

Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

Country/ entity	Yemen
Region	Middle East and North Africa
Agreement name	Agreement to Cease Fire between the Tihami Movement in Harah al-Yamin and Ansar Allah
Date	24 Oct 2014
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict (Yemeni Civil Wars (1994) (2011 -))
Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Inter-group
Peace process	Yemen Inter-group Agreements
Parties	On behalf of the Tihama Movement (Haṛah al-Yamin): Mamduḥ Muhammad ‘Issa ²⁹ Zayla’iḥ Muhammad ‘Aysh ²⁹ Aḥmad Muhammad Aḥmad Jamaḥiḥ Muhammad ‘Aysh Hassan Shahab Muhammad al-‘Adiḥ Hassan Hadī ²⁹ Muhammad ‘Abd al-Rizaḥ On behalf of Ansar Allah: Aḥuḥ Taha
Third parties	-
Description	Short agreement between the Tihami Movement in Harah al-Yamin, Hudaydah, and Ansar Allah.

Agreement document [YE_141024_Agreement to Cease Fire between the Tihami Movement in Harah al-Yamin and Ansar Allah_EN.pdf](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Agreement document (original language)

[YE_141024_Agreement to Cease Fire between the Tihami Movement in Harah al-Yemen and Ansar Allah_AR.pdf](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Local agreement properties

Process type	Informal but persistent process
Rationale	<p>This agreement, whilst fairly ambiguous in regard to the provisions set out, appears to broadly fit with a practice of local signing at this time in the conflict. There seems to be a pattern at this time whereby groups that had originally taken a strong anti-Ansar Allah stance, are signing agreements of co-existence with the Houthis in order to preserve their local areas based on the recognition of public needs. There is also a clear culture involving signing and implementation being led by key societal figures or notables and the parties involved; often the societal figures involved are directly affiliated to the parties or interests of the agreement. The responsibility for a resolution, implementation and monitoring generally rests with the parties themselves. Generally, there does not tend to be an external influence in these examples. It is also a highly localised agreement, specific to a conflict incident in the city and the agreement explicitly addresses a very specific area. It appears implicit that the Tihami movement are not agreeing to fully cede control of the area to the Houthis. There is clear reference to working together with Ansar Allah and importantly the history of the Tihami. They had up until this agreement held a strong presence in the area, controlling a number of strategically important buildings around the hotel (which is the location of the conflict incident referenced in the agreement), including the castle in Hudaydah.</p>
Is there a documented link to a national peace process?	T
Link to national process: articulated rationale	The wider peace process is not specifically mentioned in the text. There is also no further research which indicates a clear structural link to the national peace process.
Name of Locale	Hārah al-Yamin neighbourhood, Hudaydah city
Nature Of Locale	Smaller

GPS Lat/ Long (DD)	14.790500, 42.943162
Participant type	Local armed group
Mediator, facilitator or similar	No mention of mediator or similar

Local issues

Ritual/ prayer and process (including use of scripture)	No specific mention.
Grievance List	<p>Page 1, Paragraph 1: a misunderstanding that resulted in martyrs and several wounded on both sides after armed groups arrived in front of the hotel. We all desire to turn a new page to heal the wounds. We are all brothers and we commit to not repeat the misunderstanding between us and Ansar Allah</p> <p>Page 1, Paragraph 2: We ask Ansar Allah to cooperate with use in securing the area for the sake of public and private interest. The sons of Tihamah have long suffered and been deprived stand together in a way that leads all people to dignity</p>
Cattle rustling/ banditry	No specific mention.
Social cover	No specific mention.
