



<b>Country/entity</b>	Nepal
<b>Region</b>	Asia and Pacific
<b>Agreement name</b>	Agreement Reached between the Government Talks Team comprising Seven Political Parties and the Federal Limbuwan State Council
<b>Date</b>	19 Mar 2008
<b>Agreement status</b>	Multiparty signed/agreed
<b>Interim arrangement</b>	Yes
<b>Agreement/conflict level</b>	Intrastate/local conflict

### **Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)**

Inspired by the Maoist insurgency in Peru in the early 1990s, the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) – CPN(M) – declared war on the Nepalese government in February 1996. A key demand was the transformation of Nepal from a monarchy into a ‘People’s Republic’. Following a pronounced Maoist military strategy, the CPN(M) focused their insurgency on the rural areas. They gained significantly in strength and it took heavy international military support to stabilize the Nepalese government in 2002. After public protests escalated in Kathmandu in 2004, the Nepalese King Gyanendra took authoritarian control over the government. In the cities, a strong popular movement for democracy emerged, forcing the government into fast progressing peace negotiations in 2006 that concluded with the signing of a Comprehensive Peace Accord on 21 November 2006.

Close  
Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

<b>Stage</b>	Framework/substantive - partial
<b>Conflict nature</b>	Government/territory
<b>Peace process</b>	Nepal related-local processes
<b>Parties</b>	<p>On behalf of the Federal Limbuwan State Council Sd. (Mr Sanjuhang Palungwa) Chairperson and Coordinator of the TalksTeam</p> <p>On behalf of the GoN Talks Team comprising Seven Political Parties Sd. (Mr Ram Chandra Poudel) Coordinator</p>

**Third parties** -

**Description** A short agreement between the Government Talks Team comprising Seven Political Parties and the Federal Limbuwan State Council covering principles for the future governance structures in Nepal.

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**Agreement document** [NP\\_080319\\_GoN and Federal Limbuwan State Council.pdf \(opens in new tab\) | Download PDF](#)

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**Local agreement properties**

**Process type** Formal structured process

**Rationale** A Dialogue team was set up by the government comprising of seven political parties, and led by the Minister for Peace and Reconstruction, Mr Ram Chandra Poudel to pursue dialogue and find solution to various movements after the CPA. The team also pursued talks with the Federal Limbuwan State Council.

**Is there a documented link to a national peace process?** Yes

**Link to national process: articulated rationale** The agreement sought greater guarantees for Limbuwan geographic area in the new Constitution, which was based on CPA's promise on state restructuring.

**Name of Locale** Limbuwan

**Nature of Locale** Region

**GPS Lat/Long (DD)** 27.122304, 87.765183

**Participant type** Central state actor  
Local armed group

**Mediator, facilitator or similar** No mention of mediator or similar

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**Local issues**

**Ritual/prayer and process (including use of scripture)** No specific mention.

**Grievance List** Page 1:  
Whereas the feudalist and centralised state authority and unitary state structure in Nepal has been exploiting, oppressing and excluding the people of Limbuwan from the mainstream of state and dissatisfaction is being expressed over it; and whereas commitment has been made to restructure the state, being guided by the spirit and sentiments of the historic People’s Movement 2006, in of the context of an agitation being launched with demand for Limbuwan Autonomous State, along with the right to self-determination, for a federal democratic republic, right to ethnic identity and autonomy on the basis of historical context, expressing commitment to build a peaceful, prosperous and modern new Nepal by encompassing all Nepalese people, including Limbuwan, in a single national mainstream while restructuring the state, the parties mentioned below have reached the following agreement:

**Cattle rustling/ banditry** No specific mention.

**Social cover** No specific mention.

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