

Country/entity	Nepal
Region	Asia and Pacific
Agreement name	Agreement between the Government Talks Team comprising the Seven political Parties and Sanghiya Ganatantrik Rastriya Morcha, Nepal
Date	2 Mar 2008
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Inspired by the Maoist insurgency in Peru in the early 1990s, the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) – CPN(M) – declared war on the Nepalese government in February 1996. A key demand was the transformation of Nepal from a monarchy into a ‘People’s Republic’. Following a pronounced Maoist military strategy, the CPN(M) focused their insurgency on the rural areas. They gained significantly in strength and it took heavy international military support to stabilize the Nepalese government in 2002. After public protests escalated in Kathmandu in 2004, the Nepalese King Gyanendra took authoritarian control over the government. In the cities, a strong popular movement for democracy emerged, forcing the government into fast progressing peace negotiations in 2006 that concluded with the signing of a Comprehensive Peace Accord on 21 November 2006.

Close

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Nepal related-local processes

Parties

On behalf of Sanghiya Ganatantrik Rastriya Morcha, Nepal
Sd.

(Mr D.K. Buddhist)
Chairperson,
Sanghiya Ganatantrik Rastriya Morcha, Nepal

Sd.
(Mr Kumar Lingden 'Mirak')
Chairperson,
Sanghiya Limbuwan Rajya Parishad

Sd.
(Mr Laxman Tharu)
Chairperson,
Samyukta Tharu Rastriya Morcha-Nepal

Sd.
(Mr Bisendra Paswan)
Chairperson,
Dalit Janajati Party

Sd.
(Mr Singman Tamang)
Vice-chairman,
Tamangsaling Swayatta Rajya Parishad

Talks Team comprising seven parties

Sd.
(Mr Ram Chandra Poudel)
Coordinator

Sd.
(Mr Shanker Pokharel)
Member

Sd.
(Mr Dev Prasad Gurung)
Member

Sd.
(Mr Ghanashyam Sharma Poudel)
Member

Sd.
(Mr Sunil Prajapati)
Member

Sd.
(Mr Keshav Nepal)
Member

Third parties	-
Description	An agreement between the Government Talks Team comprising the Seven political Parties and Sanghiya Ganatantrik Rastriya Morcha. Issues covered include inclusion of marginalised groups in state structures, reparations for martyrs' families, and the withdrawal of general shutdowns and strikes to ensure a successful constituency assembly election.
Agreement document	NP_080302_GoN and Sanghiya Ganatantrik Rastriya Morcha.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF
Local agreement properties	
Process type	Formal structured process
Rationale	A Dialogue team was set up by the government comprising of seven political parties, and led by the Minister for Peace and Reconstruction, Mr Ram Chandra Poudel, to pursue dialogue and find solution to various movements after the CPA. The team also pursued talks with the Sanghiya Ganatantrik Rastriya Morcha, which comprised of various identity based movements.
Is there a documented link to a national peace process?	Yes
Link to national process: articulated rationale	The agreement sought greater powers for autonomous states within the federal system, in the process of writing the new Constitution, and based on the commitment of the CPA
Name of Locale	Various regions of Nepal
Nature of Locale	Other
GPS Lat/Long (DD)	0.000000, 0.000000
Participant type	Central state actor Local armed group Local community/civilian group(s)/civil society organisations
Mediator, facilitator or similar	No mention of mediator or similar

Local issues

Ritual/prayer and process (including use of scripture)	No specific mention.
Grievance List	[Summary] (1) lack of employment and education opportunities (2) insufficient inclusion, including need for new federal structure for the country.
Cattle rustling/ banditry	No specific mention.
Social cover	No specific mention.
