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Country/entity Yemen

Region Middle East and North Africa

Agreement name The Peace and National Partnership Agreement

Date 21 Sep 2014

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Yemeni Civil Wars (1994) (2011 -)

The Republic of Yemen was formed in May 1990 after the merger between the Yemeni Arab Republic (YAR) in the north and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen (PDRY) in the south. The unification process was rushed and the final agreement between President Ali Abdullah Saleh and President Ali Salem al-Beidh was based on the imperfect promise of equality. Following the merger, integration of the militaries and civil services was at best incomplete or at times entirely non-existent. When Saleh's General Congress Party (GPC) allied itself with the newly created Islamist Islah ('reform') party in 1993, the former ruling party of South Yemen – the Yemen Socialist Party (YSP) – was effectively side-lined in the 1993 General Elections. Violence involving the use of heavy weaponry and aerial bombardment erupted in April 1994 and on the 21 May 1994 Vice President al-Beidh declared the secession of the south, citing political centralization with the northern highland tribes, violence against the YSP and economic discrimination. In the midst of fighting, negotiations in Cairo, Egypt, collapsed. The war ended with the military victory of the north, and on the 1 October 1994, Ali Abdullah Saleh was elected President.

Despite the unification of Yemen in 1990, political power during the 1990s and 2000s remained centralized with the northern highland tribes, particularly the villages from which President Ali Abdullah Saleh and his confidants stemmed. The system of clientelism established through the ruling General People's Congress party maintained relative loyalty among the fractured political allegiances of Yemen's traditional tribal leadership. However, diminishing oil reserves and the shrinking opportunities for access to rent increased economic and political marginalization in Yemen's peripheral communities. The degree of regionalism of conflicts is further defined by other local grievances. In the northern governorate of Sa'dah, a backlash was provoked among the local Zaydi Shi'a against Sunni Salafist cultural incursions resulting in six wars between 2004 and 2010. In the southern governorates of Hadramawt, Shabwa, al-Dhali and Abyan, civil and military personnel forcibly retired after the 1994 Civil War began protesting and eventually formed the secessionist Southern 'al-Hiraak' movement in 2007. Furthermore, tribal grievances have spurred attacks on oil companies and government installations to extract rents. Various takfiri groups including al-Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula have also increased their presence since 1995.

The Yemen Spring in early 2011 allowed all these movements to express their joint displeasure. Moreover, factionalism in the regime split the already weak military and thus allowed the Houthis, the takfiris and tribal-based militia known as popular committees, to assert themselves militarily. Mandated by the UN-sponsored Gulf Cooperation Council Initiative, the National Dialogue held from March 2013 to January 2014 aimed at guaranteeing power-sharing among the different parties. However, the GCC Initiative only included formal political parties that did not accurately reflect political realities. Furthermore, provisions lacked adequate transitional justice and provided former-President Saleh, as well as others, full amnesty. As a result, little faith was placed in the process by formerly marginalized groups such as the Zaydi Shia Houthi rebels (Ansar Allah) and al-Hiraak who opted to increase their bargaining power vis-à-vis the state by strengthening their own territorial enclaves. In September 2014 the Houthis succeeded in capturing the capital Sana'a and gradually expanded their control southward. The subsequent UN-mediated Peace and National Partnership Agreement between transitional president Hadi and the Houthis on a federal, democratic Yemeni state, failed to be implementes to be implemented by the Houthis successfully dissolved the parliament and deposed Hadi in January 2015. Following the Saudi military intervention to restore the Hadi government in March 2015, coasefire attempts continuously failed. A two ye

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process Yemen peace process

Parties Not signed, agreement mentions the following parties as having produced it: all Yemeni

constituencies represented in the National Dialogue Conference. It is presumed to include President Abd Rabbo Mansour Hadi, representatives of Ansarallah and

representatives of the Southern Movement.

Third parties -

Description This agreement sets forth a roadmap for the creation of a new, federal democratic

Yemeni state, including an Annex on the cessation of hostilities and disarmament in

specified regions.

Agreement document

YE 140921 PeaceNationalPartnershipAgreement.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement

document (original

language)

 $YE_140921_PeaceNational Partner Agreement_ar.pdf (opens in new tab)$

Groups

Children/youth Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical

Page 2, Article 2

•••

The political advisers to the President of the Republic shall make recommendations to the President of the Republic and Prime Minister regarding the allocation of Cabinet seats to the political constituencies, ensuring representation of women and youth.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and Page 2,

Page 2, Article 2

gender

...

The political advisers to the President of the Republic shall make recommendations to the President of the Republic and Prime Minister regarding the allocation of Cabinet seats to the political constituencies, ensuring representation of women and youth.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family Page 3, Article 3

...

The committee shall develop a detailed and comprehensive plan, which...shall aim to create an enabling environment whereby all Yemenis are able to maximize their full economic potential and provide a decent standard of living for their families.

State definition

Nature of state (general)

Page 1, Preamble

Pursuant to the outcomes of the Comprehensive National Dialogue Conference, which have been agreed upon by all Yemeni constituencies and which laid the foundations for building a new, federal democratic Yemeni state based on the rule of law, equal citizenship, human rights and good governance; resolved to the unity, sovereignty, independence and territorial integrity of Yemen;

Page 1, Article 1

In establishing the new government, the principles of competence, integrity and national partnership shall be upheld, and broad participation of political constituencies shall be ensured.

Page 4, Article 6

...

A government operating under the principle of national partnership shall respect the high interests of Yemen in both domestic and foreign policies, and reflect the will of all of the people.

State configuration Page 1, Preamble

Pursuant to the outcomes of the Comprehensive National Dialogue Conference, which have been agreed upon by all Yemeni constituencies and which laid the foundations for building a new, federal democratic Yemeni state...

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum Page 4, Article 7

All constituencies shall participate in the preparations for the new biometric voter registry and the referendum on the constitution based on the new voter registry, and shall participate in the preparations and monitoring of elections according to the outcomes of the National Dialogue Conference.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

Governance

Political

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→General references

institutions (new or Page 1, Article 1

reformed)

The President of the Republic shall engage in inclusive and transparent consultations with all of the constituencies...The purpose of these consultations shall be to establish a competency-based government in a period not to exceed one (1) month.

Page 1, Article 2

The President of the Republic shall issue a presidential decree charging the new Prime Minister to form a new government.

Page 2, Article 2

Within fifteen (15) days following the signing of this Agreement, the President shall issue a decree expanding the Shura Council according to the recommendations of the National Dialogue Conference, and in a manner that ensures national partnership.

Page 4, Article 11

The government shall designate a committee with Ansarallah to develop an expedited implementation matrix to execute the outcomes of the Sa'ada Working Group of the National Dialogue Conference. The Government shall designate a similar committee, in agreement with all constituencies, including the Peaceful Southern Movement, to develop an expedited implementation matrix to execute the outcomes of the Southern Issues Working Group of the National Dialogue Conference.

Page 5, Article 16

The Parties commit...to continue negotiations through a joint committee established with the support of the United Nations. This joint committee shall be the appropriate forum to raise any concerns related to the interpretation and implementation of this Agreement.

Page 5, Annex, Article 4

Regarding Amran, the new Prime Minister shall establish a joint committee, within five (5) days, mandated to normalise the situation, and to complete the organisation of the administrative, security and military authorities in a manner that achieves the establishment of state authority and that achieves security, stability and sustainable development.

Elections

Page 4, Article 6

All constituencies shall participate in the preparations for the new biometric voter registry and the referendum on the constitution based on the new voter registry, and shall participate in the preparations and monitoring of elections according to the outcomes of the National Dialogue Conference.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform

Civil society

Page 6, Article 7

The Parties commit to facilitate safe and unhindered access for humanitarian actors to reach people in need of humanitarian assistance. The Parties also commit to ensure the safety of civilians, including those receiving assistance, as well as the need to ensure the security of humanitarian personnel and United Nations and its associated personnel.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public administration

Page 3, Article 3

the committee shall examine all economic and financial issues, to primarily include the following issues:

...

(e) eliminating ghost workers and double dippers in all state civil, military and security institutions, and any new recruitments in state civil institutions shall be done through the Ministry of Civil Service without prejudice to exceptional remedies agreed to in the National Dialogue Conference outcomes;

•••

The committee shall also make recommendations to the Ministry of Civil Service on reform of salary scales with a view to alleviating the burden on low-income Yemenis.

Page 3, Article 4

The new government shall undertake the following:

•••

(b) increase civil service, military and security sector salaries, and expedite the process for eliminating ghost workers and double dippers by making all payments through bank or post office transfers;

Page 5, Annex, Article 4

•••

The local officials in Amran shall fully carry out their responsibilities.

...

The joint committee shall provide all necessary support and assistance to the local officials so that they may fully carry out their responsibilities, and shall ensure the principle of national partnership.

Constitution

Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making

Page 4, Article 7

The President of the Republic shall work closely with all constituencies in order to develop a consensus on a new constitution, through the mechanisms of the Constitution Drafting Commission and the National Body.

Page 4, Article 10

The National Body, through its oversight of the Constitution Drafting Commission, shall, among other things, address the structure of the state in a manner that adheres to the outcomes of the National Dialogue Conference.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

Power sharing→Political power sharing→General

State level

Page 1, Article 1

...

Through this consultation process, constituencies shall be meaningfully engaged, and they shall be represented in the executive bodies at the central and governorate levels to ensure efficiency and national partnership.

Page 1, Article 2

•••

the President of the Republic shall appoint political advisers from Ansarallah and the Southern Peaceful Movement.

Page 4, Article 6

The President of the Republic shall exercise his constitutional authorities to ensure fair representation of all constituencies in executive bodies at the central and governorate levels, as well as in oversight bodies, to ensure national partnership, competence, integrity and efficiency.

Territorial power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power sharing

No specific mention.

Military power sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL Page 1, Preamble general

Pursuant to the outcomes of the Comprehensive National Dialogue Conference, which have been agreed upon by all Yemeni constituencies and which laid the foundations for building a new, federal democratic Yemeni state based on the rule of law, equal citizenship, human rights and good governance;

Page 1, Article 2

The political advisers to the President of the Republic shall develop criteria for candidates for posts in the new government. These criteria shall include: integrity, competency, requisite expertise in a field relevant to the ministerial portfolio, commitment to the protection of human rights and the rule of law, and impartiality in the conduct of state affairs.

Page 6, Annex, Article 7

The Parties also commit to ensure the safety of civilians, including those receiving assistance, as well as the need to ensure the security of humanitarian personnel and United Nations and its associated personnel.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political rights

No specific mention.

Socio-economic

rights

No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizens, specific rights

Page 1, Preamble

Pursuant to the outcomes of the Comprehensive National Dialogue Conference, which have been agreed upon by all Yemeni constituencies and which laid the foundations for building a new, federal democratic Yemeni state based on the rule of law, equal citizenship, human rights and good governance;

Democracy

Page 1, Preamble

Pursuant to the outcomes of the Comprehensive National Dialogue Conference, which have been agreed upon by all Yemeni constituencies and which laid the foundations for building a new, federal democratic Yemeni state...committed to stabilizing the country and realizing a bright promising democratic future...

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

communication

Page 4, Article 14

The political, public and media escalation shall end, and manifestations of the threat or use of force shall cease. This includes obliging State media and urging the private and partisan media to stop their inflammatory campaigns of a sectarian and regional nature.

Mobility/access

Page 6, Article 7

The Parties commit to facilitate safe and unhindered access for humanitarian actors to

reach people in need of humanitarian assistance.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

Page 4, Article 6

courts

...

Fair participation in judicial bodies shall be ensured according to the outcomes of the

National Dialogue Conference.

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction → Development or socio-economic reconstruction → Socio-economic development

Page 1, Preamble

Pursuant to the outcomes of the Comprehensive National Dialogue Conference, which have been agreed upon by all Yemeni constituencies and which laid the foundations for... economic, financial and administrative reforms, and to achieving economic welfare;

Page 2, Article 3

...

the new government shall establish an economic committee of qualified experts and economists drawn from various political constituencies and relevant government ministries with expertise in the field of financial and economic regulation and management.

•••

The committee shall study the economic and fiscal situation in Yemen by reviewing the state budget and spending, and shall make recommendations on how the savings will be used to benefit people living in poverty and previously marginalised areas.

Page 3, Article 3

...

the committee shall examine all economic and financial issues, to primarily include the following issues:

...

(j) social protection programmes.

Page 3, Article 4

The new government shall undertake the following:

(a) increase the Social Welfare Fund payments by 50 per cent and deliver the payments to the beneficiaries immediately, while reviewing beneficiary eligibility criteria to ensure that those who are ineligible are eliminated and those who are eligible are enrolled;

Page 3, Article 4

The new government shall undertake the following:

•••

(c) increase the budget for the next fiscal year for education and health, which shall be targeted toward people living in poverty and in marginalised areas.

Page 5, Annex, Article 4

Regarding Amran, the new Prime Minister shall establish a joint committee...to complete the organisation of the administrative, security and military authorities in a manner that achieves...sustainable development.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction

Page 6, Annex, Article 7

The Parties commit to facilitate safe and unhindered access for humanitarian actors to reach people in need of humanitarian assistance.

National economic Page 2, Article 3

plan

The committee shall prepare an overall economic reform programme that is time-bound, specific and clear, and that is primarily aimed at eradicating corruption in all sectors, addressing the imbalance in the public budget and rationalising expenditures.

The committee shall develop a detailed and comprehensive plan, which will include a package of measures to address the financial and economic crisis now facing Yemen in a way that protects and promotes the rights and livelihoods of all Yemenis, particularly the vulnerable and those living in poverty. The plan shall aim to create an enabling environment whereby all Yemenis are able to maximize their full economic potential and provide a decent standard of living for their families.

Natural resources

Page 2, Article 3

The committee shall...shall propose solutions regarding the required comprehensive reforms for the oil and electricity sectors...

A new decision shall be issued immediately providing for a new price of 20 liters of petrol and diesel at 3000 YR. The abovementioned economic committee shall reconsider this within three (3) months, based on the liberalization of the import and distribution of oil and the reform of the electricity sector, which will lead to real price reform based on a scientific and economic assessment, and meet the aspirations of the people.

Page 3, Article 3

the committee shall examine all economic and financial issues, to primarily include the following issues:

(g) alleviating the burden on the citizens from fuel subsidy reform;

International funds No specific mention.

Business

Page 3, Article 3

the committee shall examine all economic and financial issues, to primarily include the following issues:

- (a) opening up competition and export/import for the private sector;
- (b) the price of basic commodities;

(h) infrastructure investment;

Taxation Socio-economic reconstruction→Taxation→Reform of taxation

Page 3, Article 3

...

the committee shall examine all economic and financial issues, to primarily include the following issues:

...

(c) ensuring tax and customs revenue collection, and tax and customs reform;

(d) collecting revenue owed to all statement institutions, including for taxes, customs or

utilities, amongst others, from everyone, focusing on the key land holders;

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 2, Article 3

•••

In developing this plan, the committee shall examine all economic and financial issues, to primarily include the following issues:

•••

(f) applying the biometric (fingerprint) system in all state, civil, military and security institutions:

Page 4, Article 12

The outcomes of the Working Group on Building the Foundations for the Security and Military Institutions of the National Dialogue Conference shall be strictly implemented according to an agreed-upon timeline, with monitoring and follow-up by the National Body.

Page 4, Article 13

The military and security situation in and the issues related to Amran, Al Jawf, Mareb, Sana'a and any other governorate shall be dealt with in the Annex.

Page 5, Annex, Article 4

Regarding Amran, the new Prime Minister shall establish a joint committee, within five (5) days, mandated to normalise the situation, and to complete the organisation of the administrative, security and military authorities in a manner that achieves the establishment of state authority and that achieves security, stability and sustainable development.

Page 5, Article 5

...

The new government shall be responsible for the organisation of the administrative, security and military authorities in Al Jawf and Mareb, in a manner that achieves the security, stability and national partnership. The state military and security forces shall carry out their functions in ensuring security and stability in the two governorates.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire →Ceasefire provision

Page 5, Annex, Article 1

•••

All hostilities being conducted by all sides inside the capital, Sana'a, and its surroundings shall cease.

Page 6, Annex, Article 5 and Article 6, make substantial provision for an immediate ceasefire, but the duration is unclear.

Police

Armed forces

Page 3, Article 4

The new government shall undertake the following:

•••

(b) increase civil service, military and security sector salaries...

Page 5, Annex, Article 4

...

The state military and security forces shall carry out their functions in ensuring security and stability in the governorate.

Page 6, Annex, Article 5

...

The new government shall be responsible for the organisation of the administrative, security and military authorities in Al Jawf and Mareb, in a manner that achieves the security, stability and national partnership. The state military and security forces shall carry out their functions in ensuring security and stability in the two governorates.

Page 6, Annex, Article 10

The State shall commit to abolish any punitive administrative, financial or other measures on military personnel and civilians in the context of their participation in peaceful demonstrations, and their support, by peaceful means, of legitimate, popular demands.

DDR

Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions

Page 4, Article 15

...

the camps in the vicinity of high security facilities, including Hezyaz, Al Sabaha and the airport, shall be dismantled and removed. With the start of the formation of the new government, the camps established around the capital, Sana'a, as well as camps within the city limits, shall be dismantled and removed. Unofficial checkpoints in and around Sana'a shall also be dismantled.

Page 5, Annex, Article 3

With the technical support of the United Nations, an agreement shall be reached on a mechanism for the implementation of the recommendations of the National Dialogue Conference relating to the "disarmament and recovery of State-owned heavy and medium weapons from all parties, groups and individuals that were plundered or seized nationwide, within a specific time frame and simultaneously."

Page 6, Annex, Article 4

...

The joint committee shall be primarily responsible for the supervision and the implementation of this Agreement, including the withdrawal of all armed groups coming from outside Amran.

Page 6, Annex, Article 9

Normalisation in areas where camps were established after their removal. The establishment of military positions shall be prevented on the land vacated by the camps.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

Page 6, Annex, Article 5

All armed groups coming from outside Al Jawf and Mareb shall withdraw, while simultaneously the administrative, security and military authorities are restructured.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

Page 2, Article 3

The committee shall prepare an overall economic reform programme that is time-bound, specific and clear, and that is primarily aimed at eradicating corruption in all sectors, addressing the imbalance in the public budget and rationalising expenditures. The committee shall identify and report on the deficiencies caused by pervasive corruption and lack of adequate oversight...

Page 3, Article 3

the committee shall examine all economic and financial issues, to primarily include the following issues:

(e) eliminating ghost workers and double dippers in all state civil, military and security institutions, and any new recruitments in state civil institutions shall be done through the Ministry of Civil Service without prejudice to exceptional remedies agreed to in the National Dialogue Conference outcomes;

(i) financial and administrative corruption;

The committee shall include in its plan a proposal to activate the monitoring and audit bodies, notably the Central Organization of Control and Audit and the Anti-Corruption Authority, and to make their annual reports accessible to the public.

Page 3, Article 5

The new government shall commit to the full implementation of the outcomes of the National Dialogue Conference relevant to countering corruption and shall provide the necessary resources in this regard.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

Page 6, Annex, Article 8

The State shall undertake to protect the citizens in Al Beidha from Al Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula (AQAP), and shall stand by them in facing the dangers posed by AQAP and terrorism.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon Transitional justice→Amnesty/pardon→Amnesty/pardon proper

Page 6, Annex, Article 10

The State shall commit to abolish any punitive administrative, financial or other measures on military personnel and civilians in the context of their participation in peaceful demonstrations, and their support, by peaceful means, of legitimate, popular

demands.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 1, Preamble

...

the Parties, in the interest of national unity and building and promoting peace, commit

to the following...

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement mechanism

Page 5, Article 17

The Parties request the Special Adviser to the Secretary-General on Yemen to continue United Nations support for the implementation of the measures agreed upon in this Agreement. In this regard, the Parties request the Special Adviser to continue to monitor any violations.

Page 5, Annex, Article 3: With the technical support of the United Nations, an agreement shall be reached on a mechanism for the implementation of the recommendations of the National Dialogue

Conference relating to the "disarmament and recovery of State-owned heavy and medium

weapons from all parties, groups and individuals that were plundered or seized

nationwide,

within a specific time frame and simultaneously."

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

UN Peacemaker

http://peacemaker.un.org/

http://peacemaker.un.org/yemen-national-partnership-2014