoral Violence (2007 - 2008)
<b>Stage</b>	Framework/substantive - partial
<b>Conflict nature</b>	Government
<b>Peace process</b>	Kenya peace process
<b>Parties</b>	Representatives of the Agikuyu community; Representatives of Kalenjin community; Representatives of other communities in Nakuru County  Also: Co-chairs of the Elders Committees: Mr Samuel Maigua, Hon Wilson Leitich; Patrons: Daniel Kamau Kanyi EBS, Gideon Toroitish EBS; Coordinators (Secretariat): Maina Muhai, Andrew Yatich; Founders: Ndungu Gaithuma, Joshua K Toroitich; Civil Society Groups: Youth, Women, Civil Society, Business Community; County Peace Monitor

<b>Third parties</b>	Criteria listed for Witness, Joining Signatories and Welcoming Signatories. List of potential additional signatories: Community chairs: Abaluhya, Abagusii, Akamba, Ameru, Luo, Maasai, Mijikenda, Ogeik, Somali, Turkana; District Chairs (by Community): Bahati, Gilgil, Kuresoi, Nakuru, Naivasha, Molo, Njoro, Rongai, Subakai
<b>Description</b>	This agreement aims to end long-running communal and election-related violence within the Nakuru County. It includes the following provisions: 1. purpose, 2. acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence, 3. their code of Conduct, 4. follow-up, 5. dispute resolution, 6. Relationships with other processes and institutions, 7. Review of this Accord, 8. Walking forward.

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<b>Agreement document</b>	<a href="#">KE_120819_NakuruPeaceAccord.pdf (opens in new tab)</a>   <a href="#">Download PDF</a>
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## Groups

### Children/youth

Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical

Page 2, 1. Purpose:

a. In forming this Accord, we respect the many other communities, women and youth, persons with disabilities, businesses and organisations who share our lives in Nakuru County. Recognizing that they will have their own perspectives and interests, we are open to consultation with all in the hope that others will share the peace objectives of this Accord.

Page 2, 1. Purpose:

...

c. ... People have already died, homes and businesses have been destroyed, women raped, children traumatised, families and whole communities have fled for their lives.

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.1 Actions to be undertaken

a. ... It could also include more general issues like state service delivery, schools, youth employment and job creation, crime and housing.

Page 6, 7. Relationships with women, youth, persons with disabilities and other processes and institutions in civil society:

Similarly, we acknowledge that all of the issues in this Accord will be relevant to, or be the direct business of, faith organisations, families, women, youth, persons with disabilities and other groups, and institutions of civil society. We will particularly engage with youth groups, given the substantial proportion of youth in Nakuru County and the challenges for youth in our society.

### Disabled persons

Groups→Disabled persons→Rhetorical

Page 2, 1. Purpose

a. In forming this Accord, we respect the many other communities, women and youth, persons with disabilities, businesses and organisations who share our lives in Nakuru County. Recognizing that they will have their own perspectives and interests, we are open to consultation with all in the hope that others will share the peace objectives of this Accord.

Page 6, 7. Relationships with women, youth, persons with disabilities and other processes and institutions in civil society:

Similarly, we acknowledge that all of the issues in this Accord will be relevant to, or be the direct business of, faith organisations, families, women, youth, persons with disabilities and other groups, and institutions of civil society. We will particularly engage with youth groups, given the substantial proportion of youth in Nakuru County and the challenges for youth in our society.

### Elderly/age

No specific mention.

### Migrant workers

No specific mention.

**Racial/ethnic/  
national group**

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical

Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

...

b. Another category of historical causes lies in the nature and functions of the government of Kenya and in our County, from colonial times to the present.

...

The concerns of different communities include both domination and exclusion from the offices, functions and activities of government on ethnic grounds. These are of specific concern in Nakuru County.

Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

...

e. ... We must avoid collective ethnic hurt, commission and retaliation.

Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:

...

3. Act towards each other in good faith; this includes speaking honestly about our fears as well as our ambitions, acknowledging each other's perspectives and reasons, and not participating in (or planning, encouraging, inciting or failing to prevent) activities relating to ethnic and political violence.

Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:

...

8. Avoid derogatory stereotypes about Agikuyu and Kalenjin, and other communities living in Nakuru, especially including insulting language, descriptions and assumptions, as well as permanently calling whole communities terms like 'immigrants'.

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities

a. We recommend that the police and other security agencies make all appropriate efforts to build trust with the communities in Nakuru County as part of conflict reduction. This should ensure that policing is conducted transparently, in accordance with law and without favouritism or disadvantage to ethnic communities.

Page 5-6, 4. Follow up:

4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities:

b. Similarly, we recommend that law enforcement authorities, especially District Commissioners, should build community confidence, including by regular meetings. We note the importance of promptly addressing local issues that might give rise to conflicts (such as the movement of livestock across farming areas and livestock theft, especially near ethnic boundaries).

**Religious groups**

No specific mention.

**Indigenous people**

No specific mention.

**Other groups**

No specific mention.

<b>Refugees/displaced persons</b>	<p>Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Rhetorical</p> <p>Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:</p> <p>...</p> <p>d. These complex factors have been key causes of violence between our communities in Nakuru County. We particularly acknowledge the suffering in 1992, 1997, 2002 and 2008. The problems from those years are still ongoing, particularly reflected in the issues of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs).</p> <p>Page 6, 4. Follow up:</p> <p>...</p> <p>4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities:</p> <p>...</p> <p>c. We ask the NCIC and NSC to continue to assist the Elders of Nakuru County in addressing issues of particular relevance to conflict in our County, including IDPs both in camps and ‘integrated’.</p>
<b>Social class</b>	No specific mention.

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## **Gender**

### **Women, girls and gender**

Page 2, 1. Purpose:

1.a. In forming this Accord, we respect the many other communities, women and youth, persons with disabilities, businesses and organisations who share our lives in Nakuru County. Recognizing that they will have their own perspectives and interests, we are open to consultation with all in the hope that others will share the peace objectives of this Accord.

Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

...

c. ... People have already died, homes and businesses have been destroyed, women raped, children traumatised, families and whole communities have fled for their lives.

Page 6, 7. Relationships with women, youth, persons with disabilities and other processes and institutions in civil society:

Similarly, we acknowledge that all of the issues in this Accord will be relevant to, or be the direct business of, faith organisations, families, women, youth, persons with disabilities and other groups, and institutions of civil society. We will particularly engage with youth groups, given the substantial proportion of youth in Nakuru County and the challenges for youth in our society.

Page 9, Signatories: The Civil Society heading includes a specific space for Women (along with Youth, Civil Society, and Business Community).

### **Men and boys**

No specific mention.

### **LGBTI**

No specific mention.

### **Family**

Page 2, 1. Purpose:

b ... We share with all the Kenyan family the simple hopes of improving our lives and communities in a climate of stability, security and mutual respect.

Page 2, 1. Purpose:

c. ...

People have already died, homes and businesses have been destroyed, women raped, children traumatised, families and whole communities have fled for their lives.

Page 6, 7. Relationships with women, youth, persons with disabilities and other processes and institutions in civil society:

Similarly, we acknowledge that all of the issues in this Accord will be relevant to, or be the direct business of, faith organisations, families, women, youth, persons with disabilities and other groups, and institutions of civil society. We will particularly engage with youth groups, given the substantial proportion of youth in Nakuru County and the challenges for youth in our society.

**State definition**

**Nature of state (general)** No specific mention.

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

**Independence/secession** No specific mention.

**Accession/unification** No specific mention.

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

**Cross-border provision** No specific mention.

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**Political  
institutions (new or  
reformed)**

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→General references

Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

...

b. Another category of historical causes lies in the nature and functions of the government of Kenya and in our County, from colonial times to the present. How the government has worked, who it has employed, how its political leaders and state officers have been chosen – these things have greatly affected our communities. The concerns of different communities include both domination and exclusion from the offices, functions and activities of government on ethnic grounds. These are of specific concern in Nakuru County.

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.1 Actions to be undertaken

...

b. We will establish mechanisms for ongoing dialogue between our communities and for furthering the objectives of this Accord. This will include making reference to, and linkages with other authorities, and seeking support from relevant authorities and donors.

c. Our immediate institutional development will include:

- 1) establishing a small secretariat for our ongoing work;
- 2) creating a network of monitors and contacts with whom we can interact at different levels where that might be useful to local peace issues;

...

4) establishing appropriate linkages with the National Commission for Integration and Cohesion (NCIC), the National Steering Committee (NSC) and other relevant institutions and processes;

5) establishing the Nakuru Elders Mediation Committee (see below).

Page 6, 4. Follow up:

...

4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities:

...

c. We ask the NCIC and NSC to continue to assist the Elders of Nakuru County in addressing issues of particular relevance to conflict in our County, including IDPs both in camps and 'integrated'.

d. We request the NCIC to establish appropriate linkages with us as Elders in Nakuru County, in furthering the objectives of this Accord. These linkages may include dispute-resolution in Nakuru County, sharing experiences as resource people in other conflict areas, and other mutual assistance.

## **Elections**

Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

...

c. However, we acknowledge that our communities in Nakuru have regularly been protagonists in violence, especially at election times. The purpose of this Accord is therefore to acknowledge the issues between our communities in Nakuru County and to take our share of responsibility for dealing with them – peacefully.

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.1 Actions to be undertaken

...

d. Our major priorities between now and the forthcoming General Elections will be to:

- 1) prevent election violence of any sort,
- 2) disseminate and discuss this Accord, and to
- 3) build linkages with surrounding Counties for the same purposes as in this Accord.

Page 6, 4. Follow up:

...

4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities:

...

c. We ask the NCIC and NSC to continue to assist the Elders of Nakuru County in addressing issues of particular relevance to conflict in our County, including IDPs both in camps and ‘integrated’.

d. We request the NCIC to establish appropriate linkages with us as Elders in Nakuru County, in furthering the objectives of this Accord. These linkages may include dispute-resolution in Nakuru County, sharing experiences as resource people in other conflict areas, and other mutual assistance.

## **Electoral commission**

No specific mention.

## **Political parties reform**

No specific mention.

## Civil society

### Page 2, 1. Purpose

a. In forming this Accord, we respect the many other communities, women and youth, persons with disabilities, businesses and organisations who share our lives in Nakuru County. Recognizing that they will have their own perspectives and interests, we are open to consultation with all in the hope that others will share the peace objectives of this Accord.

### Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

...

e. ... Our particular concern as Elders in Nakuru County, is that the safety and security of our communities should not depend upon national politics, or on events that take place elsewhere. For example, political slogans, or alleged events in neighbouring areas involving members of different communities, often have violent consequences in Nakuru. The events are often sensationalized in the media and may even be wrongly reported. We seek to build relationships that might reduce the sudden inflammatory effect of alleged events outside of Nakuru.

### Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:

...

9. Avoid 'communalising responsibility' for individual crimes, allegations, or slogans (where something done by an individual becomes a hurt done by or to, a whole community, often prompting attack and retaliation).

10. Be proud of our County's stability as a beacon for other communities seeking nonviolence.

### Page 5, 4. Follow up:

#### 4.1 Actions to be undertaken

a. Accepting that as Elders we cannot offer simple solutions, we will seek ways of addressing mutual issues that may arise in different communities and localities.

...

b. We will establish mechanisms for ongoing dialogue between our communities and for furthering the objectives of this Accord. This will include making reference to, and linkages with other authorities, and seeking support from relevant authorities and donors.

### Page 5, 4. Follow up:

#### 4.1 Actions to be undertaken

...

d. Our major priorities between now and the forthcoming General Elections will be to:

...

2) disseminate and discuss this Accord, and to

3) build linkages with surrounding Counties for the same purposes as in this Accord.

### Page 5, 4. Follow up:

#### 4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities

a. ...

There should be regular dialogue with local communities, to build trust at all levels of command and operation. There should be community confidence in the ethnic representativeness of staff. We particularly recommend that planning and capacity should enable rapid responses to early warnings of conflict, so as to defuse tensions early.

...

b. Similarly, we recommend that law enforcement authorities, especially District Commissioners, should build community confidence, including by regular meetings. We

**Traditional/  
religious leaders**

Page 2, Preamble:

...

As Elders from the Agikuyu and Kalenjin communities in Nakuru County, we were initially brought together in April 2011 by the National Steering Committee on Peace Building and Conflict Management and the National Cohesion and Integration Commission... As Elders of the principal protagonist communities in our County, we began a dialogue that has led to this Accord. At times, this process has been painful for us all.

Page 2, 1. Purpose:

...

b. As Elders in each of our communities in Nakuru County, we share responsibilities for the well-being of our communities. Our communities have mostly lived peacefully together for decades. We share with all the Kenyan family the simple hopes of improving our lives and communities in a climate of stability, security and mutual respect.

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.1 Actions to be undertaken

a. Accepting that as Elders we cannot offer simple solutions, we will seek ways of addressing mutual issues that may arise in different communities and localities. These might include local issues like drought, rivers, resource distribution, animal health and livestock movements. It could also include more general issues like state service delivery, schools, youth employment and job creation, crime and housing.

b. We will establish mechanisms for ongoing dialogue between our communities and for furthering the objectives of this Accord. This will include making reference to, and linkages with other authorities, and seeking support from relevant authorities and donors.

c. Our immediate institutional development will include:

- 1) establishing a small secretariat for our ongoing work;
- 2) creating a network of monitors and contacts with whom we can interact at different levels where that might be useful to local peace issues;
- 3) disseminating, explaining and discussing this Accord in our communities and with others who share the concerns;
- 4) establishing appropriate linkages with the National Commission for Integration and Cohesion (NCIC), the National Steering Committee (NSC) and other relevant institutions and processes;
- 5) establishing the Nakuru Elders Mediation Committee (see below).

Page 6, 5. Dispute resolution;

a. In relation to matters that concern our communities and this Accord, we commit ourselves as neighbours and communities in Nakuru County, to resolve issues that arise through ongoing discussions between us.

b. For problems that may prove difficult to resolve by discussions, we will establish the Nakuru Elders Mediation Committee, comprising of at least three respected members of each community. They will address the issues and propose ways forward.

c. If the Mediation Committee is not able to reach agreement with the parties, it may of its own accord convene a wider meeting of Elders of our communities to discuss the issues, and where appropriate, invite the NCIC (or another relevant authority with most connection to the issue) to participate, chair or convene such a meeting.

Page 7, 9. Walking forward:

This Accord resulted from nearly 16 months of discussions between us as Elders.

We have built better mutual understanding of each other, as well as of the issues that confront all the communities in Nakuru County.

<b>Public administration</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Constitution</b>	<p>Governance→Constitution→Constitution affirmation/renewal</p> <p>Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:</p> <p>...</p> <p>1. Respect our peaceful traditions and customs consistent with the rights and freedoms in our Constitution, including dispute-resolution mechanisms that might build better trust and resolve grievances so that we live in peaceful co-existence.</p> <p>Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:</p> <p>...</p> <p>7. Mutually respect the rights guaranteed in the Constitution, especially the rights to life, security, property, and of free movement and residence.</p> <p>Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making</p> <p>Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:</p> <p>...</p> <p>e. We acknowledge that the issues we face in Nakuru County are in various degrees shared by many of the communities of Kenya and that they are being addressed in the new Constitution and related changes.</p>

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## **Power sharing**

<b>Political power sharing</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Territorial power sharing</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Economic power sharing</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Military power sharing</b>	No specific mention.

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<b>Human rights/RoL general</b>	<p>Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:</p> <p>...</p> <p>1. Respect our peaceful traditions and customs consistent with the rights and freedoms in our Constitution, including dispute-resolution mechanisms that might build better trust and resolve grievances so that we live in peaceful co-existence.</p> <p>Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:</p> <p>...</p> <p>7. Mutually respect the rights guaranteed in the Constitution, especially the rights to life, security, property, and of free movement and residence.</p> <p>Page 5-6, 4. Follow up:</p> <p>4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities:</p> <p>b. Similarly, we recommend that law enforcement authorities, especially District Commissioners, should build community confidence, including by regular meetings. We note the importance of promptly addressing local issues that might give rise to conflicts (such as the movement of livestock across farming areas and livestock theft, especially near ethnic boundaries).</p>
<b>Bill of rights/similar</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Treaty incorporation</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Civil and political rights</b>	<p>Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Life</p> <p>Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:</p> <p>...</p> <p>7. Mutually respect the rights guaranteed in the Constitution, especially the rights to life, security, property, and of free movement and residence.</p> <p>Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of movement</p> <p>Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:</p> <p>...</p> <p>7. Mutually respect the rights guaranteed in the Constitution, especially the rights to life, security, property, and of free movement and residence.</p> <p>Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Other</p> <p>Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:</p> <p>...</p> <p>7. Mutually respect the rights guaranteed in the Constitution, especially the rights to life, security, property, and of free movement and residence.</p>
<b>Socio-economic rights</b>	<p>Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Property</p> <p>Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:</p> <p>...</p> <p>7. Mutually respect the rights guaranteed in the Constitution, especially the rights to life, security, property, and of free movement and residence.</p> <p>Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Shelter/housing</p> <p>Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:</p> <p>...</p> <p>7. Mutually respect the rights guaranteed in the Constitution, especially the rights to life, security, property, and of free movement and residence.</p>



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## Rights related issues

<b>Citizenship</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Democracy</b>	Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct: ... 6. Acknowledge that democratic processes and their results must be respected by all communities, whilst recognizing that with power comes responsibility.
<b>Detention procedures</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Media and communication</b>	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Other Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence: ... e. ... For example, political slogans, or alleged events in neighbouring areas involving members of different communities, often have violent consequences in Nakuru. The events are often sensationalized in the media and may even be wrongly reported. We seek to build relationships that might reduce the sudden inflammatory effect of alleged events outside of Nakuru. We must avoid collective ethnic hurt, commission and retaliation.
<b>Mobility/access</b>	4. Follow up 4.1 Actions to be undertaken a. ... These might include local issues like drought, rivers, resource distribution, animal health and livestock movements. It could also include more general issues like state service delivery, schools, youth employment and job creation, crime and housing. Page 5-6, 4. Follow up: 4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities: b. Similarly, we recommend that law enforcement authorities, especially District Commissioners, should build community confidence, including by regular meetings. We note the importance of promptly addressing local issues that might give rise to conflicts (such as the movement of livestock across farming areas and livestock theft, especially near ethnic boundaries).
<b>Protection measures</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Other</b>	No specific mention.

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## **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

**Regional or international human rights institutions** No specific mention.

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## **Justice sector reform**

**Criminal justice and emergency law** Justice sector reform→Criminal justice and emergency law→Reform to specific laws  
Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:  
...  
2. Recognize that violence is against the law, involves the commission of crime (and if mass violence, of mass crimes) and that all communities have rights to live peacefully.  
Justice sector reform→Criminal justice and emergency law→Criminal Justice System reform  
Page 5, 4. Follow up:  
4.1 Actions to be undertaken  
a. Accepting that as Elders we cannot offer simple solutions, we will seek ways of addressing mutual issues that may arise in different communities and localities.  
These might include local issues like drought, rivers, resource distribution, animal health and livestock movements. It could also include more general issues like state service delivery, schools, youth employment and job creation, crime and housing.

**State of emergency provisions** No specific mention.

**Judiciary and courts** No specific mention.

**Prisons and detention** No specific mention.

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

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## Socio-economic reconstruction

### Development or socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development

Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

a. Some of the events and changes relevant to violence in our community have deep historical and socio-economic roots, reflected in differing degrees in specific localities. Whilst not every situation is identical, common features have included our different traditions of pastoralism and agricultural farming, patterns of settlement, ownership and economic development generally. We share many natural resources, including pastures and rivers. Competition over the use of resources, has produced claimsthat have been difficult to reconcile. This has produced claims of injustice, on all sides, that have been part of the concerns of each of our communities. At local levels, these issues have also often produced violence.

c. These roots have contributed to patterns of ethnic politics and government in which all communities are deeply concerned about exclusion, marginalization, injustice and identity. In Nakuru County, where our communities have been mobilized politically as Agikuyu and as Kalenjin in support of rival candidates. Justifications offered by political candidates include protecting and defending our peoples, our businesses and our lands. But we also know that unless we find peaceful paths forward, our communities face a spiral of attack and defence that will repeat tragic consequences. People have already died, homes and businesses have been destroyed, women raped, children traumatised, families and whole communities have fled for their lives.

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.1 Actions to be undertaken

a. ... These might include local issues like drought, rivers, resource distribution, animal health and livestock movements. It could also include more general issues like state service delivery, schools, youth employment and job creation, crime and housing.

...

b. We will establish mechanisms for ongoing dialogue between our communities and for furthering the objectives of this Accord. This will include making reference to, and linkages with other authorities, and seeking support from relevant authorities and donors.

### National economic plan

No specific mention.

### Natural resources

Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

a. Some of the events and changes relevant to violence in our community have deep historical and socio-economic roots, reflected in differing degrees in specific localities. Whilst not every situation is identical, common features have included our different traditions of pastoralism and agricultural farming, patterns of settlement, ownership and economic development generally. We share many natural resources, including pastures and rivers. Competition over the use of resources, has produced claimsthat have been difficult to reconcile. This has produced claims of injustice, on all sides, that have been part of the concerns of each of our communities. At local levels, these issues have also often produced violence.

**International funds** No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

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**Land, property and environment**

**Land reform/rights** No specific mention.

**Pastoralist/  
nomadism rights** No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** Page 5, 4. Follow-up:  
4.1 Actions to be undertaken  
a. ... These might include local issues like drought, rivers, resource distribution, animal health and livestock movements. It could also include more general issues like state service delivery, schools, youth employment and job creation, crime and housing.

**Water or riparian  
rights or access** Page 5, 4. Follow up:  
4.1 Actions to be undertaken  
a. ... These might include local issues like drought, rivers, resource distribution, animal health and livestock movements. It could also include more general issues like state service delivery, schools, youth employment and job creation, crime and housing.

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**Security sector**

## Security Guarantees

Page 2, 1. Purpose:

...

c. However, we acknowledge that our communities in Nakuru have regularly been protagonists in violence, especially at election times. The purpose of this Accord is therefore to acknowledge the issues between our communities in Nakuru County and to take our share of responsibility for dealing with them – peacefully.

Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

a. Some of the events and changes relevant to violence in our community have deep historical and socio-economic roots, reflected in differing degrees in specific localities. Whilst not every situation is identical, common features have included our different traditions of pastoralism and agricultural farming, patterns of settlement, ownership and economic development generally. We share many natural resources, including pastures and rivers. Competition over the use of resources, has produced claimsthat have been difficult to reconcile. This has produced claims of injustice, on all sides, that have been part of the concerns of each of our communities. At local levels, these issues have also often produced violence.

...

c. These roots have contributed to patterns of ethnic politics and government in which all communities are deeply concerned about exclusion, marginalization, injustice and identity. In Nakuru County, where our communities have been mobilized politically as Agikuyu and as Kalenjin in support of rival candidates. Justifications offered by political candidates include protecting and defending our peoples, our businesses and our lands. But we also know that unless we find peaceful paths forward, our communities face a spiral of attack and defence that will repeat tragic consequences. People have already died, homes and businesses have been destroyed, women raped, children traumatised, families and whole communities have fled for their lives.

d. These complex factors have been key causes of violence between our communities in Nakuru County. We particularly acknowledge the suffering in 1992, 1997, 2002 and 2008. The problems from those years are still ongoing, particularly reflected in the issues of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs).

Page 3, 2. Acknowledgement of causes and consequences of violence:

...

e. ... Our particular concern as Elders in NakuruCounty, is that the safety and security of our communities should not depend upon national politics, or on events that take place elsewhere. For example, political slogans, or alleged events in neighbouring areas involving members of different communities, often have violent consequences in Nakuru.

Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:

To reduce the risks of violence, especially politicized violence, our vision is that our communities in Nakuru County will:

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.1 Actions to be undertaken

...

d. Our major priorities between now and the forthcoming General Elections will be to:

1) prevent election violence of any sort,

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities

a. We recommend that the police and other security agencies make all appropriate efforts to build trust with the communities in Nakuru County as part of conflict

<b>Ceasefire</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Police</b>	<p>Page 5, 4. Follow up:</p> <p>4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities</p> <p>a. We recommend that the police and other security agencies make all appropriate efforts to build trust with the communities in Nakuru County as part of conflict reduction. This should ensure that policing is conducted transparently, in accordance with law and without favouritism or disadvantage to ethnic communities. There should be regular dialogue with local communities, to build trust at all levels of command and operation. There should be community confidence in the ethnic representativeness of staff. We particularly recommend that planning and capacity should enable rapid responses to early warnings of conflict, so as to defuse tensions early. Organized gangs/militia and illegal weapons pose great risks to peace, and these should have appropriate priority in prevention strategies. Particular attention should be paid to the prevention of incitement to violence.</p>
<b>Armed forces</b>	No specific mention.
<b>DDR</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Intelligence services</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces</b>	<p>Page 5, 4. Follow up:</p> <p>4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities</p> <p>a. ...</p> <p>Organized gangs/militia and illegal weapons pose great risks to peace, and these should have appropriate priority in prevention strategies. Particular attention should be paid to the prevention of incitement to violence.</p>
<b>Withdrawal of foreign forces</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Corruption</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Crime/organised crime</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Drugs</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Terrorism</b>	No specific mention.

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**Transitional justice** Page 2, 1. Purpose  
**general**

...

d. Mindful of our responsibilities as Elders, we accept that violence has caused great suffering for many. As Elders, we are deeply sorry for the suffering that each of our communities has contributed to and experienced. That suffering is ongoing.

e. Trust is the centerpiece of peace. We acknowledge that we each suspect and sometimes fear each other's motives, actions and even some of our traditions. We are determined to earn trust in and between our communities. We do not pretend that the paths will be easy and we do not have all the answers. But in humility, with God's grace and blessings, we make this Accord in our determination to heal, to learn, and to prevent further violence.

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations**            No specific mention.

## Reconciliation

Page 4, 3. Our Code of Conduct:

...

1. Respect our peaceful traditions and customs consistent with the rights and freedoms in our Constitution, including dispute-resolution mechanisms that might build better trust and resolve grievances so that we live in peaceful co-existence.

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.1 Actions to be undertaken

...

b. We will establish mechanisms for ongoing dialogue between our communities and for furthering the objectives of this Accord. This will include making reference to, and linkages with other authorities, and seeking support from relevant authorities and donors.

c. Our immediate institutional development will include:

...

2) creating a network of monitors and contacts with whom we can interact at different levels where that might be useful to local peace issues;

...

4) establishing appropriate linkages with the National Commission for Integration and Cohesion (NCIC), the National Steering Committee (NSC) and other relevant institutions and processes;

5) establishing the Nakuru Elders Mediation Committee (see below).

Page 5, 4. Follow up:

4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities

a. We recommend that the police and other security agencies make all appropriate efforts to build trust with the communities in Nakuru County as part of conflict reduction. This should ensure that policing is conducted transparently, in accordance with law and without favouritism or disadvantage to ethnic communities. There should be regular dialogue with local communities, to build trust at all levels of command and operation. There should be community confidence in the ethnic representativeness of staff. We particularly recommend that planning and capacity should enable rapid responses to early warnings of conflict, so as to defuse tensions early.

Page 6, 4. Follow up:

...

4.2 Initial requests to relevant authorities:

...

d. We request the NCIC to establish appropriate linkages with us as Elders in Nakuru County, in furthering the objectives of this Accord. These linkages may include dispute-resolution in Nakuru County, sharing experiences as resource people in other conflict areas, and other mutual assistance.

Page 6, 5. Dispute resolution;

a. In relation to matters that concern our communities and this Accord, we commit ourselves as neighbours and communities in Nakuru County, to resolve issues that arise through ongoing discussions between us.

b. For problems that may prove difficult to resolve by discussions, we will establish the Nakuru Elders Mediation Committee, comprising of at least three respected members of each community. They will address the issues and propose ways forward.

c. If the Mediation Committee is not able to reach agreement with the parties, it may of its own accord convene a wider meeting of Elders of our communities to discuss the issues, and where appropriate, <sup>begin with</sup> invite the NCIC (or another relevant authority with most connection to the issue) to participate, chair or convene such a meeting.

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**Implementation**

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

**Other international signatory** No specific mention.

**Referendum for agreement** No specific mention.

**International mission/force/similar** No specific mention.

**Enforcement mechanism** No specific mention.

**Related cases** No specific mention.

**Source** UN Peacemaker  
<https://peacemaker.un.org/kenya-nakuru-accord2012>

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