## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/

Guinea-Bissau

entity

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement

Final Communique of the Lome Meeting on the Peace Process in Guinea-

name

Bissau

Date

15 Dec 1998

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Guinea-Bissau Civil War (1998 - 1999))

conflict level

Stage Implementation/renegotiation

Conflict

Government

nature

Peace

Guinea Bissau peace process

process

**Parties** 

(Signed) H.E. Joao Bernardo VIEIRA

President of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau

(Signed) General Ansumane MANE

Commander of the Self-Proclaimed Military Junta

Third parties (Signed) H.E. Gnassingbe EYADEMA President of the Togolese Republic

...(Signed) H.E. Vincent OKOBI Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Ambassador of the Federal Republic of Nigeria in Togo, Representing the Head of State, Commander-in Chief of the Armed Forces of the Federal Republic of Nigeria

(Signed) H.E. Tounkara YAHAYA Minister of National Defence of the Republic of Niger

(Signed) General Lamine CISSE

Minister of Interior of the Republic of Senegal

(Signed) H.E. Lansana KOUYATE Executive Secretary of the Economic Community of West African States

Description

This agreement provides for accelerated implementation of the Abuja Accord. Issues covered include the ceasefire, the establishment of a Government of National Unity, the deployment of an ECOWAS Monitoring force, the organisation of elections, and the ECOWAS Chairman's initiative for settling the conflict.

Agreement document

GW\_981215\_FinalCommuniqueLome.pdf Download PDF

### **Groups**

Children/ youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers

No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous people

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

groups

Refugees/ displaced persons No specific mention.

#### Gender

Women, girls and gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

## **State definition**

Nature of

No specific mention.

state (general)

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ No specific mention.

secession

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border

No specific mention.

delimitation

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

#### **Governance**

**Political** 

institutions (new or

No specific mention.

**Elections** 

reformed)

Page 2, 4. On the organization of general and presidential elections: The Heads of State and the parties in conflict reaffirmed the imperative necessity for general and presidential elections to be organized, and once again called on the international community to provide assistance for the organization of

these elections.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

**Political** 

parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ No specific mention.

religious leaders

Public

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

## **Power sharing**

Political Power sharing→Political power sharing→Executive coalition

power State level

sharing Page 1, Untitled Preamble:...He rejoiced at the progressive implementation of

these agreements, in particular the recent appointment of H.E. Francisco FADUL as Prime Minister, which paves the way to the formation of a new

Government of National Unity.

Page 1, 2. On the setting up of the Government of National Unity: The Heads of State and the parties in conflict rejoiced at the appointment of a Prime Minister.

The parties to the conflict agreed to form a Government of National Unity according to a structure and a distribution consigned in an additional protocol to the Abuja Accord (see annex II).

Territorial

power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic

power sharing

No specific mention.

Military

power sharing

No specific mention.

## **Human rights and equality**

Human No specific mention.

rights/RoL general

Bill of No s

No specific mention.

rights/ similar

Treaty No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political rights

No specific mention.

Socioeconomic No specific mention.

rights

# **Rights related issues**

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention

No specific mention.

procedures

Media and No spe

No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/

access

No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

# **Rights institutions**

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or No specific mention. international human rights institutions

### **Justice sector reform**

Criminal justice and emergency

No specific mention.

law

State of emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary

No specific mention.

and courts

Prisons and No specific mention.

detention

Traditional

No specific mention.

Laws

## **Socio-economic reconstruction**

Development No specific mention.

or socioeconomic reconstruction

National

No specific mention.

economic plan

Natural

No specific mention.

resources

International No specific mention. funds

No specific mention. **Business** 

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

# Land, property and environment

Land

No specific mention.

reform/ rights

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural

No specific mention.

heritage

Environment No specific mention.

Water or

No specific mention.

riparian rights or access

# **Security sector**

Security

No specific mention.

Guarantees

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire →Ceasefire provision

Page 1, Untitled Preamble:...During the proceedings, President Eyadema recalled that the framework of the ongoing peace process is comprised of the Praia Accord of 26 August 1998 and the Abuja Accord of 1 November 1998, which define the modalities of the ceasefire and the conditions for a return of lasting peace and normal political life.

Page 1, 1. On the ceasefire: The protagonists reiterated their commitment to continue to abide by the ceasefire Agreement signed at Praia on 26 August 1998, in order to facilitate the effective implementation of the Agreement reached at Abuja on 1 November 1998.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal

of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/ organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

# **Transitional justice**

Transitional No specific mention.

justice

general

Amnesty/ pardon

No specific mention.

No specific mention. Courts

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release

No specific mention.

Vetting

No specific mention.

**Victims** 

No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

# **Implementation**

UN

No specific mention.

signatory

Other international signatory

No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention. for agreement

mission/

International Page 2, 3. On the deployment of an ECOWAS Monitoring Group interposition force: Having examined the situation prevailing in Guinea-Bissau, the Heads force/similar of State and the parties in conflict reiterated the necessity of accelerating the deployment of an ECOWAS Monitoring Group interposition force, in accordance with the 1 November 1998 Agreement.

> To that end, they expressly invited ECOWAS member States which have committed themselves to contributing to the setting up of this force to do so in the shortest term possible.

The parties in conflict commended the efforts made by H.E. Gnassingbe EYADEMA, President of the Togolese Republic and Chairman of ECOWAS, in order to mobilize the international community for the acceleration of this deployment.

Page 2, 4. On the organization of general and presidential elections: The Heads of State and the parties in conflict reaffirmed the imperative necessity for general and presidential elections to be organized, and once again called on the international community to provide assistance for the organization of these elections.

Page 2, 5. Initiative of the Chairman of ECOWAS for the settlement of the conflict: The meeting commended the numerous initiatives taken by the Chairman of ECOWAS, including:

- (a) The appointment of a Special Representative in Guinea-Bissau;
- (b) The sending of the Commander-in-Chief of the ECOWAS Monitoring Group on an evaluation mission;
- (c) The designation of liaison officers;
- (d) The sending of a mission of the ECOWAS Committee of Nine to the United Nations.

The meeting listened to the report by the Chairman of the Council of Ministers, H.E. Kokou Joseph KOFFIGOH, Senior Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of the Togolese Republic, on the mission of the ECOWAS Committee of Nine on Guinea-Bissau, which he conducted in New York on 11 December 1998 to meet with the Secretary-General and the Security Council in order to seek their assistance for a final and lasting settlement of the crisis and for the rebuilding of this brotherly country. The meeting took note with satisfaction of the report, and welcomed the availability of the United Nations to work towards the return of peace and stability in Guinea-Bissau.

Enforcement No specific mention. mechanism

Related No specific mention.

cases

Source UN Peacemaker: http://peacemaker.un.org/