

Country/entity	Kenya
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Nanyuki Peace Agreement between the Aulian Community of Garissa County and Borana Community of Isiolo County
Date	22 Sep 2016
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict Kenyan Post-Electoral Violence (2007 - 2008) The conflict emerged as post-election violence. After the incumbent President Kibaki was declared the winner of the Kenyan presidential elections in December 2007, complaints of fraud and a structural disadvantage affecting his competitor Raila Odinga lead to outbreaks of severe ethno-political violence. After the first incidents in the Rift Valley region, mainly directed against the Kikuyu ethnic group – the traditional powerbase of Kibaki – the fighting spread to the cities of Nairobi and Mombasa. After two months, Kibaki and Odinga agreed on a power-sharing agreement that granted Odinga the post as a Prime Minister and ended the violence. Close Kenyan Post-Electoral Violence (2007 - 2008)
Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Inter-group
Peace process	Kenya Local Agreements
Parties	9 individuals from Isiolo (signatures unclear)

Third parties	<p>Witnessed by</p> <p>Garissa County (no signature) Isiolo County, Godawa Doyo</p> <p>In the Presence Of:</p> <p>Hon. Frances Ole Kamparo, EGH, NCIC Chair Mr Amos Gathecha, S/SIS Mr Peter K. Thuko, S/PDR Amb Mohamed Saleh, RC North Eastern Mr Wycliffe Ogallo, RC Eastern Mr George Natembya, CC Isiolo (only case where actual signature is present) Mr James Kyanda, CC Garissa</p>
Description	Agreement dealing in detail with inter-communal violence between Aulian community, Garissa and Borana community, Isiolo.

Agreement document [KE_160922_NANYUKI PEACE AGREEMENT.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Local agreement properties

Process type	Formal structured process
Rationale	The process was facilitated by Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government jointly with the National Cohesion and Integration Commission to address the Lagdera-Gabartullah conflict.
Is there a documented link to a national peace process?	No
Link to national process: articulated rationale	There are no references in the text of the agreement that suggests a link to the national peace process, despite the involvement of the NCIC.
Name of Locale	Isiolo County, Garissa County
Nature of Locale	Region
GPS Lat/Long (DD)	-0.133386, 39.245758

Participant type Central state actor
Local state actor
Domestic religious organisation/leader or other elder
Local community/civilian group(s)/civil society organisations
Regional state actor

Mediator, facilitator or similar Mediator or similar referred to

Mediator (references) 'With facilitation from the Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government jointly with the National Cohesion and Integration Commission'

Type of mediator/facilitator/similar Central state actor

Local issues

Ritual/prayer and process (including use of scripture) No specific mention.

Grievance List Page 1,
Cognizant of the adverse impact of the conflict and the loss of lives of our people: we collectively condole with the families of those who lost their lives and those whose property was destroyed during the skirmishes.

Cattle rustling/ banditry Page 1,
We do hereby resolve that...The two communities will use the existing traditional mechanisms to compensate lives lost, stolen livestock and destroyed property.

Page 2, 1.6 On Attacks and Retaliatory Attacks and Compensation
a) Existing traditional dispute resolution mechanisms like the Modogashe Declaration 2011 be reviewed and enforced when addressing compensation of loss of lives, stolen livestock and destruction of property.

Social cover No specific mention.
