# Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Mali

Azawad

**Region** Africa (excl MENA)

**Agreement name** Accord de cessez-le-feu

**Date** 23 May 2014

**Agreement status** Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

### Tuareg Wars (1962 - )

#### Mali-Azawad

The nomadic Tuareg in the north of Mali maintained a long-standing revolt against a government traditionally dominated by southern politicians shortly after Mali became independent from France in 1960. The uprisings focused in and around the Azawad region, north of Timbuktu. After several outbreaks of violence during the 1980s, violence peaked with the 1990 outbreak of the Tuareg Rebellion. Following an initial defeat by the Malian Armed Forces, reparations by the government of Alpha Konare included the creation of the self-governing Kidal region. Violence in 1994 died down following peace between moderates on both sides in 1995 and a negotiated peace agreement. Violence continued due to a lack of integration by combatants, but it was not until 2011 that the situation again escalated in the aftermath of the Arab Spring and the disintegration of Libya, which resulted in a heavy inflow of small arms, and the increased involvement by Algeria. In January 2012, the National Movement for the Liberation of Azawad (MNLA) together with several other groups took full control of the region. Disputes on how to handle the situation led to a military coup against President Touré in March 2012 that, in turn, resulted in further turmoil. The MNLA declared the independence of Azawad, but soon lost control of most of the territory to radical Islamist militias including Ansar Dine. A French intervention in January 2013 paved the way for a UN mission, which was established in April of that year. In June 2015 multiple declarations culminated in a final agreement between several Azawad-affiliated groups, including MNLA, and the government of Mali to end hostilities. However, inadequate implementation of the agreement results in continual armed confrontations between pro-government militias, Azawad-affiliated groups, dissidents of Azawad-affiliated groups, ethnically oriented groups, and increasingly since 2017, radical Islamist militias.

#### Niger-Aïr-Azawad

In 1990 the nomadic Tuareg in northern Niger explicitly sought greater political autonomy following decades of grievances on local political exclusion. With the first armed group Aïr and Azawad Liberation Front (FLAA) to be established in 1991, fighting between 1990 to 1995 took place largely in the Air Mountains. A short-lived truce was agreed in 1994 between the Niger Government and the Tuareg umbrella organisation Coordination of Armed Resistance (CRA), later called Organisation of Armed Resistance (ORA). Another accord was signed in April 1995 in Ouagadougou with various other Tuareg groups and some Toubou, the last signing in 1998. After ten years of relative peace, Movement of Nigeriens for Justice (MNJ) reinvigorated conflicts in 2007 following little follow up by the Nigeriene government on the signed peace agreements.

Close

Tuareg Wars (1962 - )

**Stage** Ceasefire/related

**Conflict nature** Government/territory

Peace process Mali-Azawad Inter-Azawad peace process

Parties (Signed)

For the Government of the Republic of Mali

(Signed)

For the Azawad National Liberation Movement

**Mohamed Najim** 

(Signed)

High Authority for the Unity of Azawad

Cheick Ag Awsa

(Signed)

Arab movement of Azawad Ibrahim Ould Hamda

Third parties -

Description -

Agreement

ML\_140523\_Accord\_cessez\_ le\_ feu\_EN.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

document

**Agreement** ML\_140523\_Accord\_cessez\_le\_feu\_\_FR.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

**Groups** 

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

 $\textbf{Refugees/displaced} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$ 

persons

**Social class** No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

**Men and boys** No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

**State definition** 

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

**Cross-border** 

provision

#### Governance

**Political** No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

**Elections** No specific mention.

Electoral commission

No specific mention.

Political parties

No specific mention.

reform

**Civil society** Page 1, 2. THE CEASEFIRE:

[...]

• The parties agree to facilitate the humanitarian operations of the United Nations and other humanitarian partners and to respect the principles of humanitarian law in force;

[...]

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

No specific mention.

administration

**Constitution** No specific mention.

**Power sharing** 

**Political power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Territorial power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Economic power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Military power** 

sharing

### **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** Page 1, 2. THE CEASEFIRE:

general

[...]

• The parties agree to facilitate the humanitarian operations of the United Nations and other humanitarian partners and to respect the principles of humanitarian law in force;

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

## **Rights related issues**

Citizenship No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

**Detention** 

procedures

No specific mention.

**Media** and

communication

No specific mention.

Mobility/access

Page 1, 2. THE CEASEFIRE:

[...]

• The parties agree to facilitate the humanitarian operations of the United Nations and other humanitarian partners and to respect the principles of humanitarian law in force;

[...]

**Protection** measures

No specific mention.

Other

## **Rights institutions**

NHRI No specific mention.

**Regional or** 

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

#### **Justice sector reform**

**Criminal justice and** No specific mention.

emergency law

**State of emergency** No specific mention.

provisions

**Judiciary and** 

No specific mention.

courts

**Prisons and** 

No specific mention.

detention

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

### **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** 

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

No specific mention. **Banks** 

# Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

**Cultural heritage** 

No specific mention.

**Environment** 

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

### **Security sector**

Security **Guarantees**  No specific mention.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

[Summary: The whole agreement provides for a ceasefire and its modalities, the starting date is upon signature of the agreement - 23 May 2014, it is not indicated whether it is

permanent or temporary]

**Police** 

No specific mention.

**Armed forces** 

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

**Drugs** 

No specific mention.

**Terrorism** 

No specific mention.

## **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon

No specific mention.

**Courts** 

**Mechanism** Page 1, 2. THE CEASEFIRE:

[...]

• In accordance with the preliminary Agreement, the parties agree to set up an

International Commission of Inquiry into the events which have taken place, beginning

with Kidal.

**Prisoner release** Page 1, 2. THE CEASEFIRE:

[...]

• The parties agree to release all prisoners as soon as possible;

[...]

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** No specific mention.

## Implementation

**UN signatory** Original document:

Page 2, Accord signé sous la supervision de:

[...]

Représentant Spécial du Secrétaire général des Nations Unies

**Other international** Original document:

**signatory** Page 2, Accord signé sous la supervision de:

Son Excellence Président de la République Islamique de Mauritanie (Président en

excercise de l'Union Africaine)

[...]

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International

No specific mention.

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement mechanism

**Related cases** No specific mention.

**Source** UN Peacemaker:

http://peacemaker.un.org/