Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/ Nigeria entity Plateau State

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement

Joint Declaration of Commitment to Peace and Cooperation

name

Date 14 Dec 2014

Agreement

Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/local conflict (Nigerian Civil War (1967), Delta Unrest (1990 -),

Communal Conflicts (1978 -), and Boko Haram Insurgency (2009 -))

level

conflict

Stage Framework/substantive - comprehensive

Conflict

Inter-group

nature

Nigeria - Plateau State Process Peace

process

Parties Signatories, Chairpersons of the Steering Committees, Signing on Behalf of

their Communities:

Afizere: Agwom Nyam Isha [Signed]

Anaguta: Aminu Agwom Zang, signed on his behalf by Shina Musa Agada

[Signed]

Berom: Da (Dr.) Jonah Maduga, signed on his behalf by Mr. Sam Godongs

[Signed]

Fulani: Salihu Musa Umar [Signed] Hausa: Alhaji Umaru Sani [Signed] Igbo: Barr. Zacch O. Nwankpa [Signed] South-South: Barr. Smart Irabor [Signed] Yoruba: Chief Barr. Bankole Falade [Signed]

Women: Dr. Sumaye Hamza [Signed]

Third Witnesses: parties Government:

Representative of the Federal Government, Ambassador Layiwola Laseinde

[Signed]

Representative of the State Government, Hon. Isa Chungwom Song, Special

Advisor Legislative Liason [signed]

Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue

HD Senior Advisor: David Lambo, [Signed] HD Gender Advisor, Alice Nderitu, [Signed] HD Senior Consultant, Dr. Phil Ostien, [Signed]

HD Local Advisor, Prof. John Dung-Gwom, [Signed]

HD Local Advisor, Khadijah Hawaja, [Signed]

HD Local Advisor, Baba Bala Muhammad, [Signed]

HD Local Advisor, Yakuba Sankey, [Signed]

Description

Communal peace agreement between the communities in Jos, Plateau State, Nigeria attempting to decrease incidents of violence between Hausa and Fulani and other groups. Agreement mediated by HD Centre and contains a list of eight recommendations that are expanded in the Annexes (but these are not attatched). Recommendations touch on; Trust Building and Religious Tolerance; places of worship, burial grounds and youth; governance issues, access to public spaces; traditional rulership; land reform, IDPs and cattle rustling; settlers and migration issues in Jos City; Impunity and transitional justice as well as security of life and property.

Agreement document

NG_141214_Declaration of Committment to Peace by the HD Jos Forum.pdf 🗗 | Download PDF

Local agreement properties

Process

Formal structured process

type

Rationale

There is a supporting body in the form of the Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue, supporting this dialogue and other similar inter-communal processes which address the same areas of the Plateau State which were initiated in 2013 and extend to 2014. These are clearly structured with clear aims around community driven resolutions, with representation by Steering committees covering all communities in the areas around Jos. There is an attempt at establishing clear process through encouraging inter-communal dialogue and conflict mediation processes across these various areas in the Middle Belt region of Nigeria, namely Jos and Plateau State in this instance. In addition in this particular example, the agreement is also signed by Government representatives; both Federal and State level. Their involvement as assistance and support is referred to: Page 2, Responsibilities as Community Leaders and Members, ... We are grateful for other assistance and support, including from Federal, State, and Local Government

Is there a documented link to a national peace process?

Yes

Link to national process:

process: articulated rationale The text refers to the involvement of Nigerian Government officials in the dialogue and they sign as witnesses. The text also refers to the recognition among participants that the substantive issues or challenges discussed in this dialogue were universal issues, faced throughout Nigeria.

Name of

Jos

Locale

Nature Of Locale Region

GPS Lat/

9.898415, 8.859590

Long (DD)

Participant

Local community/civilian group(s)/civil society organisations

type

Mediator, facilitator or

Mediator or similar referred to

facilitator or

similar

Mediator (references)

The text refers to the Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue (HD) as being the facilitator and also refers to the HD Jos forum throughout the text with HD

also featuring in the name of the agreement.

Type of mediator/ facilitator/ similar

International or transnational actor

Local issues

Ritual/ prayer and process (including use of scripture) Page 1, Preamble, ... representatives of the communities (with a State Government delegation of nine officials, as well as observers from the security agencies) convened for a series of discussions on issues of mutual concern, ranging from Religious Tolerance to Security Arrangements to Indigene/Settler Identity.

Page 4, Presenting the Recommendations, Beyond the general understanding agreed upon above, the HD Jos Forum developed recommendations after each dialogue session. The recommendations (presented in full in the annex) were developed to guide future action to prevent violence, address grievances, and end impunity.

- Session I: Trust Building and Religious Tolerance.
- Session II: Rebuilding Places of Worship, Burial Grounds and Issues Relating to the Youth.

Page 4, Follow-up Actions, ... The Jos Peace Dialogue Forum will also act on matters of priority in considering ways of implementing the full list of recommendations through the various stakeholders involved; beginning with the issues of the rebuilding of places of worship

Grievance List

Page 1, Acknowledgment of Past Violence, Suffering, and Mistrust, ... the social fabric of communities living in this area has been torn apart. There has been an increase in fear, distrust, destruction of life and property, violence and suffering. We have witnessed a decline in the economy and in all forms of security. Our young people have had fewer opportunities to envision and develop their future. Our businesses have faced hardships and entrepreneurship has been deterred. Every community has been deeply affected by these factors, including by displacement from homes, loss of property, insult, injury and death.

Page 3, Commitment to Peace and Implementation, ... We acknowledge the State and Federal Government Commissions of Inquiry that have been previously established to investigate the causes of violent clashes in Jos and its environs and to recommend solutions. We recognize those reports, and have studied them over the course of the dialogue process. We further recognize that the lack of the full implementation of these commissions' recommendations may have contributed to the continued crises in Jos.

Page 4, Presenting the Recommendations, Beyond the general understanding agreed upon above, the HD Jos Forum developed recommendations after each dialogue session. The recommendations (presented in full in the annex) were developed to guide future action to prevent violence, address grievances, and end impunity.

- Session I: Trust Building and Religious Tolerance.
- Session II: Rebuilding Places of Worship, Burial Grounds and Issues Relating to the Youth.
- Session III: Governance Issues and Access to Public Services and Public **Spaces**
- Session IV: Traditional Rulership issues and renaming of places etc.
- Session V: Countryside Problems such as Land Annexations, cattle rustling, and displacement people. Deferred to a grassroots dialogue process conducted in Barkin Ladi, Jos South, and Riyom Local Government Areas.
- Session VI: Jos City Issues such as Ownership, Indigeneship and Settlers.
- Session VII & VIII: Impunity, Reparations and Compensation. Securing Lives and Property and Public Apologies.

Cattle rustling/ banditry Page 4, Presenting the Recommendations, ... Session V: Countryside Problems such as Land Annexations, cattle rustling, and displacement people. Deferred to a grassroots dialogue process conducted in Barkin Ladi, Jos South, and Riyom Local Government Areas.

Social cover Page 3, Responsibilities as Community Leaders and Members, ... foster a cooperative relationship between our communities and the security forces, where appropriate and possible, in an attempt to root out individual perpetrators of violence and criminality amongst our communities.