## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Philippines

Mindanao

**Region** Asia and Pacific

**Agreement name** Highlights of the Meeting of the Joint Technical Group on Concept

**Date** 6 Feb 2006

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

#### Philippine Insurgencies (1968 - )

The Maoist Insurgencies (1968 - )

Philippines-NDF

The Philippines have been defined by a series of center-periphery and often ideologically Maoist, separatist insurgencies. The Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP), began its war against the central Philippine government in 1968 through their armed wing – the New People's Army (NPA). Further legitimacy was gained through the establishment of the National Democratic Front (NDF) in 1973. Grievances were predominantly opposed to the corruption and repression under the authoritarian Marcos regime.

Philippines-Cordillera

With the overthrow of Marcos' regime in 1986, the CPP factionalized further to take on more localized characteristics. The Cordillera Peoples Liberation Army (CPLA) broke away from the NDF in 1986 to focus on the protection of the Cordilleran people and land in northern Luzon. Hostilities were formally ended in July 2011, with an agreement signed between the central government, the CPLA and the Cordillera Bodong Administration (CBA) that allowed for the absorption of CPLA fighters into the Philippine Army and the re-working of the CBA-CPLA into a socio-development organisation.

Philippines-RPM-P

Meanwhile, purge among the CPP in the early 1990s, encouraged the formation of a parallel party, the Revolutionary Workers Party (RPM-P). Their armed wing, the Alex Boncayao Brigade (ABB) which had carried out a number of assassinations during the 1980s at the bequest of the CPP, followed suit and allied themselves with the RPM-P in 1997 forming the (RPM-P-RPA-ABB). Severely weakened by the split with the CPP and with the arrest of several key figures, the RPM-P-RPA-ABB signed a peace agreement in December 2000, which encouraged the RPM-P's branch in Mindanao to break away in 2001.

The CPP-NPA has only participated in intermittent talks with the government. Talks halted in 2004 when Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo's administration sought closer ties with the U.S. in the war on terror and added the CPP-NPA to the list of terrorist organisations, renewing violence. Following the launch of a counter-insurgency by the Philippine government, negotiations have been further delayed due to suspected internal differences between the CPP 'old guard' and younger members.

The Moro Insurgency (1968 - )

Philippines-Mindanao

The Moro Insurgency began in 1968, in Mindanao and the Sulu archipelago after the killing of Moro Commandos, the so-called Jabidah Massacre, by the Philippine Army following a plot to invade Sabah province in Malaysia. The Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) captured a swath of territory in the mid-1970s. In an attempt to stem the violence, the constitution was reformed and Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) was created 1990 graphing adevolution of power to the provinces of Lanao del Sur, Maguindanao, Sulu and Tawi-Tawi. Following the establishment of the ARMM, the

**Stage** Framework/substantive - partial

**Conflict nature** Government/territory

**Peace process** Philippines - Mindanao process

Parties Mr. Tapa Umal, GRP Technical Working Group on Concept Chairman;

Prof. Habib Macaayong, MILF Technical Working Group on Concept Chairman

Third parties -

**Description** One page agreement that highlights the meeting of the Technical Working Groups

(TWGs) on the Strand of Concept, in which the Parties affirmed that 'the Bangsamoro Judicial Entity shall have the authority and the jurisdiction over the ancestral domain

and ancestral land'.

Agreement document

PH\_060206\_Highlights of TWG on Concept.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** Groups→Indigenous people→Rhetorical

P

Groups→Indigenous people→Substantive

age 1, 2. The remaining unresolved issue under the Strand on Concept concerns the question of delineation. After a thorough and lengthy discussion by the GRP and MILF TWGs, both parties agree to put on record that the Bangsamoro Judicial Entity (BJE) shall have the authority and the jurisdiction over the ancestral domain and ancestral land, including both the alienable and nonalienable within the Bangsamoro homeland. The delineation of ancestral domain/land that has been agreed by the Strand on

Territory rests with the BJE.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced** No specific mention.

persons

**Social class** No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

#### **State definition**

**Nature of state** (general)

No specific mention.

State configuration Page 1, 2. The remaining unresolved issue under the Strand on Concept concerns the question of delineation. After a thorough and lengthy discussion by the GRP and MILF TWGs, both parties agree to put on record that the Bangsamoro Judicial Entity (BJE) shall have the authority and the jurisdiction over the ancestral domain and ancestral land, including both the alienable and nonalienable within the Bangsamoro homeland. The delineation of ancestral domain/land that has been agreed by the Strand on

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**Self determination** No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/ secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

**Cross-border** 

provision

No specific mention.

Governance

**Political** institutions (new or Page 1, 2. The remaining unresolved issue under the Strand on Concept concerns the reformed)

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→General references

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Territory rests with the BJE.

**Elections** No specific mention.

**Electoral** commission

**Political parties** 

reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** 

No specific mention.

Traditional/

religious leaders

No specific mention.

**Public** 

administration

No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

## **Power sharing**

## **Political power**

sharing

No specific mention.

**Territorial power** sharing

Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Autonomous regions

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Territory rests with the BJE.

**Economic power** sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

### **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

rights

No specific mention.

**Socio-economic** 

rights

## **Rights related issues**

**Citizenship** No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

No specific mention.

**Mobility/access** No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

**Other** No specific mention.

## **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

#### **Justice sector reform**

**Criminal justice and** No specific mention. **emergency law** 

**State of emergency** No specific mention. **provisions** 

# Judiciary and courts

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Territory rests with the BJE.

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

#### **Socio-economic reconstruction**

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

**Natural resources** No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

## Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

**Environment** 

No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access

No specific mention.

**Security sector** 

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

**Police** 

No specific mention.

**Armed forces** 

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence

services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of

foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

**Crime/organised** 

crime

No specific mention.

**Drugs** 

No specific mention.

**Terrorism** 

## **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** No specific mention.

## Implementation

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement

No specific mention.

Related cases

mechanism

No specific mention.

Source

GRP-MILF Peace Process: Compilation of Signed Agreements & other related Documents

(1997-2010); (MILF Peace Panel/Asia Foundation, 2010), p. 156.