Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/ South Sudan

entity Sudan

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement

name

Agreement between Sudan and South Sudan on Certain Economic Matters

27 Sep 2012 Date

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) (Sudan Conflicts (1955 -))

conflict level

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict

Government/territory

nature

North - South Sudan secession process Peace

process

Parties H.E. Idriss Abdel Gadir, on behalf of: the Republic of the Sudan; H.E. Pagan

Amum Okiech, on behalf of: The Republic of South Sudan

Third Witnessed by: H.E. Thabo Mvuyelwa Mbeki, Chairperson, African Union High

Level Implementation Panel, on behalf of the AUHIP parties

Description An agreement that provides measures for the resolution of treatment of

> external and domestic assets and liabilities in the the Republic of the Sudan (RoS) and the Republic of South Sudan (RSS). The agreement provides for RoS to retain all external debt liabilities with the intention of securing

international assistance on repayment, however, in the case that

international assistance cannot be secured within two years, the agreement provides three apportionment approaches for the two States. Furthermore, the agreement also provides measures for domestic assets and liabilities, cultural heritage, mutual forgiveness of non-oil related claims, and for a joint

approach to the international community by the two States.

Agreement document

SD_120927_Agmt on Certain Economic Matters.pdf Download PDF

Groups

Children/ youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups

No specific mention.

Indigenous people

No specific mention.

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/ displaced persons No specific mention.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

No specific mention.

Men and

No specific mention.

boys

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of

No specific mention.

state (general)

State No specific mention.

configuration

Self No specific mention.

determination

Referendum No specific mention.

State

No specific mention.

symbols

Independence/ Page 2, Preamble

secession

Recognising the need to determine, on the basis of the principles of international law, how external and domestic assets and liabilities of the Republic of the Sudan are to be treated following the secession of the Republic of South Sudan;

Page 2, 1. Definitions

"Archives": means all documents of whatever date or kind, produced or received by the Republic of the Sudan in the exercise of its functions which, at the date of the secession of the Republic of South Sudan, belonged to Republic of the Sudan according to its internal law, and were preserved by it directly or were under its control as archives for whatever purpose;

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border

Page 6, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

delimitation 4.2 State Archives

4.2.2 The RoS shall provide the RSS with the following information:

a) the best available evidence from its State Archives, including maps and other documents relating to title to the territory of the RSS and to its

boundaries;

Cross-

No specific mention.

border provision

Governance

Political

No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political

No specific mention.

parties reform

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/

No specific mention.

religious leaders

Public

No specific mention.

administration

Power sharing

Political No specific mention.

power sharing

Territorial No specific mention.

power sharing Economic

Power sharing→Economic power sharing→Fiscal federalism

power

Page 2, Preamble

sharing

Desiring to reach agreements on economic and financial issues, including an agreement on how to deal with debts owed to each other and other financial claims;

Conscious of the mutual benefits to be derived from pursuing strategic cooperation on certain economic issues to maximize rather than prejudice the growth potential of each state;

Recognising the need to determine, on the basis of the principles of international law, how external and domestic assets and liabilities of the Republic of the Sudan are to be treated following the secession of the Republic of South Sudan;

Page 3, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.1. Agreed Zero-Option Approach
- 3.1.1. The two States hereby agree that the RoS, as the continuing state, shall retain all external debt liabilities and external assets of the RoS.

Page 4, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.2. Trigger for Potential Apportionment of External Debts and Assets
- 3.2.1. If the firm commitment from international creditors regarding the relief for the external debt of the RoS is not secured, the Agreed Zero Option shall cease to apply.

Page 4, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.2. Trigger for Potential Apportionment of External Debts and Assets
- 3.2.3 If, notwithstanding an agreed apportionment, the RoS shall have made any payments to offset an external debt liability for which the RSS is otherwise responsible under this Agreement, the RSS shall reimburse the RoS for such payments.

Page 5, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.3. Potential Apportionment of Project Loans
- 3.3.1 The Parties shall determine the apportionment of project loan obligations between the RoS and the RSS on the basis of the primary final beneficiary principle.

Page 5, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.3. Potential Apportionment of Project Loans
- 3.3.2 The project loan obligations under consideration by the two States amount to a total of between \$110 million (USD) and \$117 million (USD) as of 31 December 2009.

Page 5, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.3. Potential Apportionment of Project Loans
- 3.3.3 The RoS shall provide relevant documentation pertaining to project loans in order to ascertain the terms of the loan and the primary final beneficiary.

Page 5, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.4 Potential Apportionment of "Balance of Payments Support" Loans
- 3.4.1 The two States shall give further consideration to the potential apportionment of "balance of payments support" loan obligations, and shall identify such obligations jointly, and by reference to data that has been

Military	
power	

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general

Page 8, 5. Mutual Forgiveness of Claims of Non-Oil Arrears and Other Claims 5.1.3 The Parties agree that the provisions of Article 5.1.1 shall not serve as a bar to any private claimants. The Parties agree to safeguard the rights of private claimants and to ensure that such claimants that they have the right of access to the courts, administrative tribunals and agencies of each State for the purpose of realizing the protection of their rights.

Bill of

No specific mention.

rights/ similar

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

rights

No specific mention.

Socioeconomic rights

No specific mention.

Rights related issues

No specific mention. Citizenship

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention

No specific mention.

procedures

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/ access No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

Other

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the purpose of realizing the protection of their rights.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international

No specific mention.

human rights

institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal

No specific mention.

justice and emergency

law

State of

No specific mention.

emergency provisions

Judiciary and courts

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Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional

No specific mention.

Laws

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

or socio- reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction economic Page 5, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

reconstruction 3.4 Potential Apportionment of "Balance of Payments Support" Loans

3.4.2 In determining the formula for the apportionment of "balance-of-payments support" loans obligations, the two States shall consider criteria, including, the relative level of physical infrastructure development, human development, and the population within the RoS and the RSS, respectively,

as of 9 July 2011.

National

economic

plan

No specific mention.

Natural resources

Page 8, 6. Joint Approach to the International Community

6.1.2 The Parties and the AUHIP shall constitute a joint delegation which shall

seek assistance from the international community with respect to:

a) contribution of monies to provide one third of the aggregate amount of the funding required to fill the financing gap of the RoS resulting from the loss of revenues previously received from oil exports from the territory of South

Sudan.

International funds

International Page 3, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.1. Agreed Zero-Option Approach
- 3.1.2. The two States shall take all necessary steps, including through a joint creditor outreach strategy, to secure from international creditor a firm commitment to provide comprehensive relief of the external debt of the RoS.

Page 4, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.1. Agreed Zero-Option Approach
- 3.1.3. The joint creditor outreach strategy referred to in Article 3.1.2. shall include:
- (a) the mobilisation of other states and international entities to lead and sustain international campaign for the relief of the external debt of the RoS; and,
- (b) the implementation of targeted and intensive outreach activities directed at the creditors of the RoS holding significant amounts of external debt claims.

Page 4, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.1. Agreed Zero-Option Approach
- 3.1.4 The "firm commitment" referred to in Article 3.1.2 shall be deemed to have been secured:
- (a) when the RoS reaches the "decision point" as provided for under the Enhanced Initiative for Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC); and,
- (b) if the HIPC decision point is reached no later than two (2) years from the entry into force of this Agreement, or such later date as shall be agreed by the two States.

Page 4, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

3.2. Trigger for Potential Apportionment of External Debts and Assets 3.2.1. If the firm commitment from international creditors regarding the relief for the external debt of the RoS is not secured, the Agreed Zero Option shall cease to apply.

Page 5, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.4 Potential Apportionment of "Balance of Payments Support" Loans
- 3.4.1 The two States shall give further consideration to the potential apportionment of "balance-of-payments support" loan obligations, and shall identify such obligations jointly, and by reference to data that has been reconciled between the RoS and its respective international creditors.

Page 8, 6. Joint Approach to the International Community

6.1.1 Consistent with their recognition of and commitment to the overriding principle of two viable States, the Parties hereby agree to undertake, jointly with the AUHIP, an approach to the international community for the purposes set out in this Article.

Page 8, 6. Joint Approach to the International Community

6.1.2 The Parties and the AUHIP shall constitute a joint delegation which shall seek assistance from the international community with respect to:
a) contribution of monies to provide one third of the aggregate amount of the funding required to fill the financing gap of the RoS resulting from the loss of revenues previously received from oil exports from the territory of South Sudan.

South Sudan.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks

Socio-economic reconstruction→Banks→International finance

Page 3, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

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Page 4, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

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- 3.2. Trigger for Potential Apportionment of External Debts and Assets
- 3.2.1. If the firm commitment from international creditors regarding the relief for the external debt of the RoS is not secured, the Agreed Zero Option shall cease to apply.

Page 5, 3. Treatment of External Assets and Liabilities

- 3.4 Potential Apportionment of "Balance of Payments Support" Loans
- 3.4.1 The two States shall give further consideration to the potential apportionment of "balance-of-payments support" loan obligations, and shall identify such obligations jointly, and by reference to data that has been reconciled between the RoS and its respective international creditors.

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- 6.1.2 The Parties and the AUHIP shall constitute a joint delegation which shall seek assistance from the international community with respect to:
- a) contribution of monies to provide one third of the aggregate amount of the funding required to fill the financing gap of the RoS resulting from the loss of revenues previously received of m oil exports from the territory of South Sudan.

Sudan.

Land, property and environment

Land No specific mention.

reform/ rights

Pastoralist/ No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Tangible

Page 7, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

4.3. Cultural Heritage Property

4.3.1 Property of particular importance to the cultural heritage of a State, or which originates from a State, shall pass to that State and, where practicable, shall be repatriated to that State.

Page 7, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

4.3. Cultural Heritage Property

4.3.2 The State in possession of the property shall have primary responsibility for the repatriation of property.

Page 7, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

4.3. Cultural Heritage Property

4.3.3 Each State shall submit to the other State the details of any Cultural Heritage Property to which it lays claims.

Page 7, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

4.3. Cultural Heritage Property

4.3.4. The transfer of Cultural Heritage Property shall be effected without compensation between the two States.

Page 7, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

4.3. Cultural Heritage Property

4.3.6 Where the two States deem that repatriation is not possible, arrangements shall be made with the mutual consent of the Parties, to facilitate access.

Page 7, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

4.3. Cultural Heritage Property

4.3.7 Any other matters relating to the implementation of this on assets and liabilities shall be address jointly between the two States, through the joint implementation mechanisms established in the Cooperation Agreement, and in accordance with the principles set forth in this Agreement.

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Intangible Page 6, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

4.2 State Archives

4.2.3 Any agreement on Archives shall not impede the access of individuals or groups of people from either State, to information about their history and their cultural heritage.

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Promotion Page 7, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

4.3. Cultural Heritage Property

4.3.5 The Parties shall establish a Joint Archives and Cultural Heritage Property Committee to assist in the identification of such Archives and Cultural Heritage Property located in the RoS and the RSS and to agree on suitable arrangements for their repatriation.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/ No specific mention.

rebel and opposition group

forces

Withdrawal

No specific mention.

of foreign

forces

Corruption No specific mention. Crime/ organised No specific mention.

Drugs

crime

No specific mention.

Terrorism

No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional No specific mention.

justice general

Amnesty/ pardon

No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner

release

No specific mention.

No specific mention. Vetting

Victims No specific mention.

Missing

No specific mention.

persons

Reparations No specific mention.

Implementation

UN No specific mention.

signatory

Other Witnessed by: H.E. Thabo Mvuyelwa Mbeki, Chairperson, African Union High

international Level Implementation Panel, on behalf of the AUHIP

signatory

Referendum No specific mention.

for

agreement

International No specific mention.

mission/ force/similar

Enforcement Page 7, 4. Treatment of Domestic Assets and Liabilities

mechanism 4.3. Cultural Heritage Property

4.3.7 Any other matters relating to the implementation of this on assets and liabilities shall be address jointly between the two States, through the joint implementation mechanisms established in the Cooperation Agreement,

and in accordance with the principles set forth in this Agreement.

Related No specific mention.

cases

Source Peacemaker.un.org, 2015. 'UN Peacemaker'. http://peacemaker.un.org.