

Country/entity Ethiopia
Kenya

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name Maikona and Walda Peace Declaration

Date 28 Jul 2009

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim arrangement Yes

Agreement/conflict level Intrastate/local conflict

Kenyan Post-Electoral Violence (2007 - 2008)

The conflict emerged as post-election violence. After the incumbent President Kibaki was declared the winner of the Kenyan presidential elections in December 2007, complaints of fraud and a structural disadvantage affecting his competitor Raila Odinga lead to outbreaks of severe ethno-political violence. After the first incidents in the Rift Valley region, mainly directed against the Kikuyu ethnic group – the traditional powerbase of Kibaki – the fighting spread to the cities of Nairobi and Mombasa. After two months, Kibaki and Odinga agreed on a power-sharing agreement that granted Odinga the post as a Prime Minister and ended the violence.

Close
Kenyan Post-Electoral Violence (2007 - 2008)

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Inter-group

Peace process Kenya Local Agreements

Parties Signed:
Galma Dabasso, Borana
Jattani Kotote, Borana
Abdub Dengich, Borana
Adi Mary Hapana, Borana
Salesa Galma, Borana

Chukulisa Tuye, Gabra
Sori Salesa, Gabra
Anudo Guyo, Gabra
Quri Guyo, Gabra
Adudo Godana, Gabra

Third parties

-

Description

Agreement to end violence between the Borana and Gabra communities, and the theft of livestock.

Agreement document

[KE_090728_Maikona and Walda Peace Declaration.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Local agreement properties

Process type	Formal structured process
Rationale	The agreement does not reference previous meetings, but the agreement was the result of the Dillo Dukana peace initiative, and the Walda meeting followed meetings and resolutions between the Gabra and Borana communities in November 2008, June 2009, and 17th-19th July 2009. The meetings in July 2009 were supported by the Pastoralist Shade Initiative and the Oromia Pastoralists Association, as part of the DFID Democracy Growth and Peace for Pastoralists project.
Is there a documented link to a national peace process?	No
Link to national process: articulated rationale	No documented references in the agreement to a national peace process, or in the accompanying reporting of the process, as it was very focused on localised, cross-border violence and insecurity.
Name of Locale	Maikona, Walda
Nature of Locale	Region
GPS Lat/Long (DD)	3.207191, 38.038651
Participant type	Central state actor Local state actor International or transnational actor Domestic religious organisation/leader or other elder Local community/civilian group(s)/civil society organisations Regional state actor
Mediator, facilitator or similar	Mediator or similar referred to
Mediator (references)	No referred to in the agreement text, but the accompanying report states that the meeting was supported by the Pastoralist Shade Initiative.
Type of mediator/facilitator/similar	International or transnational actor

Local issues

Ritual/prayer and process (including use of scripture)	No specific mention.
Grievance List	No specific mention.

**Cattle rustling/
banditry**

Page 1,

Peace will be safeguarded through the implementation of the following fines:

1. If a person is caught with a stolen animal, the fine is 4 animals per animal stolen. The culprit also has to pay the expenses incurred for tracking the animal, and will be handed over to government law.

Social cover

No specific mention.
