

Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

Country/ entity	Central African Republic
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Accord de cessez-le-feu entre le Gouvernement de la République Centrafricaine et la Coalition Seleka
Date	11 Jan 2013
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Central African Republic Conflicts (1996 -))
Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	CAR: coups and rebellions process
Parties	For the CAR Government - Jean WILLYBIRO SAKO For the SELEKA Coalition - Michel DJOTODJIA For CEEAC - Nassour GUELENGDOUKSIA OUAIDOU, Secretary General of CEEAC For the President of the Monitoring Committee - Basile IKOUEBE, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Cooperation of the Republic of Congo
Third parties	-
Description	This agreement provides for an immediate ceasefire and a cessation of all hostilities between the Central African Republic's government and the SELEKA coalition within 72 hours. Issues covered include the abstention from media campaigns and aggressions against civilians. The agreement also contains provisions on humanitarian assistance, displaced persons, political prisoners, DDR and the establishment of an oversight commission, supervising the implementation of the ceasefire agreement.

Agreement document [CF_130111_AccordDeCessezleFeu_tr.pdf](#)  | [Download PDF](#)

Agreement document (original language) [CF_130111_AccordDeCessezLeFeu.pdf](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Groups

Children/youth Groups→Children/youth→Substantive
Page 2, Article 1
The belligerent parties must observe an immediate ceasefire, and end all hostilities within 72 hours of signing the Ceasefire Agreement. The ceasefire entails:

...

- The immediate cessation of all acts of violence against the civilian population, and the protection of human rights. These acts of violence include summary executions, torture, harassment, the detention and execution of civilians on grounds of ethnicity, as well as the recruitment of child soldiers, sexual violence, arming the civilian population, and the detention and execution of prisoners.

Page 2, Article 5

A priority programme must be established immediately in the following order:

...

2. Protection of human rights, including the release of all detained persons, cessation of sexual violence and the conscription of child soldiers;

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ national group	<p>Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Substantive Page 2, Article 1</p> <p>The belligerent parties must observe an immediate ceasefire, and end all hostilities within 72 hours of signing the Ceasefire Agreement. The ceasefire entails:</p> <p>...</p> <p>- The immediate cessation of all acts of violence against the civilian population, and the protection of human rights. These acts of violence include summary executions, torture, harassment, the detention and execution of civilians on grounds of ethnicity, as well as the recruitment of child soldiers, sexual violence, arming the civilian population, and the detention and execution of prisoners.</p>
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/ displaced persons	<p>Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive Page 2, Article 2</p> <p>Upon entry into force of this agreement, the Parties will facilitate the transport of humanitarian aid by opening humanitarian aid corridors and establishing favourable conditions for the provision of emergency services to displaced persons and others in need.</p> <p>Page 2, Article 5</p> <p>A priority programme must be established immediately in the following order:</p> <p>1. Creation of the conditions needed for the return, reinstallation and reinsertion of persons displaced during the conflict . . .</p>
Social class	No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender	<p>Page 1, PREAMBLE</p> <p>...</p> <p>Considering the ongoing desire of His Excellency (Army) General François BOZIZE YANGOUVOUNDA, President of the Republic, Head of State, reiterated in his speech to the nation of December 2012, to promote tolerance, dialogue and reconciliation among all the sons and daughters of Central Africa;</p> <p>Page 2, Article 1</p> <p>The belligerent parties must observe an immediate ceasefire, and end all hostilities within 72 hours of signing the Ceasefire Agreement. The ceasefire entails:</p> <p>...</p> <p>- The immediate cessation of all acts of violence against the civilian population, and the protection of human rights. These acts of violence include summary executions, torture, harassment, the detention and execution of civilians on grounds of ethnicity, as well as the recruitment of child soldiers, sexual violence, arming the civilian population, and the detention and execution of prisoners.</p> <p>Page 2, Article 5</p> <p>A priority programme must be established immediately in the following order:</p> <p>...</p> <p>2. Protection of human rights, including the release of all detained persons, cessation of sexual violence and the conscription of child soldiers;</p>
Men and boys	<p>Gender→Men and boys→Gender neutral wording</p> <p>Page 1, PREAMBLE</p> <p>...</p> <p>Considering the ongoing desire of His Excellency (Army) General François BOZIZE YANGOUVOUNDA, President of the Republic, Head of State, reiterated in his speech to the nation of December 2012, to promote tolerance, dialogue and reconciliation among all the sons and daughters of Central Africa;</p>
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general) No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/secession No specific mention.

Accession/unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed) No specific mention.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform No specific mention.

Civil society Page 2, Article 2
...
The Parties undertake to release political prisoners and prisoners of war, to guarantee the effective presence of the International Committee of the Red Cross (CICR)/Croissant-Rouge (CR) following their release, and to enable it to evacuate the injured and bury the dead.

Page 3, Article 6
The signatories will set up a Monitoring Commission for implementation of the present agreement constituted as follows:
...
- For Civil Society: One (01) representative

Traditional/religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing No specific mention.

Economic power sharing No specific mention.

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general Page 2, Article 1
The belligerent parties must observe an immediate ceasefire, and end all hostilities within 72 hours of signing the Ceasefire Agreement. The ceasefire entails:
...
- The immediate cessation of all acts of violence against the civilian population, and the protection of human rights. These acts of violence include summary executions, torture, harassment, the detention and execution of civilians on grounds of ethnicity, as well as the recruitment of child soldiers, sexual violence, arming the civilian population, and the detention and execution of prisoners.

Page 2, Article 5
A priority programme must be established immediately in the following order:
...
2. Protection of human rights, including the release of all detained persons, cessation of sexual violence and the conscription of child soldiers;

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation No specific mention.

Civil and political rights No specific mention.

Socio-economic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	<p>Page 1, PREAMBLE</p> <p>...</p> <p>Conscious of the need for dialogue to establish a durable peace and security throughout the national territory, an essential condition for national reconstruction and democracy building;</p> <p>Page 1, PREAMBLE</p> <p>...</p> <p>Considering the wish of the SELEKA coalition to restore democracy, to participate in negotiations, and to sign a Ceasefire and Withdrawal Agreement with the Central African Government;</p>
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	<p>Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles</p> <p>Page 2, Article 1</p> <p>The belligerent parties must observe an immediate ceasefire, and end all hostilities within 72 hours of signing the Ceasefire Agreement. The ceasefire entails:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- The immediate termination of and abstention from all media campaigns which may hinder efforts to develop a spirit of fraternity and national harmony; <p>Page 2, Article 1</p> <p>...</p> <p>The Parties will communicate this cessation of hostilities via their respective chains of command, and by means of the Press, to the civilian population.</p>
Mobility/ access	<p>Page 2, Article 2</p> <p>Upon entry into force of this agreement, the Parties will facilitate the transport of humanitarian aid by opening humanitarian aid corridors and establishing favourable conditions for the provision of emergency services to displaced persons and others in need.</p> <p>The Parties undertake to release political prisoners and prisoners of war, to guarantee the effective presence of the International Committee of the Red Cross (CICR)/Croissant-Rouge (CR) following their release, and to enable it to evacuate the injured and bury the dead.</p>

Protection measures Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians
Page 2,

Article 1:

The belligerent parties must observe an immediate ceasefire, and end all hostilities within

72 hours of signing the Ceasefire Agreement.

The ceasefire entails:

- The immediate termination of and abstention from all media campaigns which may hinder efforts to develop a spirit of fraternity and national harmony;

- The immediate cessation of all acts of violence against the civilian population, and the protection of human rights.

Page 3,

Article 5

2. Protection of human rights, including the release of all detained persons, cessation

of sexual violence and the conscription of child soldiers;

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction No specific mention.

National economic plan No specific mention.

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/
rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/
nomadism
rights No specific mention.

Cultural
heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or
riparian
rights or
access No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees Page 1, PREAMBLE
...
Conscious of the need for dialogue to establish a durable peace and security throughout the national territory, an essential condition for national reconstruction and democracy building;

Ceasefire	<p>Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision [The whole agreement provides for a ceasefire and its modalities]</p> <p>Page 2, Article 1 The belligerent parties must observe an immediate ceasefire, and end all hostilities within 72 hours of signing the Ceasefire Agreement. The ceasefire entails: ... - The immediate cessation of all acts of violence against the civilian population, and the protection of human rights. These acts of violence include summary executions, torture, harassment, the detention and execution of civilians on grounds of ethnicity, as well as the recruitment of child soldiers, sexual violence, arming the civilian population, and the detention and execution of prisoners.</p> <p>Page 3, Article 8 Upon signature the present Ceasefire Agreement enters into force.</p>
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	<p>Page 2, Article 1 ... The Parties will communicate this cessation of hostilities via their respective chains of command, and by means of the Press, to the civilian population.</p> <p>Page 2, Article 5 A priority programme must be established immediately in the following order: ... 4. Reorganisation of Central African defence and security forces</p>
DDR	<p>Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes Page 2, Article 3 The Parties undertake to withdraw all weapons and disband any existing military units and armed factions.</p> <p>Page 2, Article 4 SELEKA Coalition troops must be stationed in mutually agreed locations under the supervision of MICOPAX.</p> <p>Page 2, Article 5 A priority programme must be established immediately in the following order: ... 3. The DDR Process in the North Eastern Central African Republic to be pursued;</p>

Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/ rebel and opposition group forces	<p>Page 1, PREAMBLE</p> <p>...</p> <p>Considering the wish of the SELEKA coalition to restore democracy, to participate in negotiations, and to sign a Ceasefire and Withdrawal Agreement with the Central African Government;</p> <p>Page 2, Article 1</p> <p>...</p> <p>The Parties will communicate this cessation of hostilities via their respective chains of command, and by means of the Press, to the civilian population.</p> <p>Page 2, Article 3</p> <p>The Parties undertake to withdraw all weapons and disband any existing military units and armed factions.</p> <p>Page 2, Article 4</p> <p>SELEKA Coalition troops must be stationed in mutually agreed locations under the supervision of MICOPAX.</p> <p>Page 3, Article 6</p> <p>The signatories will set up a Monitoring Commission for implementation of the present agreement constituted as follows:</p> <p>...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - For the SELEKA Coalition: Three (3) representatives - For the Democratic Opposition: One (01) representative
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/ organised crime	<p>Page 2, Article 5</p> <p>A priority programme must be established immediately in the following order:</p> <p>...</p> <p>5. Fight against criminality</p>
Drugs	No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general No specific mention.

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release Page 2, Article 2
...
The Parties undertake to release political prisoners and prisoners of war, to guarantee the effective presence of the International Committee of the Red Cross (CICR)/Croissant-Rouge (CR)) following their release, and to enable it to evacuate the injured and bury the dead.

Page 2, The Government of the Central African Republic and the SELEKA Coalition agree the following, Article 5

A priority programme must be established immediately in the following order:

...

2. Protection of human rights, including the release of all detained persons, cessation of sexual violence and the conscription of child soldiers;

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims Page 2, Article 2
...
The Parties undertake to release political prisoners and prisoners of war, to guarantee the effective presence of the International Committee of the Red Cross (CICR)/Croissant-Rouge (CR)) following their release, and to enable it to evacuate the injured and bury the dead.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 1, PREAMBLE

...

Conscious of the need for dialogue to establish a durable peace and security throughout the national territory, an essential condition for national reconstruction and democracy building;

Page 1, PREAMBLE

...

Considering the ongoing desire of His Excellency (Army) General François BOZIZE YANGOUVOUNDA, President of the Republic, Head of State, reiterated in his speech to the nation of December 2012, to promote tolerance, dialogue and reconciliation among all the sons and daughters of Central Africa;

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international signatory For CEEAC
- Nassour GUELENGDOUKSIA OUAIDOU, Secretary General of CEEAC

For the President of the Monitoring Committee
- Basile IKOUEBE, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Cooperation of the Republic of Congo

Referendum for agreement No specific mention.

International mission/ force/similar Page 2, Article 4
SELEKA Coalition troops must be stationed in mutually agreed locations under the supervision of MICOPAX.

Page 3, Article 6

The signatories will set up a Monitoring Commission for implementation of the present agreement constituted as follows:

...

- For the United Nations Integrated Office in the Central African Republic: One (01) representative
- For the African Union Office in the Central African Republic: (one (01) representative
- For the Mediation Office: One (01) representative
- For CEEAC; Two (2) representatives.

Enforcement mechanism Page 3, Article 6
The signatories will set up a Monitoring Commission for implementation of the present agreement constituted as follows:

- For the Government: Three (03) representatives
- For Civil Society: One (01) representative
- For the SELEKA Coalition: Three (3) representatives
- For the Democratic Opposition: One (01) representative
- For the United Nations Integrated Office in the Central African Republic: One (01) representative
- For the African Union Office in the Central African Republic: (one (01) representative
- For the Mediation Office: One (01) representative
- For CEEAC; Two (2) representatives.

The Monitoring Commission for application of the present Agreement may call upon any qualified person as needed.

Page 3, Article 7

In case of any differences in opinion or difficulties arising in implementing the present Agreement, one or other of the Parties may resort to the Monitoring Commission or the President of the Monitoring Committee for the Libreville negotiations.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source UN Peacemaker, https://peacemaker.un.org/sites/peacemaker.un.org/files/CF_130111_AccordDeCessezLeFeu.pdf